

# AONS66407

40V N-Channel AlphaSGT™

# **General Description**

- Trench Power MOSFET AlphaSGT<sup>™</sup> technology
- Low R<sub>DS(ON)</sub>
- Low Gate Charge
- Optimized for fast-switching applications
- RoHS 2.0 and Halogen-Free Compliant

# **Applications**

• Synchronous Rectification

**Orderable Part Number** 

# **Product Summary**

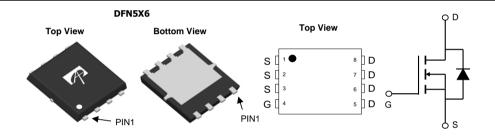
 $\begin{array}{lll} V_{DS} & 40V \\ I_{D} \; (at \; V_{GS} \! = \! 10V) & 370A \\ R_{DS(ON)} \; (at \; V_{GS} \! = \! 10V) & < 0.85 m\Omega \\ R_{DS(ON)} \; (at \; V_{GS} \! = \! 4.5V) & < 1.28 m\Omega \end{array}$ 

100% UIS Tested 100% Rg Tested

**Form** 



**Minimum Order Quantity** 



Package Type

AONS66407 DI		DFN 5x6	Tape & Reel	3000		
Absolute Maximum	Ratings T <sub>A</sub> =25°C unlo	ess otherwise not	ed			
Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Units		
Drain-Source Voltage		V <sub>DS</sub>	40	V		
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	±20	V		
Continuous Drain	T <sub>C</sub> =25°C		370			
Current	T <sub>C</sub> =100°C	'D	239	A		
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>Ĉ</sup>		I <sub>DM</sub>	1480	7		
Continuous Drain Current	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		69	A		
	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	IDSM	55	A		
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>		I <sub>AS</sub>	65	A		
Avalanche energy	L=0.3mH	E <sub>AS</sub>	634	mJ		
	T <sub>C</sub> =25°C	В	215	W		
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	T <sub>C</sub> =100°C	P <sub>D</sub>	86	VV		
	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	Ь	7.3	W		
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup> T <sub>A</sub> =70°C		P <sub>DSM</sub>	4.7	VV		
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 150	°C		

Thermal Characteristics								
Parameter		Symbol	ymbol Typ Max		Units			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	D	14	17	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient AD	Steady-State $R_{\theta JA}$		40	50	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Case Steady-State		$R_{\theta JC}$	0.43	0.58	°C/W			



#### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>.I</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
STATIC F	PARAMETERS					
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$	40			V
ı	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =40V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			1	μA
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Brain Current	T <sub>J</sub> =55	S°C		5	
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0V$ , $V_{GS}=\pm20V$			±100	nA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_D=250\mu A$	1.2	1.75	2.3	٧
		V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		0.7	0.85	mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	T <sub>J</sub> =125	S°C	1.2	1.45	11122
		$V_{GS}$ =4.5V, $I_D$ =20A		1	1.28	mΩ
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =5V, $I_{D}$ =20A		109		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.7	1	V
Is	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Curr	rent			200	Α
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS					
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance			9030		рF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $V_{DS}$ =20V, f=1MHz		1550		рF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			110		рF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	f=1MHz	0.46	0.93	1.4	Ω
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS					
Q <sub>g</sub> (10V)	Total Gate Charge			116	162	nC
Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =20V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		51	71	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =20V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		22		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			8		nC
Q <sub>oss</sub>	Output Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =20V		62		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime			14.5		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $V_{DS}$ =20V, $R_L$ =1 $\Omega$ ,		6.5		ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime	$R_{GEN}$ =3 $\Omega$		98		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			11.5		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, di/dt=500A/μs		26		ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, di/dt=500A/μs		102		nC

A. The value of  $R_{BJA}$  is measured with the device mounted on  $1in^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25° C. The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on  $R_{BJA}$  t≤ 10s and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150° C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

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Rev. 2.0: August 2024 **www.aosmd.com** Page 2 of 6

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(MAX)}$ =150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature  $\rm T_{J(MAX)}\!\!=\!\!150^\circ\,$  C.

D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.

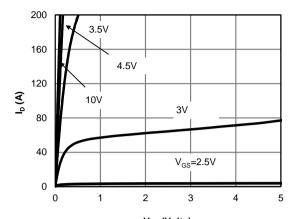
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300  $\mu$ s pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

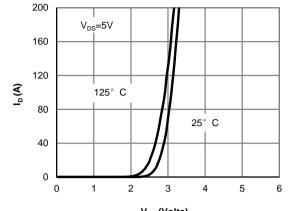
G. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.



