计算机科学与技术学院神经网络与深度学习课程实验报告

Experiment 5

Fun with RNNs

实验题目:在这次作业中,我们使用Shakespeare数据集来扩展 min-char-rnn.py

实验目标和学习任务:

• 实现RNN前向计算

• 实现RNN的反向传播

• 实现softmax激活函数+ 基于 [tempreature] 的模拟退火算法

• 解释参数

实验学生基本信息:

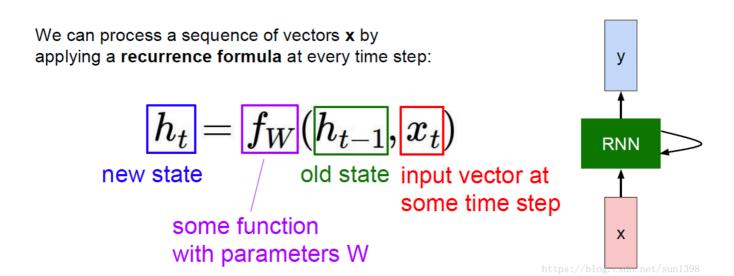
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Part 1

RNN前向计算原理



$$z = W_{xh} * X_t + W_{hh} * h_{t-1} + b_h \tag{1}$$

$$h_t = tanh(z) \tag{2}$$

$$y_t = W_{hy} * h_t + b_y \tag{3}$$

$$p_t = \frac{e^{y_t - \max(y_t)}}{\sum_i^{inputsize} e^{y_t^i - \max(y_t)}} \tag{4}$$

上面就是整个前项计算的过程, 最终使用的 softmax 进行输出 target。

我们使用实验提供的权重参数文件 char-rnn-snapshot.npz ,以 'shakespeare_train.txt 作为整体模型的数据输入

根据上述公式,从模型中采样一个整数序列,使用不同的alpha值来检验模拟退火算法(simulated annealing algorithm)的效果

sample 函数的代码展示如下,我们在temp函数中调用

```
def sample(h, seed ix, n, alpha):
  sample a sequence of integers from the model
  h is memory state, seed_ix is seed letter for first time step
  # Start Your code
  x = np.zeros((vocab size, 1)) # init input vector with zero of size vocab size
  x[seed_ix] = 1
  ixes = []
  for t in range(n):
    h = np.tanh(np.dot(Wxh, x) + np.dot(Whh, h) + bh)
    y = np.dot(Why, h) + by
    p = np.exp(alpha * y) / np.sum(np.exp(alpha * y))
    ix = np.random.choice(range(vocab_size), p=p.ravel())
    x = np.zeros((vocab size, 1))
    x[ix] = 1
    ixes.append(ix)
  return ixes
  # End your code
```

不同alpha值的最终文本生成的效果:

```
temp(length=200, alpha=1)
```

```
temp(length=200, alpha=5)
```

irnave prees shall but he one-the not out-iber gothar pray hose's will thou fan to i

```
n so
A bue uncityer!
Thou to deqheor it;
Noth camt sees, whes.

First Sengee make ving-poldidst seans poon she wisg
```

temp(length=200, alpha=0.1)

```
ipm??V?AYpD,sgem',?WHYLRy-j;b.
mnN;-
Rm L&&ABeVuEYnnMI: pqmra, &nD!zD!AyOTqCp't::'rpDI
h;:&MEmNy.'Hrw,,
waBC'sg&f.pu
jro'
b IslEtfxub.
KD'SPyy,utgGlVutf.sleksfuWBrcd C,;rttkelDu;h!Z
uQOiMifo.Ochhq,.ML
```

Part2

我们 Loss 使用 交叉熵 loss , 定义如下:

$$Loss = y_t^{real} * log(P_t) \tag{5}$$

RNN反向传播原理

RNN反向传播要考虑到上一次的隐状态输出 $m{h}_{t-1}$ 重要的公式推导:

$$\frac{dLoss}{dy_t^i} = p_t^i, if \quad i \neq target \tag{6}$$

$$\frac{dLoss}{du^{i}} = p^{i}_{t} - 1, if \quad i = target \tag{7}$$

$$\frac{dy_t}{dW_{hy}} = h_t \tag{8}$$

$$\frac{dy_t}{db_y} = 1 \tag{9}$$

$$\frac{dLoss}{dh_t} = \frac{dLoss}{dy_t} \frac{dy_t}{dh_t} + \frac{dh_{t+1}}{dh_t} = W_{hy}^T * dy + dh_{t+1}$$

