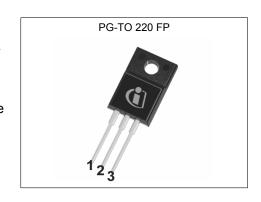


# **MOSFET**

# 600V CoolMOS™ P7 Power Device

The CoolMOS™ 7th generation platform is a revolutionary technology for high voltage power MOSFETs, designed according to the superjunction (SJ) principle and pioneered by Infineon Technologies. The 600V CoolMOS™ P7 series is the successor to the CoolMOS™ P6 series. It combines the benefits of a fast switching SJ MOSFET with excellent ease of use, e.g. very low ringing tendency, outstanding robustness of body diode against hard commutation and excellent ESD capability. Furthermore, extremely low switching and conduction losses make switching applications even more efficient, more compact and much cooler.

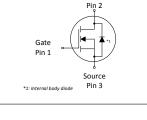


## **Features**

- Suitable for hard and soft switching (PFC and LLC) due to an outstanding commutation ruggedness
- Significant reduction of switching and conduction losses
- Excellent ESD robustness >2kV (HBM) for all products
- Better  $R_{DS(on)}$ /package products compared to competition enabled by a low  $R_{DS(on)}$ \*A (below 10hm\*mm²)

# **Benefits**

- Ease of use and fast design-in through low ringing tendency and usage across PFC and PWM stages
- Simplified thermal management due to low switching and conduction losses
- Increased power density solutions enabled by using products with smaller footprint and higher manufacturing quality due to >2 kV ESD protection
- Suitable for a wide variety of applications and power ranges



Drain







# Potential applications

PFC stages, hard switching PWM stages and resonant switching stages for e.g. PC Silverbox, Adapter, LCD & PDP TV, Lighting, Server, Telecom and UPS.

### **Product validation**

Fully qualified according to JEDEC for Industrial Applications

Please note: For MOSFET paralleling the use of ferrite beads on the gate or separate totem poles is generally recommended.

**Table 1** Key Performance Parameters

Table 1 Rey 1 enormance 1 arameters							
Parameter	Value	Unit					
V <sub>DS</sub> @ T <sub>j,max</sub>	650	V					
R <sub>DS(on),max</sub>	60	mΩ					
$Q_{g,typ}$	67	nC					
I <sub>D,pulse</sub>	151	A					
E <sub>oss</sub> @ 400V	7.1	μJ					
Body diode di <sub>F</sub> /dt	900	A/µs					

Type / Ordering Code	Package	Marking	Related Links
IPA60R060P7	PG-TO 220 FullPAK	60R060P7	see Appendix A

# 600V CoolMOS™ P7 Power Device IPA60R060P7



# **Table of Contents**

cription	1
imum ratings	3
rmal characteristics	4
etrical characteristics	5
etrical characteristics diagrams	7
t Circuits	11
kage Outlines	12
endix A	13
ision History	14
demarks	14
elaimer	14

