Many applications use a mix of several languages in their construction and use.  
Text editors were also developed that allowed changes and corrections to be made much more easily than with punched cards.  
The following properties are among the most important:  
  
 In computer programming, readability refers to the ease with which a human reader can comprehend the purpose, control flow, and operation of source code.  
He gave the first description of cryptanalysis by frequency analysis, the earliest code-breaking algorithm.  
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 In computer programming, readability refers to the ease with which a human reader can comprehend the purpose, control flow, and operation of source code.  
A study found that a few simple readability transformations made code shorter and drastically reduced the time to understand it.  
Unreadable code often leads to bugs, inefficiencies, and duplicated code.  
To produce machine code, the source code must either be compiled or transpiled.  
This is interpreted into machine code.  
The Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a notation used for both the OOAD and MDA.  
Compiling takes the source code from a low-level programming language and converts it into machine code.  
Also, those involved with software development may at times engage in reverse engineering, which is the practice of seeking to understand an existing program so as to re-implement its function in some way.  
Text editors were also developed that allowed changes and corrections to be made much more easily than with punched cards.  
Programming languages are essential for software development.  
FORTRAN, the first widely used high-level language to have a functional implementation, came out in 1957, and many other languages were soon developed—in particular, COBOL aimed at commercial data processing, and Lisp for computer research.