$$\tag{10}$$

hs[t]是t时刻的hidden state, 我们将本时刻输入层+上一时刻的隐藏层作为参数传入tanh函数

```
# encode inputs to 1-hot embedding, size(xs) = (len(input), vocab size)
xs[t] = np.zeros((vocab_size,1)) # # encode in 1-of-k representation 1-hot-encoding
xs[t][inputs[t]] = 1
hs[t] = np.tanh(np.dot(Wxh, xs[t]) + np.dot(Whh, hs[t-1]) + bh) # hidden state
ys[t] = np.dot(Why, hs[t]) + by # unnormalized log probabilities for next chars
#softmax(ys)
ps[t] = np.exp(ys[t] - np.max(ys[t]))/np.sum(np.exp(ys[t] - np.max(ys[t]))) #your code# # probabilities for next chars
我们如公式所叙进行loss计算:
 #计算loss = cross_entropy()
 loss += - np.log(ps[t][targets[t]]) #your code# # softmax (cross-entropy loss)
[dy]是[softmax]民,[cross\_entropy]softmax]求导[a_i - y_i, y_i]为[one\_hot]标签,[a_i]为[one\_hot]
softmax 之后第 j 个神经元输出
dy = ps[t]#your code#
dy[targets[t]] -= 1 #your code# # backprop into y.
#反向传播,求Why与by的导数
dWhy += dy.dot(hs[t].T) #your code#
dby += dy #your code#
反向传播到 hidden state
(其中「dh)处反向传播的 梯度外需加上 [dhnext]):
dh = Why.T.dot(dy) + dhnext #your code# # backprop into h
dhraw = dh * (1 - hs[t]**2) #your code# # backprop through tanh nonlinearity
dbh += dhraw #your code#
dWxh += dhraw .dot(xs[t].T)#your code#
dWhh += dhraw. dot(hs[t-1].T) #your code#
dhnext = Whh.dot(dhraw) #your code#
牛成:
```

我们使用comp(m, n)函数,从Shakespeare文本文件中的一个随机位置开始,使用一个长度为m的上下文字符串,并生成一个长度为n的字符串来完成上下文字符串。

这里有一些有趣的例子,当我们有不同长度为m的输入上下文字符串时。我们也改变延续的长度n。

sample1: comp(780,200)

```
Context:
----
se to market:
```

```
Clarence still breathes; Edward still lives and reigns:
When they are gone, then must I count my gains.
LADY ANNE:
Set down, set down your honourable load,
If honour may be shrouded in a hearse,
Whilst I awhile obsequiously lament
The untimely fall of virtuous Lancaster.
Poor key-cold figure of a holy king!
Pale ashes of the house of Lancaster!
Thou bloodless remnant of that royal blood!
Be it lawful that I invocate thy ghost,
To hear the lamentations of Poor Anne,
Wife to thy Edward, to thy slaughter'd son,
Stabb'd by the selfsame hand that made these wounds!
Lo, in these windows that let forth thy life,
I pour the helpless balm of my poor eyes.
Cursed be the hand that made these fatal holes!
Cursed be the heart that had the heart to do it!
Cursed the blo
Continuation:
ttiittllee hhaasstt uulltteedd pprroo''ss bbeeaatteenn oo'' tthhyy mmee tthh
ee ddeeiinngg ooff ccaann aass rraaccll''dd.. CCiittiiggeess nnoott nnoott
aa ssuucchh ssoonn yyoouurr kknnoowwss
TToo pprree lleett aa ccaauueess lliibbyy nnoott tthhaann CCeerrllee
AAnnwweerr,, nnoo,, tthhiiss aass lleewwoouull II''llll::
SSiivvee ffuuee
AAnndd wwiitthh yyoouu
TT
```

