

# IRFB4321GPbF

### **Applications**

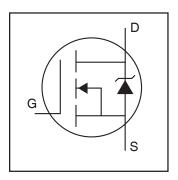
- Motion Control Applications
- High Efficiency Synchronous Rectification in SMPS
- Uninterruptible Power Supply
- Hard Switched and High Frequency Circuits

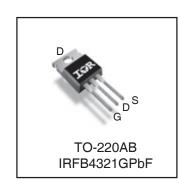
#### **Benefits**

- Low R<sub>DSON</sub> Reduces Losses
- Low Gate Charge Improves the Switching Performance
- Improved Diode Recovery Improves Switching & EMI Performance
- 30V Gate Voltage Rating Improves Robustness
- Fully Characterized Avalanche SOA
- Lead-Free
- Halogen-Free

## HEXFET® Power MOSFET

V <sub>DSS</sub>		150V
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	typ.	<b>12m</b> Ω
	max.	15mΩ
I <sub>D</sub>		83A





G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
I <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V	83 ①	
I <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V	59	A
I <sub>DM</sub>	Pulsed Drain Current ②	330	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^{\circ}C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	330	W
	Linear Derating Factor	2.2	W/°C
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±30	V
E <sub>AS (Thermally limited)</sub>	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy 3	120	mJ
$T_J$	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range		°C
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300	
	(1.6mm from case)		
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10lbf·in (1.1N·m)	

#### **Thermal Resistance**

Symbol	Parameter	Тур.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case ®		0.45	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface	0.50		°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient		62	

## Static @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	150			V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_{J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient		150		mV/°C	Reference to 25°C, I <sub>D</sub> = 1mA <sup>©</sup>
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance		12	15	mΩ	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 33A $ ④
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0		5.0	٧	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 250\mu A$
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current			20	μΑ	$V_{DS} = 150V, V_{GS} = 0V$
				1.0	mA	$V_{DS} = 150V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_{J} = 125^{\circ}C$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage			100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage			-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$
R <sub>G(int)</sub>	Internal Gate Resistance		0.8		Ω	

## Dynamic @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
gfs	Forward Transconductance	130			S	$V_{DS} = 25V, I_{D} = 50A$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge		71	110	nC	$I_D = 50A$
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge		24			$V_{DS} = 75V$
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge		21			V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V ⊕
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time		18		ns	$V_{DD} = 75V$
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time	_	60			$I_D = 50A$
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time		25			$R_G = 2.5\Omega$
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time		35			V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V ④
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance		4460		рF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance		390			$V_{DS} = 25V$
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		82			f = 1.0MHz

### **Diode Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I <sub>s</sub>	Continuous Source Current			83①	Α	MOSFET symbol
	(Body Diode)					showing the
I <sub>SM</sub>	Pulsed Source Current			330	Α	integral reverse
	(Body Diode) ②					p-n junction diode.
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage			1.3	٧	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ , $I_S = 50A$ , $V_{GS} = 0V$ ④
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Time		89	130	ns	$I_D = 50A$
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge		300	450	nC	V <sub>R</sub> = 128V,
I <sub>RRM</sub>	Reverse Recovery Current		6.5	_	Α	di/dt = 100A/µs ⊕
t <sub>on</sub>	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)				

#### Notes:

- ① Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature.
- $\ensuremath{\mathbb{Q}}$  Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ③ Limited by  $T_{Jmax}$ , starting  $T_J$  = 25°C, L = 0.095mH  $R_G$  = 25 $\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS}$  = 50A,  $V_{GS}$  =10V. Part not recommended for use above this value.
- 4 Pulse width  $\leq$  400 $\mu$ s; duty cycle  $\leq$  2%.

