

MOSFET

650V CoolMOS™ C7 Gold series (G7) SJ Power Device

The C7 GOLD series (G7) for the first time brings together the benefits of the C7 GOLD CoolMOS™ technology, 4 pin Kelvin Source capability and the improved thermal properties of the TOLL package to enable a possible SMD solution for high current topologies such as PFC up to 3kW

Features

- C7 Gold gives best in class FOM $R_{DS(on)} \cdot E_{oss}$ and $R_{DS(on)} \cdot Q_g$.
- C7 Gold technology enables best in class $R_{DS(on)}$ in smallest footprint.
- TOLL package has inbuilt 4th pin Kelvin Source configuration and low parasitic source inductance (~1nH).
- TOLL package is MSL1 compliant, total Pb-free and has easy visual inspection grooved leads.
- TOLL SMD package combined with lead free die attach process enables improved thermal performance R_{th} .

Benefits

- C7 Gold FOM $R_{DS(on)} \cdot Q_g$ is 14% better than previous C7 650V enabling faster switching leading to higher efficiency.
- C7 Gold can reach 33mΩ in in TOLL 115mm² footprint, whereas previous BIC C7 650V was 45mΩ in 150mm² D²PAK footprint.
- Reducing parasitic source inductance by Kelvin Source improves efficiency by faster switching and ease of use due to less ringing.
- TOLL package is easy to use and has the highest quality standards.
- Improved thermals enable SMD TOLL package to be used in higher current designs than has been previously possible.

Potential applications

PFC stages and hard switching PWM stages for e.g. Computing, Server, Telecom, UPS and Solar.

Product validation

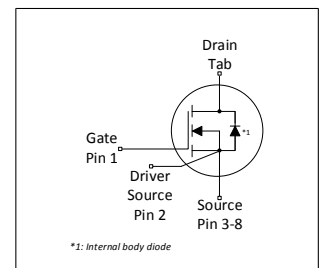
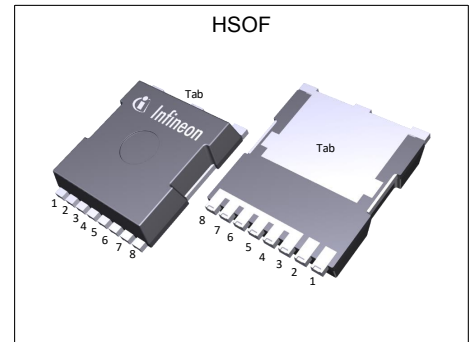
Fully qualified according to JEDEC for Industrial Applications

Please note: For MOSFET paralleling the use of ferrite beads on the gate or separate totem poles is generally recommended.

Table 1 Key Performance Parameters

Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	700	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	33	mΩ
$Q_{g,typ}$	110	nC
$I_{D,pulse}$	245	A
$I_{D,continuous} @ T_j < 150^\circ C$	77	A
$E_{oss}@400V$	13.5	μJ
Body diode di/dt	60	A/μs

Type / Ordering Code	Package	Marking	Related Links
IPT65R033G7	PG-HSOF-8	65R033G7	see Appendix A



RoHS

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1 Maximum ratings

at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 2 Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Continuous drain current ¹⁾	I_D	-	-	69 44	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$
Pulsed drain current ²⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	-	-	245	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	-	-	289	mJ	$I_D=12.5\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 10
Avalanche energy, repetitive	E_{AR}	-	-	1.44	mJ	$I_D=12.5\text{A}$; $V_{DD}=50\text{V}$; see table 10
Avalanche current, single pulse	I_{AS}	-	-	12.5	A	-
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	-	-	100	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$
Gate source voltage (static)	V_{GS}	-20	-	20	V	static;
Gate source voltage (dynamic)	V_{GS}	-30	-	30	V	AC ($f>1\text{ Hz}$)
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	-	-	391	W	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Operating junction temperature	T_j	-55	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Mounting torque	-	-	-	n.a.	Ncm	-
Continuous diode forward current	I_S	-	-	69	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Diode pulse current ²⁾	$I_{S,pulse}$	-	-	245	A	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse diode dv/dt ³⁾	dv/dt	-	-	1.5	V/ns	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq I_S$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 8
Maximum diode commutation speed	di/dt	-	-	60	A/ μs	$V_{DS}=0\dots400\text{V}$, $I_{SD}\leq I_S$, $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ see table 8
Insulation withstand voltage	V_{ISO}	-	-	n.a.	V	V_{rms} , $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$, $t=1\text{min}$

¹⁾ Limited by $T_{j,max}$.

²⁾ Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$

³⁾ Identical low side and high side switch

2 Thermal characteristics

Table 3 Thermal characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	0.32	°C/W	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	-	-	62	°C/W	device on PCB, minimal footprint
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient for SMD version	R_{thJA}	-	35	45	°C/W	Device on 40mm*40mm*1.5mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6cm² (one layer, 70µm thickness) copper area for drain connection and cooling. PCB is vertical without air stream cooling.
Soldering temperature, wave- & reflow soldering allowed	T_{sold}	-	-	260	°C	reflow MSL1

3 Electrical characteristics

at $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 4 Static characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	650	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $I_D=1\text{mA}$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$	3	3.5	4	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=1.44\text{mA}$
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	-	-	2	μA	$V_{DS}=650$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{DS}=650$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	-	-	100	nA	$V_{GS}=20\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=0\text{V}$
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	0.029 0.072	0.033 -	Ω	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $I_D=28.9\text{A}$, $T_j=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$, $I_D=28.9\text{A}$, $T_j=150^{\circ}\text{C}$
Gate resistance	R_G	-	0.85	-	Ω	$f=1\text{MHz}$, open drain

