

CAPI SNAP Education Series: User Guide

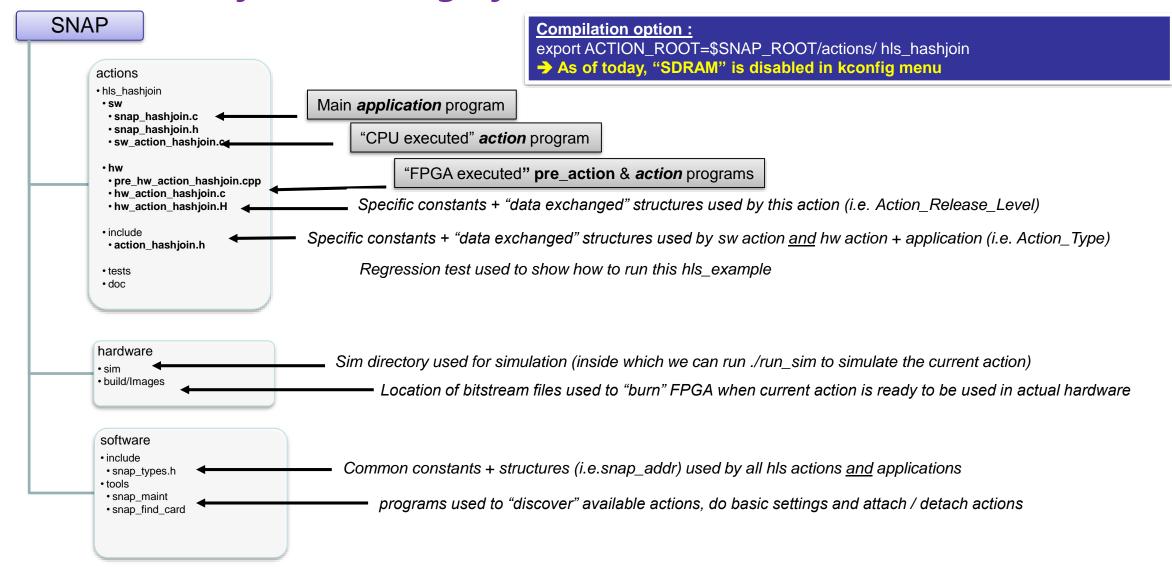
CAPI SNAP Education hls_hashjoin : howto? V2.2





Architecture of the SNAP git files





Action overview

Purpose: Port a hashjoin function

- Evaluate how tables can be managed with HLS
- Compare CPU and FPGA performances

When to use it:

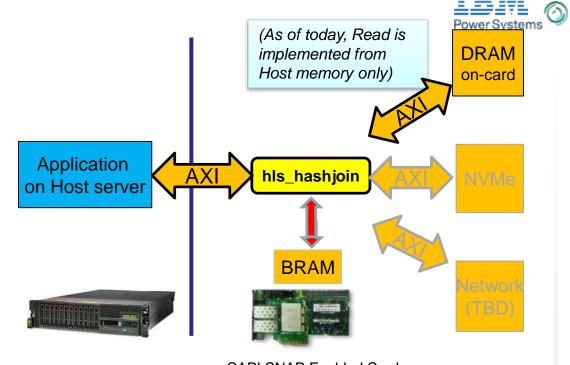
Understand HLS constraints when working with large database

Memory management:

All memory allocation is managed by the application

Known limitations:

- All data are 64 bytes aligned to ease access
- Data taken from Host memory instead of DDR