# 600V CoolMOS™ P7 Power Device IPA60R060P7



1 Maximum ratings at  $T_j = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified

Table 2 Maximum ratings

Damamastan	Ob. a.l		Value	s		Note / Took Condition	
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note / Test Condition	
Continuous drain current <sup>1)</sup>	I <sub>D</sub>	-	-	48 30	А	T <sub>C</sub> =25°C T <sub>C</sub> =100°C	
Pulsed drain current <sup>2)</sup>	I <sub>D,pulse</sub>	-	-	151	Α	T <sub>C</sub> =25°C	
Avalanche energy, single pulse	<b>E</b> <sub>AS</sub>	-	-	159	mJ	$I_D$ =6.4A; $V_{DD}$ =50V; see table 10	
Avalanche energy, repetitive	<b>E</b> AR	-	-	0.80	mJ	$I_D$ =6.4A; $V_{DD}$ =50V; see table 10	
Avalanche current, single pulse	I <sub>AS</sub>	-	-	6.4	Α	-	
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	-	-	80	V/ns	V <sub>DS</sub> =0400V	
Gate source voltage (static)	V <sub>GS</sub>	-20	-	20	V	static;	
Gate source voltage (dynamic)	V <sub>GS</sub>	-30	-	30	V	AC (f>1 Hz)	
Power dissipation	P <sub>tot</sub>	-	-	29	W	T <sub>C</sub> =25°C	
Storage temperature	$T_{ m stg}$	-55	-	150	°C	-	
Operating junction temperature	T <sub>j</sub>	-55	-	150	°C	-	
Mounting torque	-	-	-	50	Ncm	M2.5 screws	
Continuous diode forward current	Is	-	-	48	Α	T <sub>C</sub> =25°C	
Diode pulse current <sup>2)</sup>	I <sub>S,pulse</sub>	-	-	151	Α	T <sub>C</sub> =25°C	
Reverse diode dv/dt <sup>3)</sup>	dv/dt	-	-	50	V/ns	$V_{\rm DS}$ =0400V, $I_{\rm SD}$ <=48A, $T_{\rm j}$ =25° see table 8	
Maximum diode commutation speed	di <sub>F</sub> /dt	-	-	900	A/μs	$V_{DS}$ =0400V, $I_{SD}$ <=48A, $T_{j}$ =25 see table 8	
Insulation withstand voltage	V <sub>ISO</sub>	-	-	2500	V	V <sub>rms</sub> , T <sub>C</sub> =25°C, <i>t</i> =1min	

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  Limited by  $T_{j,max}.$  Maximum Duty Cycle D = 0.50; TO-220 equivalent  $^{2)}$  Pulse width  $t_p$  limited by  $T_{j,max}$   $^{3)}$  Identical low side and high side switch with identical  $R_{\rm G}$ 

# 600V CoolMOS™ P7 Power Device IPA60R060P7



# 2 Thermal characteristics

**Table 3** Thermal characteristics

Davamatav	Symbol	Values			I I m i f	Nata / Tant Candition
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note / Test Condition
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R <sub>thJC</sub>	-	-	4.24	°C/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient		-	-	62	°C/W	leaded
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient for SMD version	R <sub>thJA</sub>	-	-	-	°C/W	-
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering only allowed at leads	T <sub>sold</sub>	-	-	260	°C	1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s

# 600V CoolMOS™ P7 Power Device IPA60R060P7



# 3 Electrical characteristics

at T<sub>j</sub>=25°C, unless otherwise specified

Table 4 Static characteristics

Danish and an	Comple of	Values				Nata / Tank Oam distant
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note / Test Condition
Drain-source breakdown voltage	V <sub>(BR)DSS</sub>	600	-	-	V	$V_{GS}$ =0V, $I_D$ =1mA
Gate threshold voltage	V <sub>(GS)th</sub>	3	3.5	4	V	$V_{\rm DS}=V_{\rm GS},\ I_{\rm D}=0.8{\rm mA}$
Zero gate voltage drain current	I <sub>DSS</sub>	-	- 10	1 -	μΑ	V <sub>DS</sub> =600V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>j</sub> =25°C V <sub>DS</sub> =600V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, T <sub>j</sub> =150°C
Gate-source leakage current	I <sub>GSS</sub>	-	-	100	nA	V <sub>GS</sub> =20V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V
Drain-source on-state resistance	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	-	0.049 0.115	0.060	Ω	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =15.9A, T <sub>j</sub> =25°C V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =15.9A, T <sub>j</sub> =150°C
Gate resistance	<b>R</b> <sub>G</sub>	-	2.8	-	Ω	f=1MHz, open drain

Table 5 Dynamic characteristics

Developedan	Or smalle all	Values			1114	
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note / Test Condition
Input capacitance	Ciss	-	2895	-	pF	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =400V, f=250kHz
Output capacitance	Coss	-	48	-	pF	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =400V, f=250kHz
Effective output capacitance, energy related <sup>1)</sup>	C <sub>o(er)</sub>	-	89	-	pF	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0400V
Effective output capacitance, time related <sup>2)</sup>	C <sub>o(tr)</sub>	-	926	-	pF	I <sub>D</sub> =constant, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0400V
Turn-on delay time	$t_{\sf d(on)}$	-	23	-	ns	$V_{\rm DD}$ =400V, $V_{\rm GS}$ =13V, $I_{\rm D}$ =15.9A, $R_{\rm G}$ =3.3 $\Omega$ ; see table 9
Rise time	t <sub>r</sub>	-	12	-	ns	$V_{\rm DD}$ =400V, $V_{\rm GS}$ =13V, $I_{\rm D}$ =15.9A, $R_{\rm G}$ =3.3 $\Omega$ ; see table 9
Turn-off delay time	$t_{ m d(off)}$	-	79	-	ns	$V_{\rm DD}$ =400V, $V_{\rm GS}$ =13V, $I_{\rm D}$ =15.9A, $R_{\rm G}$ =3.3 $\Omega$ ; see table 9
Fall time	t <sub>f</sub>	-	4	-	ns	$V_{\rm DD}$ =400V, $V_{\rm GS}$ =13V, $I_{\rm D}$ =15.9A, $R_{\rm G}$ =3.3 $\Omega$ ; see table 9