Table 5 Dynamic characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	-	5000	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=400\text{V}$, $f=250\text{kHz}$
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	-	80	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=400\text{V}$, $f=250\text{kHz}$
Effective output capacitance, energy related ¹⁾	$C_{o(er)}$	-	169	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=0\ldots400\text{V}$
Effective output capacitance, time related ²⁾	$C_{o(tr)}$	-	1880	-	pF	$I_D=\text{constant}$, $V_{GS}=0\text{V}$, $V_{DS}=0\ldots400\text{V}$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	20	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=13\text{V}$, $I_D=28.9\text{A}$, $R_G=3.3\Omega$; see table 9
Rise time	t_r	-	8	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=13\text{V}$, $I_D=28.9\text{A}$, $R_G=3.3\Omega$; see table 9
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	85	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=13\text{V}$, $I_D=28.9\text{A}$, $R_G=3.3\Omega$; see table 9
Fall time	t_f	-	5	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GS}=13\text{V}$, $I_D=28.9\text{A}$, $R_G=3.3\Omega$; see table 9

Table 6 Gate charge characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	-	27	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400\text{V}$, $I_D=28.9\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0$ to 10V
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}	-	35	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400\text{V}$, $I_D=28.9\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0$ to 10V
Gate charge total	Q_g	-	110	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400\text{V}$, $I_D=28.9\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0$ to 10V
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$	-	5.4	-	V	$V_{DD}=400\text{V}$, $I_D=28.9\text{A}$, $V_{GS}=0$ to 10V

¹⁾ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V

²⁾ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V

Table 7 Reverse diode characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	-	0.8	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_F=28.9A$, $T_J=25^{\circ}C$
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	-	600	-	ns	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=28.9A$, $di_F/dt=60A/\mu s$; see table 8
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	-	9	-	μC	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=28.9A$, $di_F/dt=60A/\mu s$; see table 8
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}	-	30	-	A	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=28.9A$, $di_F/dt=60A/\mu s$; see table 8

