

# Building a multisensory integration task in OpenSesame

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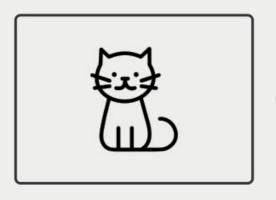
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- Beginner's level
- Graphical user interface
- (Almost) no coding

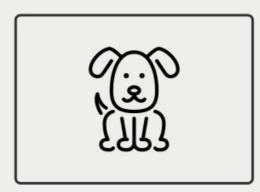


# Does sound influence animal recognition?

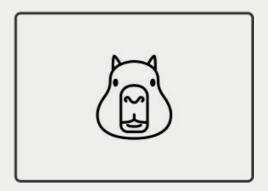




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#### Intermezzo



What is a capybara?



#### Intermezzo



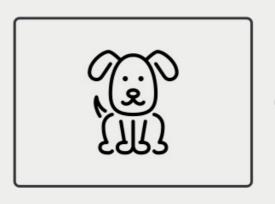
What is a capybara?





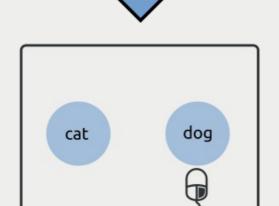


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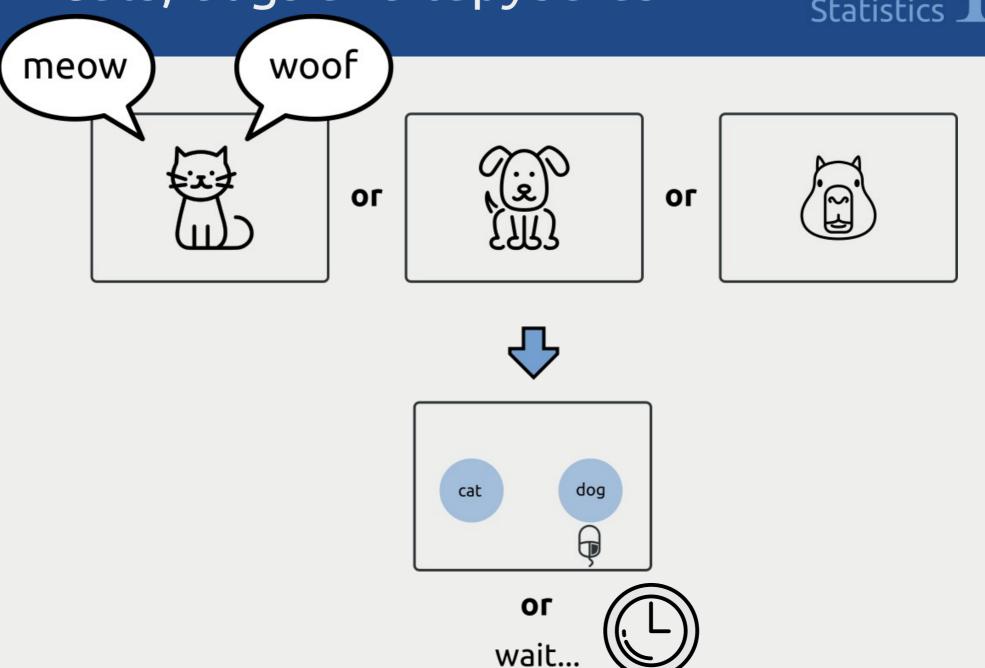
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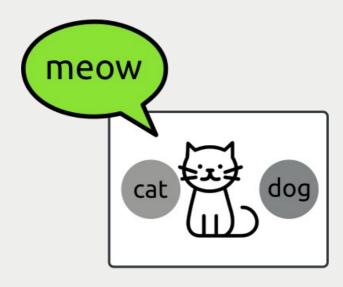


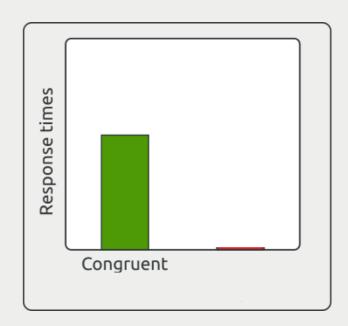






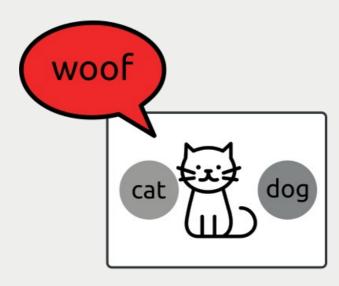
- Prediction 1
  - Easier to respond tocongruent mappings

