THE INEVITABLE END AT HAND.

He Remains Unconscious During the Day and Suffers No Pain-The Sad News Announced in the Churches.

Death Draws Nigh. NEW YORK, March 6 .- At 8 p. m. Henry Ward Beecher's condition remained without noticeable change. He is yet unconscious and is said to be slowly sinking. He moves his right hand occasionally. Long before daylight this morning it was noticed that many more people were on the streets than was usual in the vicinity of the Beecher residence, and by 8 o'clock there was quite r crowd eagerly looking for the first bulletin. At 9 o'clock the following bulletin was

"Beecher is about the same. No change since last night."

The first bulletin was signed by Dr. W. S. Searles, Beecher's family physician, and as it was posted on the door-post people crowded the stoop to read it. There was a feeling of thankfulness plainly visible on their countenances that the life of the illustrious divine was still spared, and as the day advanced the throng on the sidewalks of Clark and Hicks streets rendered the street almost impassable. In the crowd were people of every station, from the millionaire to the prosperous tradesmen and poor laborers. The expressions of sympathy and condolence that were heard on all sides only made another powerful indication of the high esteem in which the Plymouth pastor was held by all classes. During the morning scores of carriages drove past the house and the occupants of many of them alighted and walked up to the bulletin and then departed, while others left their cards with the attendant. Those who were more intimately acquainted were admitted into the house and made inquiries concerning the patient personally, but only immediate friends of the family were allowed in the sick chamber. There was, however, an exception made in the case of Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, who called with his daughter Edith about 1:30 p. m.. and he was admitted into Beecher's presence. Fifteen minutes later Talmage left the house. About 10 o'clock this morning Dr. Hammond arrived at the house and an hour later the fol-

rived at the house and an hour later the following bulletin was posted:
"Prof. W. Hulmuth, of New York, in consultation, freely confirms the opinion fof the physicians. Beecher is gradually failing. He may, however, live for some days."
That all hope was given up was plainly indicated by this bulletin and the remark of Rev. DeWitt Talmage, "it is very serious," as he passed out.
Mr. Halliday continued the services at Plymouth church this morning, and at 11 o'clock.

Mr. Halliday continued the services at Plymouth church this morning, and at 11 o'clock a bulletin was read to the congregation. The effect of it was noticeable on the congregation by the number of handkerchiefs in use and the stifled sobs of many of those present. At the church of Talmage the scene after the reverend gentleman's prayer was almost as affecting. Talmage made a very tender appeal on behalf of Beecher. He prayed fervently for the Divine blessing on the afflicted preacher, and alluded to Beecher as the friend of the millionaire, friend of the workingman, the friendless, and all men, whether rich or poor.

At 2:30 p. m. this bulletin appeared:

"Dr. Hammond is in consultation. Beecher is in a state of deep colna all day. No sign of pain or consciousness of any sort. Death considered certain, but at an indefinite time,

"Dr. Hammond is in consultation. Beecher is in a state of deep colna all day. No sign of pain or consciousness of any sort. Death considered certain, but at an indefinite time, probably to-day."

Since the doctors informed the members of the family that it was only a question of time for the end, they remained in the sick chamber awaiting every movement. The eldest daughter, wife of Rev. Samuel Scoville, of Stamford, Conn., arrived at the house Saturcay, and her husband and two children will immediately follow. The other members of the family in the house now are Mr. Beecher's eldest son, Colonel Beecher, his wife and two daughters, and his son Henry Ward Beecher; W. C. Beecher and his wife, who live at Columbia Heights. Their son Herbert, who has been telegraphed to San Franciscojfor, is on the ocean between Portland, Ore., and San Francisco. He is not expected to reach New York in time to see his father alive, as he is not due in San Francisco tili to-morrow (Monday) and then he has a week's ride before he can reach home.

9:35 p. m.—The condition of Beecher has not materially changed during the day. He is in a deep comatose state, from which he cannot be aroused, and from which he will never probably rally. He lies quietly, like one in the deepest sleep, and gives no indication of pain or uneasiness. His pulse varies from 90 to 100. At one time for several hours it intermitted two or three times in each minute, but this evening it has remained quite regular and quite hard and full. His temperature has ranged from 100 to 100%, and at present stands at 100%. His respirations number about thirty to the minute. His body and extremities are equally warm. His face is flushed and has a somewhat livid hue. He is unable to speak or swallow anything except small quantities of inquid, which must be cautiously administered to prevent choking. All three medical advisors are in full and entire accord as to the nature and location of the disease, its present status, the remedial measures to be employed, and as to the progr be spared yet. How long depends on his en-durance and strong constitution. No one except Mrs. Beecher and her children are allowed to visit his bedside. No further builetin will be issued until Monday morning.

W. S. SEARLE, At 11 o'clock Beecher's condition was re ported unchanged save for a gradual sinking towards the inevitable end. General Horatio King left the house at that hour and ex-

towards the inevitable end. General Horatio King left the house at that hour and expressed the opinion that Beecher would die during the night or before morning.

William C. Beecher is reported to have expressed the opinion that his father would not be alive after 3 o'clock this morning. Many people anxious to hear the latest news of the dying divine are congregated on the side-walks in front of the nouse. St. Clair Mc-Kelway, managing editor of the Brooklyn Eagle, says that preliminary steps were making to celebrate the triple anniversary of the events in Beecher's life. The celebration was to have taken place in September in the Brooklyn Academy of Music. This is the fiftieth year of Beecher's marriage, the fiftieth of his ordination to the ministry, and the fortieth of his pastorate of Plymouth church. Had the beloved pastor lived his congregation and friends would have celebrated these events in a big jubilee.