4 Electrical characteristics diagrams

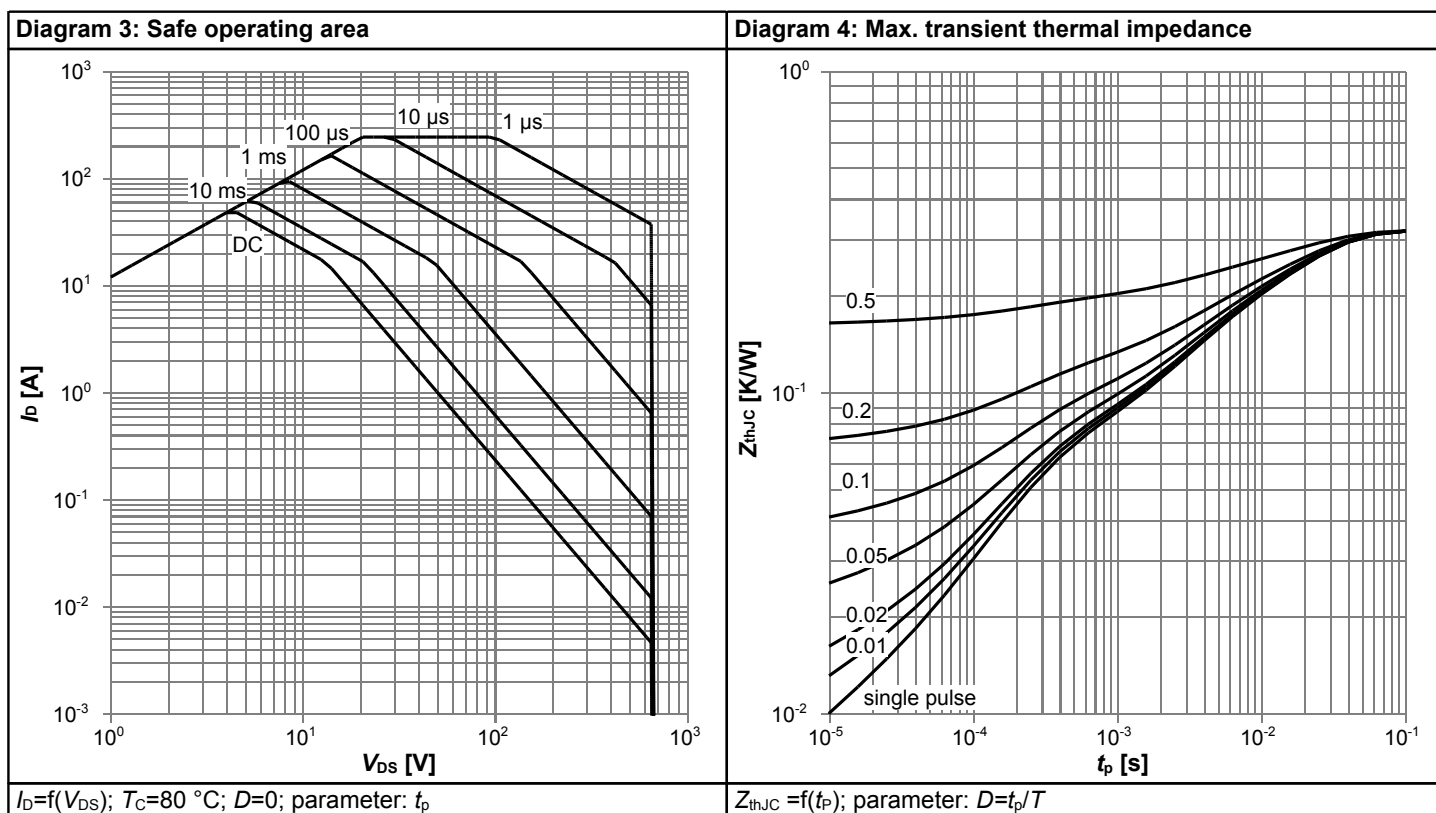
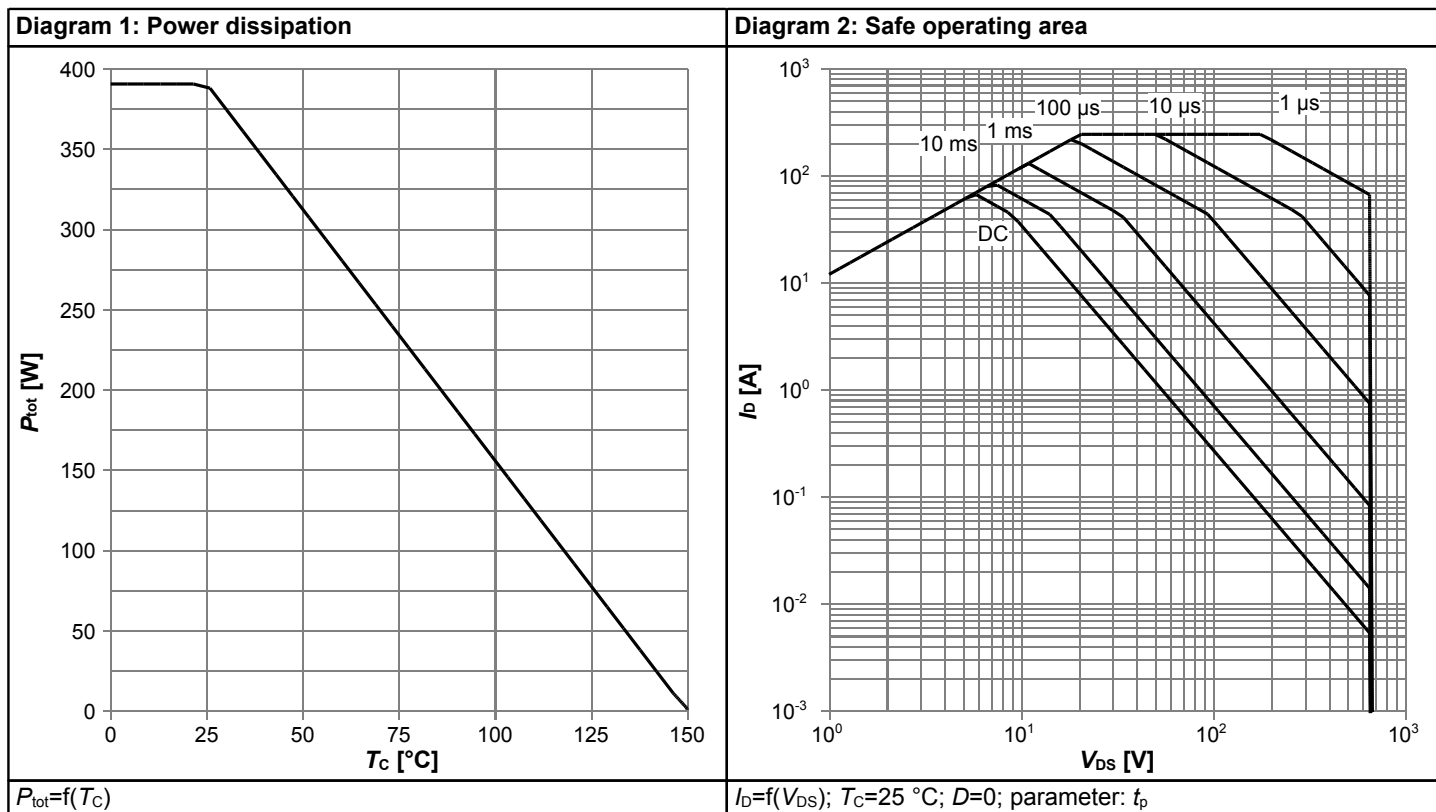
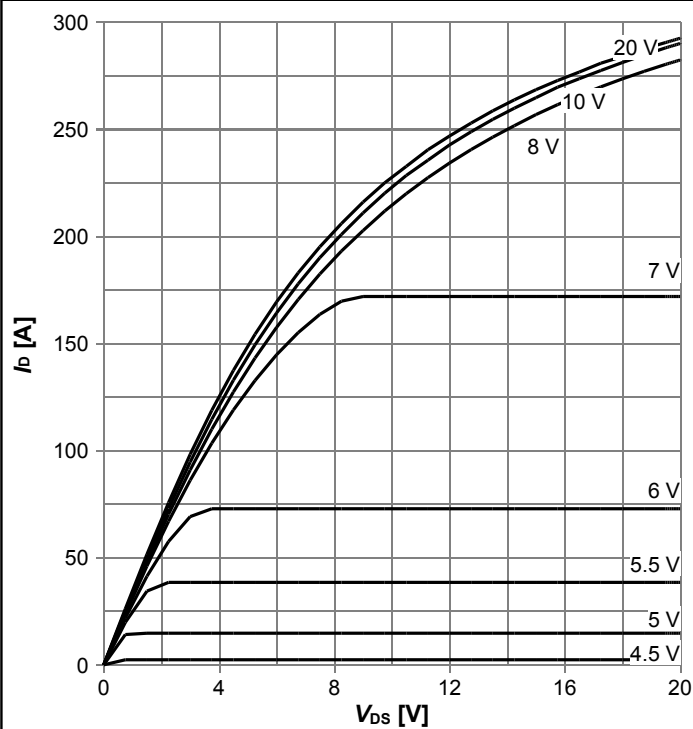
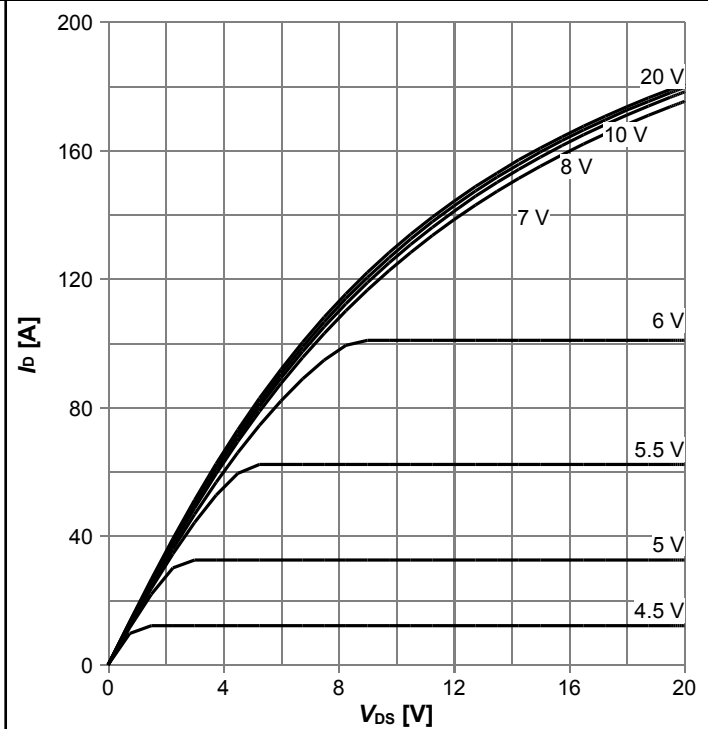


