It is usually easier to code in "high-level" languages than in "low-level" ones..  
 These compiled languages allow the programmer to write programs in terms that are syntactically richer, and more capable of abstracting the code, making it easy to target varying machine instruction sets via compilation declarations and heuristics.  
 After the bug is reproduced, the input of the program may need to be simplified to make it easier to debug.  
For this purpose, algorithms are classified into orders using so-called Big O notation, which expresses resource use, such as execution time or memory consumption, in terms of the size of an input.  
Many programmers use forms of Agile software development where the various stages of formal software development are more integrated together into short cycles that take a few weeks rather than years.  
The choice of language used is subject to many considerations, such as company policy, suitability to task, availability of third-party packages, or individual preference.  
Later a control panel (plug board) added to his 1906 Type I Tabulator allowed it to be programmed for different jobs, and by the late 1940s, unit record equipment such as the IBM 602 and IBM 604, were programmed by control panels in a similar way, as were the first electronic computers.  
 A similar technique used for database design is Entity-Relationship Modeling (ER Modeling).  
Languages form an approximate spectrum from "low-level" to "high-level"; "low-level" languages are typically more machine-oriented and faster to execute, whereas "high-level" languages are more abstract and easier to use but execute less quickly.  
Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem.  
Many applications use a mix of several languages in their construction and use.  
 Programmable devices have existed for centuries.  
However, readability is more than just programming style.  
Techniques like Code refactoring can enhance readability.  
 Code-breaking algorithms have also existed for centuries.