Up to 3 a. m. no report has been received from Beecher. Dr. Hammond said to-night: "Beecher will never be conscious again. There's absolutely no hope. He may die in two hours and he may last a couple of days longer, but death is certain. Practically he is a dead man."

Sympathy From Abroad.

LONDON, March 6.-Rev. Mr. Parker, at his service this evening, eulogized Beecher. He expressed the profound sympathy of him-self and his hearers with the afflicted pastor.

Death of Mrs. Cleveland's Grandmother. DETROTT, March 6.-Mrs. Ruth H. Harmon, mother of Mrs. Folsom and grand-mother of Mrs. Grover Cleveland, died at Jackson, Mich., at 10 o'clock this morning, where she has been living for the past ten years with her son, M. H. Harmon. She was of wheat valued of twelve men.

spent the greater part of her life at Batavia, N. Y., where, after the death of Mr. Folsom. Mrs. Folsom and Frankie lived with her until Frankie was old enough to attend school, when they moved to Buffalo. Mrs. Folsom was with her for some time previous to her death, and President and Mrs. Cleveland are expected to attend the funeral. She will be buried at Batavia, N. Y.

Death of Mrs. Beck. WASHINGTON, March 6.—Mrs. Jane Washington Thornton Beck, wife of Senator Beck, of Kentucky, died at her residence in this city this evening of inflammation of the bowels. Mrs. Beck had been feeling as well as usual this winter and her first symptoms of illness were the result of a cold contracted while out riding in an open carriage on Friwhile out riding in an open carriage on Friday. Nothing serious was apprehended,
until this morning, when Drs. Wales and
Busey, the physicians in attendance
informed the family that they could
offer no hope of her recovery. Senator
Beck and Mrs. Goodle, Mrs. Beck's daughter,
were at her bedside in her last moments.
Her only other child, a grown son, is in Wyoming.

A Labor Organizer's Death. PHILADELPHIA, March 6.-William Coke, one of the seven men who organized the Knights of Labor, died to-day of heart fail-ure, aged sixty-three years.

Consul Heap Expires.

Constantinophe, March 6.— G. Harris
Heap, United States consul-general here,
died this morning.

THE CROP OUTLOOK.

Review of the Situation in the Winter Wheat Belt. CHICAGO, March 6,-The following crop summary will be printed in this week's issue of the Farmers' Review: Thus far reports from the winter wheat belt indicate that the crop is emerging from winter in better shape than last year. The crop is not assured from resulting damage of storms and bad weather, and still has to pass through a critical period; but, as a whole, the outlook must be regarded as more favorable than at the beginning of as more favorable than at the beginning of March of last year. The extremely mild weather of the opening days of last week, followed by the cold weather, caused some injury in Illinois and in Indiana, and in Lai'orte and kandolph counties of Indiana considerable wheat was frozen and killed. Twenty-three Illinois counties this week report wheat as looking well, while in Brown, Johnson and White counties injury is reported. Thirteen counties in Indiana make very favorable returns. In Michigan and Wisconsin the outlook is reported as very favorable. Nearly all the Wisconsin fields had an ample snow covering since last November. The weather has been unfavorable in Ohio, and some injury is reported in Champagne, Seneca and Van Wert counties, but all the other counties reporting make favorable returns. The season is well advanced in Missouri and spring plowing has commenced. In Bates, Benton, Christian and Montzomery counties onts are already being sown. In Clinton, Knox and Livingston counties of Missouri wheat is reported as looking poorly, but the other counties' reports are mainly of a favorable tenor. There is no change in the tenor of the reports from Kansas. Fully one-half of the counties report a very poor outlook for wheat. In Harper county not more than one-half an average crop is predicted, while in Clay, Davis, Mitchell, Reno and Rock counties the situation is poor and the crop is in a critical condition. March of last year. The extremely mild

An Authentic Egyptian Antiquity. BOSTON, Mass., March 6.—[Speeal Telegram to the BEE.]—One of the most interesting and valuable of pre-historic relics recently exhumed in the delta of the Nile has just arrived in this city. It is undoubtedly an authentic double-armed handle of a golden censer of Pharaoh Hophra, found by Mr. Flinder Petrie, archieological digger of the Egyptian exploration fund, at Tel-de-Fenneh. in the northeastern corner of the delta of the Nile. It is pure, solid gold, shining and rich beyond description, curiously, intricately and laboriously wrought, each arm decorated with a graceful lotus-leaf design of the Egyptian artificers, and worth at the smallest calculation, simply as gold bullion, \$600. Rev. Mr. Winslow, who is the American guide, philosopher and friend of the Egyptian fund, managed to secure not only this relic of Pharaoh Hophra, but many other interesting articles from the ruins of the palace at Daphnae that might otherwise have gone into that great grave of antiquities, the British museum, and has them now in charge. Nile. It is pure, solid gold, shining and rich

has them now in charge. A Denial on Behalf of Armour. CHICAGO, March 6 .- [Special Telegram to the BEE.]-Some one started the report yesterday to the effect that the breach between Armour and the American Cotton Seed Oil Trust company had been healed up, and that Armour had made a long time contract with the company. On the strength of this report cotton seed oil certificates were inflated on Wall street. Armour and company say the Wall street. Armour and company say the report is a falsehood. Mr. Armour himself is in California, but Mr. Webster, who represents a good share of the brains of Armour & Co., makes a most emphatic denial of the alleged coalition. In fact, Mr. Webster strongly intimates that there is not only little or no possibility of such a thing happening, but that there is a very great probability of Armour & Co. carrying the war into the enemy's camp as announced in the first disenemy's camp as announced in the first dis-patch from Galveston.