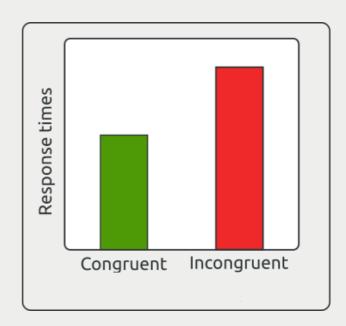






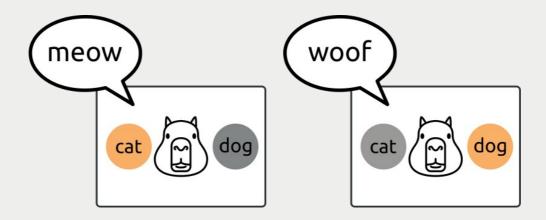
- Prediction 1
  - Easier to respond tocongruent mappings
  - Than to **incongruent** mappings







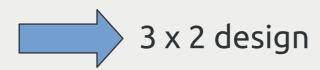
- Prediction 2
  - For false alarms after capybara
    - Biased towards sound



#### Experimental design



- Independent variables
  - Animal (cat, dog or capybara)
  - Sound (bark or meow)



- But 5 exemplars of each stimulus type
  - 5 cat pictures, 5 meow sounds, etc.

#### Experimental design



- Independent variables
  - Animal (cat, dog or capybara)
  - Sound (bark or meow)



- But 5 exemplars of each stimulus type
  - Picture number (1,2,3, 4 or 5)
  - Sound number (1,2,3,4 or 5)

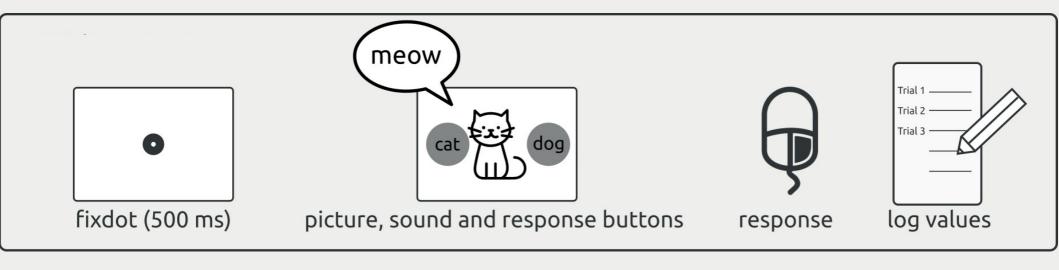


 $3 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5$  design = 150 combinations!

#### Before programming



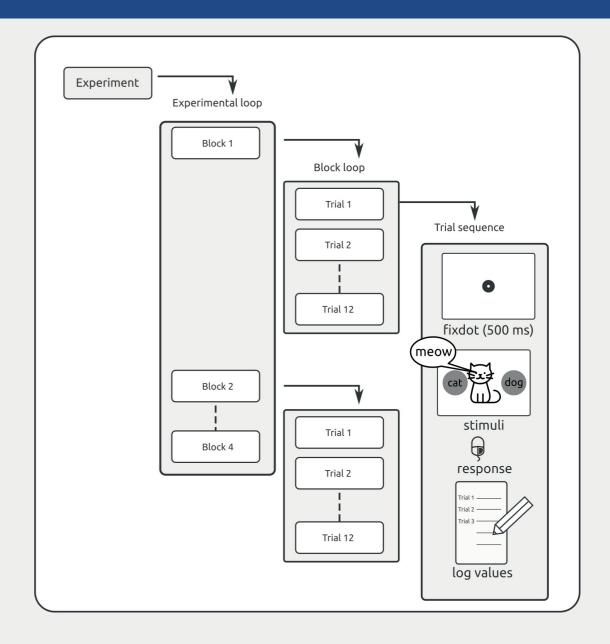
Trial sequence



#### Before programming



Experimental hierarchy



#### Materials



- Download animal stimuli
  - https://osdoc.cogsci.nl/3.3/attachments/catsdogs-capybaras/stimuli.zip

