

# AOL 1240 40V N-Channel MOSFET

## **General Description**

The AOL1240 uses trench MOSFET technology that is uniquely optimized to provide the most efficient high frequency switching performance. Power losses are minimized due to an extremely low combination of  $R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$  and Crss.In addition,switching behavior is well controlled with a "Schottky style" soft recovery body diode.

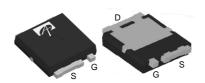
## **Product Summary**

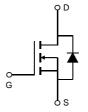
 $\begin{array}{ll} V_{DS} & 40V \\ I_D \; (at \; V_{GS} \! = \! 10V) & 69A \\ R_{DS(ON)} \; (at \; V_{GS} \! = \! 10V) & < 3m\Omega \\ R_{DS(ON)} \; (at \; V_{GS} \! = \! 4.5V) & < 4.4m\Omega \end{array}$ 

100% UIS Tested 100%  $R_g$  Tested



UltraSO-8<sup>™</sup>
Top View Bottom View





Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>A</sub>=25℃ unless otherwise noted

Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Units	
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	40	V	
Gate-Source Voltage		V <sub>GS</sub>	±20	V	
Continuous Drain	T <sub>C</sub> =25℃		69		
Current <sup>G</sup>	T <sub>C</sub> =100℃	'D	54	A	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>		I <sub>DM</sub>	400		
Continuous Drain	T <sub>A</sub> =25℃		19	Δ.	
Current	T <sub>A</sub> =70℃	IDSM	15	— A	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>		I <sub>AS</sub> , I <sub>AR</sub>	65	A	
Avalanche energy L=0.1mH <sup>C</sup>		E <sub>AS</sub> , E <sub>AR</sub>	211	mJ	
	T <sub>C</sub> =25℃	В	125	W	
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	T <sub>C</sub> =100℃	$-P_{D}$	62.5	VV	
	T <sub>A</sub> =25℃	D	2.1	10/	
Power Dissipation A	T <sub>A</sub> =70℃	P <sub>DSM</sub>	1.3	W	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 175	C	

Thermal Characteristics								
Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Units				
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s Steady-State R <sub>θJA</sub>		20	25	C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient AD			50	60	℃/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Case Steady-Star		$R_{\theta JC}$	1	1.2	℃/W			



### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25℃ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units			
STATIC PARAMETERS									
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$	40			V			
I <sub>DSS</sub> Ze	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =40V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			1	μА			
		· ·	55℃		5				
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}$ =0V, $V_{GS}$ =±20V			100	nA			
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_{D}=250\mu A$	1.3	1.8	2.3	V			
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =5V	400			Α			
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		2.4	3	mΩ			
		T <sub>J</sub> =12	25℃	3.75	4.7	11122			
		$V_{GS}$ =4.5V, $I_D$ =20A		3.2	4.4	mΩ			
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =5V, $I_{D}$ =20A		90		S			
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.68	1	V			
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Curr			69	Α				
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS								
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance		2530	3165	3800	pF			
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =20V, f=1MHz	640	920	1120	pF			
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	1	13.5	45.5	77.5	pF			
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =0V, f=1MHz	0.5	1	1.5	Ω			
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS								
Q <sub>g</sub> (10V)	Total Gate Charge		33.5	42	50.5	nC			
Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge	V 40V V 20V I 20A	12.5	18	23.5	nC			
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =20V, $I_{D}$ =20A		8		nC			
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge	1		3.5		nC			
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime			9		ns			
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =20V, $R_L$ =1 $\Omega$ ,		3.5		ns			
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		32		ns			
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time	1		6		ns			
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs	14	20.5	27	ns			
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs	40	56	73	nC			

A. The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on  $1in^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25° C. The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on  $R_{\theta JA}$  and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°  $\,$  C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of 175° C may be used if the PCB allows it.

- D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.
- E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300µs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

  F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =175° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

