Techniques like Code refactoring can enhance readability.  
However, while these might be considered part of the programming process, often the term software development is more likely used for this larger overall process – whereas the terms programming, implementation, and coding tend to be focused on the actual writing of code.  
For example, when a bug in a compiler can make it crash when parsing some large source file, a simplification of the test case that results in only few lines from the original source file can be sufficient to reproduce the same crash.  
Programming involves tasks such as analysis, generating algorithms, profiling algorithms' accuracy and resource consumption, and the implementation of algorithms (usually in a particular programming language, commonly referred to as coding).  
Transpiling on the other hand, takes the source-code from a high-level programming language and converts it into bytecode.  
However, Charles Babbage had already written his first program for the Analytical Engine in 1837.  
For this purpose, algorithms are classified into orders using so-called Big O notation, which expresses resource use, such as execution time or memory consumption, in terms of the size of an input.  
Some text editors such as Emacs allow GDB to be invoked through them, to provide a visual environment.  
This can be a non-trivial task, for example as with parallel processes or some unusual software bugs.  
There exist a lot of different approaches for each of those tasks.  
Programming involves tasks such as analysis, generating algorithms, profiling algorithms' accuracy and resource consumption, and the implementation of algorithms (usually in a particular programming language, commonly referred to as coding).  
They are the building blocks for all software, from the simplest applications to the most sophisticated ones.  
The following properties are among the most important:  
  
 In computer programming, readability refers to the ease with which a human reader can comprehend the purpose, control flow, and operation of source code.  
Some text editors such as Emacs allow GDB to be invoked through them, to provide a visual environment.  
It is usually easier to code in "high-level" languages than in "low-level" ones.