```
1 using System;
2
3 namespace TIPE_trajectoire
4 {
5
       public static class Program
6
           [STAThread]
7
           static void Main()
8
9
10
               using (var game = new Game1())
11
                   game.Run();
12
           }
13
       }
14 }
15
```

```
1 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework;
 2 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework.Content;
 3 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework.Graphics;
 4 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework.Input;
 5 using System;
 6 using System.Collections.Generic;
 7 using System.Diagnostics;
 8 using TIPE_trajectoire.items;
10 namespace TIPE_trajectoire
11 {
12
       public class Game1 : Game
13
        {
14
            private GraphicsDeviceManager graphics;
15
            private SpriteBatch _spriteBatch;
16
17
            private Scene scene;
18
19
            public Game1()
20
21
                _graphics = new GraphicsDeviceManager(this);
                Content.RootDirectory = "Content";
22
23
                IsMouseVisible = true;
24
            }
25
26
            protected override void Initialize() //charge les textures, cette
              fonction est appellée au lancement du code
27
            {
28
29
                _graphics.PreferredBackBufferWidth = 1250;
                _graphics.PreferredBackBufferHeight = 800;
30
31
                _graphics.ApplyChanges();
                StaticRessources.ContentManager = Content;
32
33
                StaticRessources.dot = Content.Load<Texture2D>("dot");
34
                StaticRessources.line = Content.Load<Texture2D>("d");
35
                scene = new Scene();
36
                scene.Initialize();
37
                base.Initialize();
38
            }
39
            protected override void LoadContent() //fonction répétée en boucle
40
                spriteBatch = new SpriteBatch(GraphicsDevice);
42
43
44
45
            }
46
47
            protected override void Update(GameTime gameTime) //fonction répétée >
              en boucle
48
            {
                if (GamePad.GetState(PlayerIndex.One).Buttons.Back ==
49
                  ButtonState.Pressed || Keyboard.GetState().IsKeyDown
                  (Keys.Escape))
```

```
C:\Users\Ratcas21\source\repos\TIPE trajectoire\Game1.cs
```

```
2
```

```
50
                    Exit();
51
52
                scene.Update(gameTime);
53
                scene.Update(gameTime);
54
                scene.Update(gameTime);
55
                scene.Update(gameTime);
56
                scene.Update(gameTime);
57
                base.Update(gameTime);
58
59
            }
60
            protected override void Draw(GameTime gameTime) //fonction répétée en →
61
               boucle
62
            {
63
                GraphicsDevice.Clear(Color.CornflowerBlue);
64
65
                _spriteBatch.Begin();
66
67
                scene.Draw(_spriteBatch);
68
69
                _spriteBatch.End();
70
71
                base.Draw(gameTime);
72
            }
73
       }
74
75
       public static class StaticRessources //ressources utilisées dans le code
76
77
            public static ContentManager ContentManager;
78
            public static Texture2D dot;
79
            public static Texture2D line;
80
            public static float G = (float)(8.64 * Math.Pow(10, -13));
            public static float dt = 50f;
81
            public static float sunMass = 1.989f * (float)Math.Pow(10, 30);
82
83
       }
84
       public static class LineRenderer// extension aux bibiolthéques XNA
85
          utilisées pour dessiner nos objets, l'extension permet de dessiner des
          lignes droites
86
        {
            public static void DrawLine(this SpriteBatch spriteBatch, Vector2
87
              start, Vector2 end, Color color)
88
            {
                spriteBatch.Draw(StaticRessources.line, new Vector2(500, 300) +
89
                  start, null, color,
                                  (float)Math.Atan2(end.Y - start.Y, end.X -
90
                        start.X),
91
                                  new Vector2(0f, (float)
                                                                                    P
                        StaticRessources.line.Height / 2),
92
                                  new Vector2(Vector2.Distance(start, end), 5f),
93
                                  SpriteEffects.None, 0f);
94
            }
95
       }
```

