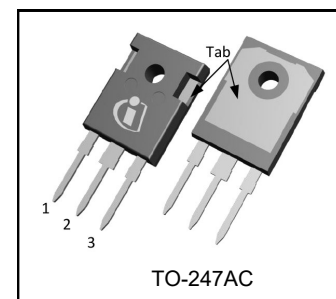
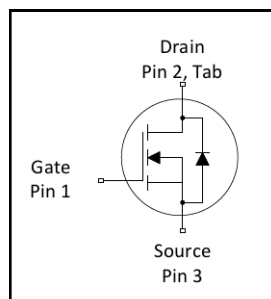


| | |
|--|-------------|
| V_{DSS} min | 250V |
| V_{DS} (Avalanche) typ. | 300V |
| R_{DS(on)} typ. | 29mΩ |
| I_D | 57A |



Features

- Advanced Process Technology
- Key Parameters Optimized for PDP Sustain, Energy Recovery and Pass Switch Applications
- Low E_{PULSE} Rating to Reduce Power Dissipation in PDP Sustain, Energy Recovery and Pass Switch Applications
- Low Q_G for Fast Response
- High Repetitive Peak Current Capability for Reliable Operation
- Short Fall & Rise Times for Fast Switching
- 175°C Operating Junction Temperature for Improved Ruggedness
- Repetitive Avalanche Capability for Robustness and Reliability

Description

This HEXFET® Power MOSFET is specifically designed for Sustain; Energy Recovery & Pass switch applications in Plasma Display Panels. This MOSFET utilizes the latest processing techniques to achieve low on-resistance per silicon area and low E_{PULSE} rating. Additional features of this MOSFET are 175°C operating junction temperature and high repetitive peak current capability. These features combine to make this MOSFET a highly efficient, robust and reliable device for PDP driving applications

| Base Part Number | Package Type | Standard Pack | | Orderable Part Number |
|------------------|--------------|---------------|----------|-----------------------|
| | | Form | Quantity | |
| IRFP4332PbF | TO-247AC | Tube | 25 | IRFP4332PbF |

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Symbol | Parameter | Max. | Units |
|--|--|-------------------|-------|
| V _{GS} | Gate-to-Source Voltage | ± 30 | V |
| I _D @ T _C = 25°C | Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V | 57 | A |
| I _D @ T _C = 100°C | Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V | 40 | |
| I _{DM} | Pulsed Drain Current ① | 230 | |
| I _{RP} @ T _C = 100°C | Repetitive Peak Current⑤⑥ | 120 | W |
| P _D @ T _C = 25°C | Power Dissipation | 360 | |
| P _D @ T _C = 100°C | Power Dissipation | 180 | |
| | Linear Derating Factor | 2.4 | W/°C |
| T _J T _{STG} | Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range | -40 to + 175 | °C |
| | Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case) | 300 | |
| | Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw | 10lbf.in (1.1N.m) | |

Thermal Resistance

| Symbol | Parameter | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|------------------|------------------------------------|------|------|-------|
| R _{θJC} | Junction-to-Case ④ | — | 0.42 | °C/W |
| R _{θCS} | Case-to-Sink, Flat Greased Surface | 0.24 | — | |
| R _{θJA} | Junction-to-Ambient | — | 40 | |

Static @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------|------|------|---------|--|
| $V_{(BR)DSS}$ | Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage | 250 | — | — | V | $V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$ |
| $\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$ | Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient | — | 170 | — | mV/°C | Reference to 25°C , $I_D = 1mA$ ① |
| $R_{DS(on)}$ | Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance | — | 29 | 33 | mΩ | $V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 35A$ ③ |
| $V_{GS(th)}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage | 3.0 | — | 5.0 | V | $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu A$ |
| $\Delta V_{GS(th)}/\Delta T_J$ | Gate Threshold Voltage Coefficient | — | -14 | — | mV/°C | |
| I_{DSS} | Drain-to-Source Leakage Current | — | — | 20 | μA | $V_{DS} = 250V, V_{GS} = 0V$ |
| | | — | — | 200 | | $V_{DS} = 250V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ |
| I_{GSS} | Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage | — | — | 100 | nA | $V_{GS} = 20V$ |
| | Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage | — | — | -100 | | $V_{GS} = -20V$ |
| g_{fs} | Forward Transconductance | 100 | — | — | S | $V_{DS} = 25V, I_D = 35A$ |
| Q_g | Total Gate Charge | — | 99 | 150 | nC | $V_{DD} = 125V, I_D = 35A$ |
| Q_{gd} | Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge | — | 35 | — | | $V_{GS} = 10V$ ③ |
| t_{st} | Shoot Through Blocking Time | 100 | — | — | ns | $V_{DD} = 200V, V_{GS} = 15V, R_G = 4.7\Omega$ |
| E_{PULSE} | Energy per Pulse | — | 520 | — | μJ | $L = 220nH, C = 0.3\mu F, V_{GS} = 15V$ $V_{DD} = 200V, R_G = 5.1\Omega, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ |
| | | — | 920 | — | | $L = 220nH, C = 0.3\mu F, V_{GS} = 15V$ $V_{DD} = 200V, R_G = 5.1\Omega, T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ |
| C_{iss} | Input Capacitance | — | 5860 | — | pF | $V_{GS} = 0V$ |
| C_{oss} | Output Capacitance | — | 530 | — | | $V_{DS} = 25V$ |
| C_{rss} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | — | 130 | — | | $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ |
| $C_{oss\text{ eff.}}$ | Effective Output Capacitance | — | 360 | — | | $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V\text{ to }200V$ |
| L_D | Internal Drain Inductance | — | 5.0 | — | nH | Between lead, from package |
| L_S | Internal Source Inductance | — | 13 | — | | |

