

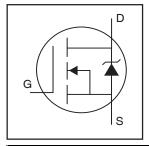
### **PDP SWITCH**

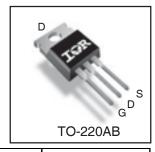
# IRFB4228PbF

#### **Features**

- Advanced Process Technology
- Key Parameters Optimized for PDP Sustain, Energy Recovery and Pass Switch Applications
- Low E<sub>PULSE</sub> Rating to Reduce Power Dissipation in PDP Sustain, Energy Recovery and Pass Switch Applications
- Low Q<sub>G</sub> for Fast Response
- High Repetitive Peak Current Capability for Reliable Operation
- Short Fall & Rise Times for Fast Switching
- •175°C Operating Junction Temperature for Improved Ruggedness
- Repetitive Avalanche Capability for Robustness and Reliability

Key Parameters					
V <sub>DS</sub> min	150	V			
V <sub>DS (Avalanche)</sub> typ.	180	V			
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub> typ. @ 10V	12	mΩ			
I <sub>RP</sub> max @ T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	170	Α			
T <sub>J</sub> max	175	°C			





G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

### **Description**

This HEXFET® Power MOSFET is specifically designed for Sustain; Energy Recovery & Pass switch applications in Plasma Display Panels. This MOSFET utilizes the latest processing techniques to achieve low on-resistance per silicon area and low E<sub>PULSE</sub> rating. Additional features of this MOSFET are 175°C operating junction temperature and high repetitive peak current capability. These features combine to make this MOSFET a highly efficient, robust and reliable device for PDP driving applications.

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$V_{GS}$	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±30	V
<sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V	83	А
<sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V	59	
DM	Pulsed Drain Current ①	330	
<sub>RP</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	Repetitive Peak Current ⑤	170	
P <sub>D</sub> @T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Power Dissipation	330	W
P <sub>D</sub> @T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	Power Dissipation	170	
	Linear Derating Factor	2.2	W/°C
Γ <sub>J</sub>	Operating Junction and	-40 to + 175	°C
$\Gamma_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature for 10 seconds	300	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw	10lb·in (1.1N·m)	N

#### **Thermal Resistance**

	Parameter	Тур.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case @		0.45	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface	0.50		°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient 49		62	

# Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	150		_	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_{J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient		150		mV/°C	Reference to 25°C, I <sub>D</sub> = 1mA
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance		12	15	mΩ	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 33A$ ③
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0		5.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{GS(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Gate Threshold Voltage Coefficient		-14		mV/°C	
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current			20	μΑ	$V_{DS} = 150V, V_{GS} = 0V$
				1.0	mA	$V_{DS} = 150V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_{J} = 125^{\circ}C$
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage			100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage			-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$
9 <sub>fs</sub>	Forward Transconductance	170			S	$V_{DS} = 25V, I_{D} = 50A$
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge		71	107	nC	$V_{DD} = 75V, I_D = 50A, V_{GS} = 10V$
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain Charge		21			
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time		18			$V_{DD} = 75V, V_{GS} = 10V$ ③
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time		59		ns	I <sub>D</sub> = 50A
t <sub>d(off)</sub>	Turn-Off Delay Time		24	_		$R_G = 2.5\Omega$
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time		33			See Fig. 22
t <sub>st</sub>	Shoot Through Blocking Time	100			ns	$V_{DD} = 120V, V_{GS} = 15V, R_{G} = 5.1\Omega$
			58			$L = 220$ nH, $C = 0.3$ µF, $V_{GS} = 15$ V
E <sub>PULSE</sub>	Energy per Pulse		36		μJ	$V_{DS} = 120V, R_G = 5.1\Omega, T_J = 25^{\circ}C$
			110			$L = 220nH$ , $C = 0.3\mu F$ , $V_{GS} = 15V$
			110			$V_{DS} = 120V, R_{G} = 5.1\Omega, T_{J} = 100^{\circ}C$
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance		4530			$V_{GS} = 0V$
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance		550		pF	$V_{DS} = 25V$
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		100			f = 1.0 MHz
C <sub>oss</sub> eff.	Effective Output Capacitance		480			$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 120V$
L <sub>D</sub>	Internal Drain Inductance		4.5			Between lead,
					nΗ	6mm (0.25in.)
L <sub>S</sub>	Internal Source Inductance		7.5			from package
						and center of die contact