Diagram 5: Typ. output characteristics



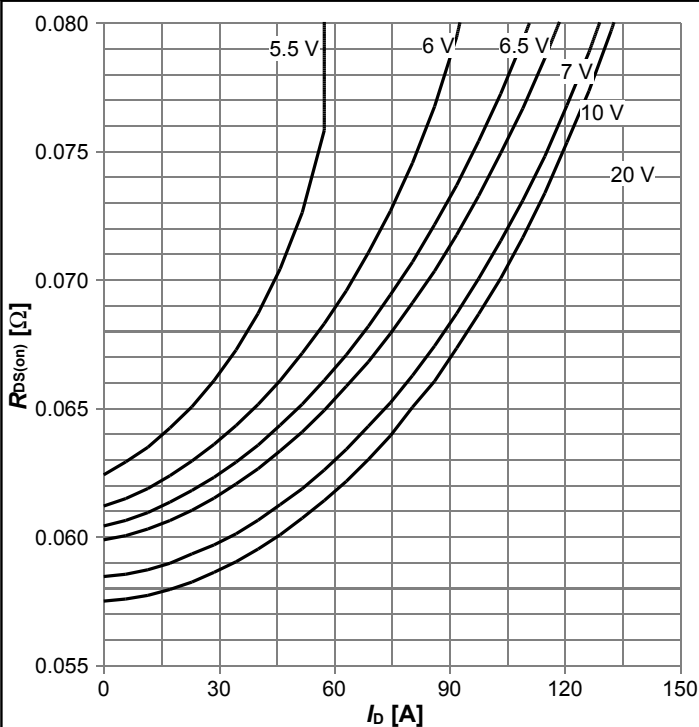
$I_D = f(V_{DS})$; $T_J = 25\text{ °C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 6: Typ. output characteristics



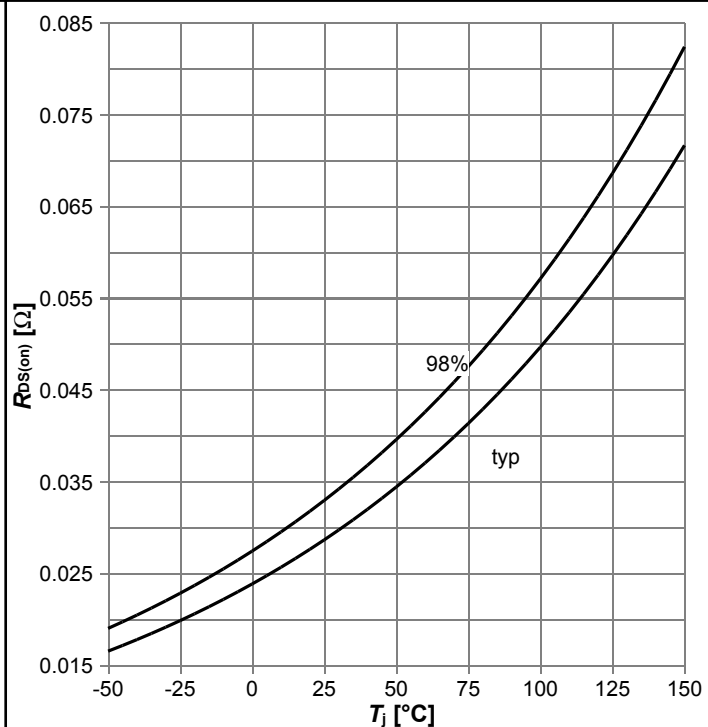
$I_D = f(V_{DS})$; $T_J = 125\text{ °C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 7: Typ. drain-source on-state resistance