 Table 6
 Gate charge characteristics

Parameter	Comple of		Values			Note / Took Condition
	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note / Test Condition
Gate to source charge	Q <sub>gs</sub>	-	15	-	nC	$V_{DD}$ =400V, $I_{D}$ =15.9A, $V_{GS}$ =0 to 10V
Gate to drain charge	$Q_{ m gd}$	-	20	-	nC	$V_{DD}$ =400V, $I_{D}$ =15.9A, $V_{GS}$ =0 to 10V
Gate charge total	Qg	-	67	-	nC	$V_{DD}$ =400V, $I_{D}$ =15.9A, $V_{GS}$ =0 to 10V
Gate plateau voltage	V <sub>plateau</sub>	_	5.2	-	V	$V_{DD}$ =400V, $I_{D}$ =15.9A, $V_{GS}$ =0 to 10V

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$   $C_{\text{o(er)}}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as  $C_{\text{oss}}$  while  $V_{\text{DS}}$  is rising from 0 to 400V  $^{2)}$   $C_{\text{o(tr)}}$  is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{\text{oss}}$  while  $V_{\text{DS}}$  is rising from 0 to 400V

# 600V CoolMOS™ P7 Power Device

IPA60R060P7

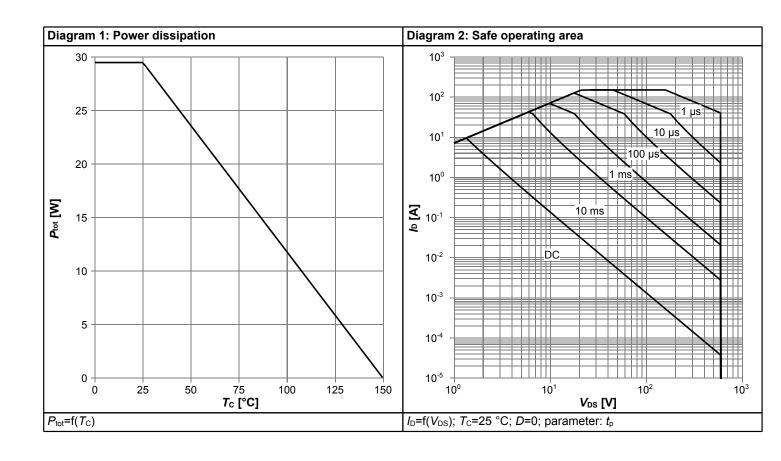


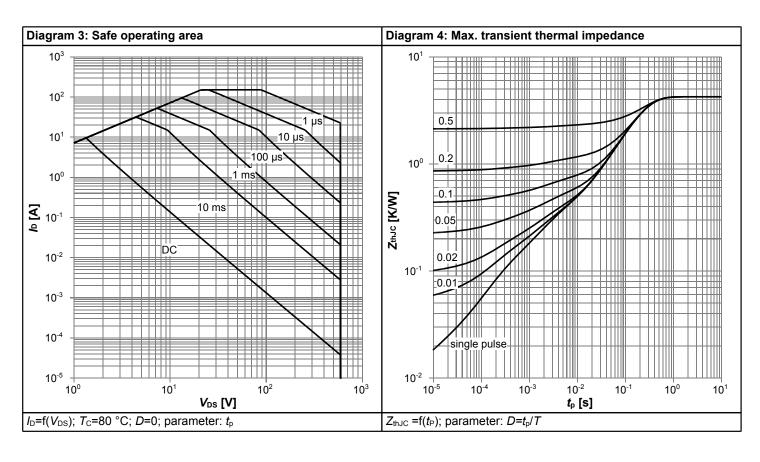
Table 7 Reverse diode characteristics

Danamatan	Cumbal	Values			1110:4	Nata / Tast Candition
Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note / Test Condition
Diode forward voltage	<b>V</b> <sub>SD</sub>	-	0.9	-	V	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, I <sub>F</sub> =15.9A, T <sub>j</sub> =25°C
Reverse recovery time	t <sub>rr</sub>	-	254	-	ns	$V_R$ =400V, $I_F$ =6A, $di_F/dt$ =100A/ $\mu$ s; see table 8
Reverse recovery charge	Qrr	-	2.9	-	μC	$V_R$ =400V, $I_F$ =6A, $di_F/dt$ =100A/ $\mu$ s; see table 8
Peak reverse recovery current	I <sub>rrm</sub>	-	23.1	-	А	$V_R$ =400V, $I_F$ =6A, $di_F/dt$ =100A/ $\mu$ s; see table 8

