

## OptiMOS™3 Power-Transistor



### Features

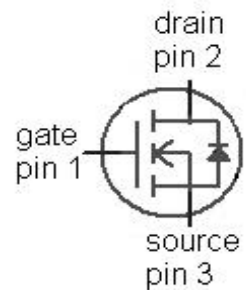
- N-channel, normal level
- Excellent gate charge x  $R_{DS(on)}$  product (FOM)
- Very low on-resistance  $R_{DS(on)}$
- 175 °C operating temperature
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Qualified according to AEC Q101
- Halogen-free according to IEC61249-2-21
- Ideal for high-frequency switching and synchronous rectification

### Product Summary

$V_{DS}$	200	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$ (TO263)	10.7	mΩ
$I_D$	88	A



Type	IPB107N20NA	IPP110N20NA
		
Package	PG-TO263-3	PG-TO220-3
Marking	107N20NA	110N20NA



**Maximum ratings**, at  $T_j=25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Continuous drain current	$I_D$	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$	88	A
		$T_C=100\text{ °C}$	63	
Pulsed drain current <sup>1)</sup>	$I_{D,pulse}$	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$	352	
Avalanche energy, single pulse	$E_{AS}$	$I_D=80\text{ A}$ , $R_{GS}=25\text{ Ω}$	560	mJ
Reverse diode dv/dt	dv/dt		10	kV/μs
Gate source voltage	$V_{GS}$		±20	V
Power dissipation	$P_{tot}$	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$	300	W
Operating and storage temperature	$T_j$ , $T_{stg}$		-55 ... 175	°C
IEC climatic category; DIN IEC 68-1			55/175/56	

<sup>1)</sup> See figure 3

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

#### Thermal characteristics

Thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{thJC}$		-	-	0.5	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	$R_{thJA}$	minimal footprint	-	-	62	
		6 cm <sup>2</sup> cooling area <sup>2)</sup>	-	-	40	

#### Electrical characteristics, at $T_j=25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified

#### Static characteristics

Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$ , $I_D=1\text{ mA}$	200	-	-	V
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ , $I_D=270\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	2	3	4	
Zero gate voltage drain current	$I_{DSS}$	$V_{DS}=160\text{ V}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$ , $T_j=25\text{ °C}$	-	0.1	1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{DS}=160\text{ V}$ , $V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$ , $T_j=125\text{ °C}$	-	10	100	
Gate-source leakage current	$I_{GSS}$	$V_{GS}=20\text{ V}$ , $V_{DS}=0\text{ V}$	-	1	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$ , $I_D=88\text{ A}$ , (TO220)	-	9.9	11	m $\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$ , $I_D=88\text{ A}$ , (TO263)	-	9.6	10.7	

<sup>2)</sup> Device on 40 mm x 40 mm x 1.5 mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm<sup>2</sup> (one layer, 70  $\mu\text{m}$  thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical in still air.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

#### Dynamic characteristic<sup>4)</sup>

Input capacitance	$C_{iss}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, V_{DS}=100\text{ V},$ $f=1\text{ MHz}$	-	5340	7100	pF
Output capacitance	$C_{oss}$		-	401	533	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{rss}$		-	5	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD}=100\text{ V},$ $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}, I_D=44\text{ A},$ $R_G=1.6\ \Omega$	-	18	-	ns
Rise time	$t_r$		-	26	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	41	-	
Fall time	$t_f$		-	11	-	

#### Gate Charge Characteristics<sup>3)</sup>

Gate to source charge	$Q_{gs}$	$V_{DD}=100\text{ V}, I_D=44\text{ A},$ $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$	-	23	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	$Q_{gd}$		-	8	-	
Switching charge	$Q_{sw}$		-	15	-	
Gate charge total	$Q_g$		-	65	87	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$		-	4.4	-	
Output charge	$Q_{oss}$	$V_{DD}=100\text{ V}, V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$	-	162	216	nC