Mother Angela's Funeral.

NORTH BEND, Ind., March 6.-The funeral of Mother Angela, late surperior of the Sisters of the Holy Cross in the United States, and founder of numerous educational institutions, took place this morning. After the solemn requiem mass, a panegyric was delivered by Bishop Gilmore, of Cleveland. The obsequies were attended by as many members of the committee as could be assembled, and by numerous friends from various parts of the country. Mother Angela was a cousin of James G. Blaine and Mrs. General W. T. Sherman. Among those present were Philemon R. Ewing, Emmons and Walker Blaine, and Alexander Sullivan, of Chicago. Interment was at St. Mary's academy.

academy.

Extensive Mills Destroyed St. Paul, March 6.—A special to the Pioneer-Press from Hudson, Wis., says; The extensive flouring mill plant of O. Burkhardt, north of this city, burned this mornin . Loss, \$100,000; mill property valued at \$40,000; insurance, \$17,000; elevator and warehouse valued at \$40,000; insured for \$22,500. In the elevator were 35,000 bushels of wheat. A number of smaller buildings burned. The owner will rebuild at once.

Adelina Patti's Heir. NEW ORLEANS, March 6 .- | Special Tele gram to the BEE. |-Miss Carolina Pattl and her mother have completed all arrangements to leave this city on Thursday next for St.
Louis, where Adelina Patti will meet them
and take them with her on her return to
Europe, where the young lady is to become
the heiress of her jewels and her castle in
Wales.

Unknown Steamer Wrecked. CAMDEN, N. J., March 6 .- It is stated that steamer bound for a northern port had been wrecked off the New Jersey coast during the storm of Thursday last, Ocean Beach, be-tween Barnegat inlet and Seaside park, is strewn with wreckage.

Hoke, the Hypocrite, Pronia, Ill., March 6,-Bank Forger J. Finley Hoke attended divine worship in the county jail to-day and apparently took a deep interest in the services. While flourishing in the banking business he was a regular and de-vont attendant at church.

Given Up For Lost.
PHILADELPHIA, March 6.—The Italian bauk Charlotte, hence for Queenstown, eighty-eight days out, has been given up as lost by the consigners. She carried a cargo of wheat valued at \$25,000. She had a crew

OMAHA'S CHARTER CHANGES.

Amendments Made By the Judiciary Committee to the Measure.

ACTION OF THE DELEGATION

A Comparison of the Two Reports Which Will Be Ready For Discussion in the Legislature on Tuesday.

The Charter's Changes. Lincoln, Neb., March 6.—[Special to the BEE. |-The amendments to the Omaha charter made by the committee on judiciary of the house have been printed. The consideration of the same by the Douglas delegation has already been sent to the printer, and both will be ready for discussion probably on Tuesday. Between these documents the following comparison is instituted, the notes of the work of the Douglas delegation being supplied by the clerk of that body: The original bill, section 3, includes within the city limits an area of thirty square miles. The amendment sets it at twenty-five square miles. In this the Douglas delegation con-

section 11 provides for the election of the mayor, police judge, and treasurer only, while the amendment includes comptroller, city clery and city attorney. Concurred in except as to city attorney and comptroller. Section 12 requires a councilman to be an "actual and bona fide owner of real estate." In the amendments this condition is omitted. Concurred in.

Concurred in.
Section 48 limits the stretches of approaches Section 48 limits the stretches of approaches to viaducts which railroads must erect and maintain at 1,200 feet. This in the amendment is reduced to 800 feet. Concurred in.

Section 50 empowers the mayor and council to regulate or prohibit the erection of all poles for electric use in the streets or public grounds; to require the removal of the same as may be desired, and the placing under ground of all telegraph, telephone or other electric wires. These requirements are not included in the amendments. The Douglas delegation do not concur in the latter and ask the original section.

Douglas delegation do not concur in the latter and ask the original section.

Section 64 authorizes the appropriation of property for a number of uses, especially as parks. But "parks" is eliminated from the judiciary amendments. The delegation does not concur.

Section 79, among many things contains the following: "Upon the completion of the said assessment roll, the city clerk shall add to said roll any and all real estate in said city belonging to any railroad or telegraph company, and not appearing on the county roll by reason of having been returned to the state board or otherwise, and assess the same as near as may be to correspond

county roll by reason of having been returned to the state board or otherwise, and assess the same as near as may be to correspond with the assessed value of like property on said county roll for purpose of taxation for municipal purposes." The amendment to this, after the word "roll," is: "All storehouses, warehouses, shops, and other buildings within the right of way or along or adjoining or adjacent to any side track of such railroad, or within the right of way of such telegraph company, used for purpose of rent by said company, or for purposes other than the ordinary operations of said company." Concurred in, but the delegation desires different phraseology.

Section 104 prescribes that the board of public works shall consist of five members—a chairman, the city engineer, street commissioner, superintendent of buildings, and chairman of the board of park commissioners. The amendment consists of the section of the present charter relating to the board of public works, which allows to that body but three members. This is not concurred in and the original section is asked for.

Section 105 sets the bonds of the city engineer at \$10,000, while in the amendment the bond is raised to \$50,000. Concurred.

Section 107 prescribes as one of the duties of the park commissioners the suggesting of a system of park ways and boulevards within the city or within the miles of the corporate limits thereof. The ten-mile limit is stricken out in the amendment. Not concurred in.

