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Homework 8 writeups

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Section: AMATH 301 B

Problem 1

```
In []: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import cv2
```

Load in the image of Olive's perfect paws.

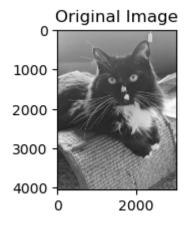
```
In []: A = cv2.imread('olive.jpg', 0)
U, S, Vt = np.linalg.svd(A, full_matrices=False)
```

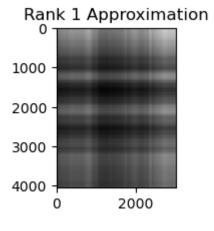
Part (a) - 2x2 grid

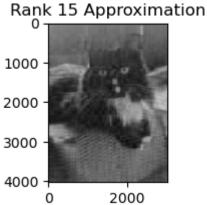
```
In [ ]: fig, ax = plt.subplots(2, 2)
        fig.tight layout(pad=2.5)
        ax[0,0].imshow(A, cmap='gray')
        ax[0,0].set_title('Original Image')
        rank1 = (U[:, 0:1] @ np.diag(S)[0:1, 0:1]) @ Vt[0:1, :]
        ax[0,1].imshow(rank1, cmap='gray')
        ax[0,1].set title('Rank 1 Approximation')
        rank15 = (U[:, 0:15] @ np.diag(S)[0:15, 0:15]) @ Vt[0:15, :]
        ax[1,0].imshow(rank15, cmap='gray')
        ax[1,0].set title('Rank 15 Approximation')
        total_energy = np.sum(S)
        rank r approx = 0
        r = 0
        while rank r approx < 0.75:</pre>
            r += 1
            rank r approx = np.sum(S[:r]) / total energy
        rank r = (U[:, 0:r] @ np.diag(S)[0:r, 0:r]) @ Vt[0:r, :]
        ax[1,1].imshow(rank r, cmap='gray')
        ax[1,1].set title('Rank r Approximation')
```

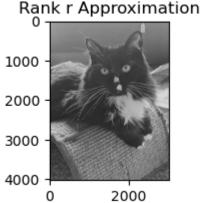
Out[]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Rank r Approximation')

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Part b - Calculate the total number of pixels for the image and its approximation.

```
In []: full_img_pixels = A.shape[0] * A.shape[1]
    print("Total number of pixels in full image:", full_img_pixels)

    r_points = (A.shape[0] * r) + (A.shape[1] * r) + r
    print("Total number of points in rank r approximation:", r_points)

Total number of pixels in full image: 12192768
    Total number of points in rank r approximation: 1594882
```

Part c - Discuss

The rank-r approximation is much more efficient compared to the original image because the full image uses almost 7.65 times more points than rank-r approximation. Additionally, even though the rank-r approximation stores only 75% of the image energy, it seems almost identical to the human eye, which aligns with our goals of image compression.

```
In []: ratio = full_img_pixels / r_points
    print("Ratio of full image to rank r approximation:", ratio)

Ratio of full image to rank r approximation: 7.644934233379021
```