#### Reverse Diode<sup>4)</sup>

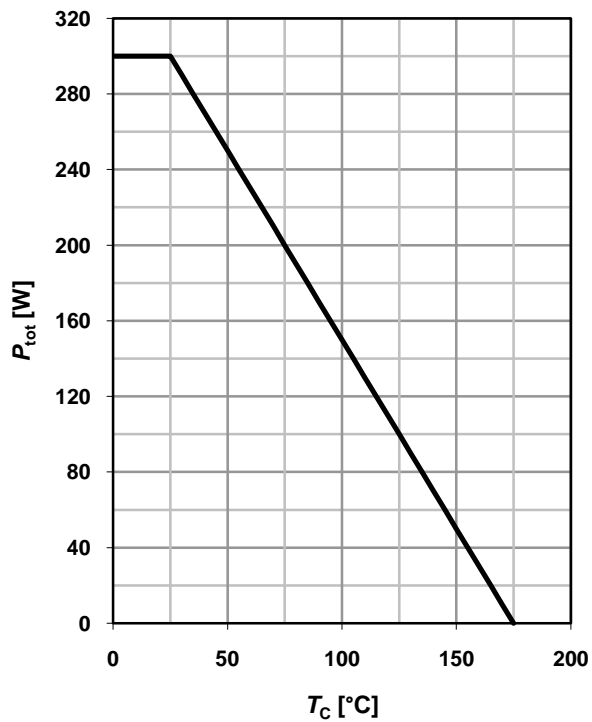
Diode continuous forward current	$I_S$	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$	-	-	88	A
Diode pulse current	$I_{S,pulse}$		-	-	352	
Diode forward voltage	$V_{SD}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, I_F=88\text{ A},$ $T_J=25\text{ °C}$	-	1	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$V_R=100\text{ V}, I_F=44\text{ A},$ $di_F/dt=100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	142	-	ns
Reverse recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	640	-	nC

<sup>3)</sup> See figure 16 for gate charge parameter definition

<sup>4)</sup> Not subjected to production test - verified by design/characterization

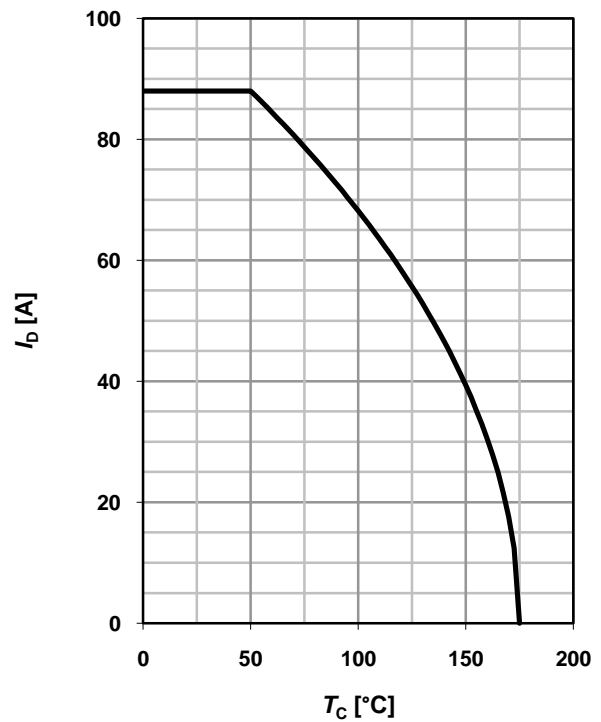
### 1 Power dissipation

$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_C)$$



### 2 Drain current

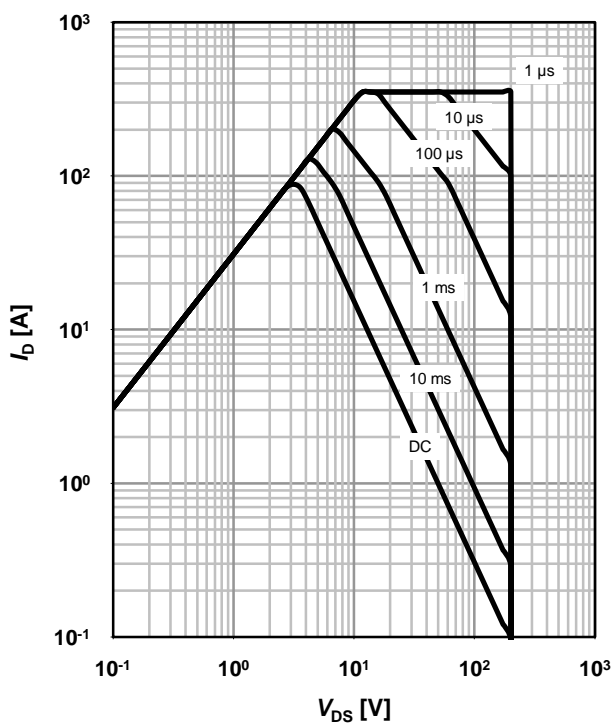
$$I_D = f(T_C); V_{GS} \geq 10 \text{ V}$$