#### Experimental design



- Independent variables
  - Animal (cat, dog or capybara)
  - Sound (bark or meow)



- But 5 exemplars of each stimulus type
  - Picture number (1,2,3, 4 or 5)
  - Sound number (1,2,3,4 or 5)

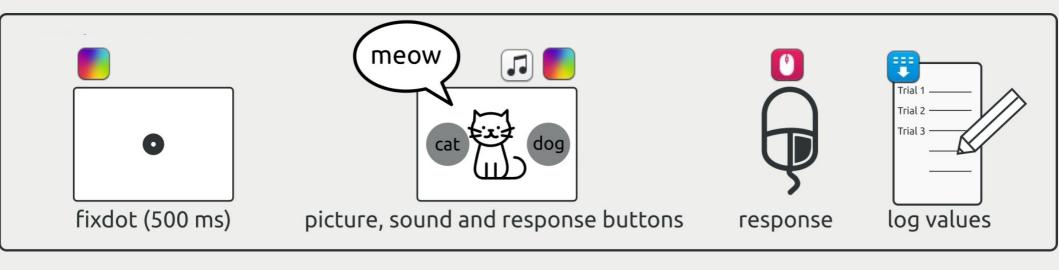


 $3 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5$  design = 150 combinations!

#### Before programming



Trial sequence





2.0

### Extra assignments

Some coding

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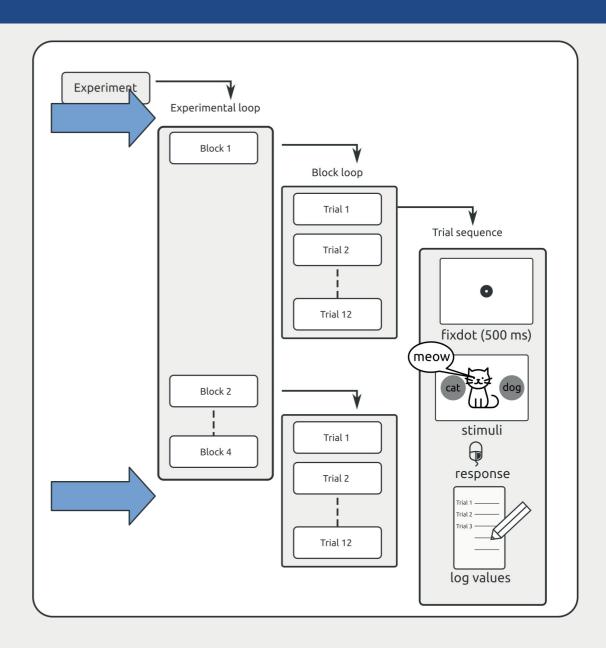
https://osdoc.cogsci.nl/



- 1. Talk to the participant
  - At consent form, instructions and goodbye
- 2.Counterbalance response rule
- 3. Determine response accuracy
- 4. Give feedback after every trial