- 97 }
- 98
- 99

```
1 using System;
2 using System.Collections.Generic;
3 using System.Text;
4 using TIPE_trajectoire.items;
5 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework;
6 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework.Content;
7 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework.Graphics;
8 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework.Input;
9 using System.Diagnostics;
10
11 namespace TIPE_trajectoire
12
13
       public class Scene
14
15
16
           public List<Solid> solids;
17
           public Scene()
18
19
           {
20
21
           }
22
23
           public void Initialize()
24
           {
25
               float dtheta = 0.5f*(float)Math.Sqrt(4 * Math.Pow(Math.PI,2) *
26
                 Math.Pow(188.75 * Math.Pow(10,6),3)/Math.Pow(227.9f * (float)
                 Math.Pow(10, 6), 3));//angle parcouru par Mars pendant le
                 trajet de la fusée
27
               solids = new List<Solid>();
               //ajout des planères, du soleil, des fusées
28
29
               solids.Add(new Solid((float)(2 * Math.Pow(10,30)), new Vector2(), →
                  new Vector2()));
               solids.Add(Luminary.CreateOrbit(57.91f * (float)Math.Pow(10, 6), →
30
                  (float)Math.PI, 3.285f * (float)Math.Pow(10, 23)));
               solids.Add(Luminary.CreateOrbit(108.2f * (float)Math.Pow(10, 6), >
31
                 10, 4.867f * (float)Math.Pow(10, 24)));
               solids.Add(Luminary.CreateOrbit(149.6f * (float)Math.Pow(10, 6), →
32
                 20, 5.972f * (float)Math.Pow(10, 24)));
33
               solids.Add(Luminary.CreateOrbit(227.9f * (float)Math.Pow(10, 6),
                 20 + (float)Math.PI - dtheta, 6.39f * (float)Math.Pow(10,
                 23)));
34
               solids.Add(Luminary.CreateOrbit(778.5f * (float)Math.Pow(10, 6), >
                 40, 5.683f * (float)Math.Pow(10, 27)));
               solids.Add(Luminary.CreateOrbit(1434f * (float)Math.Pow(10, 6),
35
                 50, 1.8898f * (float)Math.Pow(10, 26)));
36
               solids.Add(Luminary.CreateOrbit(2871f * (float)Math.Pow(10, 6),
                 60, 8.681f * (float)Math.Pow(10, 25)));
               solids.Add(Luminary.CreateOrbit(4495f * (float)Math.Pow(10, 6),
37
                 70, 1.024f * (float)Math.Pow(10, 26)));
38
               solids.Add(Rocket.CreateOrbit(20, 1000000, Rocket.State.classic, →
                 solids[3], solids[4]));//on change le rocket state suivant les >
                 approximations physiques faites
```

```
39
                //change la coulleur de la terre, du soleil et mars, et active le >
                   dessin de certaines trajectoires
40
                solids[4].color = Color.Red; solids[4].DrawTrail = true;
41
                solids[3].color = Color.Blue; solids[3].DrawTrail = true;
42
                solids[solids.Count-1].DrawTrail = true;
43
                solids[0].color = Color.Yellow;
44
            }
45
46
            public void Update(GameTime gameTime)
47
48
                    foreach (Solid solid in solids)
49
50
                        solid.UpdateS(gameTime, solids);
51
                    }
                    foreach (Solid solid in solids)
52
53
54
                        solid.UpdateP(gameTime);
55
                    }
56
            }
57
            public void Draw(SpriteBatch spriteBatch)
58
59
            {
                foreach (Solid solid in solids)
60
61
                {
62
                    solid.Draw(spriteBatch);
63
                }
64
65
            }
66
67
       }
68 }
69
```

```
1 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework;
 2 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework.Graphics;
 3 using System;
 4 using System.Collections.Generic;
 6
 7 namespace TIPE trajectoire.items
   {
 8
 9
       public class Solid
10
       {
11
            public Trail trail = new Trail(); //dessine les trajectoires
12
13
            public bool DrawTrail = false;
14
15
           public float mass;
16
            public Vector2 position;
17
            public Vector2 speed;
           public Color color = Color.White;
18
           public Solid()// on doit avoir ce constructeur vide pour les classes →
19
              filles
20
            {
21
22
           public Solid(float mass, Vector2 position, Vector2 speed) //crée un >
23
              solid
24
            {
25
                this.mass = mass;
26
                this.speed = speed;
27
                this.position = position;
28
            public virtual void UpdateS(GameTime gameTime, List<Solid> solids) // →
29
              mise à jour de la vitesse
30
            {
31
                if(new Random().NextDouble() < 0.1)</pre>
32
                    trail.points.Add(position / 1000000);
33
           public virtual void UpdateP(GameTime gameTime) //mise à jour de la
34
              position
35
            {
                position += speed * StaticRessources.dt * (float)
36
                  gameTime.ElapsedGameTime.TotalSeconds;
37
            }
38
            public virtual Vector2 Champ(Vector2 pos) //champ gravitationel de
39
              l'object en un point
40
            {
                return mass * StaticRessources.G * (position - pos) / (((float)))
41
                  Math.Pow(Vector2.Distance(pos, position), 3)));
42
            }
43
44
           public virtual void Draw(SpriteBatch spriteBatch) //dessinne l'object
45
            {
                spriteBatch.Draw(StaticRessources.dot, new Vector2(500, 300) +
46
```

```
C:\Users\Ratcas21\source\repos\TIPE trajectoire\items\solid.cs
```

```
1 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework;
2 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework.Graphics;
 3 using System.Collections.Generic;
 5 namespace TIPE_trajectoire.items
 6 {
       public class Trail
7
 8
       {
9
10
           public List<Vector2> points = new List<Vector2>(); //points de la
             trajectoire
11
12
           public void Draw(SpriteBatch spriteBatch, Color color)
13
                for (int i = 0; i < points.Count - 1; i++)</pre>
14
15
                    spriteBatch.DrawLine(points[i], points[i + 1], color);
16
17
                }
18
           }
19
       }
20 }
21
```

```
...atcas21\source\repos\TIPE trajectoire\items\luminary.cs
 1 using System;
 2 using System.Collections.Generic;
 3 using System.Diagnostics;
 4 using System.Text;
 5 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework;
 6 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework.Content;
 7 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework.Graphics;
 8 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework.Input;
 9 using TIPE_trajectoire.items;
10
11 namespace TIPE_trajectoire.items
12 {
       public class Luminary : Solid // code le soleil et les planètes
13
14
15
            public Luminary(float mass, Vector2 position, Vector2 speed) // crée →
              un astre
16
            {
17
                this.mass = mass;
18
                this.position = position;
19
                this.speed = speed;
20
            }
21
22
            public override void UpdateS(GameTime gameTime, List<Solid>
              solids) // mise à jour de la vitesse
23
24
25
                if (gameTime.ElapsedGameTime.TotalHours < StaticRessources.dt)</pre>
26
27
                    foreach (Solid solid in solids)
28
29
                        if (solid != this)
30
                            speed += StaticRessources.dt * solid.Champ(position) >
31
                        * (float)gameTime.ElapsedGameTime.TotalSeconds;
32
                        }
33
                    }
34
                }
35
                base.UpdateS(gameTime, solids); // exécute le code de la classe >
36
37
            public static Luminary CreateOrbit(float radius, float angle, float
38
              mass) //crée un astre sur une orbite
39
            {
40
                Vector2 pos = new Vector2((float)Math.Cos(angle) * radius,
41
                  (float)Math.Sin(angle) * radius);
42
                Vector2 sp = (float)Math.Sqrt(StaticRessources.sunMass *
                  StaticRessources.G / radius) *
43
                    Vector2.Normalize(Vector2.Transform(pos,
```

