There exist a lot of different approaches for each of those tasks.  
Many factors, having little or nothing to do with the ability of the computer to efficiently compile and execute the code, contribute to readability.  
Some text editors such as Emacs allow GDB to be invoked through them, to provide a visual environment.  
Some languages are more prone to some kinds of faults because their specification does not require compilers to perform as much checking as other languages.  
Use of a static code analysis tool can help detect some possible problems.  
Text editors were also developed that allowed changes and corrections to be made much more easily than with punched cards.  
He gave the first description of cryptanalysis by frequency analysis, the earliest code-breaking algorithm.  
In the 9th century, the Arab mathematician Al-Kindi described a cryptographic algorithm for deciphering encrypted code, in A Manuscript on Deciphering Cryptographic Messages.  
It affects the aspects of quality above, including portability, usability and most importantly maintainability.  
Transpiling on the other hand, takes the source-code from a high-level programming language and converts it into bytecode.  
In the 9th century, the Arab mathematician Al-Kindi described a cryptographic algorithm for deciphering encrypted code, in A Manuscript on Deciphering Cryptographic Messages.  
Trade-offs from this ideal involve finding enough programmers who know the language to build a team, the availability of compilers for that language, and the efficiency with which programs written in a given language execute.  
 Implementation techniques include imperative languages (object-oriented or procedural), functional languages, and logic languages.  
The choice of language used is subject to many considerations, such as company policy, suitability to task, availability of third-party packages, or individual preference.  
Assembly languages were soon developed that let the programmer specify instruction in a text format (e.g., ADD X, TOTAL), with abbreviations for each operation code and meaningful names for specifying addresses.