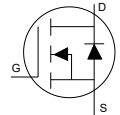


Avalanche Characteristics

| | Parameter | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|------|------|-------|
| E_{AS} | Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ② | — | 210 | mJ |
| E_{AR} | Repetitive Avalanche Energy ① | — | 36 | |
| $V_{DS(Avalanche)}$ | Repetitive Avalanche Voltage ① | 300 | — | V |
| I_{AS} | Avalanche Current ② | — | 35 | A |

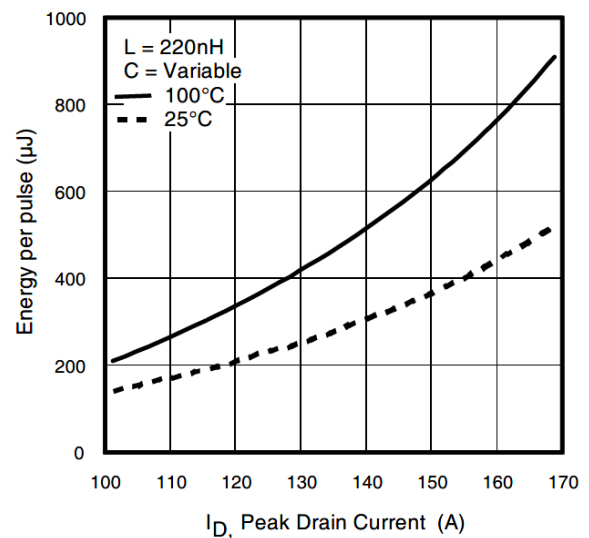
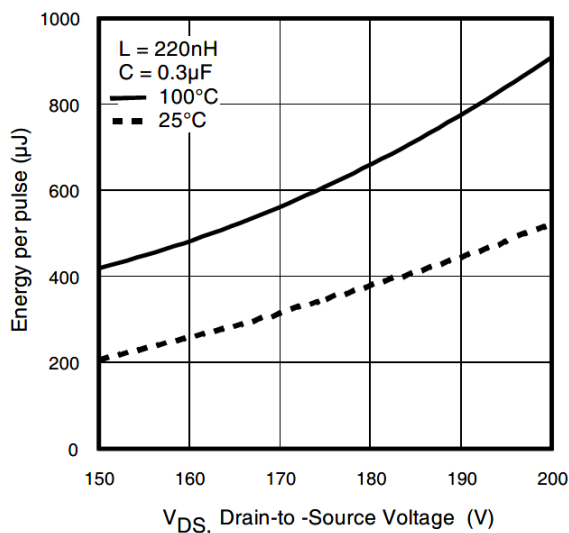
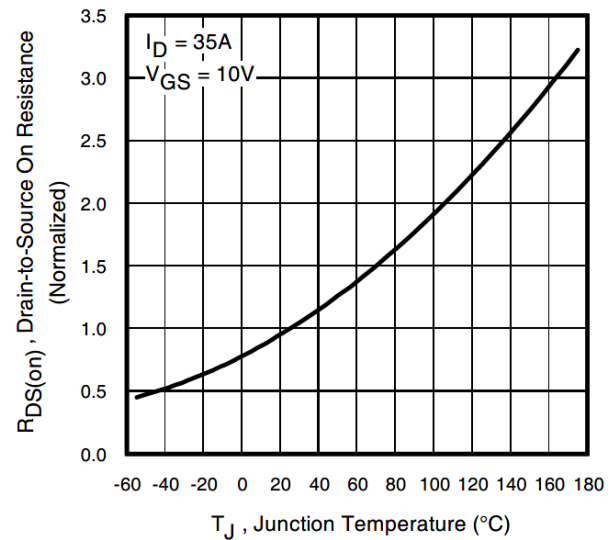
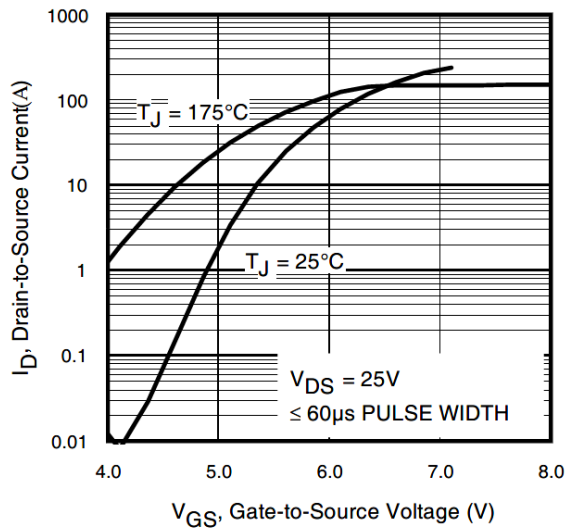
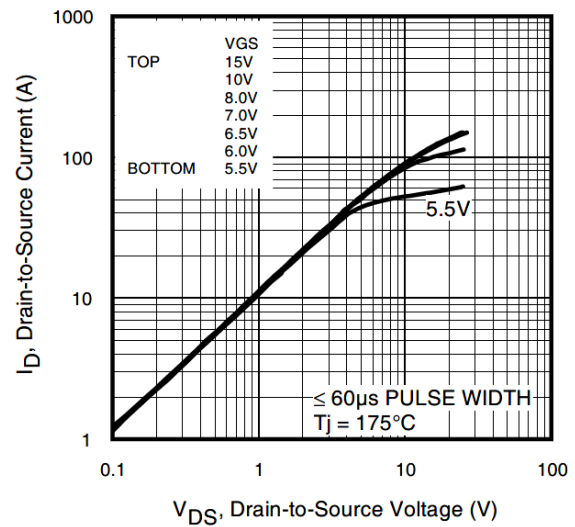
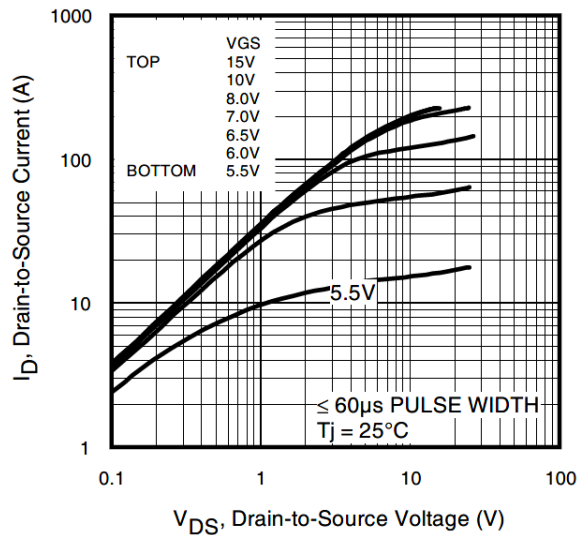
Diode Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions |
|----------|---|------|------|------|-------|---|
| I_S | Continuous Source Current (Body Diode) | — | — | 57 | A | MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. |
| I_{SM} | Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ① | — | — | 230 | A | |
| V_{SD} | Diode Forward Voltage | — | — | 1.3 | V | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 35A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ③ |
| t_{rr} | Reverse Recovery Time | — | 190 | 290 | ns | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 35A, V_{DD} = 50V$ |
| Q_{rr} | Reverse Recovery Charge | — | 820 | 1230 | nC | $di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ ③ |



Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. Junction temperature.
- ② Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 0.35mH$, $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 35A$.
- ③ Pulse width $\leq 400\mu s$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- ④ R_{θ} is measured at T_J approximately 90°C .
- ⑤ Half sine wave with duty cycle = 0.25, $t_{on} = 1\mu s$.
- ⑥ Applicable to Sustain and Energy Recovery applications.



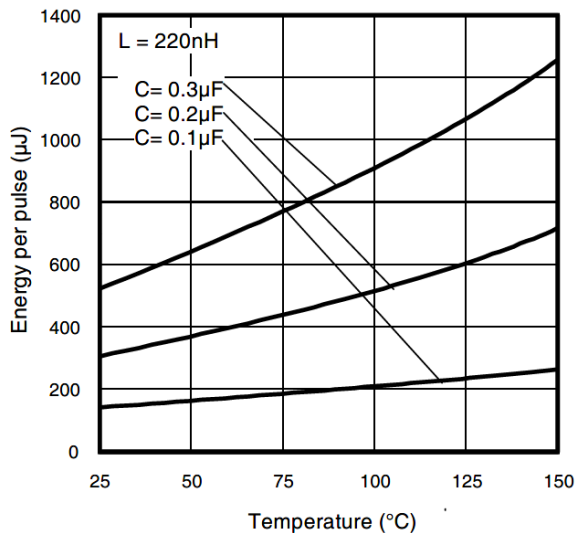


Fig 7. Typical E_{PULSE} vs. Temperature

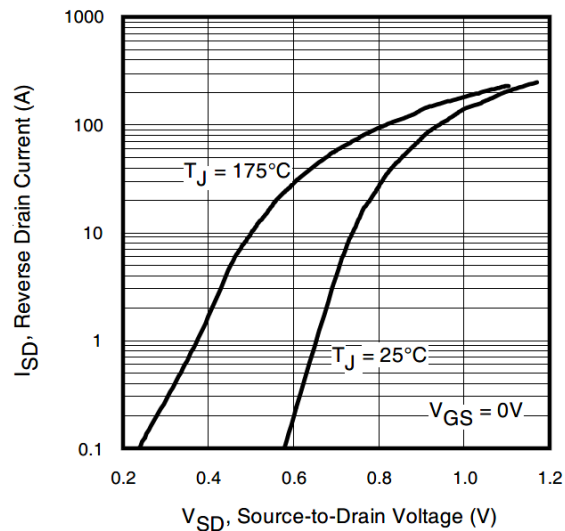


Fig 8. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

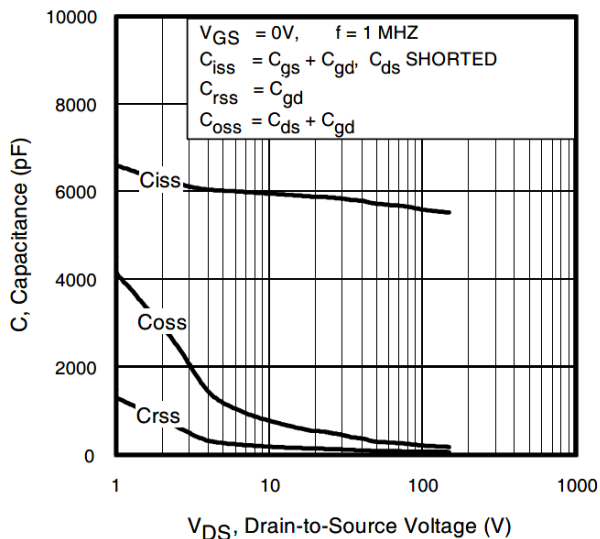


Fig 9. Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

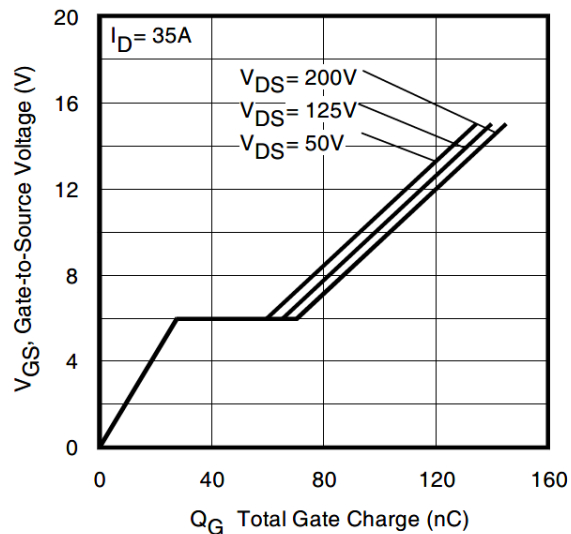


