

# AOT254L/AOB254L

# 150V N-Channel MOSFET

### **General Description**

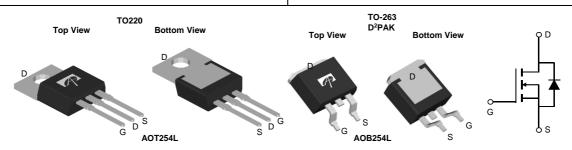
The AOT254L/AOB254L uses Trench MOSFET technology that is uniquely optimized to provide the most efficient high frequency switching performance. Both conduction and switching power losses are minimized due to an extremely low combination of  $R_{\rm DS(ON)},$  Ciss and Coss. This device is ideal for boost converters and synchronous rectifiers for consumer, telecom, industrial power supplies and LED backlighting.

## **Product Summary**

 $\begin{array}{lll} V_{DS} & 150V \\ I_{D} \; (at \; V_{GS} \! = \! 10V) & 32A \\ R_{DS(ON)} \; (at \; V_{GS} \! = \! 10V) & < 46m\Omega \\ R_{DS(ON)} \; (at \; V_{GS} \! = \! 4.5V) & < 53m\Omega \end{array}$ 

100% UIS Tested 100%  $R_g$  Tested





Absolute Maximum Ratings T <sub>A</sub> =25℃ unless otherwise noted							
Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Units			
Drain-Source Voltage		$V_{DS}$	150	V			
Gate-Source Voltage		V <sub>GS</sub>	±20	V			
Continuous Drain	T <sub>C</sub> =25℃		32				
Current	T <sub>C</sub> =100℃	ID ID	22.5	Α			
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>		I <sub>DM</sub>	70				
Continuous Drain Current	T <sub>A</sub> =25℃		4.2	A			
	T <sub>A</sub> =70℃	IDSM	3.3	A			
Avalanche Current C		I <sub>AS</sub>	12	A			
Avalanche energy L=0.1mH <sup>C</sup>		E <sub>AS</sub>	7	mJ			
	T <sub>C</sub> =25℃	Р	125	W			
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	T <sub>C</sub> =100℃	$P_{D}$	62.5	VV			
	T <sub>A</sub> =25℃	Р	2.1	W			
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =70℃	P <sub>DSM</sub>	1.3	VV			
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 175	C			

Thermal Characteristics								
Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Units				
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	D	12	15	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient AD	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JA}$	48	60	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Case	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.7	1.2	℃/W			



#### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25℃ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Parameter Conditions		Тур	Max	Units			
STATIC PARAMETERS									
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu A, V_{GS}=0V$	150			V			
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =150V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			1	μA			
	Zero date voltage Brain durrent	T <sub>J</sub> =55℃			5	μΑ			
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0V$ , $V_{GS}=\pm20V$			±100	nA			
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_D=250\mu A$	1.7	2.2	2.7	V			
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =5V	70			Α			
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		37	46	mΩ			
		T <sub>J</sub> =125℃		74	90	11122			
		$V_{GS}$ =4.5V, $I_D$ =20A		40	53	mΩ			
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5V$ , $I_{D}=20A$		55		S			
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.7	1	V			
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Curr			46	Α				
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS								
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance			2150		pF			
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =75V, f=1MHz		110		pF			
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			4		pF			
$R_g$	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz		2.3		Ω			
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS								
Q <sub>g</sub> (10V)	Total Gate Charge			27	40	nC			
Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge	V -10V V -75V I -20A		12	17	nC			
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =75V, $I_{D}$ =20A		7		nC			
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge	1		3		nC			
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime			9		ns			
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =75V, $R_L$ =3.75 $\Omega$ ,		10		ns			
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		29		ns			
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time	]		4		ns			
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs		51		ns			
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs		434		nC			

A. The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on  $1in^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25° C. The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on  $R_{\theta JA}$  and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°  $\,$  C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of 175° C may be used if the PCB allows it.

- D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.
- E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300µs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

  F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =175° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.
- G. The maximum current rating is package limited.
- H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.

