

AOT1608L/AOB1608L

60V N-Channel Rugged Planar MOSFET

General Description

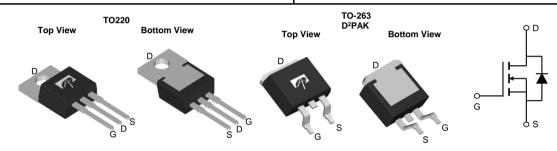
The AOT1608L/AOB1608L uses a robust technology that is designed to provide efficient and reliable power conversion even in the most demanding applications, including motor control. With low $R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$ and excellent thermal capability this device is appropriate for high current switching and can endure adverse operating conditions. This device is ideal for boost converters and synchronous rectifiers for consumer, telecom, industrial power supplies and LED backlighting.

Product Summary

 $\begin{array}{ll} V_{DS} & 60V \\ I_{D} \; (at \; V_{GS} \!\!=\! 10V) & 140A \\ R_{DS(ON)} \; (at \; V_{GS} \!\!=\! 10V) & < 7.6 m\Omega \end{array}$

100% UIS Tested 100% R_q Tested





Absolute Maximum Ratings T _A =25°C unless otherwise noted							
Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Units			
Drain-Source Voltage		V_{DS}	60	V			
Gate-Source Voltage		V_{GS}	±20	V			
Continuous Drain	T _C =25°C		140				
Current ^G	T _C =100°C	'D	100	A			
Pulsed Drain Current ^C		I _{DM}	256				
Continuous Drain	T _A =25°C		11	A			
Current	T _A =70°C	IDSM	9	^			
Avalanche Current ^C		I _{AS} , I _{AR}	113	А			
Avalanche energy L=0.1mH ^C		E _{AS} , E _{AR}	638	mJ			
	T _C =25°C	P _D	333	W			
Power Dissipation ^B	T _C =100°C	l D	166	VV			
	T _A =25°C	В	2.1	W			
Power Dissipation ^A	T _A =70°C	P _{DSM}	1.3	VV			
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T _J , T _{STG}	-55 to 175	°C			

Thermal Characteristics							
Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Units			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s R _{θJA}		12	15	°C/W		
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient AD	Steady-State	$\kappa_{\theta J A}$	48	60	°C/W		
Maximum Junction-to-Case	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.35	0.45	°C/W		



Electrical Characteristics (T_{.1}=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units	
STATIC F	PARAMETERS							
BV _{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$		60			V	
I _{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V_{DS} =60V, V_{GS} =0V				1	μА	
D33		T _J =55°				5	μ., τ	
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	V_{DS} =0V, V_{GS} = ±20V	V_{DS} =0V, V_{GS} = ±20V			100	nA	
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=250\mu A$		2.5	3.1	3.7	V	
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	V_{GS} =10V, V_{DS} =5V		256			Α	
R _{DS(ON)}	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V_{GS} =10V, I_D =20A			6.6	7.6		
		TO220	T _J =125°C		11.4	13.2	mΩ	
	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V_{GS} =10V, I_{D} =20A						
		TO263		6.3	7.3	mΩ		
g _{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5V$, $I_{D}=20A$			51		S	
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	I _S =1A,V _{GS} =0V		0.7	1	V		
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current ^G					140	Α	
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS							
C _{iss}	Input Capacitance	V _{GS} =0V, V _{DS} =25V, f=1MHz		2450	3069	3690	pF	
C _{oss}	Output Capacitance			500	721	945	pF	
C _{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			30	56	80	pF	
R_g	Gate resistance	V _{GS} =0V, V _{DS} =0V, f=1MHz		1.5	2.9	4.4	Ω	
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS							
Q _g (10V)	Total Gate Charge	V _{GS} =10V, V _{DS} =30V, I _D =20A		54	69	84	nC	
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge				15		nC	
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge				21		nC	
t _{D(on)}	Turn-On DelayTime				18		ns	
t _r	Turn-On Rise Time	V_{GS} =10V, V_{DS} =30V, R_L =1.5 Ω , R_{GEN} =3 Ω			25		ns	
t _{D(off)}	Turn-Off DelayTime				47		ns	
t _f	Turn-Off Fall Time				11		ns	
t _{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I_F =20A, dI/dt=500A/ μ	S	28	40	52	ns	
Q _{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I _F =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs		245	355	465	nC	

A. The value of R_{0JA} is measured with the device mounted on $1in^2$ FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T_A =25° C. The Power dissipation P_{DSM} is based on R_{0JA} and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150° C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of 175° C may be used if the PCB allows it.

- D. The $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case $R_{\theta JC}$ and case to ambient.
- E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300 μ s pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

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B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(MAX)}$ =175° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(MAX)}$ =175° C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T_J =25° C. Maximum UIS current limited by test equipment.

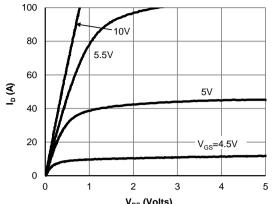
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T_{J(MAX)}=175° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current limited by package is 120A.

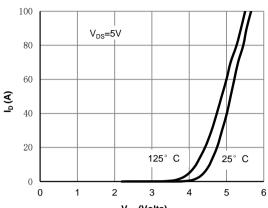
H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T_A =25° C.