Matrix.CreateRotationZ((float)Math.PI / 2)));

return new Luminary(mass, pos, sp);

44

45

}

<sup>47</sup> }

<sup>48 }</sup> 49

```
1 using System;
 2 using System.Collections.Generic;
 3 using System.Diagnostics;
 4 using System.Text;
 5 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework;
 6 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework.Content;
 7 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework.Graphics;
 8 using Microsoft.Xna.Framework.Input;
9 using TIPE_trajectoire.items;
10
11
12 namespace TIPE_trajectoire.items
13 {
       public class Rocket : Solid // fusée
14
15
       {
16
            public enum State { classic, sphereinfluence } //option pour le
17
              choix des hypothèses de physique aplliquées à la fusée
18
19
            private State _state;
            public State state //permet de changer la coulleur de la fusée en
20
              changeant les hypothèses de physique aplliquées
21
22
                get { return _state; }
23
24
                set
25
                {
                    if (value == State.classic)
26
27
                    {
28
                        color = Color.Green;
29
                    }
30
                    else
31
                    {
                        color = Color.Black;
32
33
                    _state = value;
34
35
                }
36
            public Rocket(float mass, Vector2 position, Vector2 speed, State
37
              state) //crée une fusée
38
39
                this.mass = mass;
40
                this.speed = speed;
                this.position = position;
41
                this.state = state;
42
43
            }
44
45
            public override void UpdateS(GameTime gameTime, List<Solid>
              solids) //mise à jour de la vitesse
46
            {
47
48
                switch(state)
49
                {
```

```
...\Ratcas21\source\repos\TIPE trajectoire\items\rocket.cs
50
                     case State.classic://on considère tout les champs
                       gravitationnels
51
52
                         if (gameTime.ElapsedGameTime.TotalHours <</pre>
                        StaticRessources.dt)
53
                         {
                              foreach (Solid solid in solids)
54
55
                                  if (solid != this)
56
57
                                      speed += StaticRessources.dt * solid.Champ
58
                         (position) * (float)
                        gameTime.ElapsedGameTime.TotalSeconds;
59
60
61
62
                              }
63
                         }
64
                         break;
65
                     case State.sphereinfluence: // on ne considère que le champ →
                       gravitationnel le plus grand
66
67
                         List<(float,int)> normes = new List<(float,int)>();
68
69
                         if (gameTime.ElapsedGameTime.TotalHours <</pre>
                        StaticRessources.dt)
70
                         {
                             for(int i = 0;i < solids.Count;i++)</pre>
71
72
73
                                  if (solids[i] != this)
74
                                      normes.Add((Vector2.Distance(solids[i].Champ →
75
                         (position), new Vector2()),i));
76
                                  }
77
                              }
78
79
                              normes.Sort();//tri par ordre lexicographique
                              int o = normes[normes.Count-1].Item2;
80
                              speed += solids[o].Champ(position) *
81
                        StaticRessources.dt * (float)
                        gameTime.ElapsedGameTime.TotalSeconds;
82
83
                         break;
84
85
                 }
86
87
                 base.UpdateS(gameTime, solids);
88
             }
89
90
             public override Vector2 Champ(Vector2 pos) //on considère le champ
               de la fusée comme nul
91
             {
```

92

return new Vector2();

```
...\Ratcas21\source\repos\TIPE trajectoire\items\rocket.cs
93
            }
94
            public static Rocket CreateOrbit(float angle, float mass, State
                                                                                   P
               state, Solid origin, Solid target)//crée un fusée sur un
               trajectoire
95
            {
                 float radius = Vector2.Distance(origin.position, new Vector2());
96
97
                 float targetedradius = Vector2.Distance(target.position, new
                   Vector2());
                 float decalage = 2*(float)Math.Asin(0.5 * Math.Sqrt
98
                                                                                   P
                   (origin.mass / StaticRessources.sunMass));
                 float speed = (float)Math.Sqrt(StaticRessources.sunMass *
99
                                                                                   P
                   StaticRessources.G * ((2 / radius) - (1 / (0.5 * (radius +
                   targetedradius)))));
                 if (state == State.classic)
100
101
                     speed += 1892;
102
                Vector2 pos = new Vector2((float)Math.Cos(angle+decalage) *
                   radius, (float)Math.Sin(angle+decalage) * radius);
103
                 Vector2 sp = speed * Vector2.Normalize(Vector2.Transform(pos,
                  Matrix.CreateRotationZ((float)Math.PI / 2)));
104
                 return new Rocket(mass, pos, sp, state);
            }
105
106
107
108
        }
109 }
```

