# 2016年10月浙江省高考英语试题

2010 平 10 月彻江省简传来后风趣
姓名: 准考证号:
第一部分听力(共两节,满分 30 分)
做题时.先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题纸上。
第一节(共5小题; 每小题 1.5分, 满分 7.5分)
听下面 $5$ 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 $A \times B \times C$ 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相
应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。
例: How much is the shirt?
A. £ 19.15. B. £ 9.18. C. £ 9,15.
答案是C。
1. What is the man planning to do?
A, Make some cheese. B, Go on a trip, C. Find a job in Paris.
2. What is the time now?
A. 8 o'clock, B. 10 o'clock, C. 12 o'clock.
3. What are the speakers talking about?
A. A local artist. B. The man's salary. C. An apartment to let.
4. How does Dr. Heath spend most of his time?
•
A. Giving lectures. B. Conducting research. C. Doing office work,
5. Why does Elaine call Peter?
A. To borrow his notes. B. To explain her absence. C. To discuss the presentation.
第二节(共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)
听下面 $5$ 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 $A$ 、 $B$ 、 $C$ 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并
标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟, 听完后,各小题将给出
5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。
听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。
6. What is Julia doing?
A. Asking about her order. B. Reporting a computer problem. C. Confirming a visit to a company.
7. When will the chairs arrive today?
A. At about 10 am, B, Around 12 noon. C. By 4 pm.
听第7段材料,回答第8至10题。
8. What is the conversation mainly about?
A. Course design. B. Course registration. C. Course evaluation.
9. What course did the woman choose?
A. International Trade. B. Modem History C. Chemistry.
10. What will Jack do to take mathematics?
A. Watt for an opening.  B. Apply to the department.  C. Speak to Professor Anderson.
听第 8 段材料, 回答第 11 至 13 题。
11. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. In a shop. B. In a canteen. C. In an office.
12. What bothers the woman?
A. Her computer is down. B. Her paper is missing. C. Her hand is aching.
13. When is the woman's report due?
A. Wednesday. B. Friday. C. Next Monday.
听第9段材料,回答第14至17题。
14. What is the man doing?
A. Writing a book. B. Preparing a lecture. C. Searching for references,

C. Read at least six books.

B. Get a complete reading list

15. What does the woman suggest the man do?

A. Make his topic more specific.

16. What is the roan going to focus on?

A. Hollywood in the 1920s. B. 20th-century Hollywood movies. C. Golden Age Hollywood comedies.

17. What is the relationship between the speakers?

A. Student and teacher B. Reader and librarian. C. Customer and shop assistant.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 18 至 20 题,

18. What will the weather be like in high places this evening?

A. There'll be showers. B. There'll be heavy mist. C. There'll be strong winds.

19- How will the day start in coastal areas tomorrow?

A. Cloudy. B. Rainy. C. Sunny.

20. When can holiday makers expect good weather?

A. This weekend B. End of this month. C. Next month.

#### 【参考答案】

1.B 2. A 3.C 4. B 5. A

6. A 7.C 8.B 9, A 10, C

11.B 12. A 13. C 14.C 15.A

I6.C 17. B 18,A 19, C 20. B

## 【听力原文】

Text 1

W: Are you excited about your trip?

M: I can't wait! There's so much to see and do and eat! Paris has some of the most wonderful cheeses in the world.

Text 2

W: Hurry up! Mum's plane arrives at ten!

M: What? We've got only two hours, Jane!

Text 3

W: This is the apartment—the living room, the bedroom, the kitchen, and the bathroom. And, it's only six hundred dollars a month.

M: Not so cheap, actually. But it's quiet, and should be a nice place for an artist.

Text 4

W: Dr. Heath, you seem to be busy everyday. What do you do, besides giving lectures?

M: I need to prepare class notes and hold office hours. However, I spend nearly two-thirds of my time doing research.

Text 5

W: Hey Peter, it's Elaine. I'm preparing for Professor Butler's presentation tomorrow, and I need the notes for last Tuesday, when I was gone. Have you got them?

M: Yeah, I think so. Hold on and let me look.