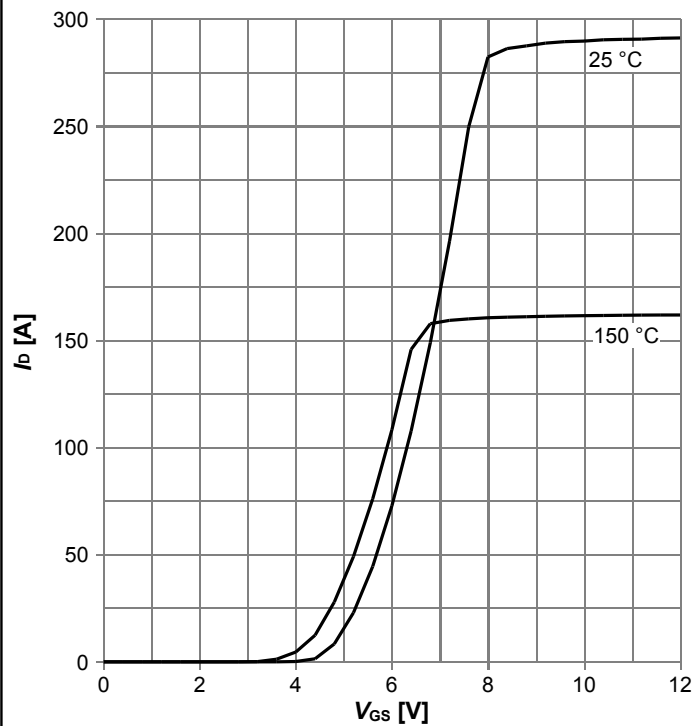
$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D)$; $T_J = 125\text{ °C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Diagram 8: Drain-source on-state resistance



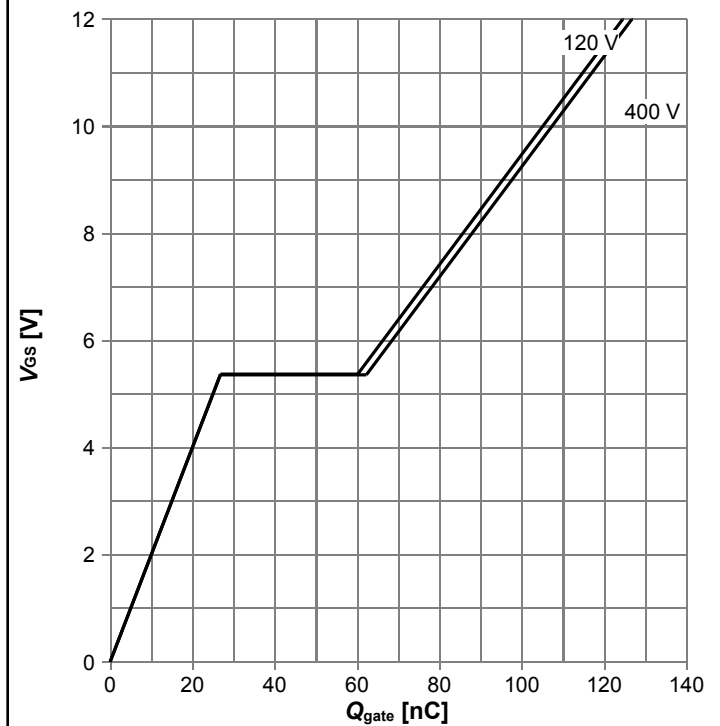
$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_J)$; $I_D = 28.9\text{ A}$; $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$

Diagram 9: Typ. transfer characteristics



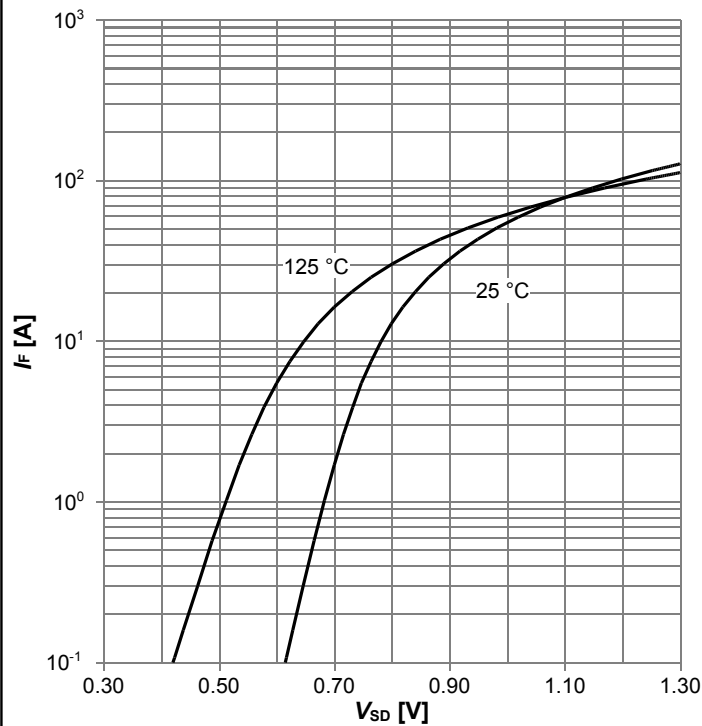
$I_D = f(V_{GS})$; $V_{DS} = 20$ V; parameter: T_j