### 3 Safe operating area

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}; D = 0$$

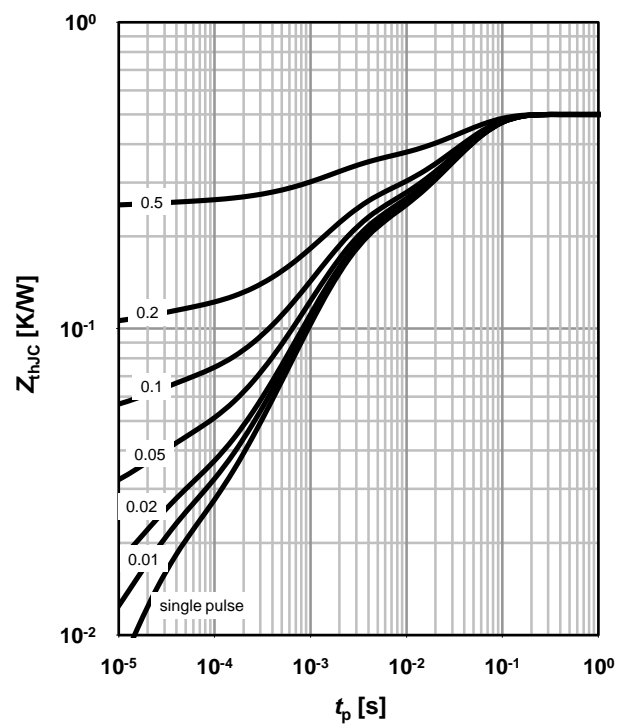
parameter:  $t_p$



### 4 Max. transient thermal impedance

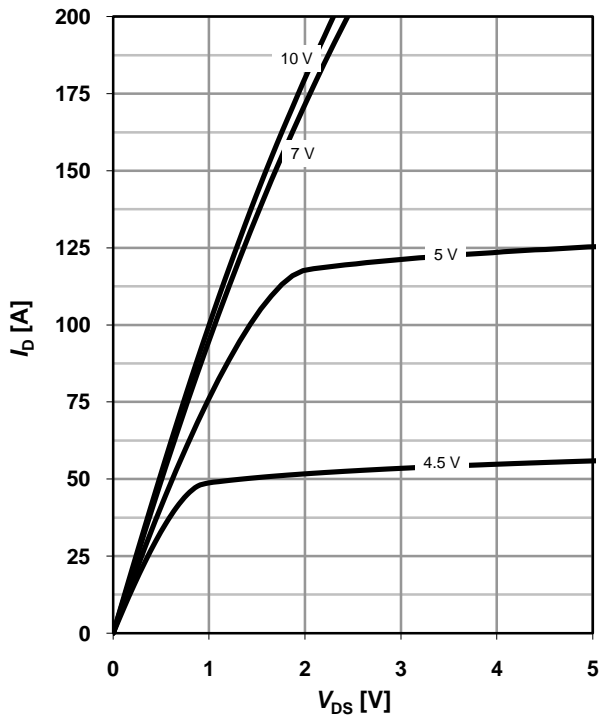
$$Z_{\text{thJC}} = f(t_p)$$

parameter:  $D = t_p/T$



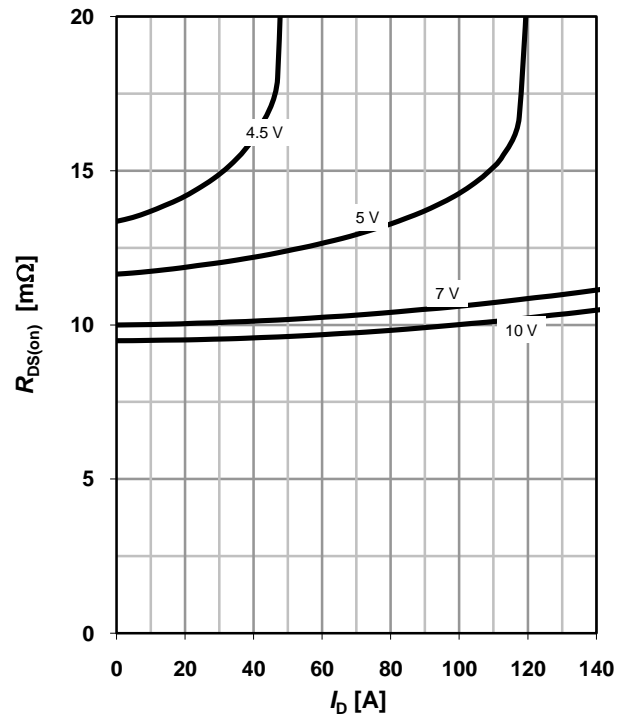
### 5 Typ. output characteristics

 $I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 

parameter:  $V_{GS}$ 