Text 6

M: Hello, Johnson's Furniture. This is Kevin McMillan speaking. What can I do for you?

W: This is Julia Pauling from CC Computer. We still haven't received the thirty chairs. They were supposed to have arrived by twelve o'clock noon the day before yesterday.

M: I'm terribly sorry about that. The truck driver was ill. I spoke with our delivery department at about ten this morning, and they said that the chairs will be delivered by four this afternoon.

W: Excellent. I'm pleased to hear that.

Text 7

M: Hey Iris, I forgot to register for the courses. I'm one day late, and most of the classes are full.

What do you think I should do?

W: Poor you, Jack! You can't do anything about that.

M: Do you think going to the registration office will help now?

W: No, they will tell you the same thing, in a worse way.

M: Did you register yet?

W: Of course. And it wasn't easy for me to register for International Trade. It's so popular.

M: What classes do you think are still open?

W: Maybe Modern History, and Chemistry.

M: OK, what do you think about mathematics? I wanted to take that class this term.

W: I took that class last year. Professor Anderson is really cool! If you go to his office, you can have him write a card that will let you in, even if the class is full.

M: He does that?

W: I guess that's because some people drop out of his class.

M: That makes sense. I think I'll do that. Thanks for all the help.

Text 8

M: Shall we sit here?

W: Sure!

M: Why didn't you have anything on your plate?

W: Well, I am not even a bit hungry.

M: Is there anything wrong? Do you feel well?

W: I've been really worried. It's my computer. It's in the shop again.

M: Really? What's wrong this time?

W: I don't know, exactly. There seems to be something wrong with the system. It restarts several times within an hour, and I can't save what I have typed.

M: That's too bad.

W: Yeah. I need to hand in a sales report next Monday, and it's already Wednesday today. Besides, I was only half way through my report, and everything is in the computer.

M: I see. Perhaps you should ask them toget it fixed in just one or two days. Then at least you still have the weekend to work on the report.

W: Yes, I guess you're right. Thanks.

Text 9

W: Sir, you've been using the online catalog for quite a while. Is there anything I can help you find?

M: Yes, thank you. I've got to write a paper about Hollywood in the 30s and 40s, and I'm really struggling. There are hundreds of books, and I just don't know where to begin.

W: Your topic sounds pretty big. Why don't you narrow it down to something like, uh, the history of the comedies during that time?

M: You know, I was thinking about doing that. But more than thirty books came up when I typed in "Hollywood comedies".

W: You could cut that down even further by listing the specific years you want. Try adding "1930s" or "1940s"... or maybe "Golden Age".

M: "Golden Age" is a good idea! Let me type that in. Hey look! Just six books came up. That's a lot better. I think I'll get started with these books. Thanks a lot!

W: You are welcome. If you need more help, I'll be over there, at the Reference Desk.

Text 10

Hi, this is Francis Lake. Here is the weather forecast for Bristol and the Southwest for tonight and all day tomorrow. The evening will be mainly dry with light mist. Later, however, there will be a few showers in high places. Tomorrow will start off dry and bright in most areas, with temperatures slightly above normal for this time of year. Coastal areas will be warmer and can expect a fair amount of sunshine in the morning. However, by midday, it will become cloudy in most areas, with rain spreading generally from the west. In the afternoon, there will be rain in most places, with winds becoming stronger along the coast. The rain will be quite heavy. Sorry I haven't got better weather news for you holiday makers. But don't get too upset. The forecast for the end of the month is for much warmer and drier weather in all parts of the country. Wet days will return next month,though. And now, back to news from the Southwest.

第二部分阅读理解(共两节,满分35分)

第一节 (共10小题;每小题2.5分,满分25分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出最佳选项,并在答题纸上将该项涂黑。

Α

Suddenly another thought went through Kate's mind like an electric shock. An express train was due to go past about thirty minutes later. If it were not stopped, that long train, full of passengers, would fall into the stream. "Someone must go to the station and warn the station-master," Kate thought. But who was to go? She would have to go herself. There was no one else.