2 www.irf.com

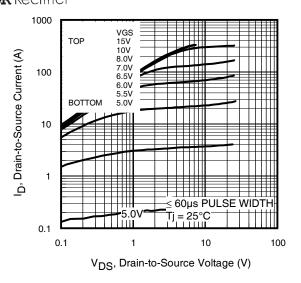


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

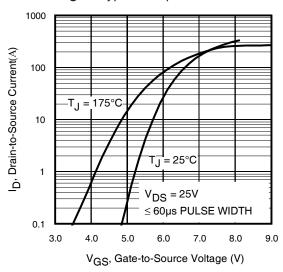
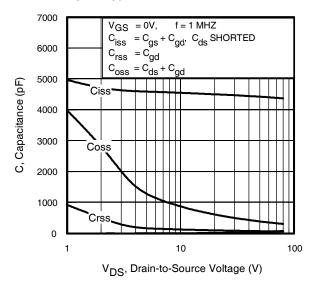


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics



**Fig 5.** Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage www.irf.com

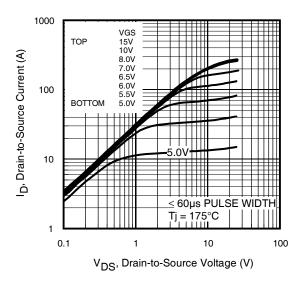


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

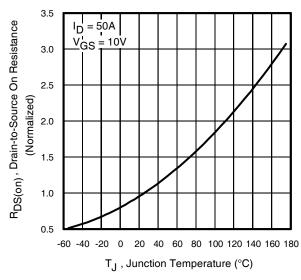


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

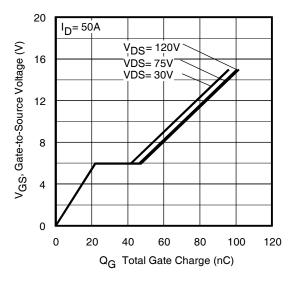
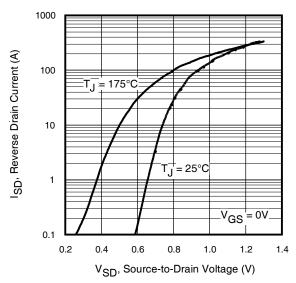
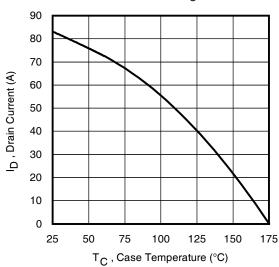


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage



**Fig 7.** Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage



**Fig 9.** Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

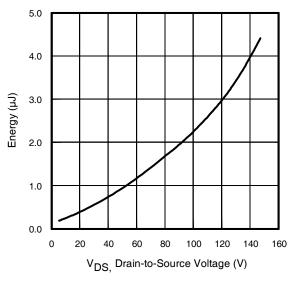


Fig 11. Typical C<sub>OSS</sub> Stored Energy

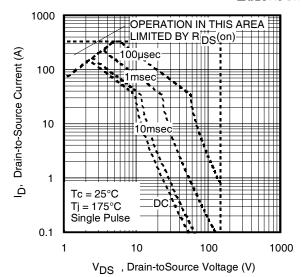


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

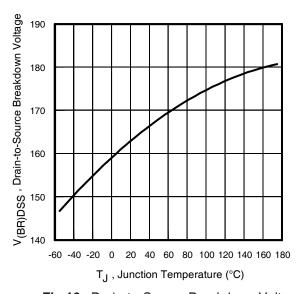
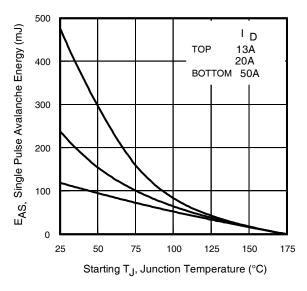


