A similar technique used for database design is Entity-Relationship Modeling (ER Modeling)..  
 Debugging is a very important task in the software development process since having defects in a program can have significant consequences for its users.  
 Readability is important because programmers spend the majority of their time reading, trying to understand, reusing and modifying existing source code, rather than writing new source code.  
 New languages are generally designed around the syntax of a prior language with new functionality added, (for example C++ adds object-orientation to C, and Java adds memory management and bytecode to C++, but as a result, loses efficiency and the ability for low-level manipulation).  
For example, COBOL is still strong in corporate data centers often on large mainframe computers, Fortran in engineering applications, scripting languages in Web development, and C in embedded software.  
Unreadable code often leads to bugs, inefficiencies, and duplicated code.  
Many factors, having little or nothing to do with the ability of the computer to efficiently compile and execute the code, contribute to readability.  
The Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a notation used for both the OOAD and MDA.  
FORTRAN, the first widely used high-level language to have a functional implementation, came out in 1957, and many other languages were soon developed—in particular, COBOL aimed at commercial data processing, and Lisp for computer research.  
There exist a lot of different approaches for each of those tasks.  
This can be a non-trivial task, for example as with parallel processes or some unusual software bugs.  
However, Charles Babbage had already written his first program for the Analytical Engine in 1837.  
Many applications use a mix of several languages in their construction and use.  
For this purpose, algorithms are classified into orders using so-called Big O notation, which expresses resource use, such as execution time or memory consumption, in terms of the size of an input.  
 Whatever the approach to development may be, the final program must satisfy some fundamental properties.