In wind and rain, she started on her difficult way. Soon she was at the bridge that crossed the Des Moines River, a bridge also built of wood, just like the bridge across Honey Creek. The storm had not washed this away, but there was no footpath across it. She would have to cross it by stepping from sleeper (枕木)to sleeper. With great care, she began the dangerous crossing, sometimes on her hands and knees, hardly daring to look down between the sleepers into the wild flood waters below. If she should slip, she would fall between the sleepers, into the rapidly flowing stream.

At last - she never knew how long it had taken her - she felt solid ground under her feet. But there was no time to rest. She still had to run more than half a mile and had only a few minutes left. Unless she reached the station before the express did, many, many lives would be lost.

She did reach the station just as the train came into sight. Fortunately, the station-master was standing outside. "The bridge is down! Stop the train! Oh, please stop it!" Kate shouted breathlessly.

The station-master went <u>pale</u>. He rushed into the station building and came back with a signal light. He waved the red light as the train came into the station. It was not a second too early.

【短文大意】本文记叙了 Kate 为了挽救乘客的性命,风雨交加中赶往火车站通知站长铁路桥被冲毁,成功阻止一场事故的英勇事迹。

21. What did Kate decide to do?

A. Stop the express train, B. Check the signal light.

C. Meet the passengers. D. Visit the station-master

【解析】 A 细节理解题。难度较小。根据第一段第三、四句 If it were not stopped, that long train, full of passengers, would fall into the stream. "Someone must go to the station and warn the station-master," Kate thought.可知 Kate 前往车站是要阻止火车前行,故选 A。

22. Which of the following words best describes Kate's journey?

A. Fruitless. B. Boring. C. Well-planned. D. Risky.

【解析】 D 推理判断题。难度中等。根据第二段的描述可知,Kate 在风雨交加中艰难跋涉,这一路危险重重,故选 D。

23. Why did the station-master turn pale?

A. He suddenly fell ill.B. He realized the danger.C. He discovered his mistake.D. He became over-excited.

【解析】 B 推理判断题。难度中等。根据本段最后一句 He waved the red light as the train came into the station. 可推知,站长意识到了危险,晃动红色信号灯,故选 B。

В

The Crowne Plaza Hotel in Copenhagen is offering a free meal to any guest who is able to produce electricity for the hotel on an exercise bike linked to a generator (发电机),The idea is to get people fit and reduce their carbon footprint. Guests will have to produce at least 10 watt hours of electricity - roughly 15 minutes of cycling for someone of average fitness. Guests staying at Plaza Hotel will be given meat tickets worth \$36 once they have produced 10 watt hours of electricity. The bicycles will have smart phones attached to the handlebars measuring how much power is being generated for the hotel.

The plan, a world-first, will start on 19 April and run for a year. Only guests staying at the hotel will be able to take part. Frederikke Toemmergaard, hotel spokeswoman, said, "Many of our visitors are business people who enjoy going to

the gym. There might be people who will cycle just to get a free meal, but generally I don't think people will take advantage of our programme,"

Copenhagen has a long-standing cycling tradition and 36% of locals cycle to work each day, one of the highest percentages in the world, according to the website visitcopenhagen..dk.US environmental website treehugger.com recently voted Copenhagen the world's best city for cyclists. "Because Copenhagen is strongly connected with cycling," we felt the bicycle would work well as a symbol of the hotel's green profile (形象)."

If successful, the electric bicycle meal programme will be spread to all Crowne Plaza hotels in the UK, the hotel said in a statement.

【短文大意】 为倡导低碳生活的环保理念, 哥本哈根的皇冠假日旅馆向客人推出了一项活动: 骑脚踏车发电 10 瓦的可以享受一份免费大餐。

- 24. What is the main purpose of the free meal programme?
- A. To promote the hotel's green concept. B. To make the city known to the world.
- C. To attract people to the hotel restaurant. D. To get guests to stay longer at the hotel.

【解析】 A 推理判断题。难度中等。根据第一段第二句 The idea is to get people fit and reduce their carbon footprint. 以及第三段最后一句中 we felt the bicycle would work well as a symbol of the hotel's green profile 可知,这项活动的目的是倡导环保理念,故选 A。

- 25. How can a participant get a free meal?
- A. By becoming a professional cyclist. B. By cycling to produce some electricity.
- C. By linking a smart phone to a bicycle. D. By monitoring his or her carbon footprint.

