

Programming Homework 2

Homework Report

1 Convolutional neural network (MLP) Implementation

1.1 Model Description

The model is a 7 layers fully-connected neural networks with ReLU activation function.

1.2 Implementation Details

The model details are shown below:

```
1  Batch size = 64
2  Number of epochs = 20
3  self.model = nn.Sequential(
4      nn.Flatten(),
5      nn.Linear(3072, 1024), nn.ReLU(),
6      nn.Linear(1024, 512), nn.ReLU(),
7      nn.Linear(512, 256), nn.ReLU(),
8      nn.Linear(256, 128), nn.ReLU(),
9      nn.Linear(128, 64), nn.ReLU(),
10     nn.Linear(64, 32), nn.ReLU(),
11     nn.Linear(32, 10), nn.ReLU(),
12 )
```

1.3 Training Results

```
1  Total accuracy: 53%
2  | plane class accuracy: 65.8%
3  | car class accuracy: 68.8%
4  | bird class accuracy: 31.2%
5  | cat class accuracy: 33.3%
6  | deer class accuracy: 32.8%
7  | dog class accuracy: 40.5%
8  | frog class accuracy: 58.6%
9  | horse class accuracy: 72.7%
10 | ship class accuracy: 62.8%
11 | truck class accuracy: 69.1%
```

2 Multilayer perceptron (CNN) Implementation

2.1 Model Description

The model is a 7 layers convolutional neural networks, 4 convolutional layers and 3 fully- connected layers, with ReLu activation function.

2.2 Implementation Details

The model details are shown below:

```
1  Batch size = 64
2  Number of epochs = 20
3  self.model = nn.Sequential(
4      nn.Conv2d(3,64,3, stride=1, padding=1),      nn.ReLU(),
5      nn.Conv2d(64,128,3, stride=2, padding=1),    nn.ReLU(),
6      nn.Conv2d(128,256,3, stride=2, padding=1),   nn.ReLU(),
7      nn.Conv2d(256,256,3, stride=2, padding=1),   nn.ReLU(),
8      nn.Flatten(),
9      nn.Linear(4096, 1024),      nn.ReLU(),
10     nn.Linear(1024, 1024),      nn.ReLU(),
11     nn.Linear(1024, 10),
12 )
```

2.3 Training Results

1	Total accuracy:	82%
2	plane class accuracy:	91.1%
3	car class accuracy:	91.4%
4	bird class accuracy:	72.0%
5	cat class accuracy:	58.1%
6	deer class accuracy:	81.7%
7	dog class accuracy:	77.8%
8	frog class accuracy:	86.7%
9	horse class accuracy:	87.5%
10	ship class accuracy:	89.1%
11	truck class accuracy:	87.7%

3 Discussion

3.1 Compare of MLP and CNN

The comparison of the average training loss of using MLP and CNN is shown in Figure 1. From the

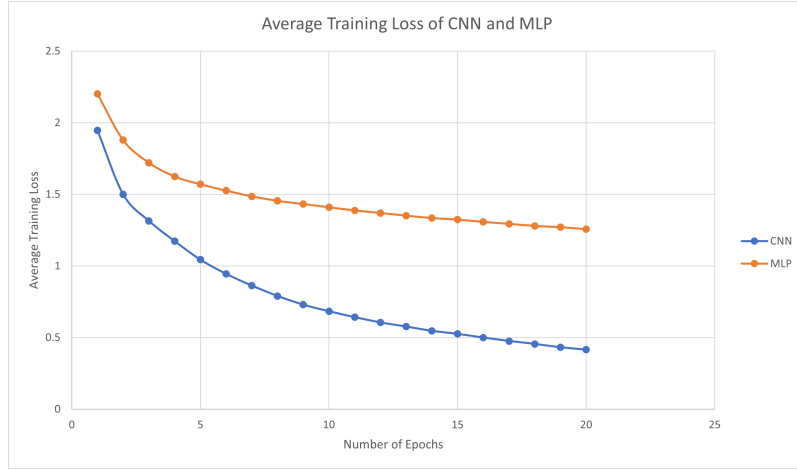


Figure 1: Loss Comparison

figure, it is shown that the loss of CNN is smaller than MLP, therefore we can infer that the CNN is more efficient than MLP.

3.2 Neural network with and without non-linear activation function

This report implement model without non-linear activation function on MLP and compare. The result is shown in Figure 2. The model without non-linear activation function is not able to converge. The model

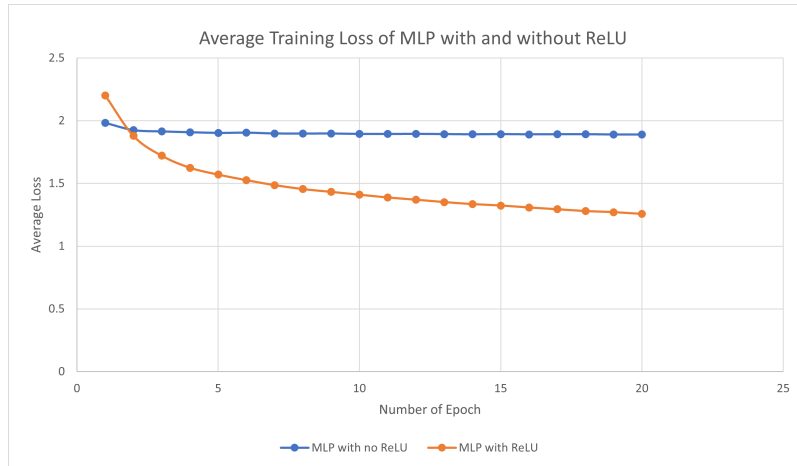


Figure 2: with and without non-linear activation function

with non-linear activation function is able to converge and get better result.