Section 107 the ten-mile limit is stricken out in the amendment. Not concurred in.

Section 116 declares that the established grade of a street shall not be changed except by a vote of two-thirds of the council after being referred to the board of public works, and then not until the damages to property owners which may be caused by such change of grade shall have been assessed and determined by these disinterested freeholders are of grade shall have been assessed and determined by three disinterested freeholders appointed by the mayor for that purpose. The amendment requires the consent in writing to be first obtained of the owners of lots or lands abutting upon the street where such change of grade is to be made, and these appropriate and these twenty are the consent a majority of the owners are to represent a majority of the front feet thereon

front feet thereon.
Section 118 makes provision for the appropriation of property for park purposes. The amendments ignore it. The delegation ask for the original section.
Section 133 requires for public printing bids from the publishers of papers accompanied with a detailed statement of the carrier delivery in the city, certified to under oath, showing the circulation of the same for said paper six months prior to date of bid. oath, showing the circulation of the same for said paper six months prior to date of bid, and in awarding the contract for printing the relative circulation of the papers shall all be considered. No higher rate must be charged for the public printing than the lowest rate charged by the official paper to any patron for like service during the period covered by its contract. The amendment requires simply that the printing shall be let to the newspaper being the lowest responsible bidder with a circulation not smaller than 2,000 in the city. Concurred in.

Section 142 in the original bill provides for restricting the liability of the city for damages resulting from defective sidewalks to instances in which the same is notified of the defect and fails to repair the same. There is no reference to this in the amendments, and the delegation add the proviso that visitors or strangers may recover injuries sustained in the manner indicated.

The other amendments are unimportant,

The other amendments are unimportant.

[Coppright 1887 by James Gordon Bennett.] ROME (via Havre), March 6.—|New York Herald Cable-Special to the BEE.]-The publication of Cardinal Gibbons' report has made a considerable stir in Roman ecclesiastical circles and has given a new interest to the question.

I hear that at the vatican the choice of a successor to Cardinal Jacobini is giving the pope no little anxiety. The post of secretary of state has been offered to Mgr. Rampella the nuncio at Madrid. He respectfully declined, pleading ill health and his wish to oblige the queen regent by remaining in Spain till June. An offer has been made to Cardinal Parocchi, who for other reasons felt unable to accept it. Mgr. Serafine Vanutilli, the nuncio at Vienna, has since been proposed, but it is doubtful whether he will find it convenient to leave Vienna. Mgr. Galumberte will possibly have the next chance. If he accepts he may be made a cardinal deacon. but nothing is certain. It is quite within the bounds of probability that Mgr. Mocenni, under secretary of state, will continue nomi-nal secretary till the summer, the real work being done by the pope and his devoted henchman, Mgr. Galumberte.

Bloody Anarchist Talk. CHICAGO, March 6,-There was a large meeting of socialists at West Polk street Turner hall this afternoon to discuss the measure pending in the Illinois legislature known as Merritt's bill to punish authors of inflammatory and incendiary speeches or writings. After an address by a newspaper man named Buchanan denouncing the capitalists, press and military, a resolution was adopted protesting against the bill. Then some very radical speeches were delivered in English, German and Bohemian. Editor Curlin, of the Arbeiter Zeitung, advised his hearers to procure arms and carry them. Holmes, the English chairman, declared the socialists had a right to teach treason and the overthrow of society and constituted authorities. Sooner than see the bill passed he would take arms in hand and preach revolution. He was against the bill as an American eftizen, as a socialist and as an amarchist. If necessary they should all become rebels and preach downright revolution. Curlin and Holmes were wildly cheered by the crowd, which included a number of women. measure pending in the Illinois legislature

SCIENTIFIC OPINION. A Learned Professor Gives His Views on the Recent Shake. [Copyright 1887 by James Gordon Bennett.] ROME, March 6.—[New York Herald Cable

-Special to the BEE. |-Professor di Rossi, director of Geodymaine observatory here, has kindly communicated to the Herald an advance copy of his report on the Riviera earthquake. Thus writes the eminent professor: "The following is a short review of the facts noted in the terresteral commotion which reached its chief maximum in the earthquake of the 23d. We possess many historic documents relating to events which might be compared with the present phenomena. They are nother exceptional nor new in the affected regions. Many data which have been already noted in recent Italian observations, are now confirmed. An examination of the lata supplied by our migroscismometric apparatus, shows a promicroseismometric a paratus shows a pro-longed microscopic d sturbance throughout the peninsula extending over the last two months, the maximum occurring on the 5th, 10th and 16th of January and on the 4th, 10th 16th, 19th and the 21st of February. The miscroscopic movements were most marked and persistent in the districts of active and extinct volcanoes and in several well known centers of endagnous activity. The same fact was noted in the cases of the earthquakes at Casamicciola, in Scio and in Spain. In the majority of other cases of recent times the microselsmetric maxia were more frequent toward the 23d of February, but on the 22d all was calm everywhere. It is worthy of remark that a series of slight earthquakes took place at Aquilla at the end of January and the beginning of February during a virtual cessation of microselsmic undulations which lasted some days. It is to be regretted that no regular observations were taken of the temperature of the mineral waters except at Salinlartate di Pozzuole, where it was found that the temperature rose gradually be tween the beginning of January and the end of February for 63 to 70 degrees centrigrade. There were several slight earthquakes in different parts of Italy during the same period, but they were less important than is usual at this season. On the 6th and 8th of January Gargano and Volberre, on the 15th and 22nd Etna and on the 25th Venice were disturbed. On the 19th and 20th of February there were fresh commotions at Etna. There were no disturbances worthy of mention in any other part of Italy. Thus it will be seen that the shaken district were in four different centres of simultaneous activity which have since been again simultaneously with the earth-quake of the 23d inst, Indeed, the disturbance of Etna occurred but a very short time before the great upheaval of the 23rd. Gargano was shaken on the same morning at eight minutes past 6. That is a few minutes before the catastrophe. Veritia showed no perceptible phenomena, but according to the observations of M. Golran, at Verona, with exceptional agitation apparatus, from the 22d to the 23d one might be led to suppose that there are now five different centers of activity in Italy, namely, Sicily, Gargano Abruzzo, Baldo (in Venetia) and western Liguria. Having noted the fact from a chronological standpoint I will now pass to barometric observations. The most complete coincidence between the to barometric observations. The most complete coincidence between the atmospheric depressions and the maxima of microseismic undulations have been proven by M. Bertelli, and reconfirmed here. The constitutional disturbances during half of January which followed was invariably accompanied by high pressure, an occurrence which always precedes imminent and serious phenomena in earth disturbances such as the earthquake of the 23d. A peculiar fact has been remarked on sev-A peculiar fact has been remarked on several occasions during the last few years. On the 21st and 22d the slight average atmospheric depression had its center in the gulf of Genoa. On the 23d it had nearly disappeared, but between the 22d and 23d the barometer suddenly rose five millimetres. As regards the epicentrum of the earthquake, it is difficult to say much. An analysis of all the facts, and above all the direction of the seismic waves, shows the starting point of the vibrations to have been on a submarine geologic fracture, near and parallel with the Ligurian coast, running