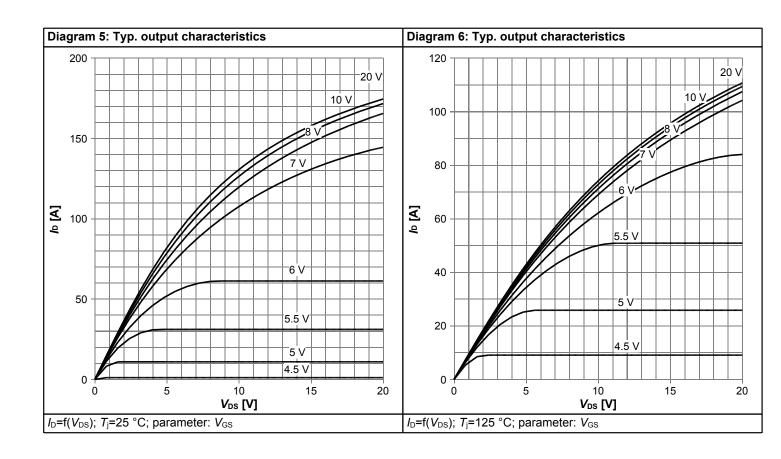


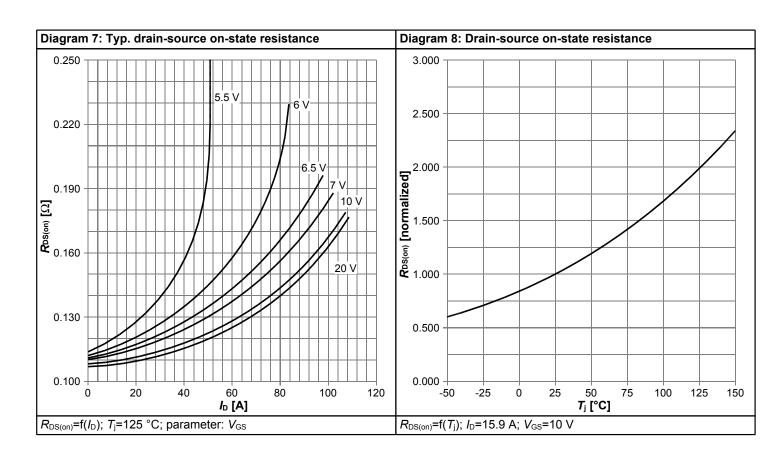
# 4 Electrical characteristics diagrams



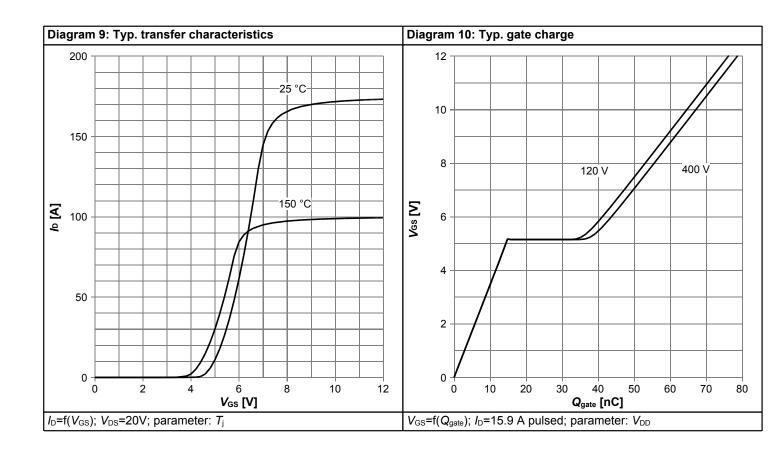


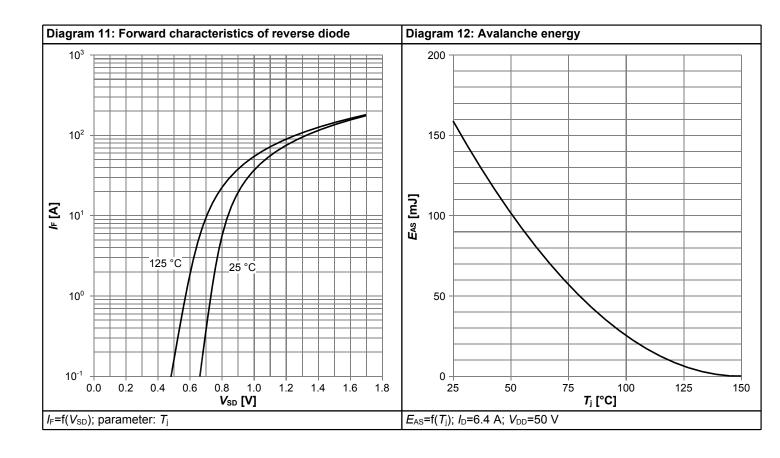