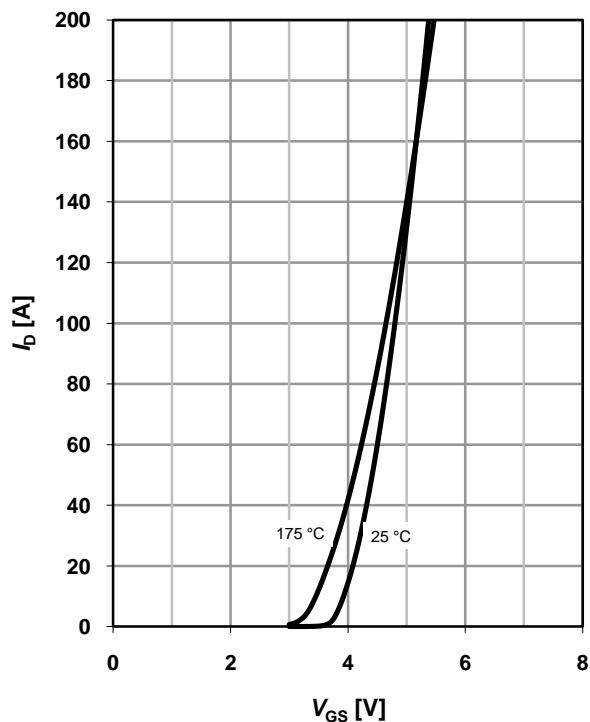
### 6 Typ. drain-source on resistance

 $R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 

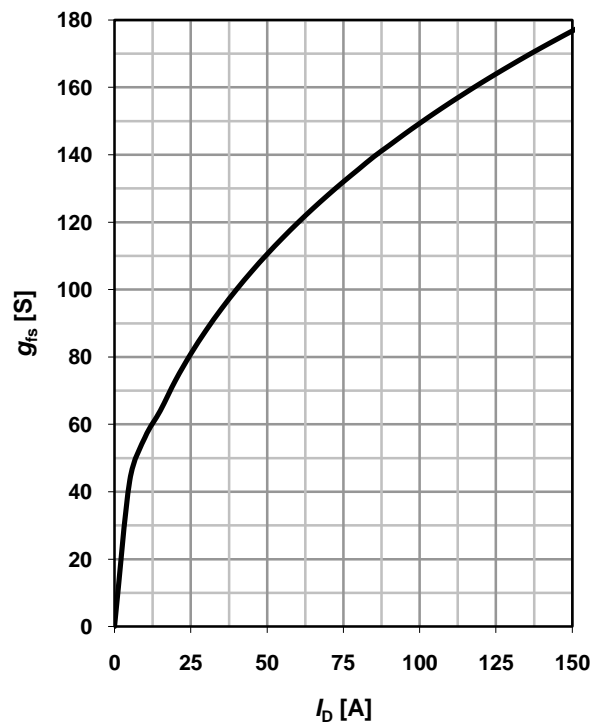
parameter:  $V_{GS}$ 


### 7 Typ. transfer characteristics

 $I_D = f(V_{GS}); |V_{DS}| > 2|I_D|R_{DS(on)max}$ 

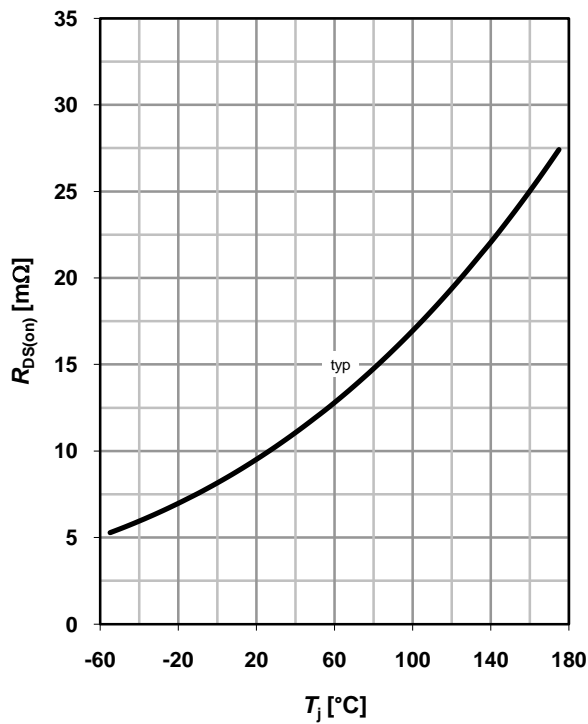
parameter:  $T_j$ 


### 8 Typ. forward transconductance

 $g_{fs} = f(I_D); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 