MRS. POTTER'S DEBUT. She Will Make It at the Haymarket in London.

and injured the same places."

from east to west in the Chiavari region. The seismic history of Italy shows that other

earthquakes which have occurred in the

same region since 1544 followed the same line

[Copy-ight 1887 by James Gordon Bennett.] LONDON, March 6.—[New York Herald Cable-Special to the BEE |- I found Mrs. James Brown Potter this evening at her rooms. As to the present condition of affairs she said: "Yes, only yesterday I made up my mind, and only yesterday I signed a contract with the Haymarket. Whether I shall appear before Passion or after Easter is not yet decided. I am to open as Anna Sylvester in "Man and Wife," and shall probably follow with an entirely new play, which is not vet finished but is being written for me by Mr. Bancroft, who has been exceedingly kind to me, even to promising me his wife's assistance in tutoring me in stage business before my debut. The terms of contract forbid my disclosing my salary, but I may say it is fab ulous, and exceeds, as I have said, what Mrs. Langtry got and what Miss Terry was receiving after she had played two years at the Lyceum. In addition, all my costumes, which will be made in Paris, are to be supplied to me at the close of the engagement. I received a cablegram after signing the contract this morning from Mr. Abbey offering me an engagement, and I have had many other offers to consider, all of which I shall lay before Mr. George Lewis, solicitor, who manages all my affairs, and will let him accept the next advantageous offer for me. They wanted me to contract yesterday for a longer period and explained away my dislike to the part of Anna Sylvester. I refused to sign for a longer period, as that would keep me nere over winter, and I have made up my mind to appear in New York next September. My engagement at the Haymarket is the best school a novice like me could enter, and I hope for success here. If I succeed I am sure of a great reception in America."

Bringing Out the Bodies. [Copyright 1887 by James Gordon Bennett.] BRUSSELS, March 6.—[New York Herald Cable-Special to the BEE.]-About forty corpses have been recovered from the mines in the Paturges district where the fire damp explosions occurred on Friday night. A hundred or more are buried in the mine, and as they cannot possibly be reached for four days the probabilities are that even if they are alive now they will be dead before the rescuing parties get to them. The Count of ders, the king's brother, and Prince Flanders, the king's brother, and Prince Bandouin, his majesty's nephew, accompanied by M. Demorea, the minister of agriculture, visited the scene of the disaster today. They were present when the terrible charred remains of the dead miners were brought to the surface and were greatly affected. They distributed aims among the widows and orphans of the unfortunate victims.

Nebraska and lows Weather. For Nebrasks and Iowa: Fair weather. colder, northerly winds, with cold wave in the northern portion.

INGALLS WILL AGAIN TRY IT.

The Kansas Senator Determined to Change Inauguration Day.

A NEWSPAPER MAN'S INVENTION.

A Submarine Torpedo Which is Expected to Perform Wonders-A New Office Mentioned For Matthews.

Changing Inauguration Day. WASHINGTON, March 6,-|Special Telegram to the BEE. |-There was one bill before congress this session in which the entire country was greatly interested. It was introduced by Mr. Ingalis and provided that inauguration day be changed from March 4 to the last Tuesday in April. The idea is not a new one with the senator from Kansas, as he has written an elaborate article in its favor. The reason he gives is that the weather we usually have in the early days of March is execrable and the effect of the inauguration ceremonies are apt to be spoiled by storms and intensely cold or disagreeable winds. The middle of April generally closes the unpleasant spring season in this latitude and the last Tuesday is sure to find the capital city in its loveliest garb. Ingalls' measure received the fullest approbation from the committees of both houses to which it was referred and seemed almost certain of passage, but failed at the last moment. He will not give it up, however, but intends introducing it early in the Fiftieth congress and pressing it to a successful conclusion. A JOURNALISTIC PRODUCTION.