Fig 10. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

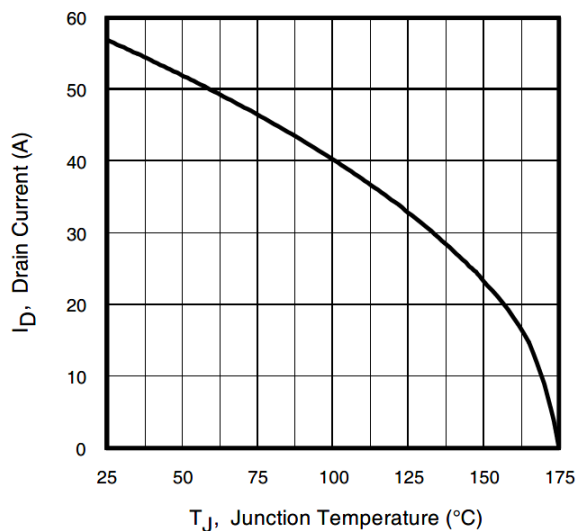


Fig 11. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

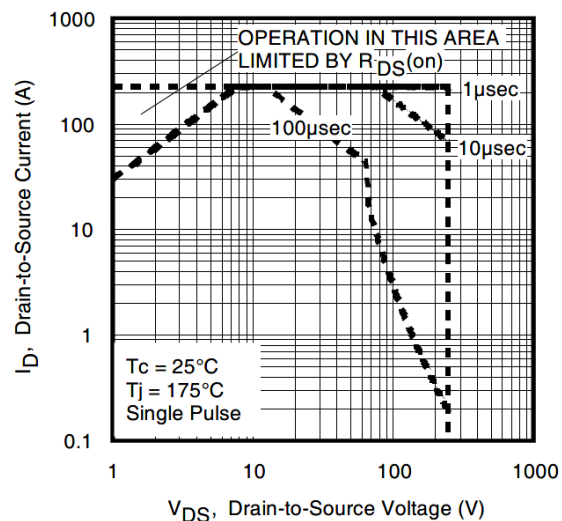
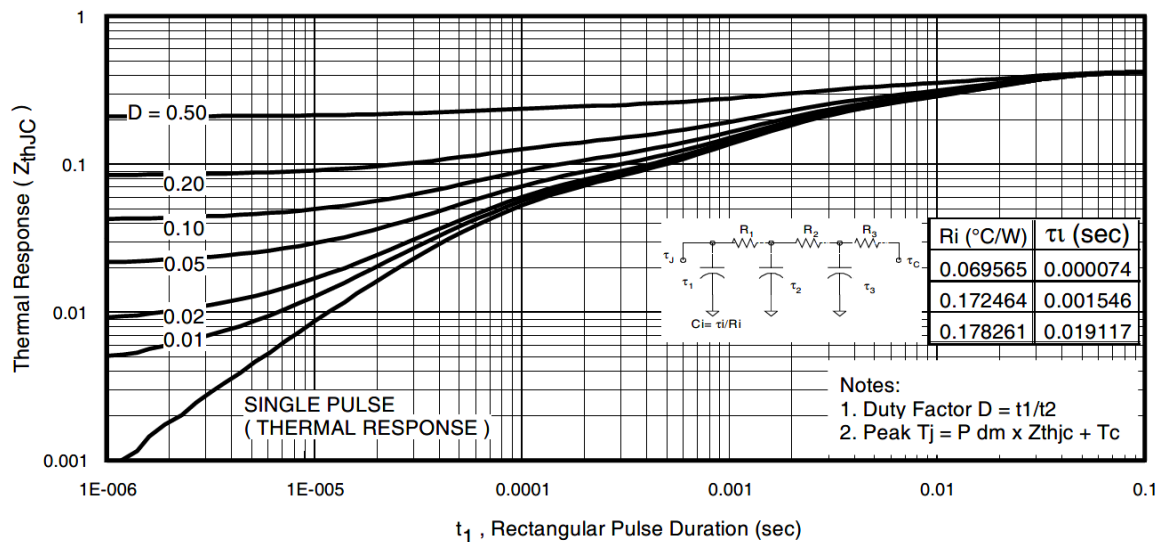
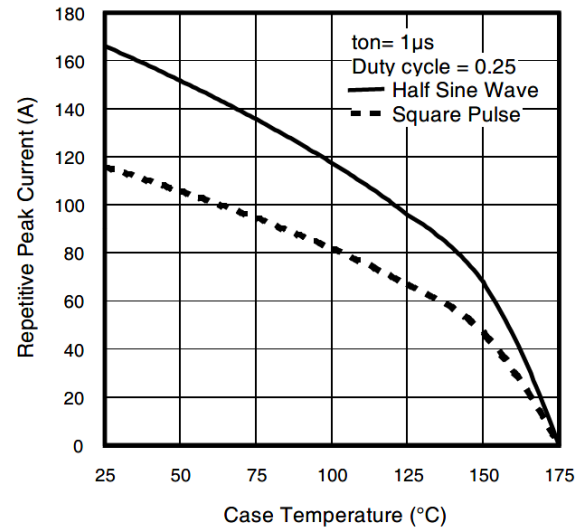
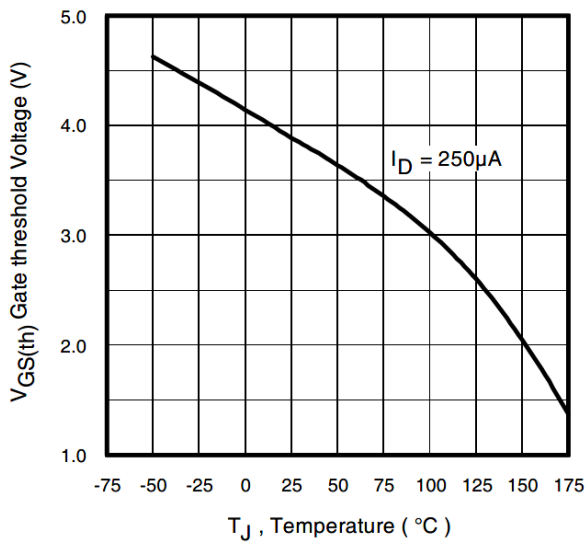
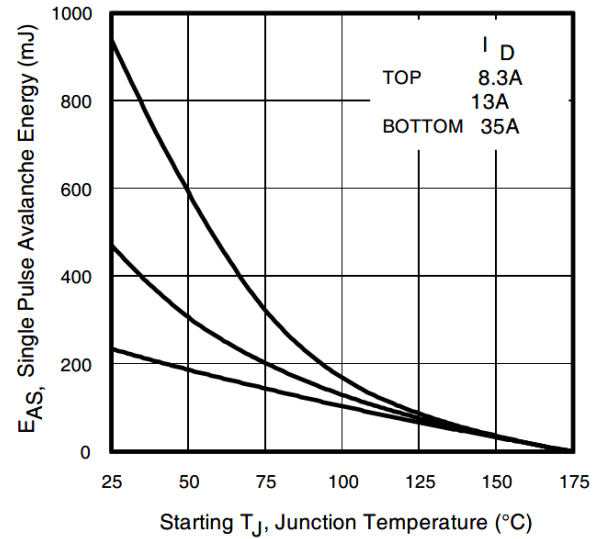
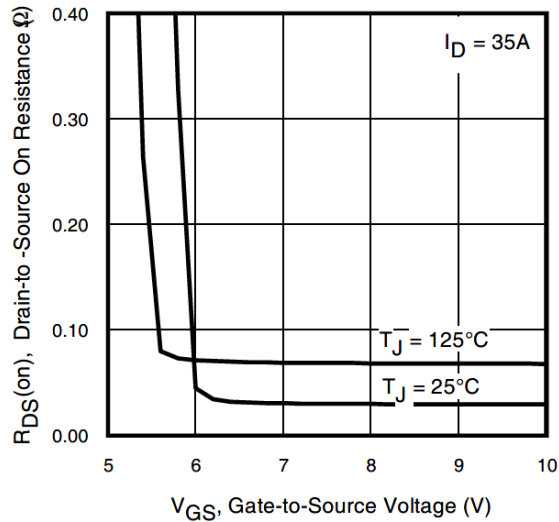