110

```
1 using System;
2 using System.Collections.Generic;
3 using System.Diagnostics;
4 using System.Linq;
5 using System.Threading.Tasks;
6 using System.Windows.Forms;
8 namespace trajectoires_fusée
9 {
10
       static class Program
11
           [STAThread]
12
13
           static void Main()
14
15
               Application.Run(new Form1());
           }
16
17
       }
18 }
19
```

```
using System;
 2 using System.Collections.Generic;
 3 using System.Windows.Forms;
4
 5 namespace trajectoires_fusée
6 {
7
       public partial class Form1 : Form
8
       {
 9
           public decimal isp = 330;
10
11
           public decimal g0 = 10;
           public decimal q = 19696; //débit masssique lors du décollage
12
           public decimal mass = 5000000; //masse initiale de la fusée
13
14
           public decimal lambda = (decimal)(4.5 * Math.PI * Math.PI * 0.5 *
             1.5); //coeffiscient utile dans le calcul des forces de frottement
15
16
           private List<decimal> x = new List<decimal>(); //échelle de temps
           private List<decimal> acc = new List<decimal>(); //accélération au
17
             fil du temps
18
           private List<decimal> y = new List<decimal>(); //vitesse au fil du
19
           private List<decimal> w = new List<decimal>(); //altitude au fil du →
              temps
           private List<decimal> mm = new List<decimal>(); //masse volumique de →
20
               l'air traversé au fil du temps
           public static int n = 1000000; //nombre de passage de boucle
21
22
           private static decimal G = (decimal)(6.66 * Math.Pow(10, -11)); //
23
             contante gravitationnelle
           private static decimal earthmass = (decimal)(5.972 * Math.Pow(10,
24
              24)); //masse de la terre
25
           private static decimal earthradius = (decimal)(6371000); //rayon de →
             la terre
26
           private static decimal marsmass = (decimal)(6.417 * Math.Pow(10,
27
             23)); //masse de Mars
           private static decimal marsradius = 3389500; //rayon de Mars
28
29
           private static decimal marsrocketmass = 254246; //masse de la fusée →
              quand elle arrive près de Mars
30
           private static decimal marslambda = (decimal)(9 * 50 * 0.5 *
              1.5); //coeffiscient utile dans le calcul des forces de frottement
31
           public Form1()
32
33
           {
                InitializeComponent();
34
35
           }
36
37
           public void UpdateChart(object sender, EventArgs e) //action à
              effectuer lors que l'on veut tracer la position au fil du temps
              lors du décollage
38
39
                ResoudrePhase1(n, 0, 0, 0, 170);
40
                Chart.Series["coordonées"].Points.Clear();
```

```
C:\Users\Ratcas21\source\repos\trajectoires_fusée\Form1.cs
 41
                 for (int i = 0; i < x.Count / 100; i += 1)
 42
                 {
                      Chart.Series["coordonées"].Points.AddXY(x[i*100].ToString(), →
 43
                        w[i*100]);
 44
                 }
             }
 45
 46
 47
             private void ResoudrePhase1(int n, decimal z0 = 0, decimal v0 = 0,
 48
               decimal dv0 = 0, decimal stop = 1) // fonction qui résout les
               équations différentielles
 49
 50
 51
                 decimal time = stop;
 52
                 decimal dt = time / (decimal)n;
 53
                 decimal t = 0;
 54
                 List<decimal> z = new List<decimal>();
 55
                 List<decimal> v = new List<decimal>();
 56
                 List<decimal> dv = new List<decimal>();
 57
                 List<decimal> tt = new List<decimal>();
                 dv.Clear();
 58
 59
                 v.Clear();
 60
                 z.Clear();
 61
                 tt.Clear();
 62
                 dv.Add(0);
 63
                 v.Add(v0);
 64
                 z.Add(z0);
                 mm.Add(massevolumique(z0));
 65
 66
                 tt.Add(0);
 67
                 int o = n;
 68
 69
 70
                 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
 71
 72
                      decimal[] l = equation(t, z[i], v[i], dv[i], dt, i);
 73
 74
                      z.Add(1[0]);
 75
                     v.Add(1[1]);
 76
                     dv.Add(1[2]);
 77
                     t += dt;