## **Avalanche Characteristics**

	Parameter	Тур.	Max.	Units
E <sub>AS</sub>	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy2		120	mJ
E <sub>AR</sub>	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①		33	mJ
V <sub>DS(Avalanche)</sub>	Repetitive Avalanche Voltage ①	180		V
I <sub>AS</sub>	Avalanche Current ②		50	Α

## **Diode Characteristics**

	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
I <sub>S</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Continuous Source Current			83		MOSFET symbol	
	(Body Diode)				Α	showing the	
I <sub>SM</sub>	Pulsed Source Current		_	330		integral reverse	
	(Body Diode) ①					p-n junction diode.	
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage		_	1.3	V	$T_J = 25$ °C, $I_S = 50$ A, $V_{GS} = 0$ V ③	
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Time		76	110	ns	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C, I_F = 50A, V_{DD} = 50V$	
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Charge		230	350	nC	di/dt = 100A/µs ③	

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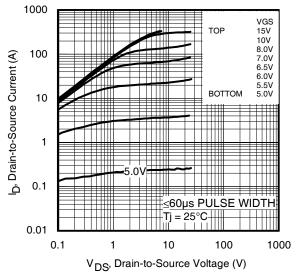
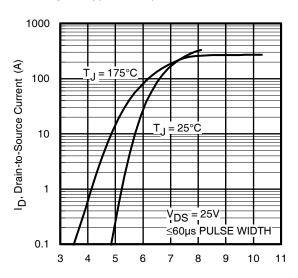
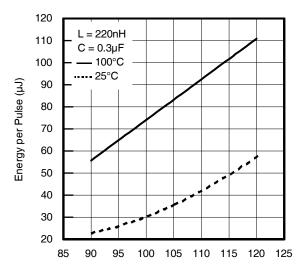


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics



V<sub>GS</sub>, Gate-to-Source Voltage (V) **Fig 3.** Typical Transfer Characteristics



 $V_{DS,}$  Drain-to-Source Voltage (V) Fig 5. Typical  $E_{PULSE}$  vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage www.irf.com

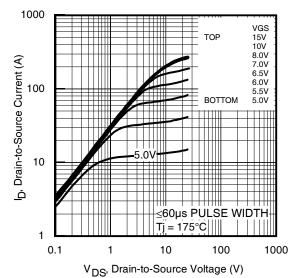


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

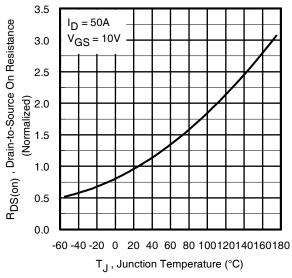
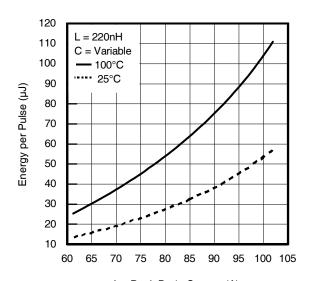


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature



I<sub>D</sub>, Peak Drain Current (A) **Fig 6.** Typical E<sub>PULSE</sub> vs. Drain Current

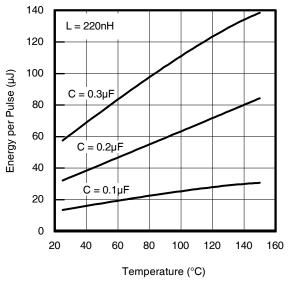
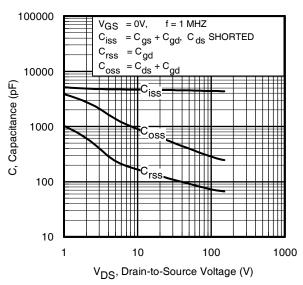


Fig 7. Typical E<sub>PULSE</sub> vs.Temperature



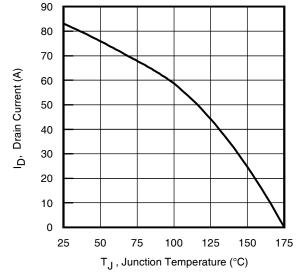


Fig 11. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

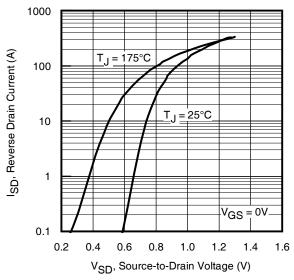


Fig 8. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

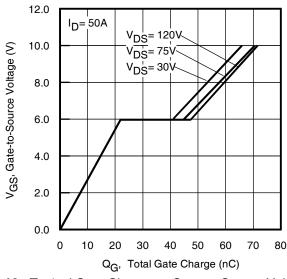


Fig 9. Typical Capacitance vs.Drain-to-Source Voltage Fig 10. Typical Gate Charge vs.Gate-to-Source Voltage