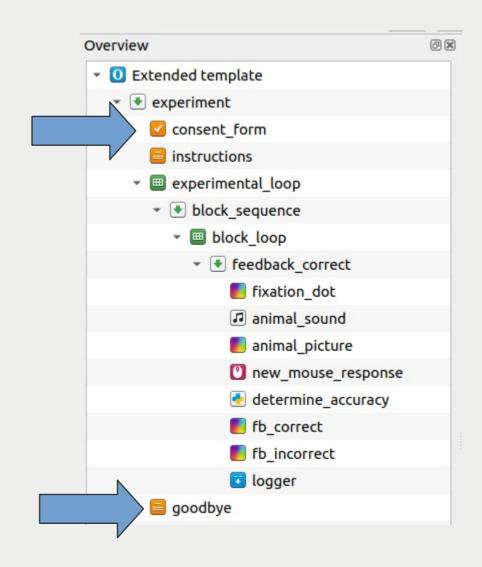


- Talk to the participant
  - Consent form
  - Instructions
  - Goodbye



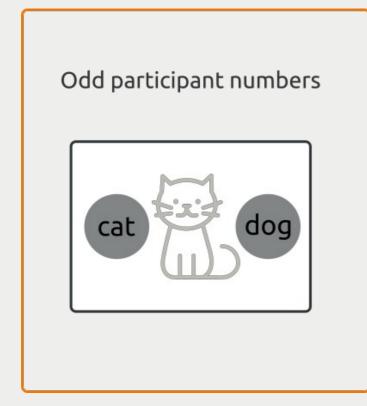


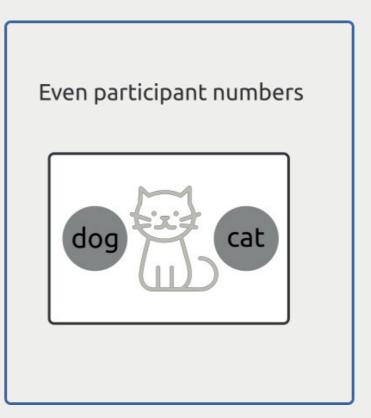
- Talk to the participant
  - Consent form
  - Instructions
  - Goodbye





- Counterbalance response rule
  - Vary the mapping between participants







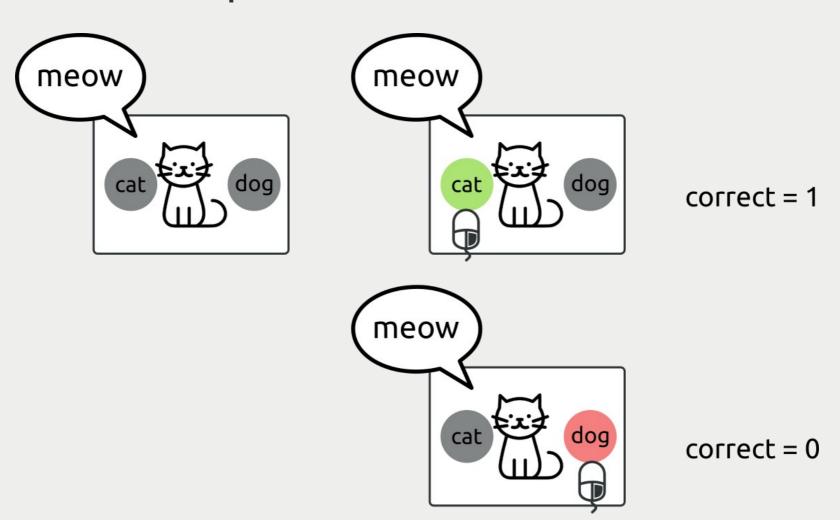
- Counterbalance response rule
  - Use the built-in variable subject\_parity
    - → "odd" or "even"
  - Run-if statement



- Response accuracy
  - Create a variable called "correct"
  - Use the built-in variable "cursor\_roi"
    - Region of interest → which element was clicked
    - Give elements in sketchpad a name
    - Link sketchpad and mouse\_response

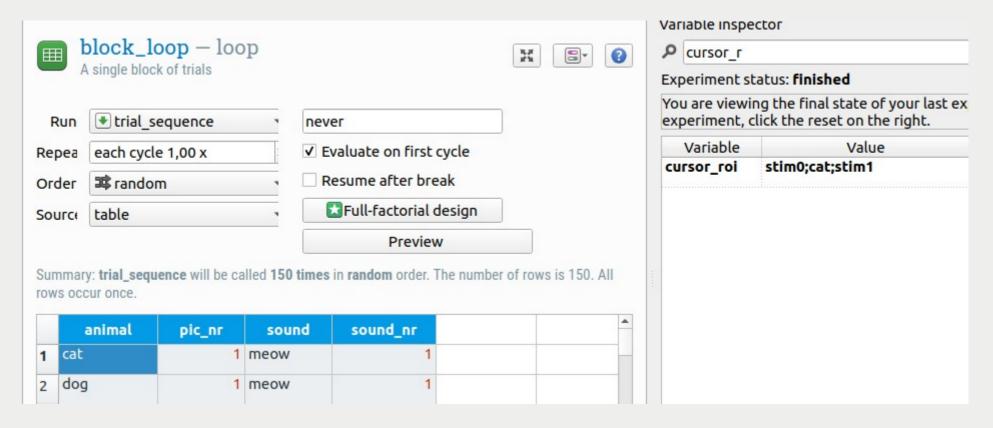


When is a response correct?