 78
                     tt.Add(t);
 79
                 }
 80
                 acc = dv;
 81
                 x = tt;
 82
 83
                 y = v;
 84
                 W = Z;
 85
             public decimal[] equation(decimal t, decimal z, decimal v, decimal ⇒
 86
               dv, decimal dt, int i) // méthode d'euler
 87
 88
                 decimal nexta;
 89
```

```
C:\Users\Ratcas21\source\repos\trajectoires_fusée\Form1.cs
 90
                 if (z < 40000)
 91
                 {
                     nexta = (isp * g0 * q) * (1 / (mass - (q * t))) +
 92
                       effgravitationalforce(z, t)
 93
                     - (1 / (mass - q * t)) * frott(t, z, v, i);
                 }
 94
 95
                 else
 96
                 {
                     nexta = isp * g0 * q * (1 / (mass - (q * t))) +
 97
                                                                                    P
                       effgravitationalforce(z, t);
 98
                 }
 99
100
101
                 decimal nextv = v + dv * dt;
102
                 decimal nextz = z + v * dt;
103
                 return new decimal[3] { nextz, nextv, nexta };
104
105
             }
106
107
108
             public decimal frott(decimal t, decimal z, decimal v, int i) //
               retourne la force de frottement
109
110
                 return lambda * speedsquared(v) * massevolumique(z);
111
             }
112
113
             public decimal massevolumique(decimal z) //retourne de la masse
               volumique de l'atmosphère terrestre à une altitude z
114
             {
                 return (decimal)(352.995 * Math.Pow(1 - (0.0000225577 *
115
                   decimal.ToDouble(z)), 5.25516) / (288.15 - 0.0065 *
                   decimal.ToDouble(z)));
116
             }
117
118
             private decimal speedsquared(decimal v) //retourne le carré de v
119
             {
120
                 return (decimal)(Math.Pow(decimal.ToDouble(v), 2));
121
             }
             public decimal effgravitationalforce(decimal z, decimal t) //
122
               retourne la force de gravitation à une altitude z
             {
123
124
                 decimal _value = -G * earthmass / (earthradius + z);
125
                 value *= 1 / (earthradius + z);
126
                 return _value;
127
128
129
             }
130
131
             //les fonctions qui suivent sont des adaptations des précédentes à
               l'atterissage sur Mars
132
133
             private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
134
             {
```

```
C:\Users\Ratcas21\source\repos\trajectoires_fusée\Form1.cs
135
                 ResoudrePhase2(n, 100000, 0, 500);
136
                 Chart.Series["coordonées"].Points.Clear();
137
                 for (int i = 0; i < x.Count / 100; i += 1)</pre>
138
139
                      Chart.Series["coordonées"].Points.AddXY(x[100 * i].ToString →
                        (), y[100 * i]);
140
                 }
             }
141
142
143
144
             private void ResoudrePhase2(int n, decimal z0 = 0, decimal v0 = 0,
145
               decimal stop = 1)
146
147
                 decimal time = stop;
148
                 decimal dt = time / (decimal)n;
149
                 decimal t = 0;
150
                 List<decimal> z = new List<decimal>();
151
                 List<decimal> v = new List<decimal>();
152
                 List<decimal> dv = new List<decimal>();
                 List<decimal> tt = new List<decimal>();
153
154
                 dv.Clear();
155
                 v.Clear();
156
                 z.Clear();
157
                 tt.Clear();
158
                 dv.Add(0);
159
                 v.Add(v0);
160
                 z.Add(z0);
161
                 tt.Add(0);
162
163
                 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
164
165
                      decimal[] 1 = equation3(t, z[i], v[i], dv[i], dt, i);
166
167
                      z.Add(1[0]);
168
                     v.Add(l[1]);
169
                     dv.Add(1[2]);
170
                      t += dt;
                      tt.Add(t);
171
172
                 }
173
                 acc = dv;
174
                 x = tt;
175
                 y = v;
176
                 W = Z;
177
             }
178
             private decimal[] equation3(decimal t, decimal z, decimal v, decimal ⊋