sample2 : comp(50,500)

```
Context:
---
ith all my heart.
PRINCE EDWARD:
A beggar, brother
---
Continuation:
---
...
VVOOLLUUMMNNIIAA::
II ttuussttiinneenn..
```

```
VVOOLLUUMMNNIIAA::
NNaayy??
VVOOLLUUMMNNTTAA::
EEnnccuusssstt uuss
AAssffoouugghhtt::
AAnndd hhaadd,, mmoommoo aanndd yyoouurr ppaannsseerr tthheeaarr..
VVOOLLUUMMNNIIAA::
WWhhaattiinngg ddiidd yyoouu mmee ssiivvee ssaattcchh tthheeaann!!tt CChheeyy
 ttiidd??
 II hhiimm kknnaavvee wwhhaatt
TThheennaammpp
II'' aallll bblleepp::
MMyy sshhoouulldd wwhhyy cchhaass ggoo..
BBRRUUTTUUSS::
TThhee tthhee tthhee aannccoouutt--bbuullee
MMyy mmyy II ccaaiinngg ppaayy CClleesstthhyy,,
LLooyy,, wwee ccaaddnniiccee
nnoopp
TTuulloovvyy,,
II wwiilll lliilll...
SSTThhee cceeyy!! AAnnvvee sshhaarrkk II ddeeaarrss!!
WWhheerree oorr nnoo;; tthhee uunnddiitthh wwaass,, pprreeaanntt aa ccaann
ppoooottss ddoonnagee,,
AAnndd yyoouurr nnoobbllee,, iiss ppoorree yyoouu wwaayyss tthhiissgg--hhooss
ee hhiimm wwee ddaarrtt hheeaarr:: bboonnddss wweeaaccooppaann eeaarr ss
```

sample3 :

```
Context:
____
bov
Continuation:
____
eedd
TThheeaakkaabbaacceess ssoo!! ffoorr wweellll:: yyoouu tthhee ppeeaarrdd!! tt
oo hhaavvee tthhaatt ssoo wwiitthh ssuucchh...
BBRRUUTTUUSS::
II hhaavvee ooff aanndd ffaauurr bbee ccoouulldd yyoouu yyoouulldd..
LLAARREECCIINNIIUUSS::
HHee wwoorrggtt..
HHee ccoorrraamm::
MMee aann rreewweerree bbrreeddee tthhiiss mmiinngg,,
AAnndd ppeeaakkiirrss hheelloo::
WWhhoomm..
SSTICCTINNTTUUSS::
00vveess wwiilll hheeaarr,, II''llll iiff,, II pprraarree vveennttaaiinniicc
ee ffoorr uunneess,,
OOnnee hhiiss iinn hhiinngg bbeelliiuuss hhee ttoo ttaakkee
```

```
tthhee ccoonnssttiiuuss..

VVOOLLUUMMNN EELLIIZZAAIIEESS::

PPaarrsseedd!!,,

TThhaann ppoooott oonn hhee hhee kkoo II tthhee RRoommee;; ooff yyoouu ss hhaallllss.. TToollccyy..

CCOORRIIOOLLAANNUUSS::

BBllaabbeeiinn::

CCaattww ttiilll ttoo hhaavvee bbeeeenniieess ddeeaaddee ggeeaarrffoorr::

SSoo hheeaattiilldd

TThhee ooff tthhee ttrruueess II nnooppaa
```

sample 4: comp(300,300)

```
Context:
on, upon your approbation.
CORIOLANUS:
Where? at the senate-house?
SICINIUS:
There, Coriolanus.
CORIOLANUS:
May I change these garments?
SICINIUS:
You may, sir.
CORIOLANUS:
That I'll straight do; and, knowing myself again,
Repair to the senate-house.
MENENIUS:
I'll keep you company. Will you al
Continuation:
 aaddoo bbrraarrggee vveerrssllyy hhee bbrrllee cchhiilldd RRoommee ccoonn''tt
SSoorrttyy ffoorr ggoofftt ssoommeess::
LLee hhee bbee mmiisshh sseeaavvll eenn,, mmaarree bbee tthhee MMuurrddee??
CCAAUUMMNNIIHH::
NNoo hhaalllliiccee.. FFoouurr ssoonn,, ssoouucciizzeenn::
WWhheemmbboorr wwiilll ffaatt,,
TThheeaanngg hhaavvee!!
MMEENNEENNIIUUSS::
aaiivveess tthhoouugghh
TThhaatt mmyy aa ttoouugghhtt hhooww pplleeaatthh sseeeess bbee sshhaalloooo
dd mmaayy ddoonnggeenntthheesseenn aa pprraarree hhee lloorrdd ttoo ffoorr,,
 wwhhiicchh iiss
```

