Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem..  
  
They are the building blocks for all software, from the simplest applications to the most sophisticated ones.  
In 1206, the Arab engineer Al-Jazari invented a programmable drum machine where a musical mechanical automaton could be made to play different rhythms and drum patterns, via pegs and cams.  
This can be a non-trivial task, for example as with parallel processes or some unusual software bugs.  
Languages form an approximate spectrum from "low-level" to "high-level"; "low-level" languages are typically more machine-oriented and faster to execute, whereas "high-level" languages are more abstract and easier to use but execute less quickly.  
 Auxiliary tasks accompanying and related to programming include analyzing requirements, testing, debugging (investigating and fixing problems), implementation of build systems, and management of derived artifacts, such as programs' machine code.  
Later a control panel (plug board) added to his 1906 Type I Tabulator allowed it to be programmed for different jobs, and by the late 1940s, unit record equipment such as the IBM 602 and IBM 604, were programmed by control panels in a similar way, as were the first electronic computers.  
 Debugging is a very important task in the software development process since having defects in a program can have significant consequences for its users.  
FORTRAN, the first widely used high-level language to have a functional implementation, came out in 1957, and many other languages were soon developed—in particular, COBOL aimed at commercial data processing, and Lisp for computer research.  
It affects the aspects of quality above, including portability, usability and most importantly maintainability.  
 Readability is important because programmers spend the majority of their time reading, trying to understand, reusing and modifying existing source code, rather than writing new source code.  
Sometimes software development is known as software engineering, especially when it employs formal methods or follows an engineering design process.  
Text editors were also developed that allowed changes and corrections to be made much more easily than with punched cards.  
Many factors, having little or nothing to do with the ability of the computer to efficiently compile and execute the code, contribute to readability.