Provided the functions in a library follow the appropriate run-time conventions (e..g., method of passing arguments), then these functions may be written in any other language.  
However, Charles Babbage had already written his first program for the Analytical Engine in 1837.  
It is usually easier to code in "high-level" languages than in "low-level" ones.  
When debugging the problem in a GUI, the programmer can try to skip some user interaction from the original problem description and check if remaining actions are sufficient for bugs to appear.  
Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem.  
In 1801, the Jacquard loom could produce entirely different weaves by changing the "program" – a series of pasteboard cards with holes punched in them.  
 Debugging is a very important task in the software development process since having defects in a program can have significant consequences for its users.  
 In the 1880s, Herman Hollerith invented the concept of storing data in machine-readable form.  
He gave the first description of cryptanalysis by frequency analysis, the earliest code-breaking algorithm.  
 A similar technique used for database design is Entity-Relationship Modeling (ER Modeling).  
Programming languages are essential for software development.  
As early as the 9th century, a programmable music sequencer was invented by the Persian Banu Musa brothers, who described an automated mechanical flute player in the Book of Ingenious Devices.  
 After the bug is reproduced, the input of the program may need to be simplified to make it easier to debug.  
The Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a notation used for both the OOAD and MDA.  
One approach popular for requirements analysis is Use Case analysis.