Diagram 10: Typ. gate charge



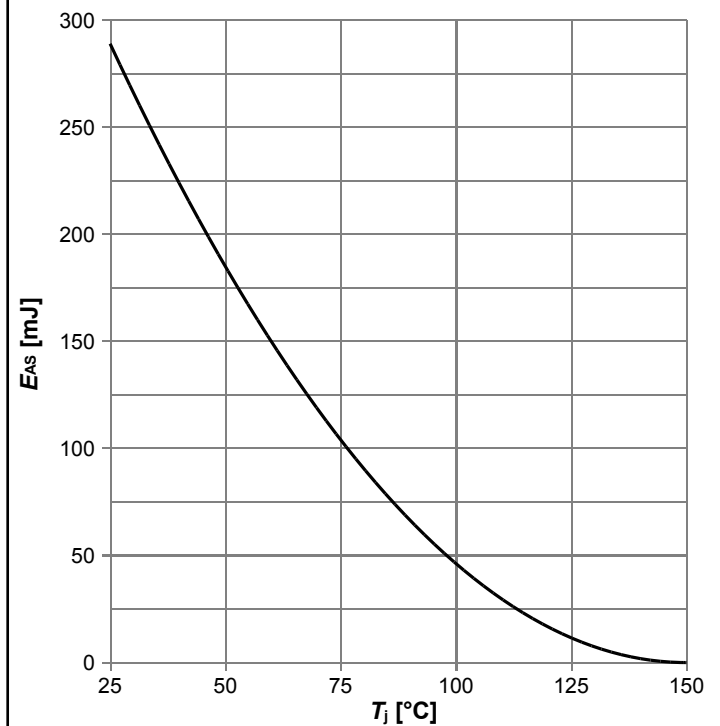
$V_{GS} = f(Q_{gate})$; $I_D = 28.9$ A pulsed; parameter: V_{DD}

Diagram 11: Forward characteristics of reverse diode



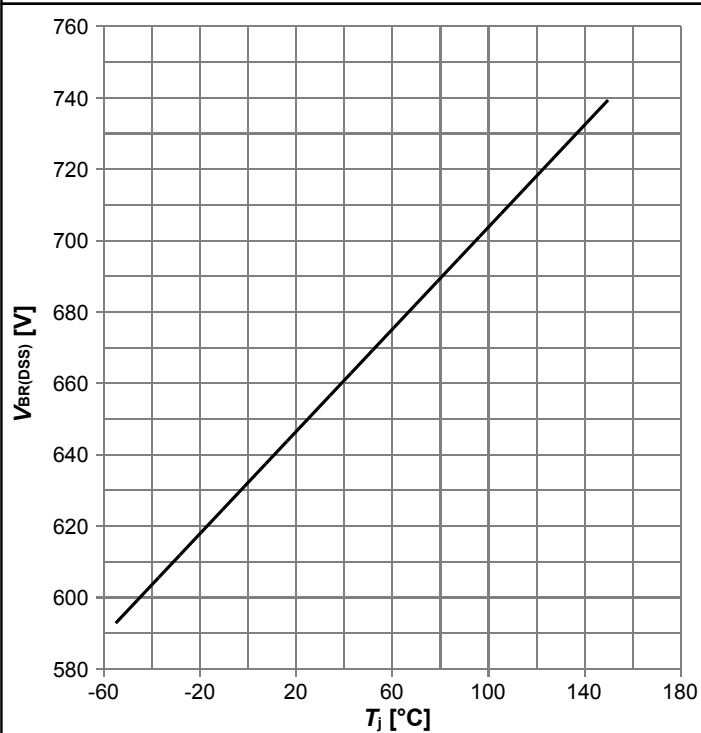
$I_F = f(V_{SD})$; parameter: T_j

Diagram 12: Avalanche energy



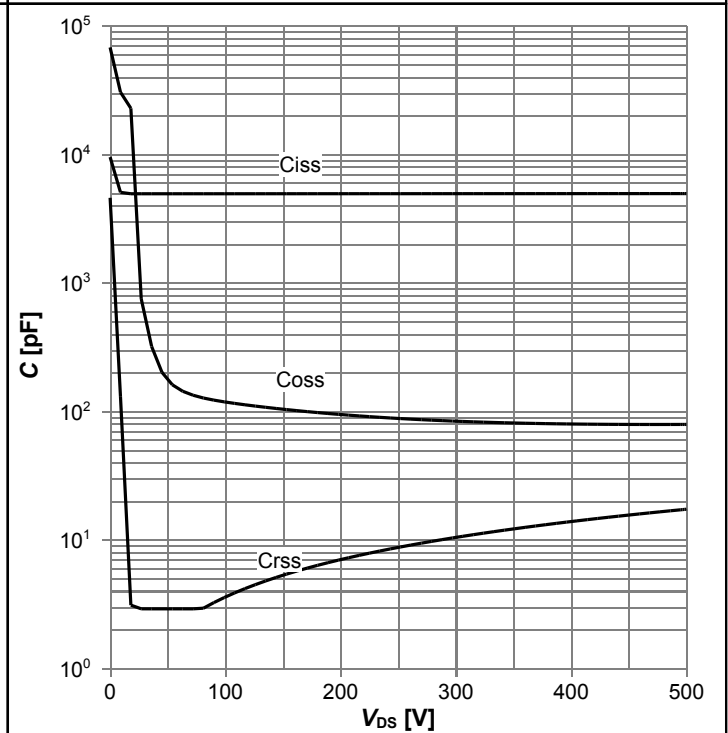
$E_{AS} = f(T_j)$; $I_D = 12.5$ A; $V_{DD} = 50$ V