CAPI SNAP Enabled Card

Hashjoin...an example



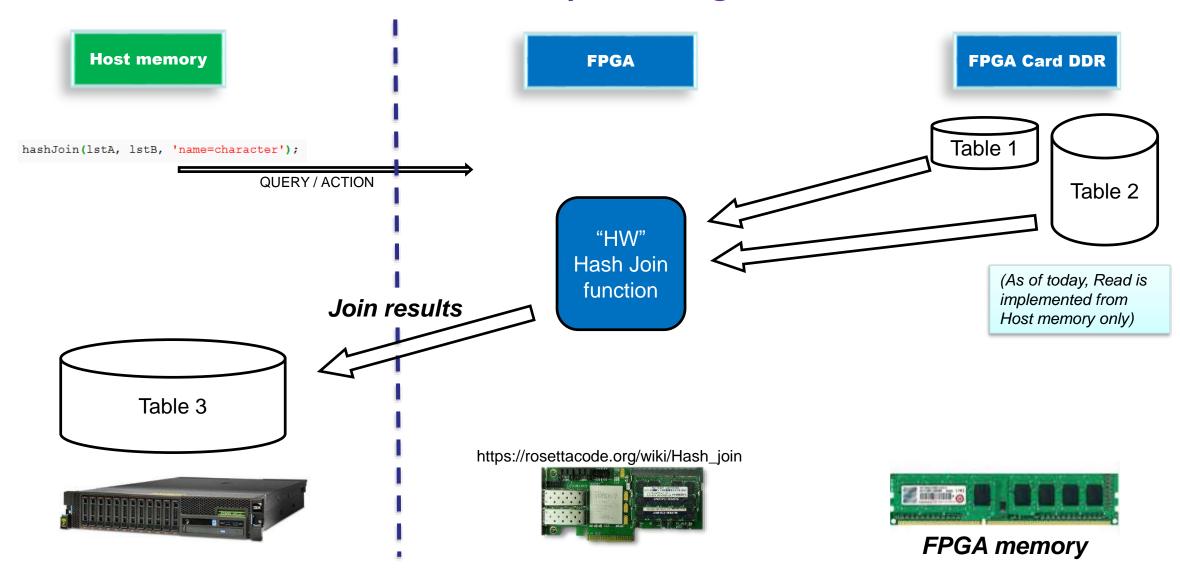
```
table1 t table1[] = {
 { .name = "Markus", .age=93 }
                                        /* 0. */
                                         /* 1. */
  .name = "Frank", .age=51 }
                                         /* 2. */
  .name = "George W.", .age=94 }
                                        /* 3. */
  .name = "Tercia", .age=63 }
  .name = "Secunda". .age=32 }
                                        /* 4. */
                                        /* 5. */
  .name = "Susanne", .age=99 }
                                        /* 6. */
  .name = "Tercia", .age=37 }
  .name = "Thomas", .age=71 }
                                         /* 7. */
  .name = "Joerg-Stephan", .age=89 } /* 8. */
  .name = "Lisa", .age=47 }
                                         /* 9. */
  .name = "Julius", .age=75 }
                                        /* 10. */
  .name = "Glory", .age=83 }
                                        /* 11. */
  .name = "Melanie", .age=24 }
                                         /* 12. */
  .name = "Quintus", .age=77 }
                                        /* 13. */
  .name = "Prima", .age=52 }
                                        /* 14. */
                                        /* 15. */
  .name = "Andreas", .age=12 }
  .name = "Tercitus", .age=39 }
                                        /* 16. */
  .name = "Anders", .age=51 }
                                        /* 17. */
  .name = "Alexander", .age=38 }
                                         /* 18. */
  .name = "Dieter". .age=57 }
                                        /* 19. */
  .name = "Susanne", .age=48 }
                                        /* 20. */
  .name = "Melanie", .age=44 }
                                         /* 21. */
  .name = "Uwe", .age=50 }
                                        /* 22. */
  .name = "Jonah", .age=16 }
                                        /* 23. */
  .name = "Septus", .age=20 }
                                        /* 24. */
}; /* table1 idx=25
```

```
table2 t table2[] = {
 { .name = "Dirk", .animal = "Gorilla" }
                                                   /* O. */
 { .name = "Jonah", .animal = "Cat" }
                                                   /* 1. */
 { .name = "Horst", .animal = "Eagle" }
                                                   /* 2. */
                                                   /* 3. */
 { .name = "Eberhard", .animal = "Dog" }
 { .name = "Eberhard", .animal = "Elephant" }
                                                   /* 4. */
 { .name = "Quintus", .animal = "Greyling" }
                                                   /* 5. */
 { .name = "Septa", .animal = "Gorilla" }
                                                   /* 6. */
 { .name = "Mike", .animal = "Pike" }
                                                   /* 7. */
 { .name = "Maik", .animal = "Eagle" }
                                                   /* 8. */
 { .name = "George W.", .animal = "Cat" }
                                                   /* 9. */
 { .name = "Septus", .animal = "Goose" }
                                                   /* 10. */
 { .name = "Andrea", .animal = "Ghost" }
                                                   /* 11. */
 { .name = "Susanne", .animal = "Antilope" }
                                                   /* 12. */
 { .name = "Glory", .animal = "Trout" }
                                                   /* 13. */
 { .name = "Septa", .animal = "Dog" }
                                                   /* 14. */
 { .name = "Prima", .animal = "Cat" }
                                                   /* 15. */
 { .name = "Quintus", .animal = "Antilope" }
                                                   /* 16. */
 { .name = "Mike", .animal = "Elephant" }
                                                   /* 17. */
 { .name = "Primus", .animal = "Goose" }
                                                   /* 18. */
 { .name = "Lisa", .animal = "Panther" }
                                                   /* 19. */
 { .name = "Glory", .animal = "Gepard" }
                                                   /* 20. */
 { .name = "Bruno", .animal = "Dog" }
                                                   /* 21. */
 { .name = "Septa", .animal = "Antilope" }
                                                   /* 22. */
}; /* table2 idx=23
```

```
table3 t table3[] = {
 { .name = "Jonah", .animal = "Cat", .age=16 }
                                                          /* O. */
  .name = "Quintus", .animal = "Greyling", .age=77 }
                                                          /* 1. */
  .name = "George W.", .animal = "Cat", .age=94 }
                                                          /* 2. */
  .name = "Septus", .animal = "Goose", .age=20 }
                                                          /* 3. */
  .name = "Susanne", .animal = "Antilope", .age=99 }
                                                          /* 4. */
  .name = "Susanne", .animal = "Antilope", .age=48 }
                                                          /* 5. */
  .name = "Glory", .animal = "Trout", .age=83 }
                                                          /* 6. */
  .name = "Prima", .animal = "Cat", .age=52 }
                                                          /* 7. */
  .name = "Quintus", .animal = "Antilope", .age=77 }
                                                          /* 8. */
  [ .name = "Lisa", .animal = "Panther", .age=47 }
                                                          /* 9. */
 { .name = "Glory", .animal = "Gepard", .age=83 }
                                                          /* 10. */
}: /* table3 idx=11
```