【解析】 B 细节理解题。难度较小。根据第一段第一句 The Crowne Plaza Hotel in Copenhagen is offering a free meal to any guest who is able to produce electricity for the hotel on an exercise bike linked to a generator. 可知,参与者通过骑脚踏车发电才能获得一份免费大餐,故选 B。

- 26. Who are most likely to enter for the programme?
- A. The poor local people.
- B. The environment activists.
- C. Health-conscious hotel guests.
- D. Visitors fond of Copenhagen food.

【解析】C 推理判断题。难度中等。根据第二段第二句 Only guests staying at the hotel will be able to take part. 以及旅馆发言人所说的话 Many of our visitors are business people who enjoy going to the gym.可知,喜欢健身的旅馆客人最有可能参与这个活动,故选 C。

- 27. According to paragraph 3, Copenhagen has one of the world's .
- A. best chain hotels
- B. greenest natural environments
- C. longest bike paths
- D. highest rates of people cycling to work

【解析】 D 细节理解题。难度较小。根据第三段第一句中 Copenhagen has a long-standing cycling tradition and 36% of locals cycle to work each day, one of the highest percentages in the world 可知,哥本哈根是骑脚踏车上班人数最多的国家之一,故选 D。

### C 279字

Digital technology - email and smart phones especially - have vastly improved workers' ability to be productive outside of a traditional office. Even so, most white-collar work still happens in an office. One reason is that, according to findings of a new survey (调查) of office workers conducted by Wakefield Research for the IT company Citrix, most bosses are doubtful about remote working. Half of the workers say their boss doesn't accept it and only 35 percent say it's tolerated.

Skeptical bosses will likely have their doubts reinforced (加深) by the same survey, which shows that 43 percent of workers say they've watched TV or a movie while "working" remotely, while 35 percent have done housework,and 28 percent have cooked dinner.

It is true, however, that working at home makes people much more efficient (高效的), because it allows workers to take care of annoying housework while still getting their jobs done. It's much faster, for example, to shop for groceries at a quarter to three than to stand in line during the after-work rush.

The fact that such practices remain officially unaccepted reflects how far we haven't come as a society from the days when we expected every full-time worker to be supported by a full-time homemaker.

More broadly the Wake field survey suggests that employers may be missing a low-cost way to give workers something of value. Sixty-four percent of those survey participants who haven't worked remotely would rather give up some bonus in order to get even one day a week working from home. Under such circumstances, smart firms need to find ways to let their employees have enough flexibility to manage their time efficiently.

【短文大意】最新一项调查显示,对于远程办公,多数老板持怀疑态度,因为他们担心对员工失去控制;大部分员工却持支持的态度,他们认为这样更加有效率。

- 28. Why do some employers hesitate to allow remote working?
- A. They fear losing control of their workers. B. They want to stick to their routine practice.
- C. They have little trust in modern technology. D. They are used to face-to-face communication.

【解析】 A 推理判断题。难度较大。根据第二段的叙述可知,老板担心员工远程办公会做一些与工作无关的事情,言外之意就是,失去对员工的掌控,故选 A。

- 29- What seems to be most workers' attitude toward remote working?
- A. Doubtful B. Favorable C. Reserved D. Disapproving.

【解析】 B 推理判断题。难度中等。根据最后一段第二句 Sixty-four percent of those survey participants who haven't worked remotely would rather give up some bonus in order to get even one day a week working from home. 可知,大多数员工愿意远程办公,故选 B。

- 30. What does the author suggest smart firms do?
- A. Shorten their office hours. B. Give employees a pay raise.
- C. Adopt flexible work patterns. D. Reduce their staff's workload.