Fig 12. Maximum Safe Operating Area



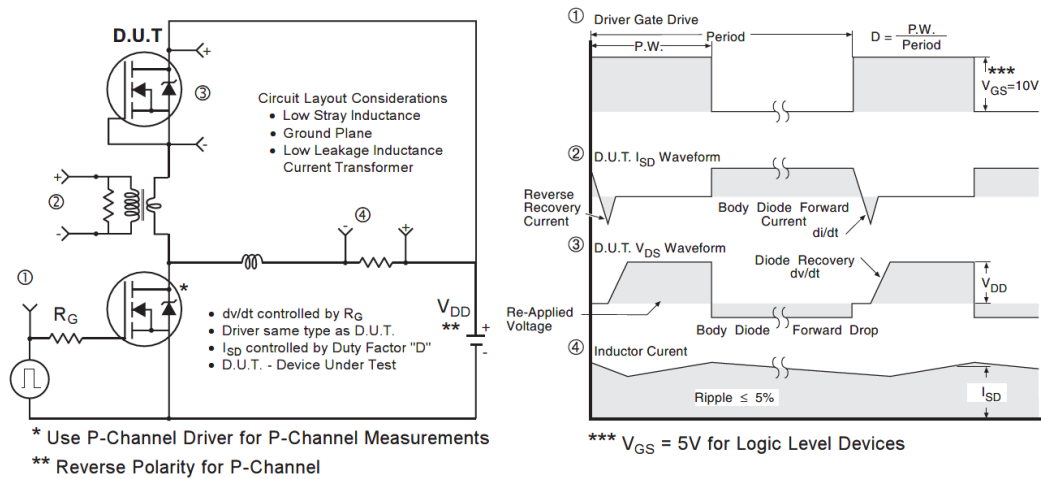


Fig 18. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

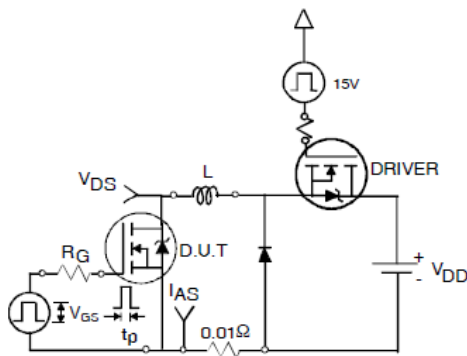


Fig 19a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

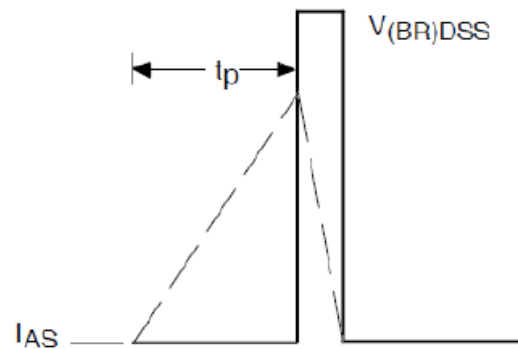


Fig 19b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

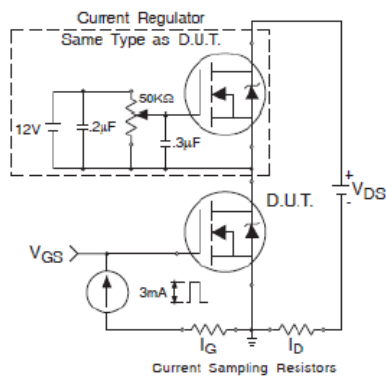


Fig 20a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

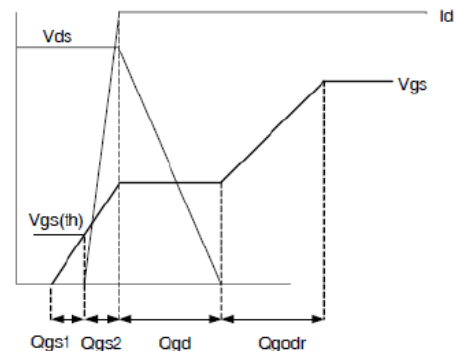


Fig 20b. Gate Charge Waveform

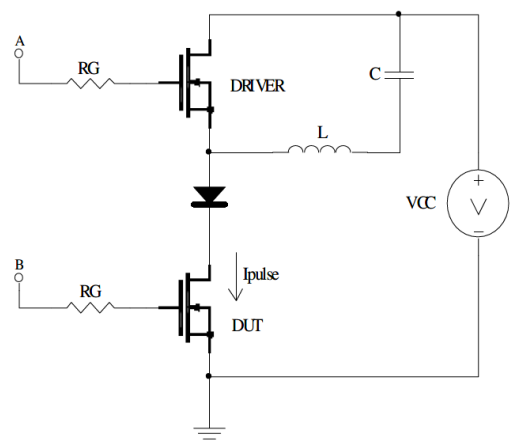


Fig 21a. t_{st} and E_{PULSE} Test Circuit

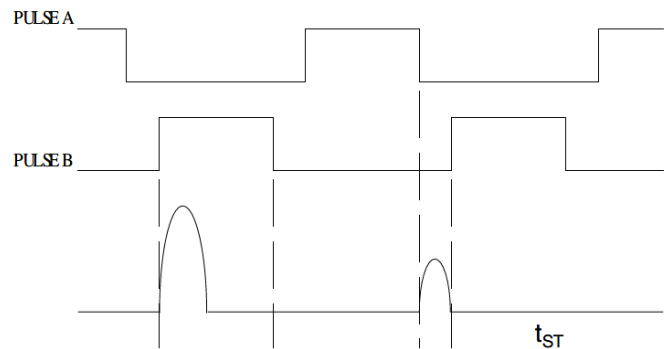


Fig 21b. t_{st} Test Waveforms

