

# AOB66216L

120V N-Channel AlphaSGT™

### **General Description**

- Trench Power MOSFET technology
- $\bullet$  Combined of low  $R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$  and wide Safe Operating Area (SOA)
- Higher in-rush current enabled for faster start-up and shorter down time
- RoHS 2.0 and Halogen-Free Compliant
- Tj=175C Rated

# **Applications**

- Load switch
- BMS
- Motor

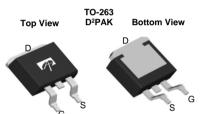
## **Product Summary**

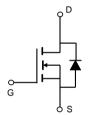
 $\begin{array}{lll} V_{DS} & 120V \\ I_{D} \; (at \; V_{GS} \! = \! 10V) & 120A \\ R_{DS(ON)} \; (at \; V_{GS} \! = \! 10V) & < 4.8 m\Omega \\ R_{DS(ON)} \; (at \; V_{GS} \! = \! 6V) & < 6.9 m\Omega \end{array}$ 

100% UIS Tested 100% Rg Tested

Max Tj=175°C







Orderable Part Number	Package Type	Form	Minimum Order Quantity
AOB66216L	TO-263	Tape & Reel	800

Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Units	
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	120	V	
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	±20	V	
Continuous Drain	T <sub>C</sub> =25°C	1-	120		
Current <sup>G</sup>	T <sub>C</sub> =100°C	I <sub>D</sub>	120	A	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>Ĉ</sup>		I <sub>DM</sub>	480		
Continuous Drain	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	1	27	Α	
Current	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	DSM	23		
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>		I <sub>AS</sub>	100	A	
Avalanche energy	L=0.1mH	E <sub>AS</sub>	500	mJ	
	T <sub>C</sub> =25°C	В	375	W	
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	T <sub>C</sub> =100°C	P <sub>D</sub>	187		
	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	В	10	W	
Power Dissipation A T <sub>A</sub> =70°C		P <sub>DSM</sub>	7	¬	
Junction and Storag	e Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 175	°C	

Thermal Characteristics					
Parameter		Symbol	Тур	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	D	12	15	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient AD	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JA}$	50	60	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	Steady-State	$R_{\theta JC}$	0.26	0.4	°C/W



#### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units	
STATIC PARAMETERS							
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$	120			V	
. 70.	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =120V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			1	μA	
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	T <sub>J</sub> =55°C			5	μΑ	
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0V$ , $V_{GS}=\pm20V$			±100	nA	
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_{D}=250\mu A$	2	2.5	3	V	
		$V_{GS}$ =10V, $I_D$ =20A		4	4.8	mΩ	
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		7.7	9.3	11122	
		$V_{GS}$ =6V, $I_D$ =20A		5.5	6.9	mΩ	
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5V$ , $I_{D}=20A$		45		S	
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.7	1	V	
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current <sup>G</sup>				120	Α	
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance			16700		pF	
Coss	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =75V, f=1MHz		720		pF	
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	1		17		pF	
$R_g$	Gate resistance	f=1MHz	1	2	3	Ω	
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS						
Q <sub>g</sub> (10V)	Total Gate Charge			190	270	nC	
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =75V, $I_{D}$ =20A		55		nC	
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge	1		15		nC	
Q <sub>oss</sub>	Output Charge	$V_{GS}=0V, V_{DS}=75V$		260		nC	
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime			33		ns	
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =75V, $R_L$ =3.75 $\Omega$ ,		28		ns	
$t_{D(off)}$	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_{GEN}=3\Omega$		128		ns	
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time	<u></u>		35		ns	
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, di/dt=500A/μs		84		ns	
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, di/dt=500A/μs		1.18		μC	

A. The value of  $R_{0,IA}$  is measured with the device mounted on  $1\text{in}^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25° C. The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on  $R_{0JA}$  t≤ 10s and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 175 $^{\circ}$  C. The value in any given application

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depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of 175° C may be used if the PCB allows it.

B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=175° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =175 $^{\circ}$  C.

D. The R<sub>0JA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R<sub>0JC</sub> and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300µs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

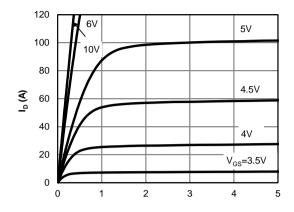
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=175° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is package limited.

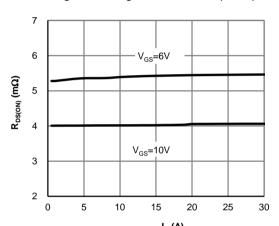
H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ$  C.