【解析】 C 细节理解题。难度较小。根据最后一段最后一句 Under such circumstances, smart firms need to find ways to let their employees have enough flexibility to manage their time efficiently. 可知,作者建议公司实行弹性工作模式,故选 C。

第二节(共5小题,每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

How to Have a Successful Teenage Life 314 字

Everyone wants to succeed in their life, don't they? Even as a teenager, you can achieve success in your life; it really isn't that hard. 31

- Do well in school. No matter how boring it is now, education will help you be a productive member in society. Try your best for excellence in school; listen to the teachers, do your homework, study, and get good grades. Doing so will help you get into a better university, which will enable you to have a bright future. 32
- Do good in your community (社区). Volunteering can not only improve your community's status, it could make you happier. Studies show that people who volunteer are less likely to develop depression (抑郁) than people who don't, for example, if you love animals, volunteer at an animal shelter. If you love helping the environment, plant trees or pick up litter. When you help others, it will make you feel better about yourself.www.2abc8.com
- 34 Remember, they're there to help you be the best that you can be. Respect them and value their opinions, even if they annoy you sometimes. 35 You don't get to choose your teachers or your family, but you still have to put up with them. Learn how to deal with people now, because when you're an adult, you don't get to choose your boss or your co-workers, so learn how to respect them now.
- A. Live life to the fullest.
- B. School sets you up on the right track!
- C. Be nice to your parents and teachers,
- D. Find chances to do volunteer work that interests you.
- E. It will help you pass time and develop your personality.
- F. Here are some important points that you may find helpful.
- G. Keep in mind that they do the things they do because they care about you.

【短文大意】本文就如何成功度过青少年时光给出了几点建议。

此处起引出下文的作用。F 项中 some important points 对应下文的●Do well in school. ●Do good in your **community**. ● 34 ,故选 F。 本段介绍了努力学习做好功课这一建议。B 项与本段主题一致,且 B 项中 School 对应本段小标题中 school,故 选 B。 33. D 下句中 For example 提示,下文内容是对此处的例证。D项"寻找机会做自己有兴趣的志愿活动"与之贴合,且 D 项中 volunteer 对应下句中的 volunteer, 故选 D。 34. C 此处是小标题,应能概括本段大意。根据下文的叙述可知,本段主要是讲尊重父母和师长, C 项与之贴合,故选  $\mathbf{C}$  . 本段主要介绍了尊重父母和师长这一建议, G 项"牢记他们的所作所为全是出于对你的关心"符合本段主题,且 35. G 与上句"尊敬他们,重视他们的看法,即使他们偶尔会让你烦恼"是顺承关系,故选 G。 第三部分语言运用(共两节,满分45分) 第一节 完形填空 (共20小题;每小题1.5分,满分30分) 阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项,并在答题纸上 将该项涂黑。 252 字 When my son Gene was about 12 years old, I started helping him learn to 36 , I bought twenty chickens and asked him to 37 them. I told him that they would be his own chickens and we would 38 the eggs from him. However, he would have to buy chicken 39 with the money he made from the eggs. Whatever money was 40 would be his to keep. Gene was 41, thinking he would make his first 42After several weeks' successful work, I began to 43 that egg production was going down, I 44 nothing about it. Then one night, Gene told me he didn't have 45 money to buy the feed. He said the chickens had never 46 a meal and he could not figure out why some of them had stopped 47 eggs. Then I asked him if he had 48 the amount of feed he had given the chickens. He was 49, It was like he did not think anyone would ever 50 what he had done. After a long 51 - he said yes. Me thought he would make more money if he gave them 52 food. I asked him, "Did you fool the chickens?" I was just astonished at the question in my own 53\_\_\_\_\_\_ .1 was dumbfounded (惊呆) at the 54\_\_\_ of it. Yes. you can fool everyone else, but you cannot "fool the chickens," because 55 , you will find out, as the saying goes, "What goes around comes around." B. share D, work 36. A. cook C. count 37. A. take care of B, observe C. train D. play with 38. A. save B. borrow C. buy D, keep 39. A. nest C. meat B, soup D. feed 40. A. given back B. picked up C. left over D. brought in 41. A. thrilled B. worried C satisfied D. discouraged 42. A. deal C. fortune B. contribution D. choice 43. A. hear B. notice C, predict D. imagine 44. A. said B. found C. thought D. recalled 45. A. private B. honest C. pocket D. enough 46. A. missed C. enjoyed D. finished B. wasted 47. A. hatching B. laying C. gathering D. hiding C. cut down 48. A. balanced B. checked out D. measured C. tired 49. A. delighted B. shocked D. disappointed 50. A. forgive B. allow C. discuss D. know 51. A. silence B. absence C. negotiation D, preparation 52. A. heavy B, fresher C. less D. solid C. ease 53. A, life B. job D. mind 54. A. explanation B. significance C. trick D. example C. in contrast D in addition 55. A. in this respect B. in the end