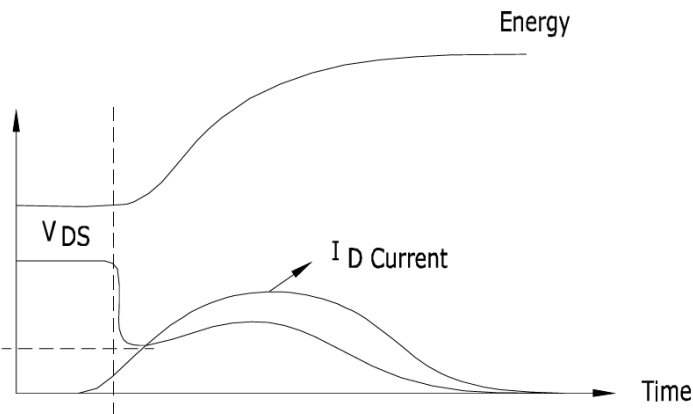
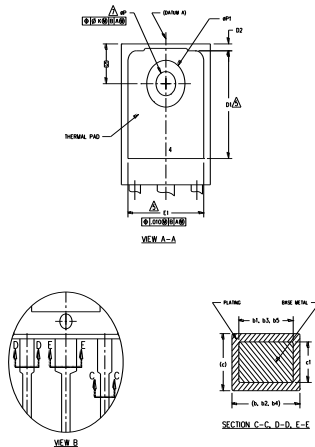
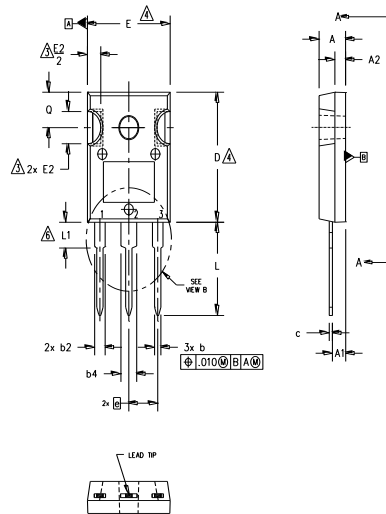


Fig 21c. E_{PULSE} Test Waveforms

TO-247AC Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M 1994.
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES.
3. CONTOUR OF SLOT OPTIONAL.
4. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
5. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS D1 & E1.
6. LEAD FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
7. ϕP TO HAVE A MAXIMUM DRAFT ANGLE OF 1.5° TO THE TOP OF THE PART WITH A MAXIMUM HOLE DIAMETER OF .154 INCH.
8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-247AC.