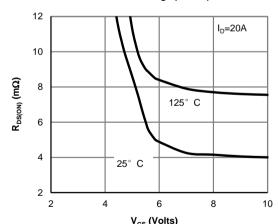
#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



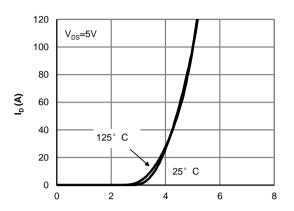
V<sub>DS</sub> (Volts) Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)



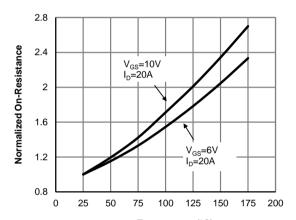
 $\label{eq:local_potential} \mathbf{I_{D}}\left(\mathbf{A}\right)$  Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)



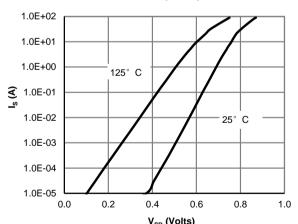
V<sub>GS</sub> (Volts)
Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage
(Note E)



V<sub>GS</sub> (Volts) Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)



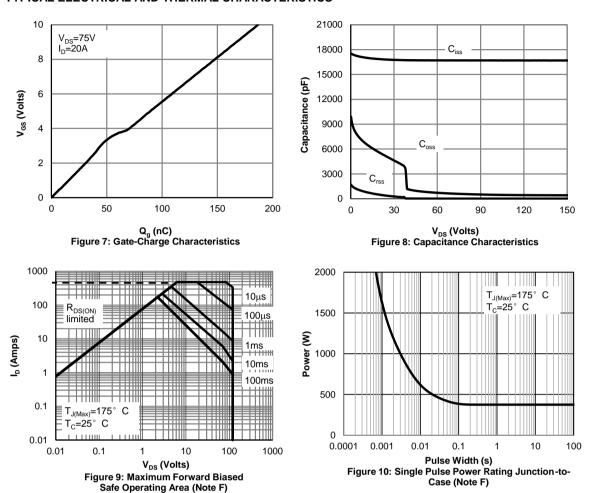
Temperature (°C)
Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature
(Note E)



V<sub>SD</sub> (Volts)
Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics
(Note E)



#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



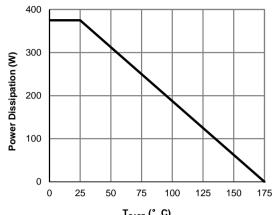
10 D=T<sub>on</sub>/T In descending order Z<sub>eJC</sub> Normalized Transient Thermal Resistance  $T_{J,PK} = T_C + P_{DM} \cdot Z_{\theta JC} \cdot R_{\theta JC}$ D=0.5, 0.3, 0.1, 0.05, 0.02, 0.01, single pulse  $R_{\theta JC}$ =0.4° C/W 1 0.1  $P_{DM}$ Single Pulse 0.01 1E-05 0.0001 100 0.001 0.01 0.1 10

Pulse Width (s)
Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

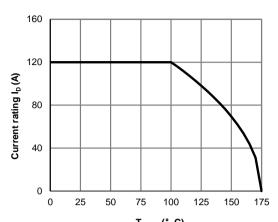
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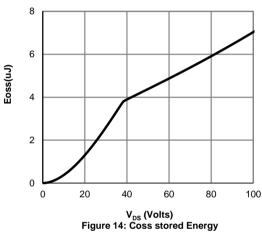
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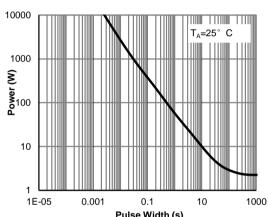


T<sub>CASE</sub> (° C)
Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F)

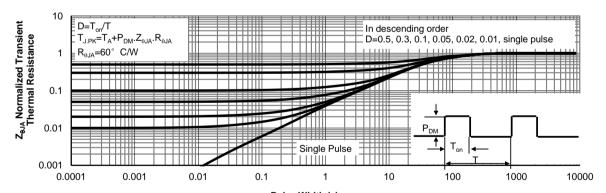


T<sub>CASE</sub> (° C)
Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)





Pulse Width (s)
Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)



Pulse Width (s)
Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

Figure A: Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveforms

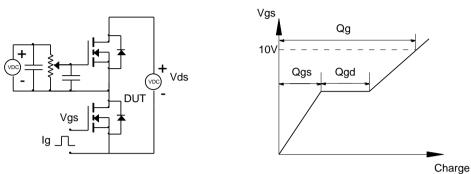


Figure B: Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

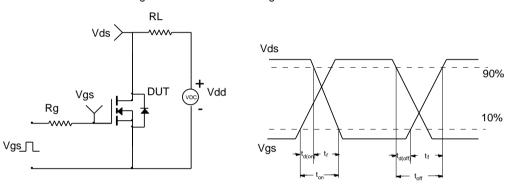


Figure C: Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms

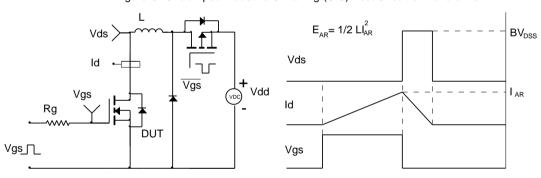
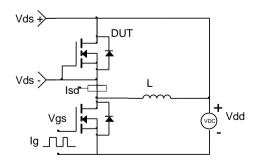
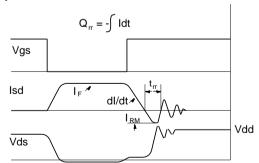


Figure D: Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms





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