It affects the aspects of quality above, including portability, usability and most importantly maintainability..  
 After the bug is reproduced, the input of the program may need to be simplified to make it easier to debug.  
Normally the first step in debugging is to attempt to reproduce the problem.  
Unreadable code often leads to bugs, inefficiencies, and duplicated code.  
Some of these factors include:  
 The presentation aspects of this (such as indents, line breaks, color highlighting, and so on) are often handled by the source code editor, but the content aspects reflect the programmer's talent and skills.  
 Auxiliary tasks accompanying and related to programming include analyzing requirements, testing, debugging (investigating and fixing problems), implementation of build systems, and management of derived artifacts, such as programs' machine code.  
For example, when a bug in a compiler can make it crash when parsing some large source file, a simplification of the test case that results in only few lines from the original source file can be sufficient to reproduce the same crash.  
 New languages are generally designed around the syntax of a prior language with new functionality added, (for example C++ adds object-orientation to C, and Java adds memory management and bytecode to C++, but as a result, loses efficiency and the ability for low-level manipulation).  
 Different programming languages support different styles of programming (called programming paradigms).  
It involves designing and implementing algorithms, step-by-step specifications of procedures, by writing code in one or more programming languages.  
 Some languages are very popular for particular kinds of applications, while some languages are regularly used to write many different kinds of applications.  
 Programmable devices have existed for centuries.  
This can be a non-trivial task, for example as with parallel processes or some unusual software bugs.  
 A similar technique used for database design is Entity-Relationship Modeling (ER Modeling).  
In 1801, the Jacquard loom could produce entirely different weaves by changing the "program" – a series of pasteboard cards with holes punched in them.