Mr. Sid H. Nealy, a newspaper writer of this city, has just secured American and foreign patents on what promises to be a very effective submarine torpedo. It is called "The Sea Devil," and is capable of carrying a charge of nearly 1,000 pounds of dynamite. It is to be sent after an enemy's ship from either shore or on shipboard, and its inventor either shore or on shipboard, and its inventor asserts that no ship, however fast, can run away from it even in a slow chase. The body of the torpedo carrying the charge revolves with tremendous rapidity, the shaft in the rear being held motionless, first by a float, to which the torpedo is attached, and afterwards by four flat blades that stick out from the shaft like so many wings of a churn paddle. Reaching the yards of a ship the torpedo ducks its head, dives fourteen feet into the water, raises its head and darts against the ship's hull. It is steered until it reaches the ship by electric wires, but the most accurate shots can be made with it at a distance of three-quarters of a mile. Mr. Nealy will soon give an exhibition of his invention here. vention here.

vention here.

MATTHEWS TO SUCCEED MONTGOMERY.

A report gained some currency to-day which credits the president with the intention of appointing the ex-recorder of deeds, Matthews, the Albany colored man, commissioner of patents as soon as the resignation of Mr. Montgomery takes effect. Last week Matthews was to be register of the treasury and it is more likely that the president would appoint him to that position where he would have little to do besides sign his name than at the head of the patent office, where a lawyer of profound judicial mind is required to decide the intricate points coming before him. A PRESIDENTIAL THREAT.

the pension bureau. "They (referring to Randall and Holman) are always ready to make some cheap capital for themselves when they think it can be done with safety. We will see." And with this ominous expression he "shut his mouth with a snap," said the narrator as he described the intervious

AN ANTI-HANDALL MOVEMENT,
There is a decided movement on foot
among southern and southwestern members of congress to prevent the appointment of Mr. Randall as chairman of the committee on appropriations. This movement arises, first, from the desire to avoid the narrow escape by which the important appropriation bills were pulled through; and, secondly, because many of the older members are tired of submitting to the dictatorial manner in which many of the older members are tired of submitting to the dictatorial manner in which
the Pennsylvanian rules the house. The
members who failed to secure the passage of
bills in which they were particularly interested are almost unanimous in laying the
blame at the door of Randall, who controlled
legislation through the power vested in him
by his chairmanship. There is little doubt
that Mr. Carlisle will have a majority of the
democratic votes in the caucus, but the members referred to above will first insist upon a
pledge that Randall shall be provided with a
chairmanship elsewhere than in the one position which gives him so much power. Mr.
Carlisle's friends think that in view of the
widespread dissatisfaction in the democratic
party over Mr. Randall's course in handling
the appropriation bills, which resulted in the
defeat of the deficiency appropriation as
well as all fortification bills, he will accede
and give the required promise.

and give the required promise. NEW YORK, March 6 .- | Special Telegran to the BEE. |-The last of the five bas-relief panels for the Gartield monument in Cleve land was finished by Caubert, the sculptor, and was put on exhibition in his studio. It measures 7x16 feet in plaster cast, and contains nearly twenty figures, some in basso and some in alto relievo. This last panel represents Garfield lying in state, guarded by two soldiers and a Knights Templar, while a two soldiers and a Knights Templar, while a crowd of people press by to take a last look. The figures are realistic, not allegorical. Among them are a merchant, a sailor, a negro, two women, a little girl and a crippled old man, all of life size. The five plates will picture five phases of Garfield's life—the schoolmaster, the soldier, the orator, the president, and the martyr. The first four have already been cast in terra cotta. The monument will probably be unveiled in May or June. GOULD'S LATEST.

He Secures Control of the St. Louis & San Francisco. CHICAGO, March 6.—[Special Telegram to the BEE.]—A special from St. Louis says: The most important railway deal that has taken place in the west in years was recently consummated by Jay Gould and made public to-day. He has acquired a controlling interest in the St. Louis & Sau Francisco railway property. The Frisco will be a full fledged member of the Missouri Pacific system of rallways, and operated and managed throughout by Missouri Pacific officials. The mileage of the 'Frisco property and its branches is nearly 900 miles, and it is substantially a joint owner with the Atcalson, Topeka & Santa Fe of the Atlantic & Pacific and of the west end of the Southern Pacific. Together with the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe the 'Frisco has an unbroken all-rail route between San Francisco and St. Louis, and will soon have over its own tracks a route to Paris, Tex., and when the gap between Tapulpa, in the Indian Territory, and Albuqurque is closed, the 'Frisco will have its own rails, or such as it is half owner of, between the Mississippi river and the Pacific coast, which will aggregate about 3,000 miles of the entire system. It is understood that the next board of directors will be substantially the same as the Missouri Pacific, and that the executive, general and staff officers of the Missouri Pacific will then extend their jurisdiction and authority over the 'Frisco system. fledged member of the Missouri Pacific sys-

The Rebels Shot. RUSTCHUK, March 6,-Nine officers and civilians concerned in the recent revolt were t here this morning. The soldiers will be A LUCKY ACCIDENT.