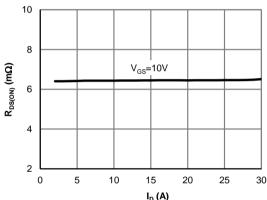
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



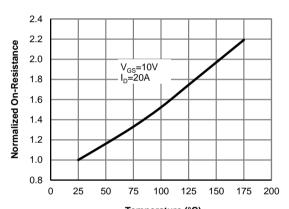
V_{DS} (Volts) Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)



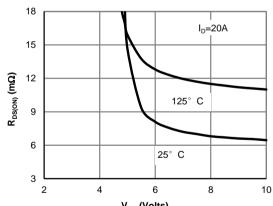
 $V_{\rm GS}$ (Volts) Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)



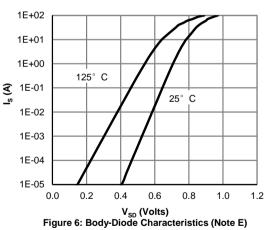
 $\label{eq:local_local} I_D\left(A\right)$ Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)



Temperature (°C)
Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature
(Note E)

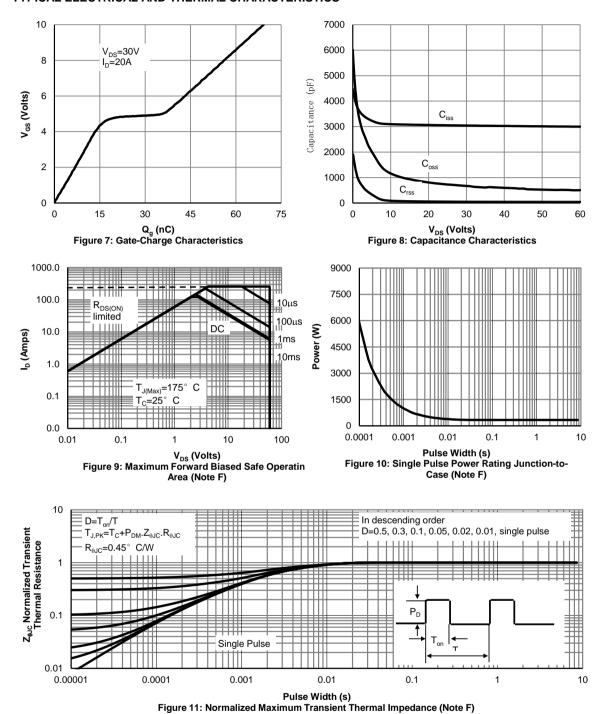


V_{GS} (Volts) Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)





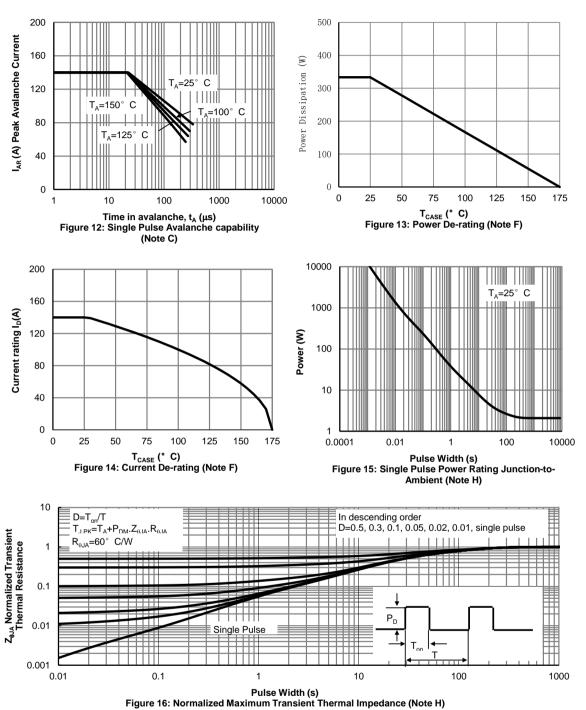
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



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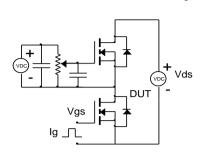


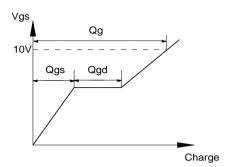
TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



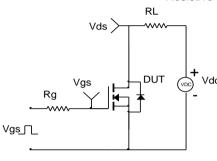


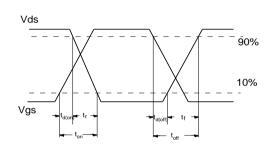
Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



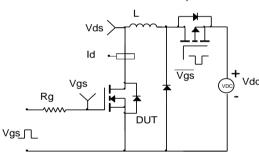


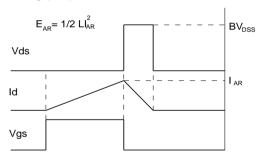
Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



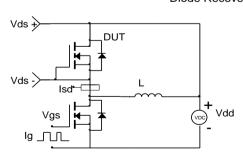


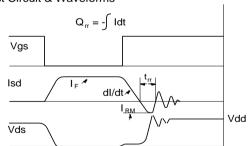
Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms





Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms





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