sample 5: comp(100,500)

```
Context:
in sunder, that my pent heart
May have some scope to beat, or else I swoon
With this dead-killing new
Continuation:
 aanntt aatt mmiissee Illlaadd ssttaatt,,
TThheeoo,,
II ddaavvee II wwiilll wweeaarr mmuunn
DDllyy ffiillkk ddiiddee,, mmee''ss hh
MMEENNEENNIINNIIZZAANNGGIIRRIIOOUUSS::
CCaallll''tthheess ttiimmee mmee,, ssggeeee uudd iitt wwiilll ooff wwhhaatt
 lleevveess tthhee hhee hhiiss tthhee ssttoollaann::
MMoorrkk,, mmuusstt hhaadd iiss yyee aanndd aanndd hhaaggcchh CCuull ccoomm
rroodd hhiiss CCoorriiiiggllee wweellll,,
AACCiissss!!
VVIIRRGGIILLIIAA::
PPaattuullee oonnee sshhee,, CCaannoouurr tthhyy ooff ppeeaatthh iitthhss tt
hhee iiss tthhee tthhee ccaammee yyoouurr llooookkdd
II''
SShhaalldd eennppaabbeemm,, wwhhaatt,,
,, BBuuiinnppoossttee..
SSIICCIINNIIUUSS::
TTrruueenn nnoott tthhoouu,, bbee iitt lloovviiccee
ssttrree tthhaatt II sseeeebbeess aallll ooff cchhiillee,, wweellll,,
OOff tthhee aanndd mmiinngg oonn ccoonn''tt..
''ss aass wwhhaatt yyoouu!!
FFoorr aanndd hhaaffcchhiitteess
```

以下是comp函数的部分内容:

我们从(shakespeare_train.txt)中随机采样文本

并存储hidden value

```
for t in range(m):
   # Start Your code
   h = np.tanh(np.dot(Wxh, x) + np.dot(Whh, h) + bh)
   # x is one of k encoding of which index is 1 in the char
   x = np.zeros((vocab size, 1))
    ix = inputs[word_index + 1]
   word index += 1
   x[ix] = 1
    ixes.append(ix)
   # End your code
计算softmax概率,从样本中采样,使用输出作为下一阶段输入:
# Start Your code
y = np.dot(Why, h) + by
 p = np.exp(y) / np.sum(np.exp(y))
 ix = np.random.choice(range(vocab_size), p=p.ravel())
x = np.zeros((vocab_size, 1))
 x[ix] = 1
# End your code
计算最终的输出结果:
   # Start Your code
 h = np.tanh(np.dot(Wxh, x) + np.dot(Whh, h) + bh)
 y = np.dot(Why, h) + by
 p = np.exp(y) / np.sum(np.exp(y))
 ix = np.random.choice(range(vocab_size), p=p.ravel())
 x = np.zeros((vocab size, 1))
 x[ix] = 1
 ixes.append(ix)
```

Part3

char-rnn-snapshot.npz 是训练后的RNN权重
sample.txt 是从RNN中按照不同的 temperature 采样得到的

End your code

任务: 在RNN生成的样本中,在冒号后面通常会有一个换行符或空格(即冒号)。":")字符。在

提供的权重数据中,确定RNN负责这种行为的具体权重。

结论: $W_{xh}[100][9], W_{hy}[0][100], W_{hy}[2][100]$ 是对于行为最重要的具体权重

当字符":"作为 one-of-K 编码传递进来时,其中输入x中的第9项为1,Wxh的第9列 Wxh[:, 9] 被选出。

然后,我们发现hidden单元h的第100个单位是最活跃的,值是0.9999,非常大。注意,h是一个tanh单位,渐近于1。这使得Whh和之前的隐藏状态不重要。[9]是造成h[100]非常大的主要原因。

在输出阶段, 隐藏单位乘以矩阵 Why 。结果是 y[0](换行字符) 和 y[2](空格字符) 具有较大的值。这是由于当隐藏单元在第100个位置激活时(即输入为":"), 为什么在 Why[:, 100] 栏中[0][100]和[2] [100]值最大。

较大的 y[0] 和 y[2] 使得在 softmax 函数将输出向量转化为概率向量后,换行字符和空格字符很可能被采样。

这就是为什么换行符和空格符总是跟在冒号后面的原因

结论和分析:

- 1. RNN 是自然语言处理中的基本神经网络框架,现在的很多问题都是基于这样一个框架完成的。
- 2.不同于计算机视觉中 CNN 框架的是: RNN 中拥有非常多的变种神经元, 并且需要考虑时序按照 BPTT 展开。
- 3. RNN 中不像 CNN , RNN 会丢失很多输入中的信息。