St. Louis, March 6,-The railroad accident on the Iron Mountain railway near DeSoto,

Mo., which was very briefly referred to late

last night, while not being at all unusuai in

regard to fatal casualties, proves to have been

quite remarkable in respect to several circum-

A Train Thrown into a Raging Torrent But No Laves Lost.

stances which attended it. It occurred at Victoria, thirty miles south of here, a little after 10 o'clock, and was occasioned by the giving away under the train of a trestle which crosses Joachim creek at that point. The train was the Texas express and consisted of baggage, express and mail cars, a smoker, two passenger coaches and four sleepers, carrying about 130 passengers. A heavy rain had fallen ail day and the creek was much swollen. At Hemutite, the first station this side of the trestle, the engineer received orders to run cautionsly, as the rain had been heavy and the creek was out of its banks. Engineer Kelly says he ran slowly beyond that point, and both he and his fireman, William Hatch, watched the track very carefully. As he approached the trestle Kelly observed that the track was entirely straight and level, showing nothing wrong, and he went on without the slightest fear or hesitation. But when his engine reached about the middle of the trestle he feit the whole structure sinking beneath him. In an instant he opened the valve operating their brakes full width and brought the train to so quick a stop that the front end of the cars were crushed in by the sudden shock. This saved the coaches, but the baggage, mail, express and smoking cars went into the razing torrent below, carrying with them all the men on board. Engineer Kelly and Fireman Hatch went down with the engine and were submerged in the flood. Kelly, in his struggle to free himself, found that one of his feet was held fast, but at the same instant, and just as he realized that he must drown, the engine turned over, his foot was released and he came to the surface. Selzing a passing, log he clung to it desperately and was swept down the torrent and lodged against a tree 150 yards below. With scarcely strength enough to move, he clasped his arms around the limb of the tree, became unconscious, and was not restored until two or three hours after he had begn taken from the treer, when he found himself kindly cared foor in a house in Victoria. His head and face was severely cut, two of his toes cut from one of his feet, and he is badly bruised in various parts of his body. He will recover. Fireman Hatch was carried about 500 yards down stream, logging in a mass of brush of the tree, when he found himself kindly cared foor in a house in Victoria. His head and face was severely out, two of his toes cut from one of his feet, and he is badly

those mentioned above were in any way seriously injured. Nearly one-half of those in the smoker lost most of their clothes in being torn from their persons either in getting out of the car or by the rushing water through which they were dragged ashore by ropes. A farmer named Andrew White, of Bailey's Station, did heroic work in saving the passengers, he have role work in saving the passengers, he hav-ing swam several times to the smoker and each time returned with one of the unfortunates, who were clinging to the roof of the car. The mail is said to have been the largest ever sent over the road, and the losses will fall heavily on this city, where about three-quarters of the matter originated. An express package without address or anything on it by which it can be identified containing \$37,000, was found to-day, and it is not unlikely that others will be discovered in the bed of the creek or in the woods.

THE CLEARANCE RECORD. Record of the Financial Transactions

the Past Week. Boston, March 6 .- | Special Telegram to the BEE. |-The following table, compiled from dispatches to the Post from the managers of the leading clearing houses of the United States, gives the gross exchanges at each point for the week ended March 5, 1887, in comparison with those of the corresponding period of 1886;

CITIES.	CLEARINGS.	Increase	Decrease
New York	. \$ 698,413,889	3,6	i
Boston	91,498,689		
Philadelphia	72,476,926		
Chicago	58,909,000	19.1	
St. Louis	17,484,789		
Baltimore	14,676,024	19.7	
San Francisco	15,074,688	11.9	
lincinnati	12,012,550		8.4
Pittsburg	9,197,908	8.4	1
New Orleans	8,200,000	1.00	4.9
Cansas City	7,430,152	50.7	
ouisville	5,843,486	***	9.9
rovidence	5,324,600	29.6	3
Milwaukee	4,979,000		7
)enver			
Detroit			3
t. Paul	3,626,512	40.9	
Cleveland	8,409,031	45.1	
Minneapolis	2,713,294		3
Memphis			
Omaha	2,290,895	53.6	
olumbus		12.	
Wichita		****	
lartford	1,779,389	***	2 march 201
ndianapolis		40.	
st. Joseph	1,342,519	85.	
Galveston	1,214,460		10.4
New Haven			6
Peoria	1,185,726		1
Worcester			3
Portland		244	
springfield		18	3
Norfolk	795,654		5
Grand Rapids		18	9
owell	475,174		
Syracuse		3.	9
Total	8 1,054,899,596	6.	3
Outside New Yor		12.	1

An Unfortunate Accident.

COLUMBUS, Neb., March 6,- | Special Telegram to the BEE | - Last night Mrs. Hanah Compton, eighty-seven years old, died, and this morning her daughter, Mrs. Will Compton, while standing beside a buggy giving some instructions to her husband concerning the funeral of her mother, some sheep ran against her, breaking her leg badly.

Called a Legislrtive Session

CHARLESTON, W. Va., March 6, -- Governor Wilson will to-morrow issue his proclamation convening the legislafure of this state on the third Wednesday of April next to consider appropriations for public moneys for various purposes. The governor does not refer to the election of a United States senator, but it is believed that there will be no election, as the work called for cannot be accomplished before the second Tuesday after the meeting.

THE LORD APPEARED TO HER

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The Cure of the Leper By Elisha Outdone

in Nebraska. SHE DRANK AND WAS HEALED.

A Wonderful Pool Discovered By Woman Near Nordon-After a Pardon For Murderer Jack Marion-State News.

Was It a Miracle?