Fig 10. Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage



**Fig 12.** Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. DrainCurrent www.irf.com

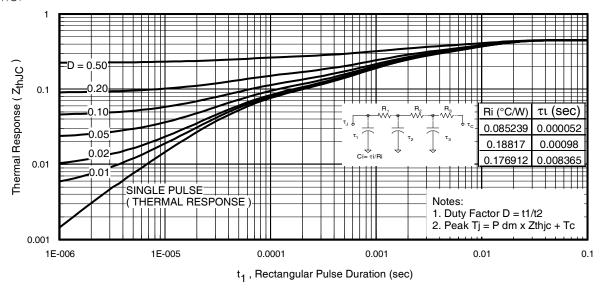


Fig 13. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

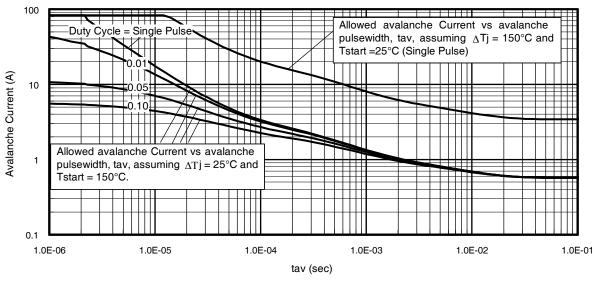


Fig 14. Typical Avalanche Current vs. Pulsewidth

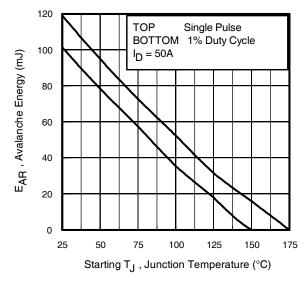


Fig 15. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature

Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 14, 15: (For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

- 1. Avalanche failures assumption:
- Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of  $T_{\rm jmax}$ . This is validated for every part type.
- 2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long asT<sub>imax</sub> is not exceeded.
- 3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 16a, 16b.
- 4.  $P_{D (ave)}$  = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
- BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
- 6. I<sub>av</sub> = Allowable avalanche current.
- 7.  $\Delta T$  = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed  $T_{jmax}$  (assumed as 25°C in Figure 14, 15).

t<sub>av =</sub> Average time in avalanche.

 $D = Duty cycle in avalanche = t_{av} \cdot f$ 

 $Z_{th,JC}(D, t_{av})$  = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 13)

$$\begin{split} P_{D \text{ (ave)}} &= 1/2 \text{ ( } 1.3 \cdot \text{BV} \cdot \text{I}_{av} \text{)} = \triangle \text{T/ } Z_{thJC} \\ I_{av} &= 2\triangle \text{T/ [ } 1.3 \cdot \text{BV} \cdot Z_{th} \text{]} \\ E_{AS \text{ (AR)}} &= P_{D \text{ (ave)}} \cdot t_{av} \end{split}$$

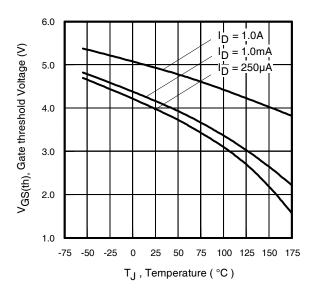


Fig 16. Threshold Voltage Vs. Temperature

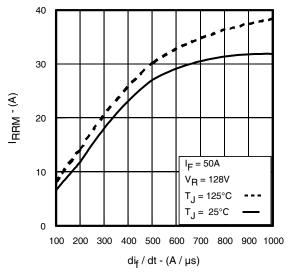
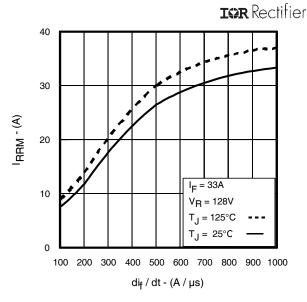