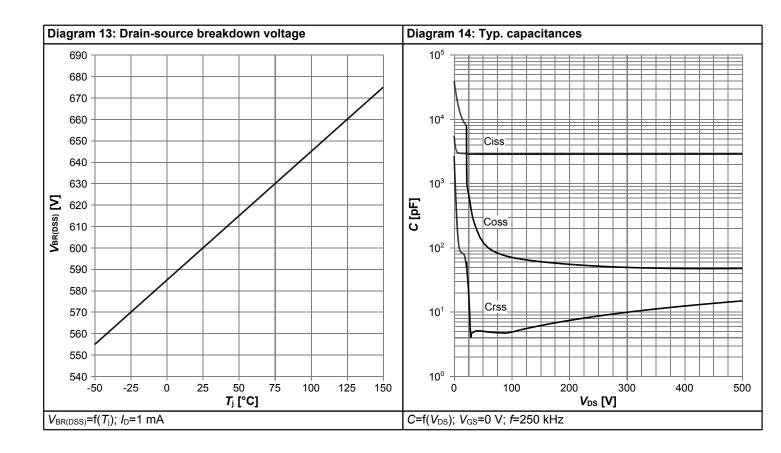


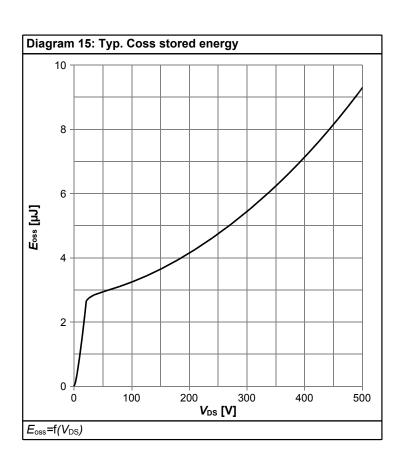
















#### 5 **Test Circuits**

Table 8 **Diode characteristics** 

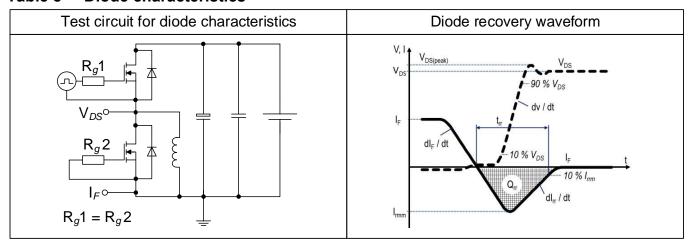
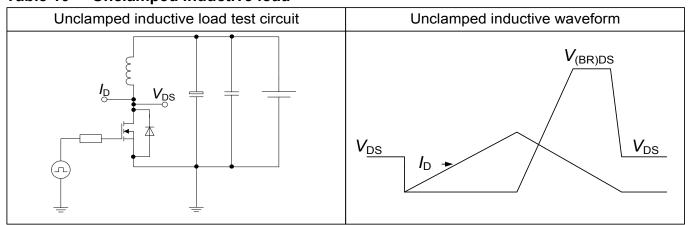