Diagram 13: Drain-source breakdown voltage



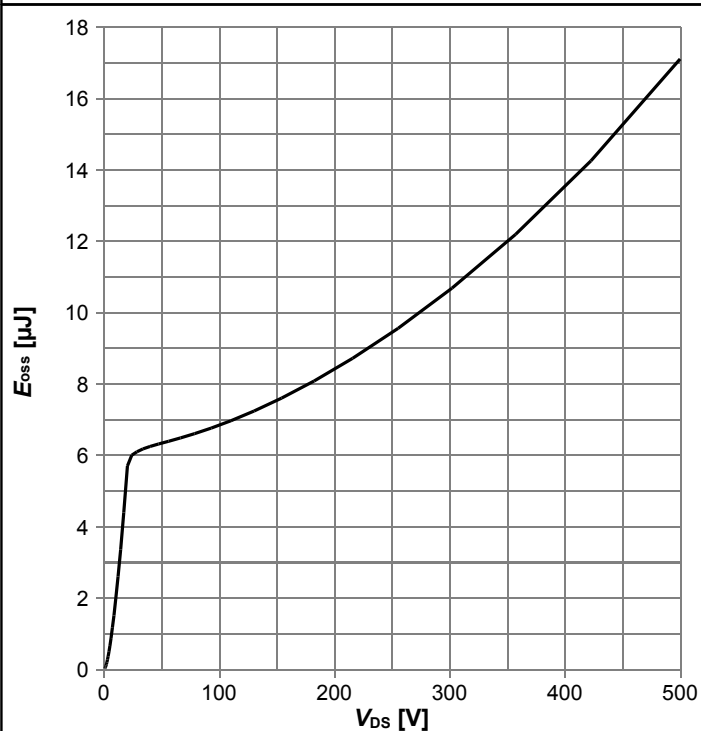
$V_{BR(DSS)} = f(T_J); I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$

Diagram 14: Typ. capacitances



$C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 250 \text{ kHz}$

Diagram 15: Typ. C_{oss} stored energy



$E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$

5 Test Circuits

Table 8 Diode characteristics

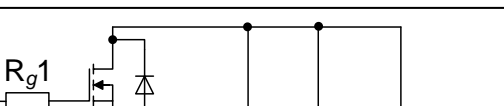
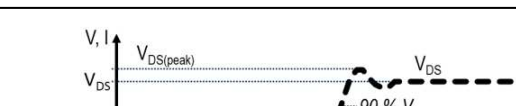
<p>Test circuit for diode characteristics</p>  <p>$R_{g1} = R_{g2}$</p>	<p>Diode recovery waveform</p> 
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Table 9 Switching times (ss)

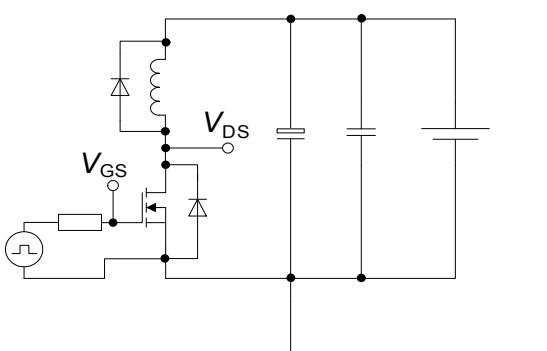
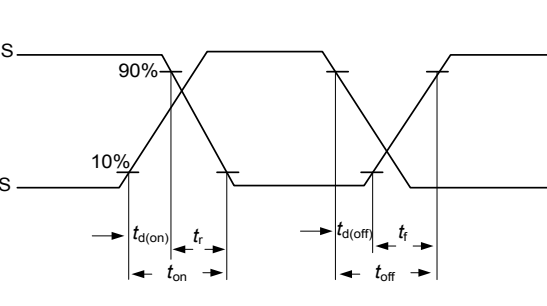
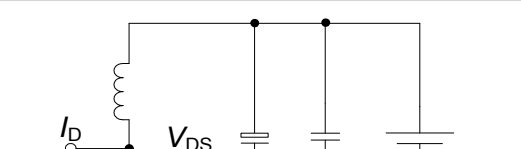

Switching times test circuit for inductive load	Switching times waveform
 <p>The circuit diagram illustrates a MOSFET switching an inductive load. A pulse source drives the gate of an N-channel MOSFET through a resistor. The MOSFET's drain is connected to an inductor, which is in series with a freewheeling diode. The other end of the inductor and diode is connected to ground. The drain voltage is labeled V_{DS} and the gate voltage is labeled V_{GS}. The MOSFET is shown in a common-source configuration.</p>	 <p>The timing diagram shows the relationship between the drain-source voltage (V_{DS}) and the gate-source voltage (V_{GS}) during switching transitions. The diagram illustrates the turn-on and turn-off sequences. Key time intervals are marked:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> $t_{d(on)}$: Delay time from the start of the gate voltage rise to the 90% rise of the drain voltage. t_r: Rise time of the drain voltage from 90% to 100%. t_{on}: Total turn-on time, the sum of $t_{d(on)}$ and t_r. $t_{d(off)}$: Delay time from the start of the gate voltage fall to the 90% fall of the drain voltage. t_f: Fall time of the drain voltage from 90% to 10%. t_{off}: Total turn-off time, the sum of $t_{d(off)}$ and t_f.