| SYMBOL | DIMENSIONS | | | | NOTES |
|--------|------------|------|-------------|-------|-------|
| | INCHES | | MILLIMETERS | | |
| | MIN. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. | |
| A | .183 | .209 | 4.65 | 5.31 | |
| A1 | .087 | .102 | 2.21 | 2.59 | |
| A2 | .059 | .098 | 1.50 | 2.49 | |
| b | .039 | .055 | 0.99 | 1.40 | |
| b1 | .039 | .053 | 0.99 | 1.35 | |
| b2 | .065 | .094 | 1.65 | 2.39 | |
| b3 | .065 | .092 | 1.65 | 2.34 | |
| b4 | .102 | .135 | 2.59 | 3.43 | |
| b5 | .102 | .133 | 2.59 | 3.38 | |
| c | .015 | .035 | 0.38 | 0.89 | |
| c1 | .015 | .033 | 0.38 | 0.84 | |
| D | .776 | .815 | 19.71 | 20.70 | 4 |
| D1 | .515 | — | 13.08 | — | 5 |
| D2 | .020 | .053 | 0.51 | 1.35 | |
| E | .602 | .625 | 15.29 | 15.87 | 4 |
| E1 | .530 | — | 13.46 | — | |
| E2 | .178 | .216 | 4.52 | 5.49 | |
| e | .215 BSC | | 5.46 BSC | | |
| Øk | .010 | | 0.25 | | |
| L | .559 | .634 | 14.20 | 16.10 | |
| L1 | .146 | .169 | 3.71 | 4.29 | |
| ØP | .140 | .144 | 3.56 | 3.66 | |
| ØP1 | — | .291 | — | 7.39 | |
| Q | .209 | .224 | 5.31 | 5.69 | |
| S | .217 BSC | | 5.51 BSC | | |

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

IGBTs, CoPACK

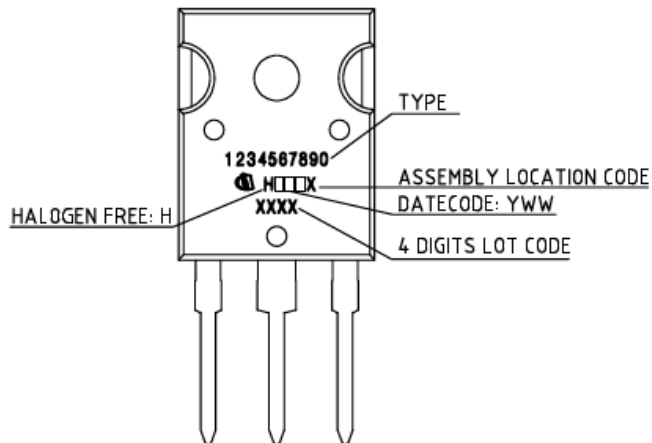
- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER
- 4.- COLLECTOR

DIODES

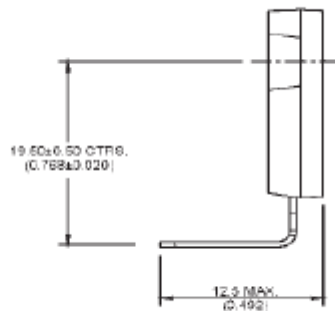
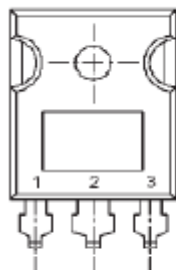
- 1.- ANODE/OPEN
- 2.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

TO-247AC package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

TO-247AC Part Marking Information



TO-247AC Lead Option- 203 (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))



Lead Assignments
 1- Gate
 2- Drain
 3- Source

TO-247AC package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Revision History

| Date | Rev. | Comments |
|------------|------|---|
| 09/08/2008 | 2.1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Added—IRP spec “IRP max @Tc=100degC –page1 |
| 12/15/2009 | 2.2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Added Part Marking drawing for Leadform -203 –pg9 |
| 11/25/2024 | 2.3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Update datasheet to Infineon formatUpdated Part marking –page 9Added disclaimer on last page. |

Trademarks

All referenced product or service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

We Listen to Your Comments

Any information within this document that you feel is wrong, unclear or missing at all? Your feedback will help us to continuously improve the quality of this document. Please send your proposal (including a reference to this document) to: erratum@infineon.com

Published by

Infineon Technologies AG

81726 München, Germany

© 2024 Infineon Technologies AG

All Rights Reserved.

Legal Disclaimer

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics (“Beschaffenheitsgarantie”).

With respect to any examples, hints or any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the product, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

In addition, any information given in this document is subject to customer’s compliance with its obligations stated in this document and any applicable legal requirements, norms and standards concerning customer’s products and any use of the product of Infineon Technologies in customer’s applications.

The data contained in this document is exclusively intended for technically trained staff. It is the responsibility of customer’s technical departments to evaluate the suitability of the product for the intended application and the completeness of the product information given in this document with respect to such application.

Information

For further information on the product, technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies office (www.infineon.com).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements products may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies office.

The Infineon Technologies component described in this Data Sheet may be used in life support devices or systems and or automotive, aviation and aerospace applications or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life support, automotive, aviation and aerospace device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.