Fig. 18 - Typical Recovery Current vs. dif/dt



International

Fig. 17 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di<sub>f</sub>/dt

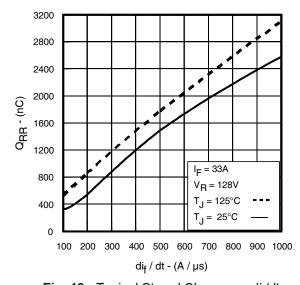


Fig. 19 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di<sub>f</sub>/dt

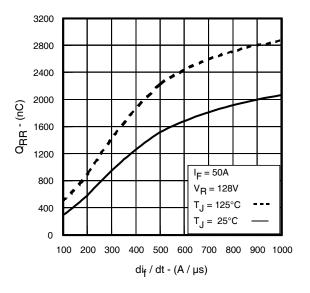


Fig. 20 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di<sub>f</sub>/dt

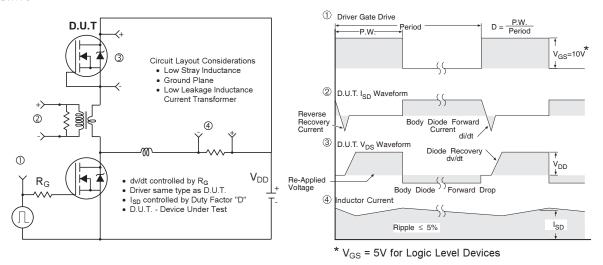


Fig 21. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

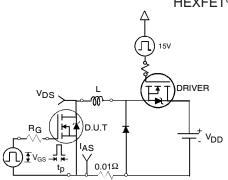


Fig 22a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

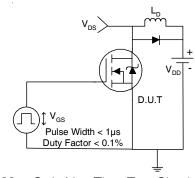


Fig 23a. Switching Time Test Circuit

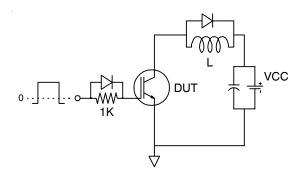


Fig 24a. Gate Charge Test Circuit www.irf.com

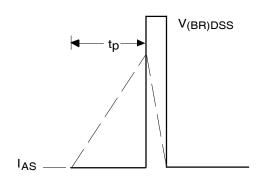


Fig 22b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

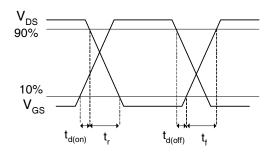


Fig 23b. Switching Time Waveforms

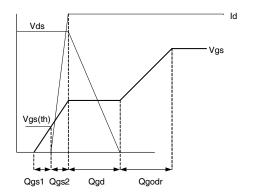
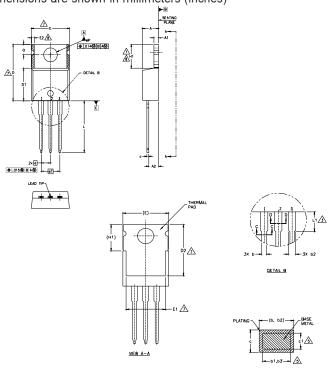


Fig 24b. Gate Charge Waveform

## TO-220AB Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



#### NOTES:

- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5 M- 1994.
- 2.- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS].
- 3.- LEAD DIMENSION AND FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1
- 4.- DIMENSION D, D1 & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, MOLD FLASH
  SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE, THESE DIMENSIONS ARE
  MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
- 5. DIMENSION 61, 63 & c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- 6.- CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCHES.
- 7.- THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS E,H1,D2 & E1
- DIMENSION E2 X H1 DEFINE A ZONE WHERE STAMPING AND SINGULATION IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.
- 9.— OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC TO-220, EXCEPT A2 (max.) AND D2 (min.) WHERE DIMENSIONS ARE DERIVED FROM THE ACTUAL PACKAGE OUTLINE.

	DIMENSIONS							
SYMBOL	MILLIM	ETERS	INC					
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	NOTES			
Α	3,56	4.83	.140	.190				
A1	0.51	1.40	.020	.055				
A2	2.03	2.92	.080	.115				
b	0.38	1.01	.015	.040				
b1	0.38	0.97	.015	.038	5			
b2	1,14	1.78	.045	.070				
b3	1,14	1.73	.045	.068	5			
С	0.36	0.61	.014	.024				
c1	0.36	0.56	.014	.022	5			
D	14.22	16.51	.560	.650	4			
D1	8.38	9.02	.330	.355				
D2	11,68	12.88	.460	.507	7			
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	4,7			
E1	6.86	8.89	.270	.350	7			
E2	-	0.76	-	.030	8			
e	2.54	BSC	.100 BSC					
e1	5.08	BSC	.200	BSC				
H1	5,84	6.86	.230	.270	7,8			
L	12.70	14.73	.500	.580				
L1	3.56	4.06	.140	.160	3			
øΡ	3.54	4.08	.139	.161				
Q	2.54	3.42	.100	.135				

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET
1.— GATE
2.— DRAIN
3.— SOURCE
ISBIS. CAPACK
1.— GATE
2.— COLLECTOR
3.— EMITTER

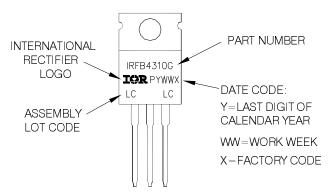
DIODES
1.— ANODE
2.— CATHODE
3.— ANDOE
3.— ANDOE
4.— ANDOE
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4.— CATHODE
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## TO-220AB Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFB4310GPBF

Note: "G" suffix in part number indicates "Halogen - Free"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead - Free"



TO-220AB packages are not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at: http://www.irf.com/package/

Data and specifications subject to change without notice. This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market.

Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.



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