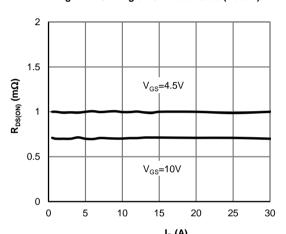
## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



 $V_{\rm DS}$  (Volts) Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)



V<sub>GS</sub> (Volts) Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)



 ${\rm I_D}$  (A) Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

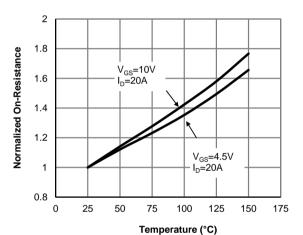


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

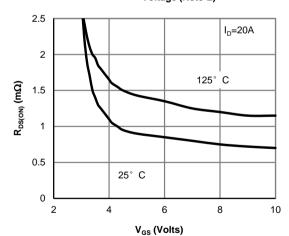
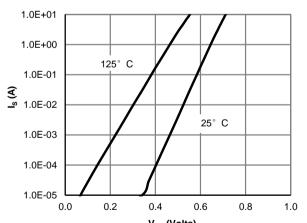


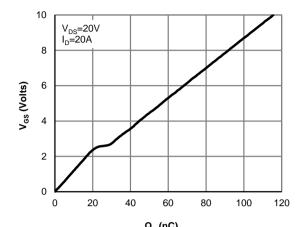
Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)



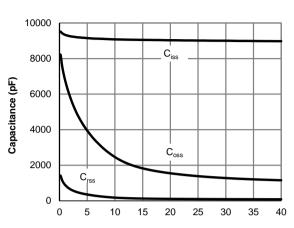
V<sub>SD</sub> (Volts) Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)



## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



 ${\rm Q_g}$  (nC) Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics



V<sub>DS</sub> (Volts) Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

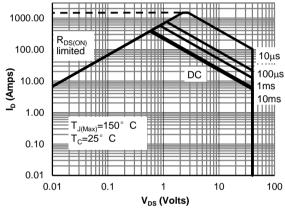
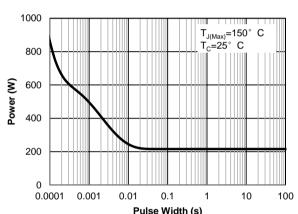
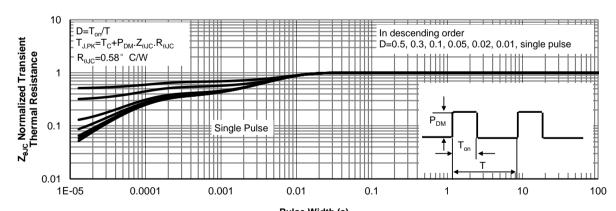


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)



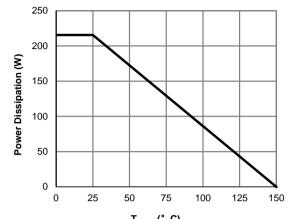
Pulse Width (s)
Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-toCase (Note F)



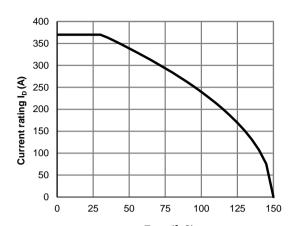
Pulse Width (s)
Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)



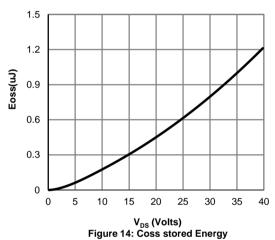
## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



T<sub>CASE</sub> (° C)
Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F)



T<sub>CASE</sub> (° C)
Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)



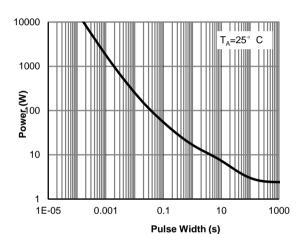
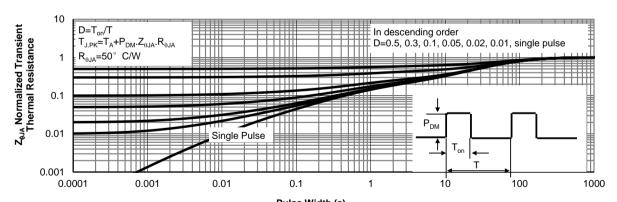


Figure 15: Single Pulse Power Rating Junctionto-Ambient (Note G)



Pulse Width (s)
Figure 16: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note G)

Figure A: Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveforms

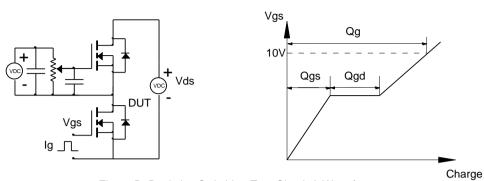


Figure B: Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

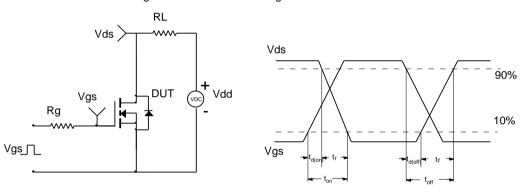


Figure C: Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms

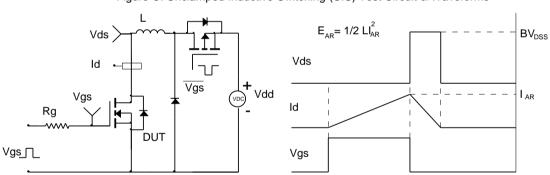
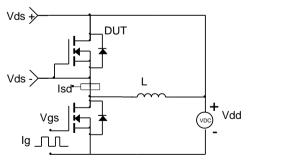
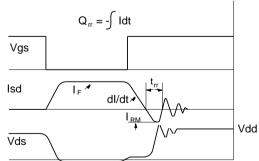


Figure D: Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms





Rev.2.0:August 2024 **www.aosmd.com** Page 6 of 6