179
                dv, decimal dt, int i)
180
181
                 decimal nexta = 0;
182
                 if (z < 30000 \&\& z > 0)
183
184
                 {
```

```
C:\Users\Ratcas21\source\repos\trajectoires_fusée\Form1.cs
```

```
5
```

```
185
186
                     nexta = effgravitationalforcem(z, t)
                     + (1 / (marsrocketmass)) * Frottmars(t, z, v, i);
187
188
                 }
189
                 else if (z > 0)
190
                 {
191
                     nexta = effgravitationalforcem(z, t);
                 }
192
                 else
193
194
                 {
                     nexta = 0;
195
                     v = 0;
196
197
                     z = 0;
198
                 }
199
200
                 decimal nextv = v + dv * dt;
                 decimal nextz = z + v * dt;
201
202
203
                 return new decimal[3] { nextz, nextv, nexta };
204
             }
205
             public decimal effgravitationalforcem(decimal z, decimal t)
206
207
208
209
                 decimal value = -G * marsmass / (marsradius + z);
                 _value *= 1 / (marsradius + z);
210
                 return value;
211
212
213
             }
214
215
             public decimal massevolumiquemars(decimal z)
216
             {
217
                 return (decimal)(3.17 * Math.Pow(1 - (0.00000847 *
                   decimal.ToDouble(z)), 7.85374) / (295.15 - 0.0025 *
                   decimal.ToDouble(z)));
             }
218
219
             public decimal Frottmars(decimal t, decimal z, decimal v, int i)
220
221
             {
222
                 return marslambda * speedsquared(v) * massevolumiquemars(z);
223
             }
224
225
        }
226 }
227
```

```
...cas21\source\repos\trajectoires_fusée\Form1.Designer.cs
 1 namespace trajectoires fusée
2 {
 3
       partial class Form1
 4
 5
            private System.ComponentModel.IContainer components = null;
 6
 7
           protected override void Dispose(bool disposing)
            {
 8
                if (disposing && (components != null))
 9
                {
10
11
                    components.Dispose();
12
13
                base.Dispose(disposing);
14
           }
15
            #region Code généré par le Concepteur Windows Form je l'ai seulement 🤝
              légérement modifié
17
           private void InitializeComponent()
18
19
                System.Windows.Forms.DataVisualization.Charting.ChartArea
20
                                                                                   P
                  chartArea1 = new
                  System.Windows.Forms.DataVisualization.Charting.ChartArea();
21
                System.Windows.Forms.DataVisualization.Charting.Legend legend1 = >
                  new System.Windows.Forms.DataVisualization.Charting.Legend();
22
                System.Windows.Forms.DataVisualization.Charting.Series series1 = >
                  new System.Windows.Forms.DataVisualization.Charting.Series();
                this.Chart = new
23
                  System.Windows.Forms.DataVisualization.Charting.Chart();
24
                this.Button = new System.Windows.Forms.Button();
                this.button1 = new System.Windows.Forms.Button();
25
26
                ((System.ComponentModel.ISupportInitialize)
                                                                                   P
                  (this.Chart)).BeginInit();
27
                this.SuspendLayout();
28
                chartArea1.Name = "ChartArea1";
29
                this.Chart.ChartAreas.Add(chartArea1);
30
31
                legend1.Name = "Legend1";
32
                this.Chart.Legends.Add(legend1);
33
                this.Chart.Location = new System.Drawing.Point(37, 45);
34
                this.Chart.Name = "Chart";
35
                series1.ChartArea = "ChartArea1";
36
                series1.ChartType =
                  System.Windows.Forms.DataVisualization.Charting.SeriesChartType →
                  .Spline;
                series1.Legend = "Legend1";
37
38
                series1.Name = "coordonées";
39
                this.Chart.Series.Add(series1);
40
                this.Chart.Size = new System.Drawing.Size(1050, 476);
41
                this.Chart.TabIndex = 0;
42
                this.Chart.Text = "chart1";
```