Table 10 Unclamped inductive load (ss)

Unclamped inductive load test circuit	Unclamped inductive waveform
	

6 Package Outlines

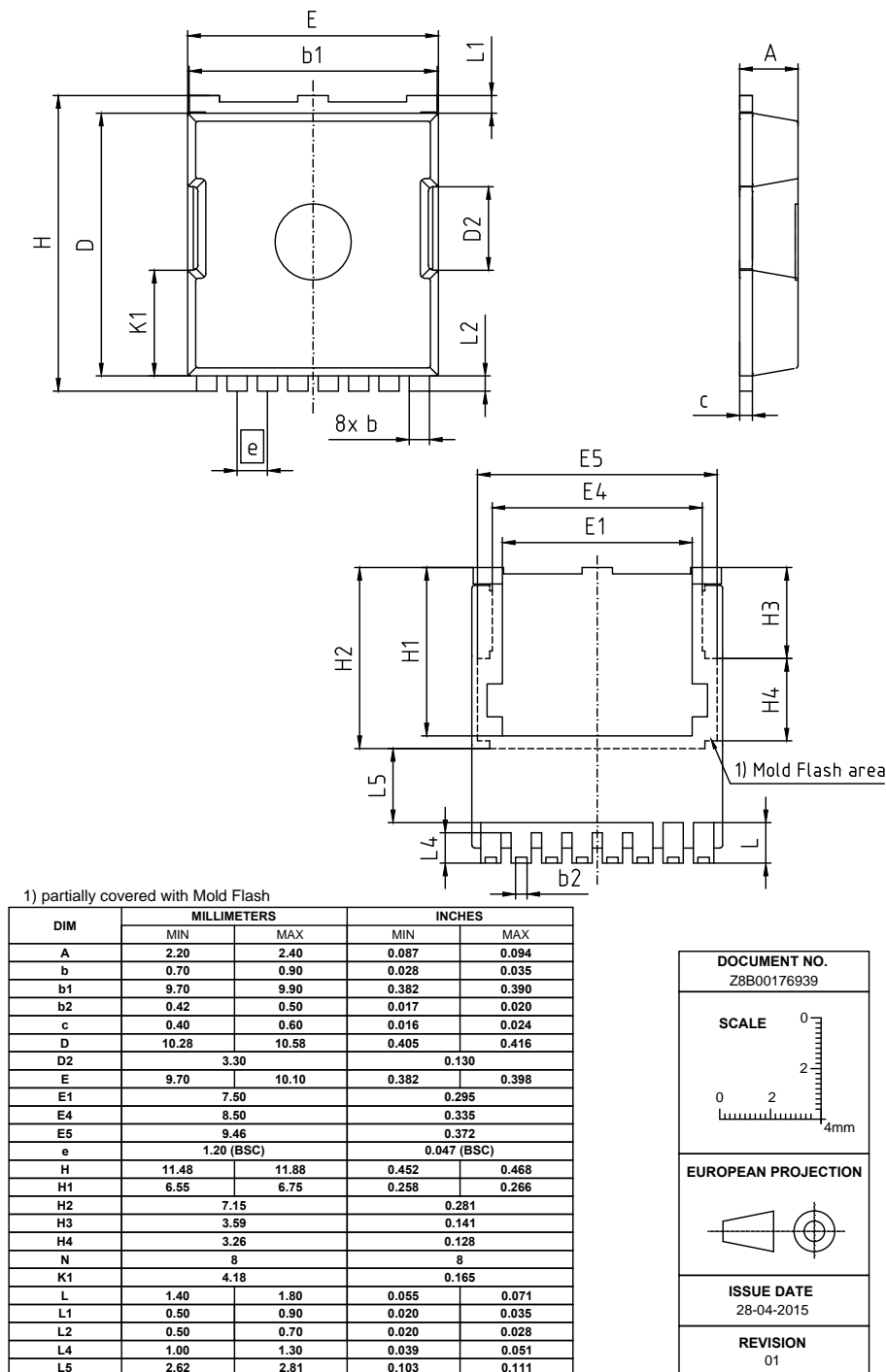


Figure 1 Outline PG-HSOF-8, dimensions in mm/inches

7 Appendix A

Table 11 Related Links

- IFX CoolMOS™ G7 Webpage: www.infineon.com
- IFX CoolMOS™ G7 application note: www.infineon.com
- IFX CoolMOS™ G7 simulation model: www.infineon.com
- IFX Design tools: www.infineon.com

Revision History

IPT65R033G7

Revision: 2020-11-06, Rev. 2.3

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.0	2016-03-01	Release of final version
2.1	2016-03-14	Page 1 format update
2.2	2017-03-20	page1 marking changed, diagram 8 RDSon: fitted to table value
2.3	2020-11-06	Content update diagram 2,3,4,7,8 and format update

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