Table 9 **Switching times** 



Table 10 **Unclamped inductive load** 





# 6 Package Outlines

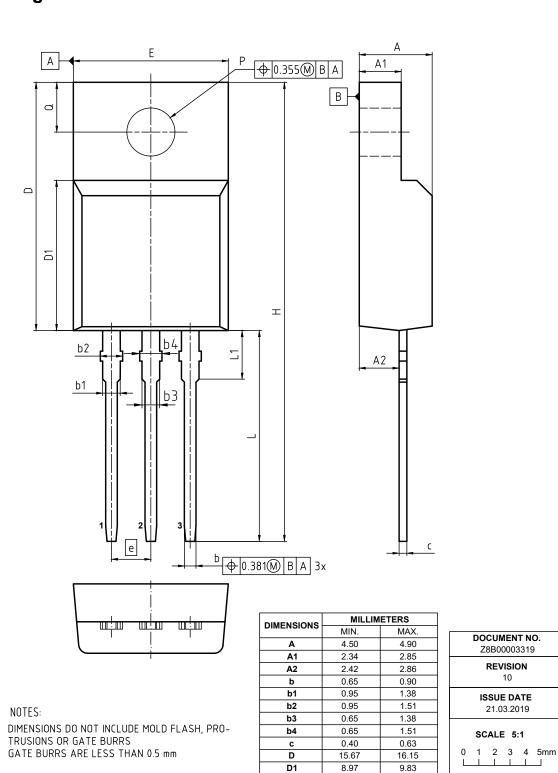


Figure 1 Outline PG-TO 220 FullPAK, dimensions in mm

Final Data Sheet	12	Rev. 2.2, 2020-01-29		

Е

Н

L

L1

øΡ

10.65

29.75 13.75

3.45

3.30

3.50

**EUROPEAN PROJECTION** 

10.00

28.70

12.78

2.83

3.00

# 600V CoolMOS™ P7 Power Device

IPA60R060P7



### Appendix A 7

#### Table 11 **Related Links**

• IFX CoolMOS P7 Webpage: www.infineon.com

• IFX CoolMOS P7 application note: www.infineon.com

• IFX CoolMOS P7 simulation model: www.infineon.com

• IFX Design tools: www.infineon.com

# 600V CoolMOS™ P7 Power Device

## IPA60R060P7



# **Revision History**

IPA60R060P7

Revision: 2020-01-29, Rev. 2.2

Previous Revision

Tollow Novice							
Revision	Date	Date Subjects (major changes since last revision)					
2.0	2017-05-18	Release of final version					
2.1	2018-05-15	Updated diagram scalings; Nomenclature of product qualification grade was changed					
2.2	2020-01-29	Updated package drawing, symbol ID and product validation					

#### **Trademarks**

All referenced product or service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### We Listen to Your Comments

Any information within this document that you feel is wrong, unclear or missing at all? Your feedback will help us to continuously improve the quality of this document. Please send your proposal (including a reference to this document) to: erratum@infineon.com

Published by Infineon Technologies AG 81726 München, Germany © 2020 Infineon Technologies AG All Rights Reserved.

### **Legal Disclaimer**

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics ("Beschaffenheitsgarantie").

With respect to any examples, hints or any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the product, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

In addition, any information given in this document is subject to customer's compliance with its obligations stated in this document and any applicable legal requirements, norms and standards concerning customer's products and any use of the product of Infineon Technologies in customer's applications.

The data contained in this document is exclusively intended for technically trained staff. It is the responsibility of customer's technical departments to evaluate the suitability of the product for the intended application and the completeness of the product information given in this document with respect to such application.

### Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

## Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

The Infineon Technologies component described in this Data Sheet may be used in life-support devices or systems and/or automotive, aviation and aerospace applications or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support, automotive, aviation and aerospace device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.