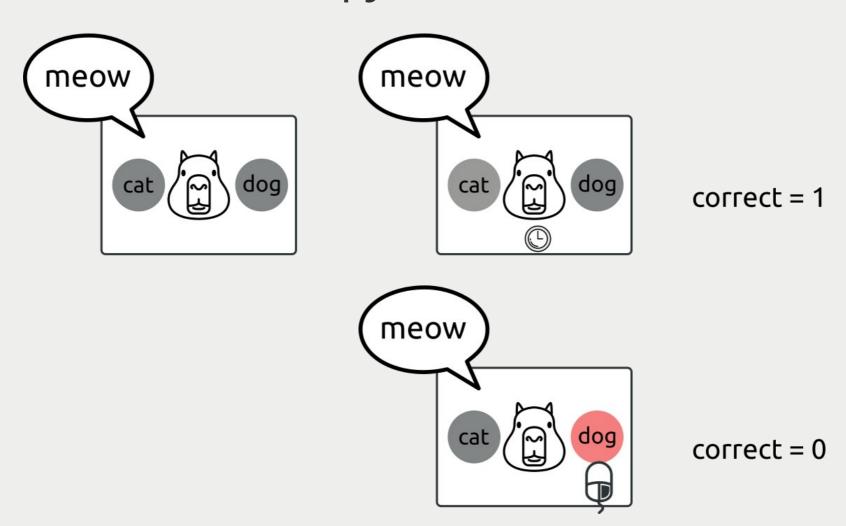


- When is a response correct?
- In programming logic:



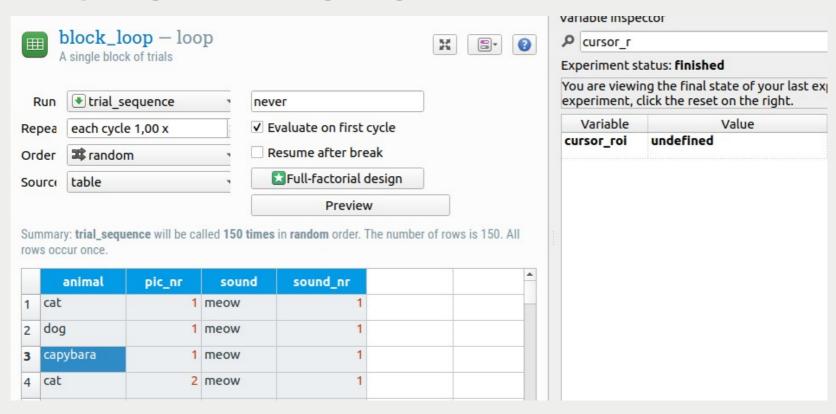


If the animal is a capybara?



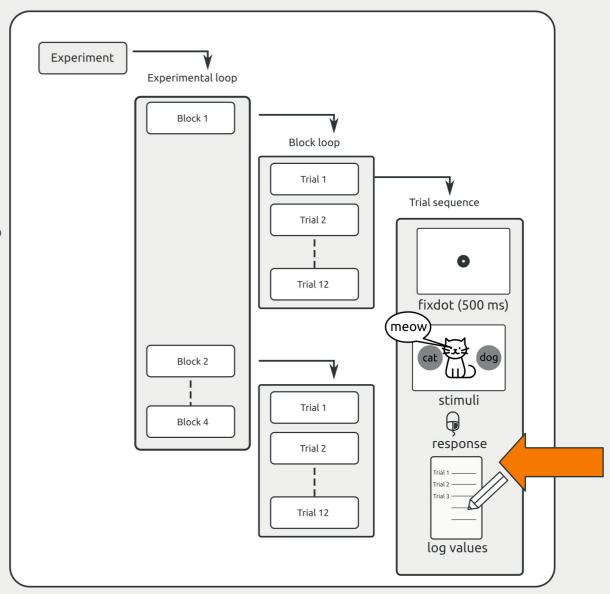


- If the animal is a capybara?
- In programming logic:





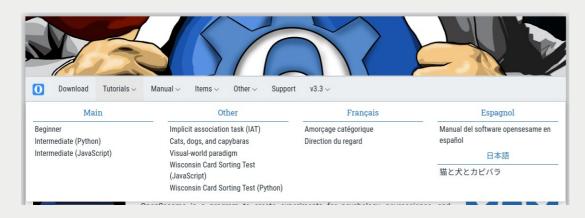
- Feedback after every trial
  - Run-if statements







- Three options
  - Continue working on additional assignments
  - Start a new tutorial



- Work on your own research