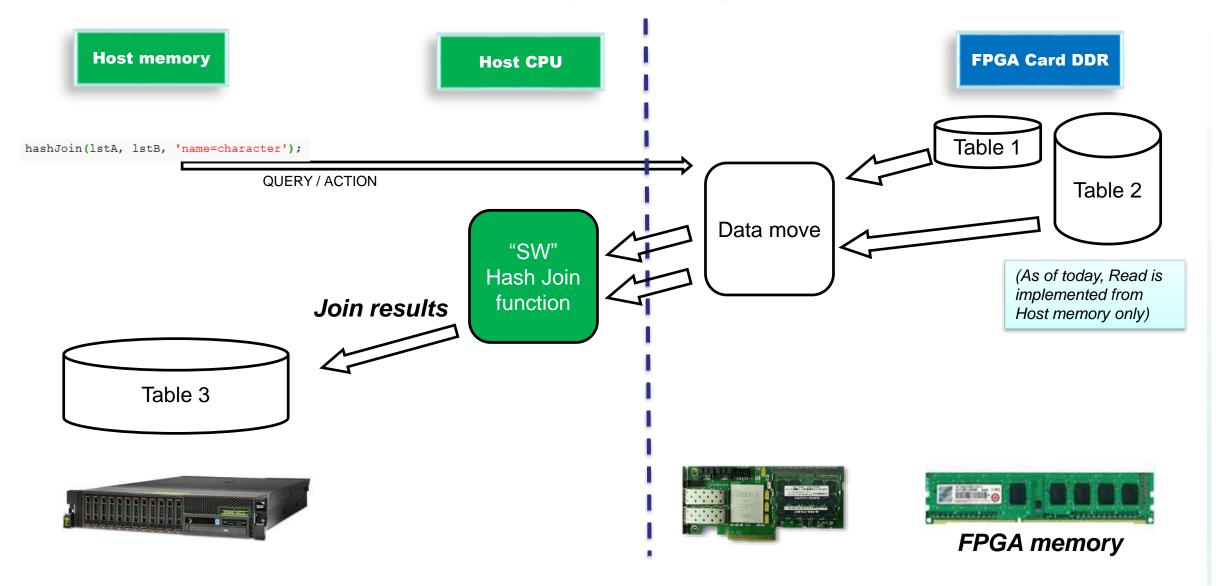
Hash Join: data are in card DDR - processing done in FPGA





Hash Join: data are in card DDR - processing done in CPU





Action usage

-N, --no irg Disable IROs



Options: SNAP TRACE = $0x0 \rightarrow no debug trace$

SNAP_TRACE = $0xF \rightarrow full$ debug trace SNAP CONFIG = FPGA \rightarrow hardware execution

