说明文档

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- 1. 使用语言: python
- 2. EBNF描述

```
<赋值> → <标识符>(= | += | -= | *= | /= | %= ) <表达式>
<表达式> → <项> {(+ | - ) <项> }

<项> → <因子> {(* | / | %) <因子> }

<因子> → 标识符 | 整数常量 | (<表达式>)
```

3. 词法分析

可分析的标记有:标识符、整数字面值、赋值运算符 (= | += | -= | *= | /= | %=)、加减乘除运算符以及余数运算符。

对应的token如下:

```
INT_LIT = 10
IDENT = 11

ASSIGN_OP = 20
ADD_OP = 21
SUB_OP = 22
MUL_OP = 23
DIV_OP = 24
REM_OP = 25

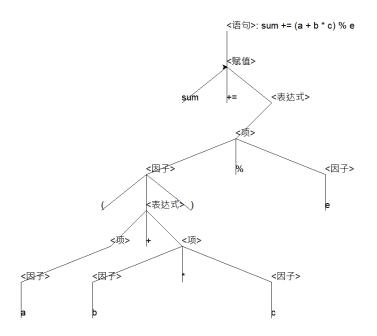
LEFT_PAREN = 25
RIGHT_PAREN = 26

ADD_ASSIGN = 30
SUB_ASSIGN = 31
MUL_ASSIGN = 32
DIV_ASSIGN = 33
REM_ASSIGN = 34
```

4. 输入: 共有两行。第一行为语句(字符串), 第二行为输入语句的类型

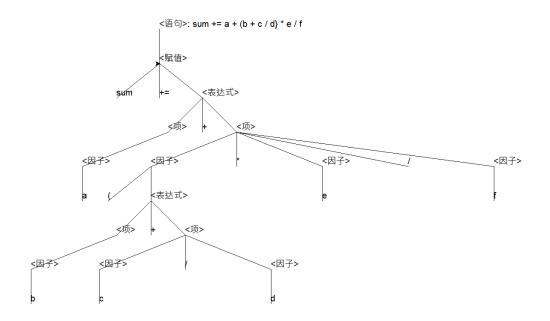
```
输入语句:sum += (a + b * c) % e
输入语句类型编号:1 - factor / 2 - term / 3 - expr / 4 - assign
4
```

5. 输出: 语法分析树(语法分析器)和获取输入中的下一个词素及标记(词法分析器) 下面是输入语句为 "sum += (a + b * c) % e" 时对应的语法分析树和词法分析器的输出



```
next Token is 11, next Lexeme is sum
进入<赋值>
next Token is 30, next Lexeme is +=
next Token is 25, next Lexeme is (
进入〈表达式〉
进入<项>
进入<因子>
next Token is 11, next Lexeme is a
进入〈表达式〉
进入<项>
进入〈因子〉
next Token is 21, next Lexeme is +
退出〈因子〉
退出(项)
next Token is 11, next Lexeme is b
进入<项>
进入〈因子〉
next Token is 23, next Lexeme is \ast
退出<因子>
next Token is 11, next Lexeme is c
进入〈因子〉
next Token is 26, next Lexeme is )
退出<因子>
退出<项>
退出〈表达式〉
next Token is 25, next Lexeme is \%
退出〈因子〉
next Token is 11, next Lexeme is e
进入<因子>
next Token is -1, next Lexeme is EOF
退出〈因子〉
退出<项>
退出〈表达式〉
退出<赋值>
```

6. 输入语句有语法错误时: sum += a + (b + c / d) * e / f



语法分析器发现没有右括号")"时,会输出 "error: Token Isn't RIGHT_PAREN"

```
next Token is 11, next Lexeme is sum
进入<赋值>
next Token is 30, next Lexeme is +=
next Token is 11, next Lexeme is a
进入〈表达式〉
进入<项>
退出<因子>
退出<项>
next Token is 11, next Lexeme is c
进入<项>
进入〈因子〉
next Token is 24, next Lexeme is /
退出<因子>
next Token is 11, next Lexeme is d
进入<因子>
next Token is -1, next Lexeme is }
退出〈因子〉
退出<项>
退出〈表达式〉
error: Token Isn't RIGHT_PAREN
next Token is 23, next Lexeme is *
退出〈因子〉
next Token is 11, next Lexeme is e
进入〈因子〉
next Token is 24, next Lexeme is /
退出〈因子〉
next Token is 11, next Lexeme is f
进入<因子>
next Token is -1, next Lexeme is EOF
退出<因子>
退出<项>
退出〈表达式〉
退出<赋值>
```