

Total: 130 points

Page 1 (30 points)

Problem 1 [5 pts]. Bus wheel/Car Wheel

Answer: $r_b/r_c = 22/18 = 11/9 = 1.222222$

Problem 2 [5 pts]. Screwdriver

Answer: $(2\pi r_{sd} / p) = 2\pi 20 \text{ mm} / 1 \text{ mm} = 40\pi = 125.66$

where $r_{sd} = d_{sd}/2 = 10 \text{ mm}$

Problem 3 [5 pts]. See-saw

Answer: $m_1/m_2 = (\cos \theta) / (2-\alpha)$

Problem 4 [5 pts]. Windlass with a ceiling

Answer: $2a/r$

Problem 5 [5+5=10 pts]. Differential

Windlass

i. $a=b$: The bucket never moves: IMA $\sim \infty$

$b=0$: same as previous question (i.e. IMA 2)

ii. IMA = $2a/(a-b)$ -- for each full revolution ($2\pi a$ in), the bucket ascends by $\pi(a-b)$

Page 2 (35 points)

Problem 6 [5+5+5=15 pts]. Simple Pulley (aka Double Tackle)

i. 4

ii. ~~1.64 (=1024/625)~~ 2.316 (=1476/625)

iii. 5

Problem 7 [5 pts]. Pulley System

10

Problem 8 [5+5=10 pts]. Another pulley system

i. 16

ii. 40 N (technically 13.33 N with top ropes)

Problem 9 [5 pts]. Bicycle on a Ramp

Answer: $r_p/r_{gear1} * r_{gear2}/r_w * 1/\sin\theta = 20/14 * 10/60 * 1/\sin(17^\circ) = 10/7 * 1/6 * 1/0.2924 = 0.814$

Page 3 (30 points)

Problem 10 [2+3+5=10 pts]. Knife as a compound machine

i. Class 3 lever

ii. $1/(2 \tan(\theta/2)) = 1/\theta = 1/0.01 = 100$

iii. Food is $4+1 = 5$ in. from fulcrum; thumb is 1 in. from fulcrum \rightarrow lever has IMA 1/5

Overall: 20 (=100/5)

Problem 11 [10 pts]. Balancing the build portion of this event

$1/2$ (set torques from masses to cancel each other out) [but give 5 points for $1/3$]

Problem 12 [2.5 x 4 = 10 pts]. Vinyl Record

i. 24 minutes = 1440 seconds

ii. $2\pi * 6 \text{ in} * 1\text{s}/1.8\text{s} = 20.944 \text{ in.} (= 20\pi/3)$

iii. $2\pi * 2 \text{ in} * 1\text{s}/1.8\text{s} = 6.981 \text{ in.} (= 20\pi/9)$

iv. beginning

Page 4 (35 points)

Problem 13 [5+10=15 pts]. Gear system

i. 2

ii. $r_1/r_2 * r_3/r_4 * r_5/r_1 * 2*2*2 = 8 * (r_3*r_5) / (r_2 * r_4) = 8 * (8*15) / (24*10) = 4$

Problem 14 [10+10=20 pts.] Michelson's Harmonic Analyzer

i. 1.5 rpm; $1.5n$ rpm

ii. 3 cm; switching sides performs a phase shift of π without modifying the amplitude.