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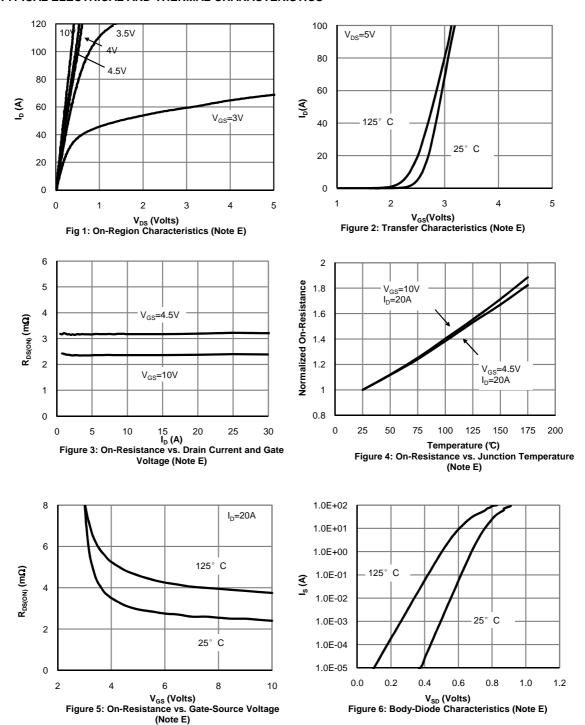
B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=175° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=175° C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T<sub>J</sub>=25° C.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.



### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS





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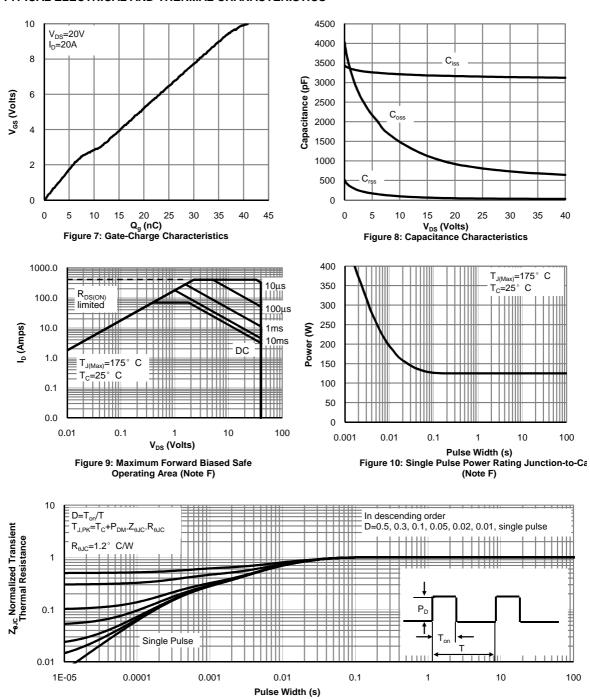


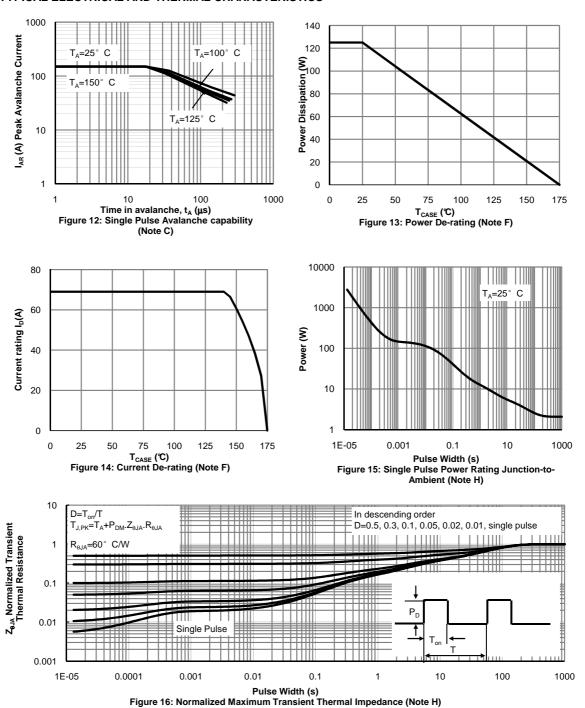
Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

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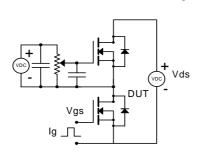
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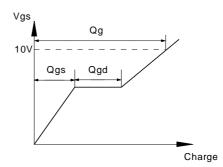


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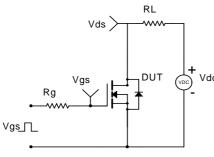


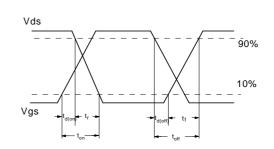
## Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



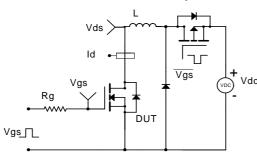


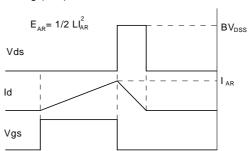
Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms





Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms





Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