## 9 Drain-source on-state resistance

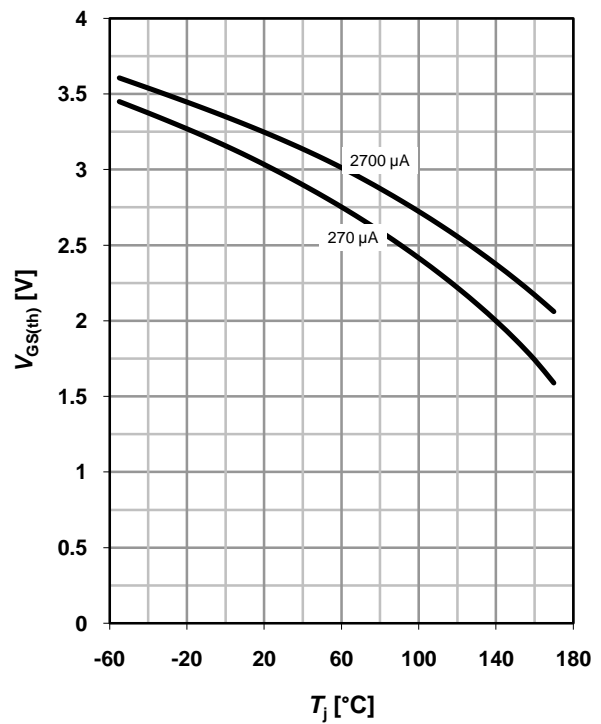
$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j); I_D = 88 \text{ A}; V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$$



## 10 Typ. gate threshold voltage

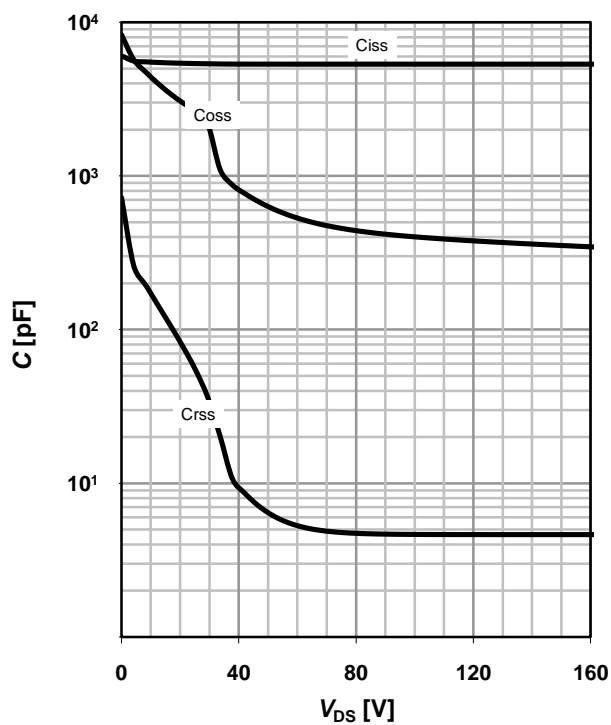
$$V_{GS(th)} = f(T_j); V_{GS} = V_{DS}$$

parameter:  $I_D$



## 11 Typ. capacitances

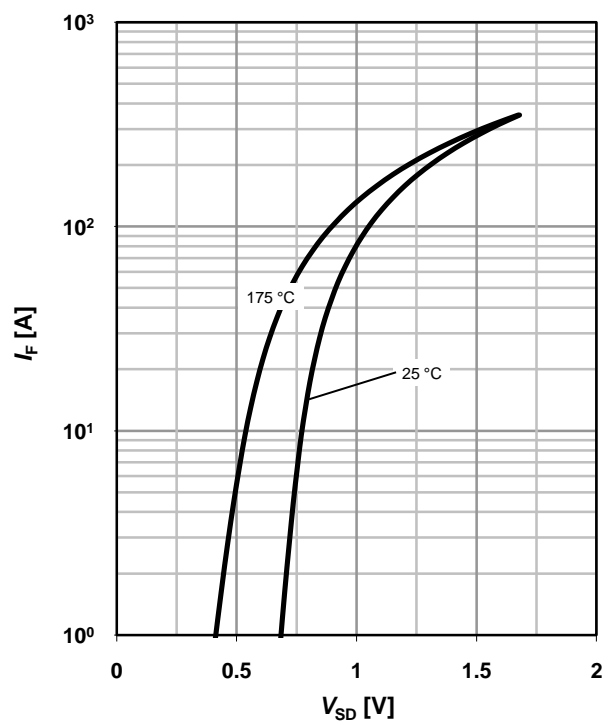
$$C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$$