#### 【短文大意】

- 36. D 第二段首句 After several weeks' successful work 提示答案。
- 37. A 根据下文 Gene 买饲料喂鸡可知, "我"让他照料 (take care of) 鸡。
- 38. C 由第 39 空后的 with the money he made from the eggs 可知, "我们"从 Gene 手中购买(buy) 鸡蛋。
- 39. D 第 45 空后的 money to buy the feed 提示答案。
- 40. C 根据语境可知,"我们"从 Gene 手中购买鸡蛋,而 Gene 需要用卖鸡蛋所得的前购买鸡饲料,那么剩余的就是 Gene 所得。be left over 意为"剩下",符合语境。
- 41. A 上句提到剩余的钱都归 Gene,由此可知,12 岁的 Gene 能自己劳动赚取零花钱,应该是兴奋激动的 (thrilled)。
- 42. C 根据语境可知,这应该是 Gene 的第一桶金 (first fortune)。
- 43. B 根据语境可知, 几周后, "我"开始注意到 (notice) 鸡蛋的产量下降了。
- 44. A 根据下文"我"与 Gene 的交谈可知, "我"注意到鸡蛋产量下降了, 却什么也没说(said)。
- 45. D 鸡蛋产量下降, Gene 赚的钱少了, 不够 (enough) 买饲料了。
- 46. A 根据下文 Gene 想不通为什么一些鸡停止产蛋了可推知,他没落过 (miss)一顿。
- 47. B 根据第 43 空后的 egg production was going down 可知,一些鸡停止产蛋 (laying)。
- 48. C 上文 Gene 说自己顿顿都在喂,但是鸡蛋产量却在下降,由此可推知,"我"问 Gene 是否克扣了(cut down) 喂给鸡的饲料。
- 49. B 根据下句 It was like he did not think anyone would ever \_\_\_\_50 what he had done.可
- 知, Gene 似乎没料到有人会知道他的所作所为, 所以应是感到震惊的 (shocked)。
- 50. D Gene 没想到有人会知道 (know) 他的所作所为。
- 51. A 根据空后的 he said yes 可知, 久久的沉默 (silence) 之后, Gene 承认了克扣鸡饲料一事。
- 52. C Gene 以为如果喂给鸡的饲料少一些 (less),他赚的钱就会多一些。
- 53. D 下文描述的是"我"的心理活动,由此可知,此处是指"我"的内心 (mind)也为这个问题震惊不已。
- 54. B 下文 "What goes around comes around." 是"我"顿悟所得,由此可知"Did you fool the chickens?"这个问题意义 (significance) 重大。
- 55. B 根据语境可知, 你可以骗过任何人, 但是却骗不了鸡, 因为你最终 (in the end) 会明白"种瓜得瓜, 种豆得豆"。

第三部分语言运用(共两节,满分45分)

第二节(共小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面材料,在空白处填入适当的内容(1个单词)或括号内单词的正确形式。

### Magic Touch

From my hotel room window, I could see a large advertisement board with his face on it: Jason, the Great Magician.

I absent-mindedly turned the <u>56</u> (page) of the phone book and came across a city map. Drinking my iced coffee I ran my fingers along the streets <u>57</u> the hotel to the opera hall. Not more <u>58</u> a half-hour walk, I thought.

I looked <u>59</u> (quick) at the clock, "The show starts in one hour; plenty of time! I drank the rest of my coffee and went to take a shower. Soon after, I was on my way to the show, <u>60</u> (carry) a fancy black handbag and a happy smile.

The hall was dark when I came in; the show was about  $\underline{61}$  (begin). I made my way backstage just  $\underline{62}$  the great magician was putting on his top hat.

