## FAIR Phytoliths - FAIR Assessment data categories - final

	Category name	Codes	Explanation
General	1.Data collector name	Drop down list of all data collectors names	
	2.Journal name	Full name of journal - drop down list	Add any extra journal names before filling in the rest of the sheet
	3.Reference APA	Download full APA ref	Use google scholar to get citation
	4.Year	Year - drop down list	Date first published online
	5.Period/Date	Open text box	
		Archaeology or palaeoecological studies - date range/period given	Enter information given in text - often found in abstract.
		Modern - for other studies - plant science, reference collection, methodology	
	6.Type of study	Archaeological Geochemical Ecology Methodological - modern reference Methodological - morphometric Methodological - ethnographic Methodological - extraction method Methodological - isotopes Methodological - taphonomy Methodological - radiocarbon Palaeoecology Palaeontology Plant Physiology	Select the main focus of the paper
	7. Geographic location of study material	Use Geonames for country name (https://www.geonames.org/)	If it is more than one country it needs to have a comma between
Article access questions	8. Open access/oa_stat us	Green Gold Hybrid Bronze	Using roadoi R package to search all DOI's at the end of data collection for first 100 articles.

	Changed to oa_status from unpaywall check - link to meaning of term used these terms apart from one journal that is diamond (this was not in their terms)	Diamond	This does not include any articles put on Research Gate or Academia.edu.
	9. Journal type	Open Hybrid Closed	
	10. What repository for green access article	Arxiv Bioarxiv EarthArXiv EcoEvoRxiv F1000 research Figshare OSF Preprints Palaeorxiv PeerJ Preprints Preprints.org University or Institution repository WikiJournal Preprints Zenodo None-gold = gold open access (also includes the few bronze oa articles) None-diamond None-not-oa = not open access	From roadoi R package
	11. Is it in a signed up repository?	Research gate Academia	We collected some data for this manually but decided not to use it in analysis, so data collection was not completed for all articles.
Methods	12. Processing method communication	Summary of method Full protocol in the text/supplementary Full protocol in repository One reference to specific protocol One reference generic ref/Multiple reference No method reported	One ref for specific protocol = Horrocks 2005; Katz et al. 2010; Lombardo et al. 2016; Madella et al. 1998; Jenkins and Rosen 2007; Horrocks et al. One generic ref - Piperno

		2006; Pearsall 2015
13. Is counting method replicable?	Yes No Not applicable	Yes = would I be able to replicate exactly what was done on the same slide?
		How many phytoliths counted? Number phytoliths per slide? Single celled and multicelled? Does it include unidentified in the count? Morphometric method included?
		Not applicable - if there is no phytolith morphotype counting done in the study.
14. Instruments used described	Yes No	Must have magnification  Needs the type of microscope (SEM, transmitted light, digital, etc)
		Does not need actual microscope name details
15. Nomenclature- stated	ICPN 1.0 ICPN 2.0  MU Phytolith Classification System Bertoli 2013 Zucol & Brea 2005 Not specified/not clear	Not specified/not clear - includes those that have no morphotype counts but do have other types of data.
16. Have they used the nomenclature fully ICPN 1.0 or ICPN 2.0? (no adaptations or the adaptations are fully described)	Yes No Not used	Not used = not used ICPN 1.0 or 2.0  Things to check: ICPN 1.0 - Bilobate is not used (using dumbbells instead), fan-shaped used instead of bulliform.  ICPN 2.0 - Look for use of Globular spheroids, Elongates echinate/dentate/ entire, blocky, acute bulbous

Data questions	17. Data location	No data Data in text of article Data in supplementary Data in repository with DOI Data in repository without DOI	
	18. Repository data - what repository	ADS Code Ocean Dataverse Dryad Zenodo Figshare GitHub Mendeley Neotoma Open Context Open Science Framework Pangaea tDAR None	ADS = Archaeological data service
	19. Data type	i) Raw counts ii) Raw counts + processing weights iii) Presence/absence iv) Relative presence/percentages v) Mean or range vi) Summary data - plant groupings vii) Unclear what is presented/provided viii) No data provided in a table - only graph ix) No data provided	i) to v) - must be individual morphotypes and in a table vi) groupings of morphotypes in a table
	20. Data format	No data In text of article .pdf .doc .xslx .csv	
	21. Data availability statement	None Data on request All data included Dataset link to repository with DOI Data paper with DOI	If statement does not relate to data then put none.  Data on request = from authors, organisation or third party.  All data included = all data is within article or supplementary files.

22. Data license	Data not available = not in repository No license CC-0 CC BY	Only data licenses for data in repositories.
23. Pictures/phos of identifications	All	Check morphotypes in the table/graph/data and then check no of photos
24. Statistica software use		Other software packages can be added
25. Other comments	Free text box to add any extra comments	

## References:

## **Extraction methods:**

Horrocks, M., 2005 A combined procedure for recovering phytoliths and starch residues from soils, sedimentary deposits and similar materials, Journal of Archaeological Science, 32/8, Pages 1169-1175, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jas.2005.02.014.

Jenkins, E., and A. Rosen. 2007. "The Phytoliths." In *The Early Prehistory of Wadi Faynan, Southern Jordan; Archaeological Survey of Wadis Faynan, Ghuwayr and al-Bustan and Evaluation of the Pre-Pottery Neolithic A Site of WF16. Council for British Research in the Levant and Oxbow, edited by B. Finlayson and S. Mithen, 429–436.* London.

Ofir Katz, Dan Cabanes, Stephen Weiner, Aren M. Maeir, Elisabetta Boaretto, Ruth Shahack-Gross,

Rapid phytolith extraction for analysis of phytolith concentrations and assemblages during an excavation: an application at Tell es-Safi/Gath, Israel, Journal of Archaeological Science, Volume 37, Issue 7, 2010,Pages 1557-1563, ISSN 0305-4403, https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jas.2010.01.016.

Lombardo, U., Ruiz-Pérez, J. and Madella, M. 2016. Sonication improves the efficiency, efficacy and safety of phytolith extraction, Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology, 235, Pages 1-5, <a href="https://doi.org/10.1016/j.revpalbo.2016.09.008">https://doi.org/10.1016/j.revpalbo.2016.09.008</a>.

Madella, M., Powers-Jones, A.H., and Jones, M.K. 1998. A simple method of extraction of opal phytoliths from sediments using a non-toxic heavy liquid. Journal of Archaeological Science, 25, 801-803.

## Other nomenclatures:

Bertoldi de Pomar, H. (2013). ENSAYO DE CLASIFICACION MORFOLOGICA DE LOS SILICOFITOLITOS. Ameghiniana, 8(3-4), 317-328

Zucol, Alejandro Fabián; Brea, Mariana; Sistemática de fitolitos, pautas para un sistema clasificatorio. Un caso en estudio en la Formación Alvear (Pleistoceno inferior), Entre Ríos, Argentina; Asociacion Paleontologica Argentina; Ameghiniana; 42; 4; 12-2005; 685-704.