## 12 Forward characteristics of reverse diode

$$I_F = f(V_{SD})$$

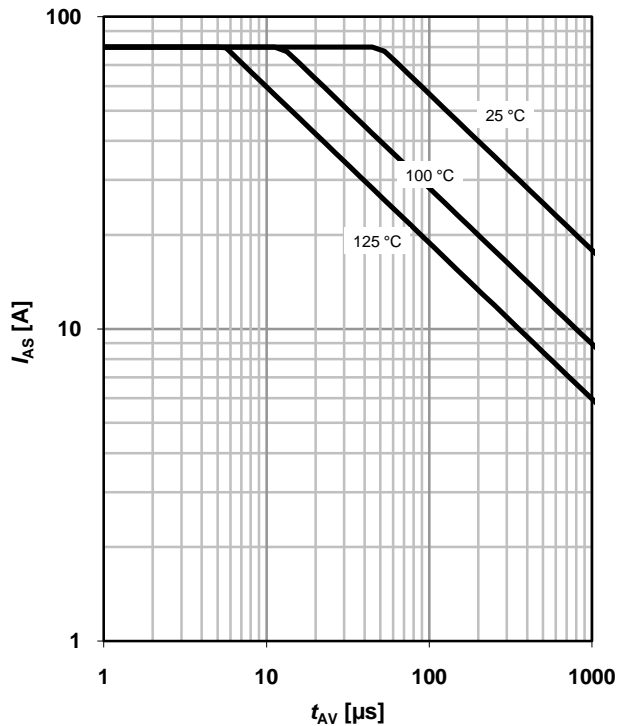
parameter:  $T_j$



### 13 Avalanche characteristics

$$I_{AS}=f(t_{AV}); R_{GS}=25\ \Omega$$

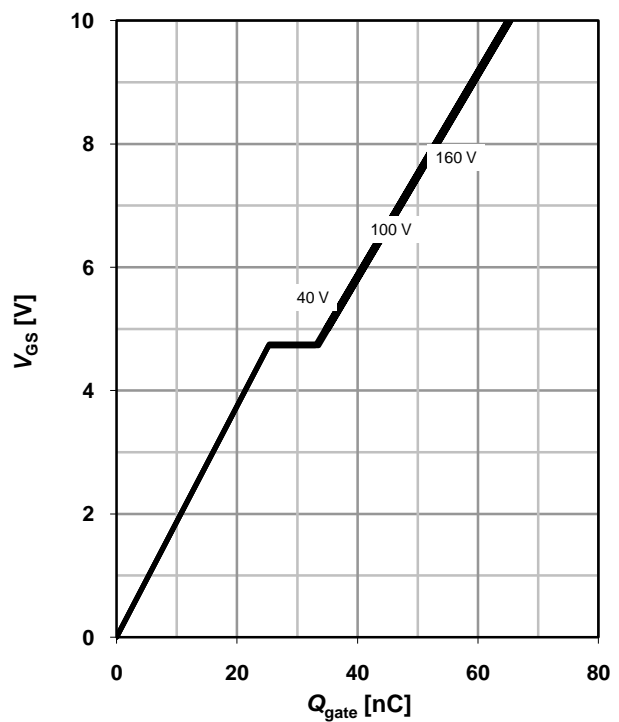
parameter:  $T_{j(\text{start})}$



### 14 Typ. gate charge

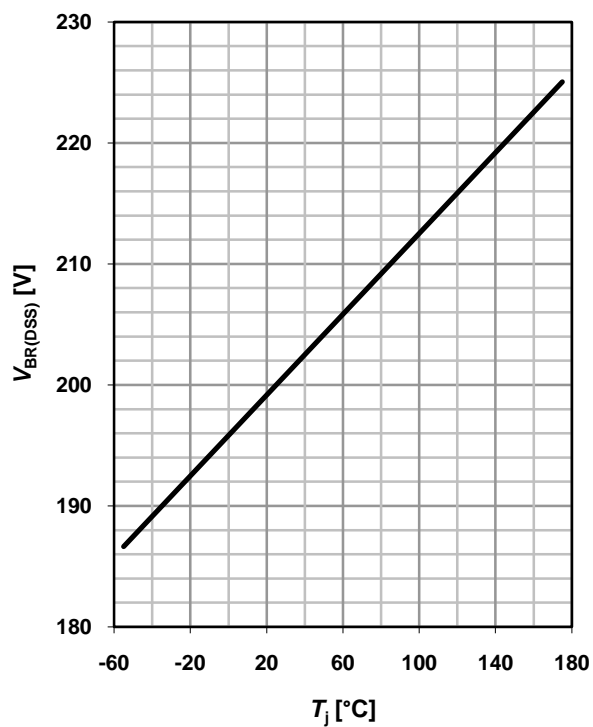
$$V_{GS}=f(Q_{\text{gate}}); I_D=44\ \text{A pulsed}$$