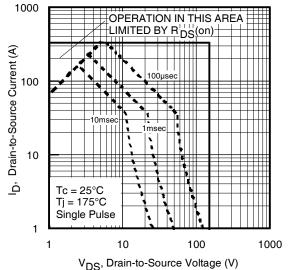


Fig 12. Maximum Safe Operating Area

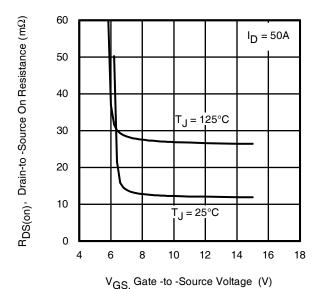


Fig 13. On-Resistance vs. Gate Voltage

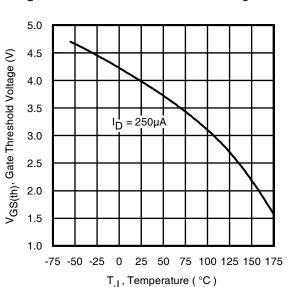


Fig 15. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

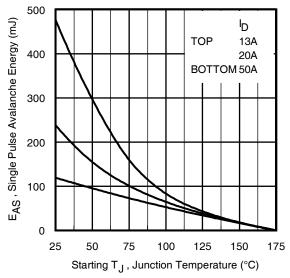
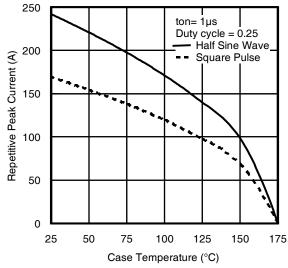


Fig 14. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature



**Fig 16.** Typical Repetitive peak Current vs. Case temperature

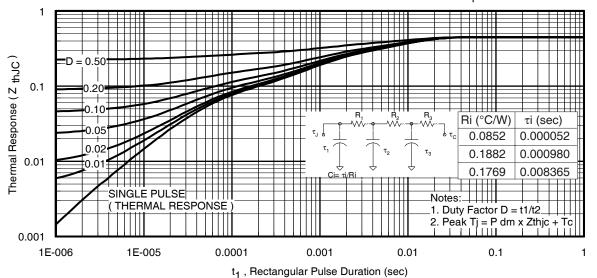


Fig 17. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

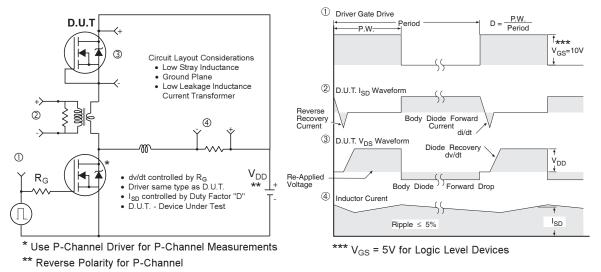


Fig 18. Diode Reverse Recovery Test Circuit for HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

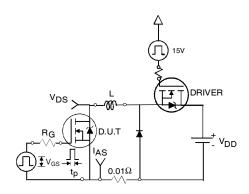


Fig 19a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

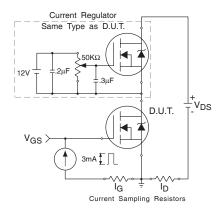


Fig 20a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

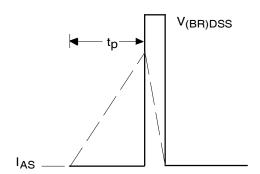


Fig 19b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

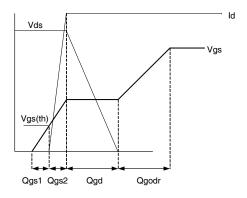


Fig 20b. Gate Charge Waveform

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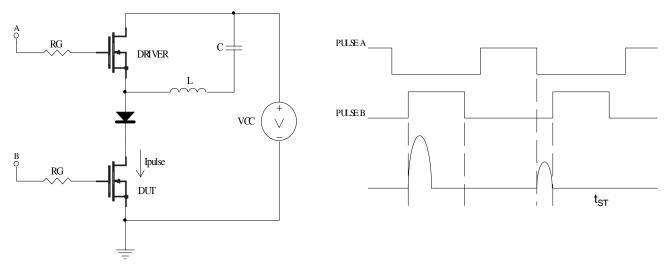