"Daddy, I'm so glad to see you," I 63 (whisper), I'm in town for the writer's class, but I just couldn't miss your show." I gave him quick hug and went back into the seating area, leaving him with a 64 (surprise) smile. I settled down in the darkness, and the curtains opened.

Magically, that show remains the Great Jason's best 65 (perform) to this day.

## 【解析】

56. pages 考查名词单复数。page 是可数名词,根据语境,此处指"一页一页地翻着电话簿",应用复数形式,故填 pages。

- 57. from 考查介词。from ... to ... 是固定短语,此处指"我的手指沿着街道划过,从宾馆到剧院",故填 from。
- 58. than 考查固定搭配。not more than 是固定用法, 意为"不超过, 至多", 故填 than。
- 59. quickly 考查词性转换。修饰谓语动词 looked 应用副词,故填 quickly。
- 60. carrying 考查非谓语动词。此处是非谓语动词作伴随状语,动词 carry 和逻辑主语 I 之间是主动关系,应用现在分词,故填 carrying。
- 61. to begin 考查非谓语动词。be about to do sth 是固定短语,意为"正要做某事",故填 to begin。
- 62. as / when 考查连词。根据语境可知,"魔术师戴上大礼帽"和"我移步到后台"的动作几乎同时发生,故应用 as 或 when 引导时间状语从句,表示"当……时",故填 as 或 when。
- 63. whispered 考查时态。本文的基本时态是一般过去时,此处与之保持一致,也应用一般过去时,故填 whispered。
- 64. surprised 考查的词性转换。此处修饰名词 smile 应用形容词。surprising 意为"令人惊讶的",用于修饰物; surprised 意为"感到惊讶的",用于修饰人; 但当所修饰的名词为 look, smile, expression, face 等表示面部表情的词时,常用过去分词,故填 surprised。
- 65. performance 考查词性转换。此处作宾语,且前有名词所有格 Great Jason's 和形容词 best 修饰,应用名词,故填 performance。

第四部分写作(共两节,满分40分)

第一节应用文写作(满分15分)

假定你是李华。下学期你将作为交换生(exchange student)去加拿大一所高中学习,住在 Lynn 家里。请给 Lynn 写一封邮件,内容包括:

1.介绍自己: 2.告知到达时间: 3.询问应做何准备.

注意:

- 1.词数 80 左右
- 2.可适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

#### 参考范文

Dear Lynn,

I'm Li Hua, an exchange student from China. I'm happy to know that I'll be staying with your family in the next few months while I'm studying at the local high school. Thank you for having me! I will arrive in Toronto on August 20th and get to your place late that afternoon. I wonder if you could give me some advice so that I can get myself better prepared for my stay in Canada.

Looking forward to seeing you!

Best wishes,

Li Hua

第二 读后续写 (满分 25 分)

阅读下面短文,根据所给情节进行续写,使之构成一个完整的故事。 332字

One weekend in July, <u>Jane</u> and her husband, <u>Tom</u>, had driven three hours to camp overnight by a <u>lake</u> in the forest. Unfortunately, on the way an unpleasant subject came up and they started to quarrel. By the time they reached the lake, Jane was so angry that she said to Tom. "I'm going to find a better spot for us to camp" and <u>walked</u> away.

With no path to follow, Jane just walked on for quite a long time. After she had <u>climbed</u> to a high place. she turned around, hoping to see the lake. To her surprise, she saw nothing but forest and, far beyond, a snowcapped mountain top. She suddenly realized that she was lost.

"Tom! "she cried. "Help!"

No reply. If only she had not left her mobile phone in that bag with Tom. Jane kept moving, but the farther she walked, the more confused she became. As night was beginning to fall, Jane was so tired that she had to stop for the night. Lying awake in the dark, Jane wanted very much to be with Tom and her family. She wanted to hold him and tell him how much she loved him.

Jane rose at the break of day, hungry and thirsty. She could hear water trickling (滴落) somewhere at a distance. Quickly she followed the sound to a stream. To her great joy, she also saw some berry bushes. She drank and ate a few berries. Never in her life had she tasted anything better. Feeling stronger now. Jane began to walk along the stream and hope it would lead her to the lake.