parameter:  $V_{DD}$

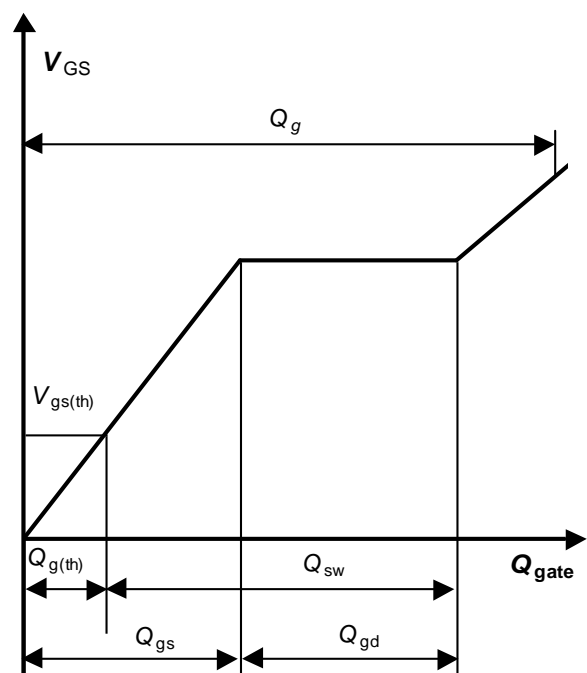


### 15 Drain-source breakdown voltage

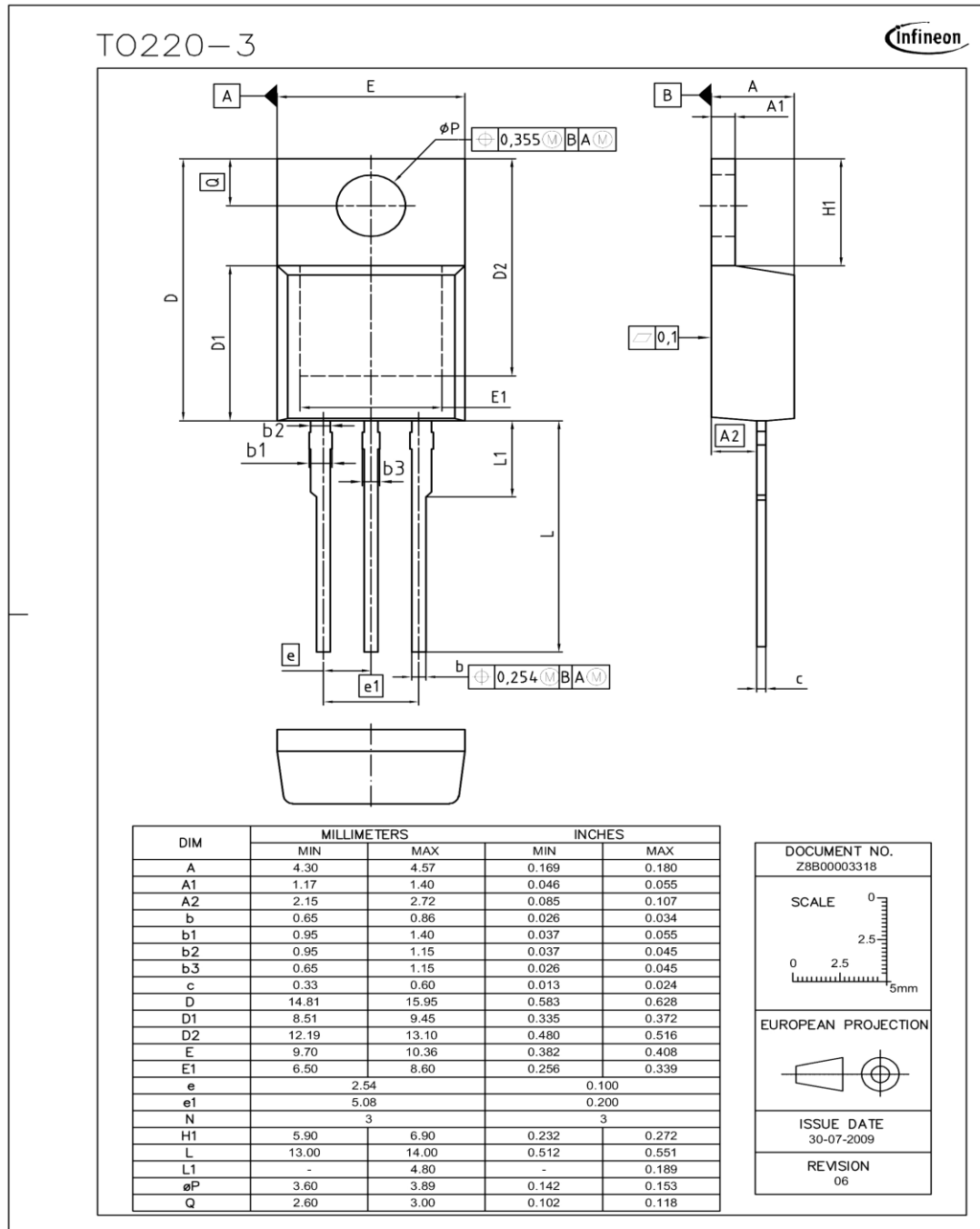
$$V_{BR(DSS)}=f(T_j); I_D=1\ \text{mA}$$



