Some languages are more prone to some kinds of faults because their specification does not require compilers to perform as much checking as other languages..  
 Programmable devices have existed for centuries.  
 Code-breaking algorithms have also existed for centuries.  
FORTRAN, the first widely used high-level language to have a functional implementation, came out in 1957, and many other languages were soon developed—in particular, COBOL aimed at commercial data processing, and Lisp for computer research.  
Techniques like Code refactoring can enhance readability.  
The following properties are among the most important:  
  
 In computer programming, readability refers to the ease with which a human reader can comprehend the purpose, control flow, and operation of source code.  
Compilers harnessed the power of computers to make programming easier by allowing programmers to specify calculations by entering a formula using infix notation.  
 Machine code was the language of early programs, written in the instruction set of the particular machine, often in binary notation.  
However, Charles Babbage had already written his first program for the Analytical Engine in 1837.  
 The first step in most formal software development processes is requirements analysis, followed by testing to determine value modeling, implementation, and failure elimination (debugging).  
 Auxiliary tasks accompanying and related to programming include analyzing requirements, testing, debugging (investigating and fixing problems), implementation of build systems, and management of derived artifacts, such as programs' machine code.  
For this purpose, algorithms are classified into orders using so-called Big O notation, which expresses resource use, such as execution time or memory consumption, in terms of the size of an input.  
There are many approaches to the Software development process.  
They are the building blocks for all software, from the simplest applications to the most sophisticated ones.  
 Debugging is a very important task in the software development process since having defects in a program can have significant consequences for its users.