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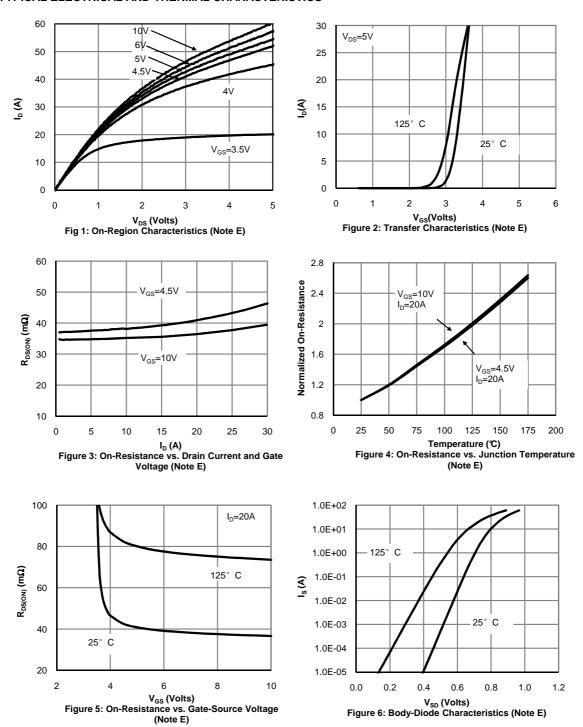
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B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=175° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=175° C. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial T<sub>J</sub>=25° C.

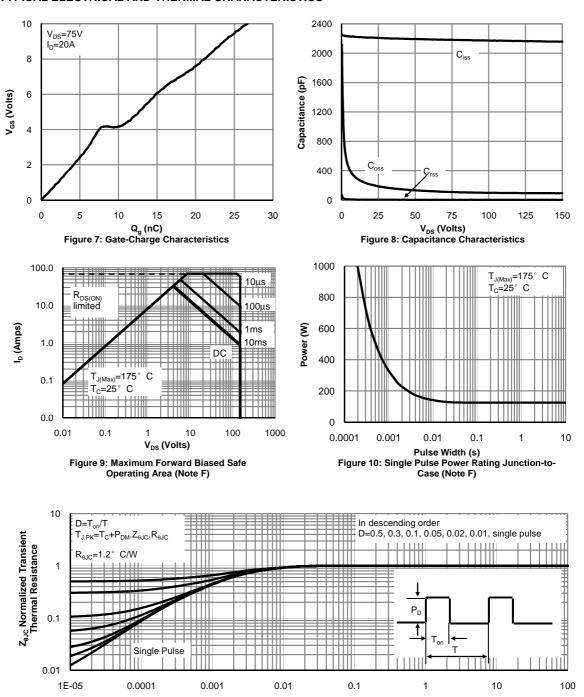


#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS





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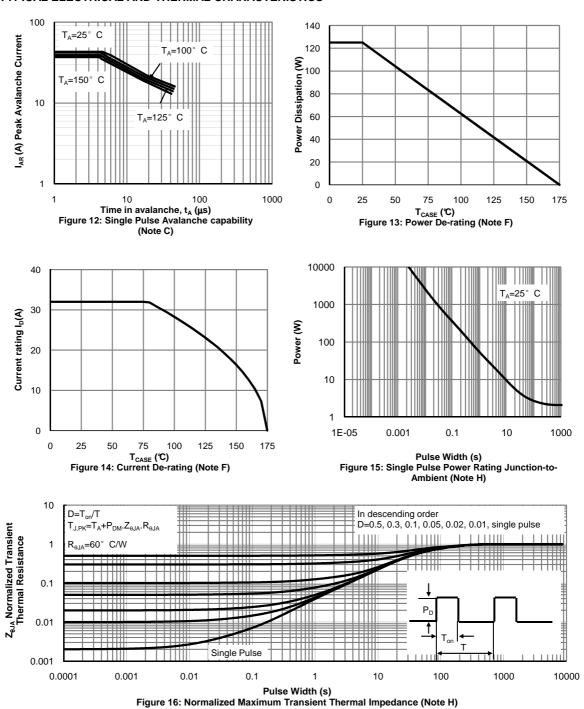


Pulse Width (s)
Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

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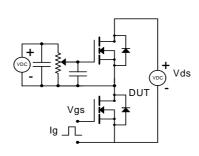
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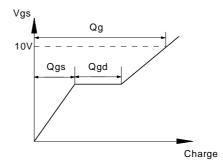


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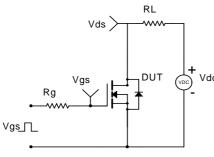


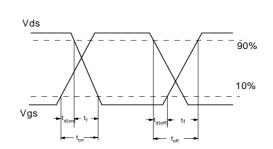
### Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



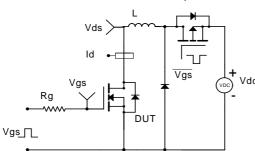


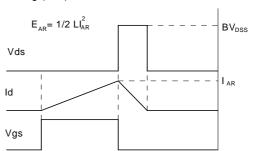
Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms





Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms





# Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