NORDEN, Neb., March 6.-|Special to the BEE|-The Pool of Siloam in Jerusalem, made immortal in the New Testament as the miraculous healer of all sorts and varieties of ills to which mortal flesh is heir, bids fair to be equaled by a small and dirty "buffalo wallow" about two miles from this lively little place. The circumstances which have brough about the discovery of the miraculous powers of this "pool" have set this community "by the ears" and it is the one subject of excited conversation. For four months past the wife of William Rector, a leading farmer living two miles east of this place, has been confined to her bed with a dangerous malady and her physicians had pronoucced her recovery hopeless! Everything had been done that the science of medicine could suggest to restore her to health, but all to no avail. Last Wednesday morning, however, a great change occurred in the most marvelous manner, That morning the supposed-to-be-dying woman informed - her husband that the Lord had appeared to her the night—as he did to Samuel of old—and when she had answered, "Speak, Lord, for thy servant, health," the message had been delivered to her to go to the "buffalo wallow," which is near the house, and drink of the water and be cured. The only conditions that the Lord imposed were that she should go alone and unassisted to the magic spot. The woman's husband, although somewhat skeptical, believing his wife to be a "dreamer of dreams," concluded to humor her, and after making a desperate effort she succeded in arising from her bed and, reaching the pool, took a long draught from the muddy wallow. Immediately new life scemed to be restored to her wasted frame and she returned to her husband declaring herself completely restored to health, From that moment until this writing Mrs. Rector has attended to her household duties with her former vigor and is firm in the belief that she had direct communication with the Lord. While opinion on the case differs here, a large number of citizens are of the belief that the lady has a large stock of imagination and that it is to this that she owes her remarkable cure. the night-as he did to Samuel of

Labor Condemns Traitors.

NORFOLK, Neb., March 4.-To the Editor of the BEE: At a special meeting of the Knights of Labor of Norfolk, assembly No. 5608, the following preamble and resolutions were unanimously adopted:

whereas. The best interests of the laboring classes of Nebraska and of the whole union have been ignored by the defeat of C. H. Van Wyck, and Whereas. Our state senator (Frank Fuller) was elected by the 'laboring classes of this district with the sole understanding athat he act for and with the friends of C. H. Van Wyck to the end that he be returned as his own successor to the United States senate; and

Wyck to the end that he be returned as his own successor to the United States senate; and

Whereas, He, the said state senator, has by his own act placed the mark of traitor upon his own character by being subsidized by rall-road corporations to their interests; and

Whereas, His conspiring to the defeat of the laborers' friend, C. H. Van Wyck, was a more unkind cut than a Brutus dagger at the heart of every honest wealth producer in the United States; therefore be it

Resolved, That the contempt we feel for Judas Iscarlot, Benedict Arnold and all the arch traitors of the world is only second to the contempt we feel for the said Frank Fuller and the other "freaks" who were elected on their promise to vote for the popele's choice, C. H. Van Wyck; and.

Resolved, That we stamp with the seal of our condemnation all railroad lawyers and others in this vicinity to whom was entrusted the management of the last campairs; and Resolved, That this assembly make an indelible record of the names of all the traitors who figured in the defeat of our standard-bearer, Charles H. Van Wyck, and we appeal to every liberty-loving citizen in the United States senators by a direct vote of the people; and, Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions.

United States schators of a these resolutions people: and,
Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the Omaha BEE for publication.
FRANK, MARKS
J. L. RITCHEY,
Committee on Resolutions.

Prosperity at Beatrice.

BEATRICE, Neb., March 6.—[Special to the BEE.]—The Gage County Agricultural asset ciation yesterday sold the old fair grounds on the west side containing twenty acres for \$6,000, which they bought a short time ago for \$2,100, and have bought fifty acres northeast of town for \$4,000. The old grounds will be platted at once in city lots. The postoffice was moved in the new Masonic b office was moved in the new Masonic building to-day. The room is 25x100 feet and a handsome one. The rapid growth of the town has made this move a necessity. It is now one of the most complete offices in the west. To say that the city is booming would hardly express it. Several new additions were platted this week and lots are relling rapidly. New citizens are coming in, new industries being started, and we are enjoying a steady, substantial growth. A new pringe is to span the river on Court street, replacing the old one, extensive improvements are being commenced by the railroad companies and everything goes to show that we are and everything goes to show that we are prospering. Last year's improvement amounted to over \$600,000, and this year bids

fair to surpass it. Jack Marion's Fate.

BEATRICE, Neb., March 6.- Special Telegram to the BEE.]-The question as to gram to the Bee.]—The question as to whether Jack Marion is to be hanged next Friday or not is not yet fully settled. A petition to commute his sentence to imprisonment for life was presented to Governor Thayer yesterday, and to-morrow night L. W. Colby, Marion's attorney, will be heard by the governor in support of the petition. Marion has said heretofore that he would rather be hanged than imprisoned for life, but brightened up considerably to-day when informed by the sheriff that there was a chance for his sentence to be commuted. He has been found guilty by two juries and his death entence pronounced by Judges P. Davidson and J. H. Broady, both of whom say there is no question but that he was proven guilty of murden. The great majority of the citizens of Gage county feel that the verdicts were just and that the sentence should not be interfered with.

Columbus Sporting Splinters.
Columbus, Neb., March 6.- [Special Telegram to the Bee].-The sporting spirit of Omaha is becoming a contagion. Columbus has caught it. Yesterday a five-mile food race was run around the public square by two professionals, making good time and a pretty spurt on the last lap. Several foot races are on the tapis. A professor in one of our pub-lic schools and an unknown from Utah w open the sporting season.

The Boom at Stromsburg.

STROMSBURG, Neb. March 6.- [Special to the BEE. [-The boom for Stromsburg is now a settled fact. The crew came in resterday to open work on the new railroad running south through York, and put in improvements at the depot here. The B. & M. will surely be running trains into Stromsburg by the 1st of September, and with this comes the greatest boom our live little town has ever experienced. A number of changes in busi-ness have been made and business men are feeling jubilant size: the prospects for 1887.