Robotics Assignment #03

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2)

Task 3.2. 1) The coordinate frames of the manipulator are chosen with respect to the modified Denavit-Hartenberg-convention.

Link i	α_{i-1}	a_{i-1}	d_i	θ_i
1	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0

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1) To calculate $^{base}T_{object}$, we need to invert the transformation $^{camera}T_{base}$. Then we can Task 3.3. determine the desired transformation by computing

$$baseT_{object} = {}^{camera}T_{base}^{-1} \cdot {}^{camera}T_{object}$$

$$= {}^{base}T_{camera} \cdot {}^{camera}T_{object}$$

The inverse of $^{camera}T_{base}$ is

$$\begin{pmatrix}
0 & -1 & 0 & 25 \\
-1 & 0 & 0 & 15 \\
0 & 0 & -1 & 20 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 1
\end{pmatrix}$$

so we can compute the resulting matrix now

$$\begin{aligned} base T_{object} &= {}^{camera} T_{base}{}^{-1} \cdot {}^{camera} T_{object} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 & 25 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 15 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 20 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & -5 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 19 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 30 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 15 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

We can see, that the resulting homogeneous transformation is only a translation. This makes sense, because both the coordinate frame axes of the base and the part are parallel to each other.

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