As she picked her way carefully along the stream, Jane heard a helicopter. Is that for me? Unfortunately, the trees made it impossible for people to see her from above. A few minutes later, another helicopter flew overhead. Jane took off her yellow blouse, thinking that she should go to an open area and flag them if they came back again.

- 注意:
- 1.所续写短文的词数应为 150 左右;
- 2.应使用 5 个以上短文中标有下划线的关键词语:
- 3.续写部分分为两段,每段的开头语已为你写好;
- 4.续写完成后,请用下划线标出你所使用的关键词语。

#### Paragraph 1:

But no more helicopters came and it was getting dark again. Jane

## Paragraph 2:

It was daybreak when Jane woke up.

#### ◆题型解读

和以往的高考英语命题作文不同,读后续写要求考生首先要读懂已有信息,不仅能读懂字面含义,还要理清文章的脉络和关系。续写这篇短文时,考生需要明白故事的发展进程、前因后果、地理位置变化、人物特征和情感等。在此基础上,考生顺着文章的思路,根据线索,发挥想象,对其后的情节进行合理预测,并用英语表达出来。同时,在组织语言时,切记使用 5 个以上给出的提示词。

◆故事主线

### 已知线索:

吵架——出走——迷路——失联——自救——思念——寻路——直升机——飞离……拂晓……

### 可续写线索:

失望?坚信?曲折?直升机?Tom?自救?获救?

◆续写词汇

## 已给提示词汇:

Jane, Tom, lake, walk, climb, at a distance, to her great joy, helicopter, yellow blouse

# 话题激活词汇:

环境: forest, stream, rock, berry, valley, steep, cave, lake, waterfall (人口、环境与自然)

困难: hunger, starve, thirsty, injure, broken, blood, panic, shelter, survive (survival), suffer, cold, severe

# (天气与自然灾害)

活动: walk, climb, fall, crawl, taste, attempt, struggle to one's feet, make one's way to, pick up (人体与

# 动作)

情绪: to one's great joy, break down

救援: rescue team, doctor, search for, spot (天气与自然灾害)

意志品质: calm, courage, will (性格与行为特征)

评价: amazing, make it

# Possible versions:

1.

# Paragraph 1:

<u>But no more helicopters came and it was getting dark again</u>. <u>Jane</u> had to stay alone in the forest for another cold night. Although she felt a little sad, she didn't get fearful. She thought about <u>Tom</u>. "He must have called for those <u>helicopters</u>. Maybe he was in one of them and will come back again! I have to guide him tomorrow." She fell asleep and dreamed of seeing Tom.

# Paragraph 2:

<u>It was daybreak when Jane woke up.</u> She ate some berries and then <u>walked</u> along the <u>stream</u>, hoping to find a suitable place to guide the helicopter. Fortunately, she saw a huge flat rock in an open area <u>at a distance</u>. She rushed to the rock, <u>climbed</u> onto it and waited. <u>To her great joy</u>, the helicopter appeared again. The nearer it got, the more she flagged the <u>yellow blouse</u>. Luckily, the helicopter didn't miss Jane this time and it landed near the big rock slowly. Tom jumped off the helicopter and ran towards Jane. She broke down and burst into tears.

(续写词数: 154)

#### 2.

## Paragraph 1:

But no more helicopters came and it was getting dark again. Jane tried to find shelter from the night cold. But unfortunately, she slipped over and broke her leg. With the extreme pain, Jane managed to make her way to a rock for shelter. Under the rock, Jane stayed wide awake, knowing she might not be able to get to the <u>lake</u> with a broken leg. "Don't be afraid. <u>Tom</u> must be searching for me. And the <u>helicopter</u> will come back tomorrow," she thought to herself. After quite a while, Jane fell asleep.

# Paragraph 2:

It was daybreak when Jane woke up. She struggled to her feet and headed for the stream. After having some berries and stream water, Jane walked slowly to an open area to wait for her rescue. To her great joy, she soon heard the helicopter. Jane madly waved her yellow blouse when it came into sight. Sadly, the helicopter flied away again. However, soon came the rescue team, together with Tom, who had found Jane's location from the helicopter. Jane was saved.