this.Button.Location = new System.Drawing.Point(1131, 76);

43 44

```
...cas21\source\repos\trajectoires_fusée\Form1.Designer.cs
45
                this.Button.Name = "Button";
46
                this.Button.Size = new System.Drawing.Size(113, 43);
47
                this.Button.TabIndex = 1;
                this.Button.Text = "Terre";
48
49
                this.Button.UseVisualStyleBackColor = true;
                this.Button.Click += new System.EventHandler(this.UpdateChart);
50
51
52
                this.button1.Location = new System.Drawing.Point(1131, 125);
53
                this.button1.Name = "button1";
54
                this.button1.Size = new System.Drawing.Size(113, 45);
55
                this.button1.TabIndex = 4;
56
                this.button1.Text = "Mars";
57
                this.button1.UseVisualStyleBackColor = true;
58
                this.button1.Click += new System.EventHandler
                  (this.button1_Click);
59
                this.AutoScaleDimensions = new System.Drawing.SizeF(8F, 16F);
60
                this.AutoScaleMode = System.Windows.Forms.AutoScaleMode.Font;
61
62
                this.ClientSize = new System.Drawing.Size(1308, 559);
63
                this.Controls.Add(this.button1);
64
                this.Controls.Add(this.Button);
65
                this.Controls.Add(this.Chart);
                this.Name = "Form1";
66
                this.Text = "Form1";
67
68
                ((System.ComponentModel.ISupportInitialize)(this.Chart)).EndInit →
                  ();
                this.ResumeLayout(false);
69
70
71
           }
72
73
           #endregion
74
75
76
77
78
            private System.Windows.Forms.DataVisualization.Charting.Chart Chart;
79
            private System.Windows.Forms.Button Button;
80
           private System.Windows.Forms.Button button1;
81
       }
82 }
83
84
```