However, with the concept of the stored-program computer introduced in 1949, both programs and data were stored and manipulated in the same way in computer memory.  
The source code of a program is written in one or more languages that are intelligible to programmers, rather than machine code, which is directly executed by the central processing unit.  
Provided the functions in a library follow the appropriate run-time conventions (e.g., method of passing arguments), then these functions may be written in any other language.  
The Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a notation used for both the OOAD and MDA.  
To produce machine code, the source code must either be compiled or transpiled.  
However, with the concept of the stored-program computer introduced in 1949, both programs and data were stored and manipulated in the same way in computer memory.  
This can be a non-trivial task, for example as with parallel processes or some unusual software bugs.  
Relatedly, software engineering combines engineering techniques and principles with software development.  
Later a control panel (plug board) added to his 1906 Type I Tabulator allowed it to be programmed for different jobs, and by the late 1940s, unit record equipment such as the IBM 602 and IBM 604, were programmed by control panels in a similar way, as were the first electronic computers.  
Scripting and breakpointing is also part of this process.  
The choice of language used is subject to many considerations, such as company policy, suitability to task, availability of third-party packages, or individual preference.  
 A similar technique used for database design is Entity-Relationship Modeling (ER Modeling).  
Relatedly, software engineering combines engineering techniques and principles with software development.  
 Computer programmers are those who write computer software.  
This is interpreted into machine code.