### 16 Gate charge waveforms

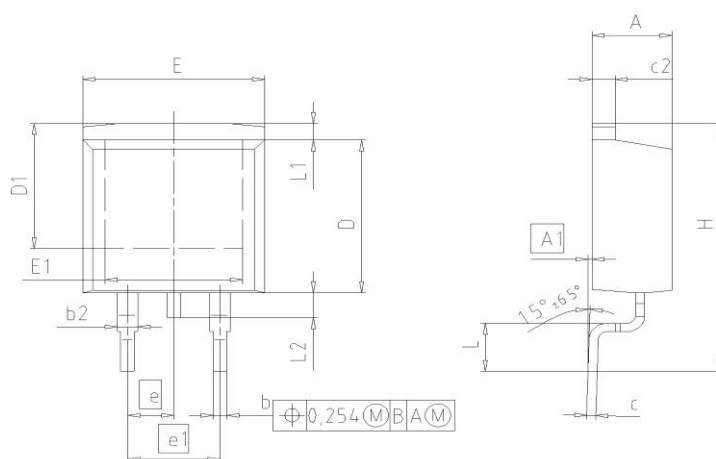


## PG-TO220-3: Outline

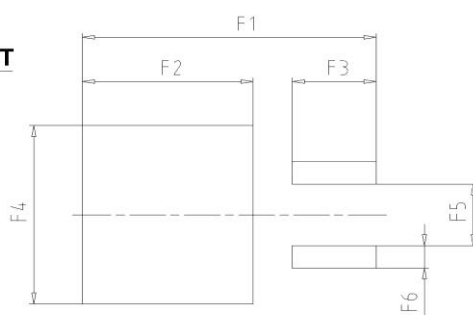





# PG-TO263-3: Outline



## FOOTPRINT



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.30	4.57	0.169	0.180
A1	0.00	0.25	0.000	0.010
b	0.65	0.85	0.026	0.033
b2	0.95	1.15	0.037	0.045
c	0.33	0.65	0.013	0.026
c2	1.17	1.40	0.046	0.055
D	8.51	9.45	0.335	0.372
D1	7.10	7.90	0.280	0.311
E	9.80	10.31	0.386	0.406
E1	6.50	8.60	0.256	0.339
e	2.54		0.100	
e1	5.08		0.200	
N	2		2	
H	14.61	15.88	0.575	0.625
L	2.29	3.00	0.090	0.118
L1	0.70	1.60	0.028	0.063
L2	1.00	1.78	0.039	0.070
F1	16.05	16.25	0.632	0.640
F2	9.30	9.50	0.366	0.374
F3	4.50	4.70	0.177	0.185
F4	10.70	10.90	0.421	0.429
F5	3.65	3.85	0.144	0.152
F6	1.25	1.45	0.049	0.057

DOCUMENT NO. Z8B00003324	
SCALE	0 5 5 7.5mm
EUROPEAN PROJECTION	
	
ISSUE DATE 30-08-2007	
REVISION 01	

**Published by**  
**Infineon Technologies AG**  
**81726 Munich, Germany**  
**© 2011 Infineon Technologies AG**  
**All Rights Reserved.**

**Legal Disclaimer**

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

**Information**

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office ([www.infineon.com](http://www.infineon.com)).

on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

Infineon Technologies components may be used in life-support devices or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.