Fig 21a.  $t_{\text{st}}$  and  $E_{\text{PULSE}}\,\text{Test}\,\text{Circuit}$ 

Fig 21b.  $t_{st}$  Test Waveforms

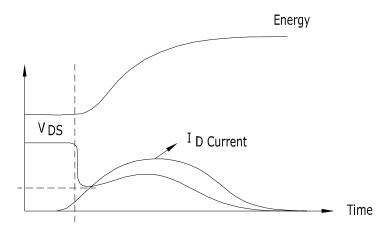


Fig 21c. E<sub>PULSE</sub> Test Waveforms

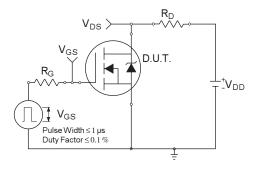


Fig 22a. Switching Time Test Circuit

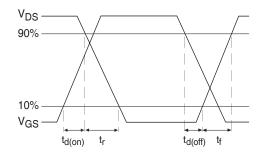


Fig 22b. Switching Time Waveforms

HEXFET

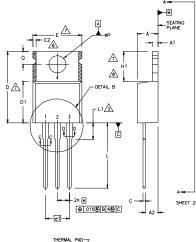
1.- GATE 2.- COLLECTO 3.- EMITTER

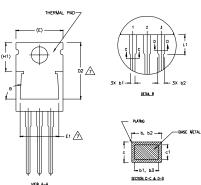
DIDDES

1.- ANODE/OPEI 2.- CATHODE 2. ANODE

GATE DRAIN SOURCE

### TO-220AB Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))





NOTES	:
1	DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14,5 M- 1994.
2	DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS].
3	LEAD DIMENSION AND FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1,
4	DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, MOLD FLASH
	SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE
Λ	MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY,
/5\	DIMENSION b1 & c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY,
6	CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCHES,
7	THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS E,H1,D2 & E1
8	DIMENSION E2 X H1 DEFINE A ZONE WHERE STAMPING
	AND CINCULATION IDDECLIFABILIES ARE ALLOWED

	DIMENSIONS				
SYMBOL	MILLIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	NOTES
Α	3,56	4.82	,140	.190	
A1	0.51	1,40	.020	055ء	
A2	2,04	2,92	.080	.115	
b	0.38	1.01	.015	.040	
ь1	0.38	0.96	.015	.038	5
b2	1.15	1,77	.045	.070	
b3	1,15	1.73	.045	.068	
С	0.36	0,61	.014	.024	
c1	0.36	0,56	.014	.022	5
D	14.22	16.51	.560	.650	4
D1	8,38	9.02	.330	,355	
D2	12.19	12.88	.480	.507	7
E	9,66	10,66	.380	.420	4.7
E1	8.38	8.89	.330	.350	7
e	2,54 BSC 5,08		.100	BSC BSC	
e1	5.	08	.200	BSC	
H1	5.85	6.55	.230	.270	7,8
L	12.70	14,73	.500	.580	
L1	-	6,35	-	,250	3
ØΡ	3.54	4.08	.139	.161	
Q	2,54	3,42	100ء	.135	
ø	90'-	-93*	90*-	-93*	
1	I				1

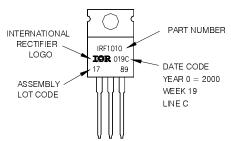
## TO-220AB Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF1010

LOT CODE 1789

ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE 'C'

Note: 'P' in assembly line position indicates 'Lead - Free'



#### TO-220AB packages are not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

#### Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ② Starting  $T_J = 25$ °C, L = 0.096mH,  $R_G = 25\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS} = 50$ A.
- ③ Pulse width  $\leq 400 \mu s$ ; duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- 4 R<sub> $\theta$ </sub> is measured at T<sub>J</sub> of approximately 90°C.
- ⑤ Half sine wave with duty cycle = 0.25, ton=1µsec.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at:  $\underline{\text{http://www.irf.com/package/}}$ 

Data and specifications subject to change without notice. This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market.

Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.



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