Example:

```
export SNAP_TRACE=0x0

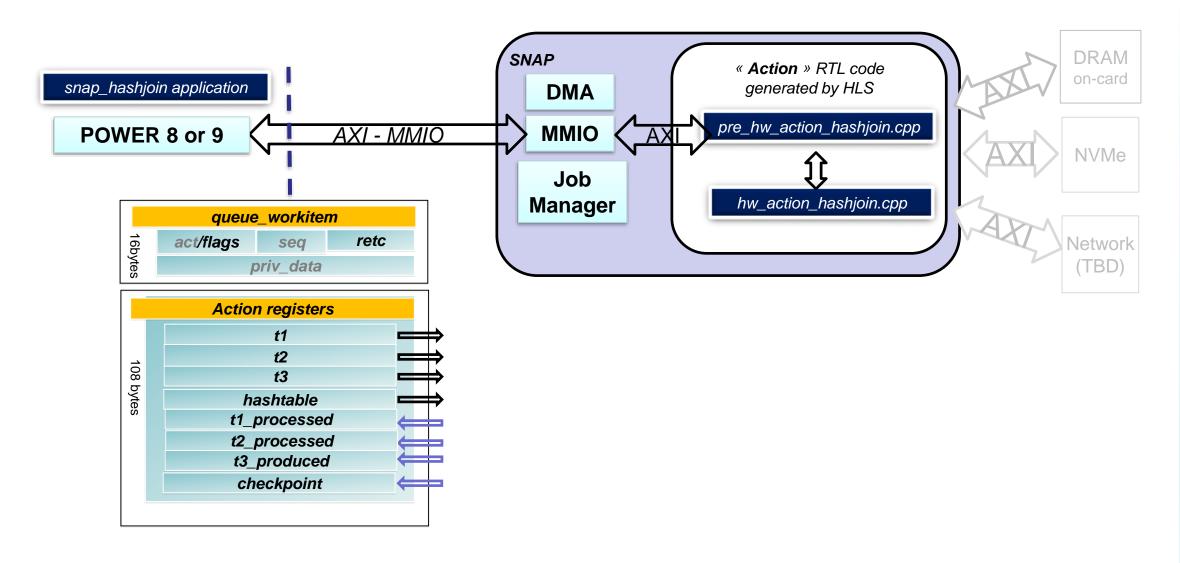
cd $SNAP_ROOT && export ACTION_ROOT=$SNAP_ROOT/actions/hls_hashjoin
source snap_path.sh
snap_maint -vv

echo Random generation of 2 tables with default table size: Table1/Q = 25 entries / Table2/T = 23 entries
snap_hashjoin -vv -t 2500 -C0
echo Random generation of 2 tables with 30 entries for Table1/Q and 60 for Table2/T
=> this will induce 2 calls of the action since Table2 is limited to 32 on purpose
snap_hashjoin -vv -t 2500 -Q 30 -T 60 -C0

echo This example can also be run using no FPGA/ in CPU mode
SNAP_CONFIG=CPU_./snap_hashjoin -vv -t 2500 -Q 30 -T 60
```

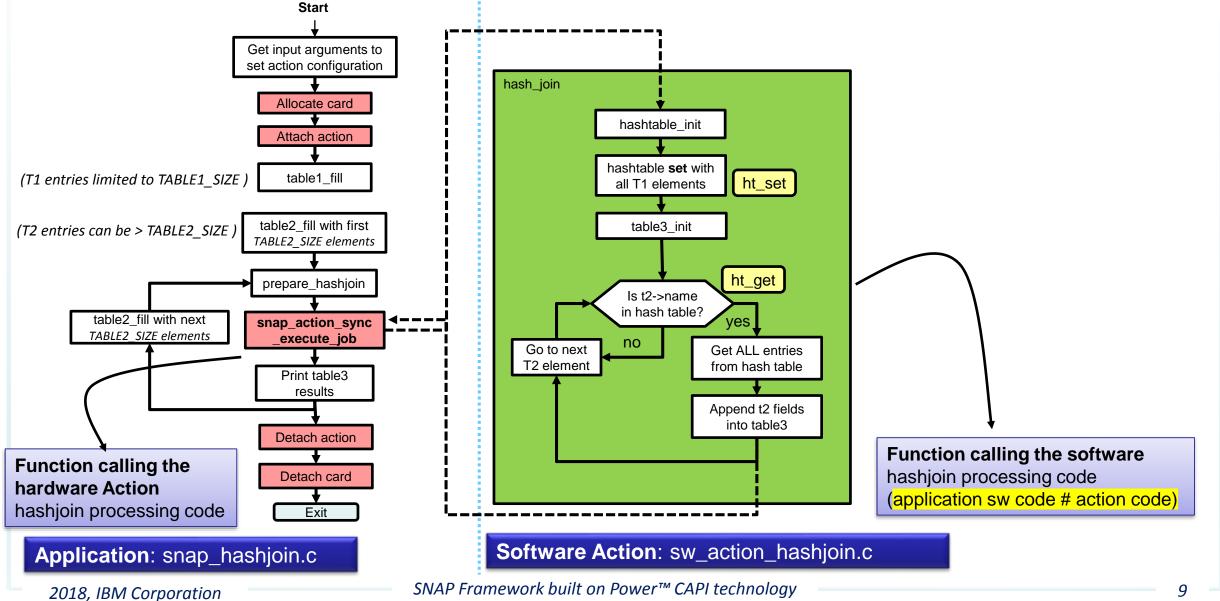
Hashjoin registers





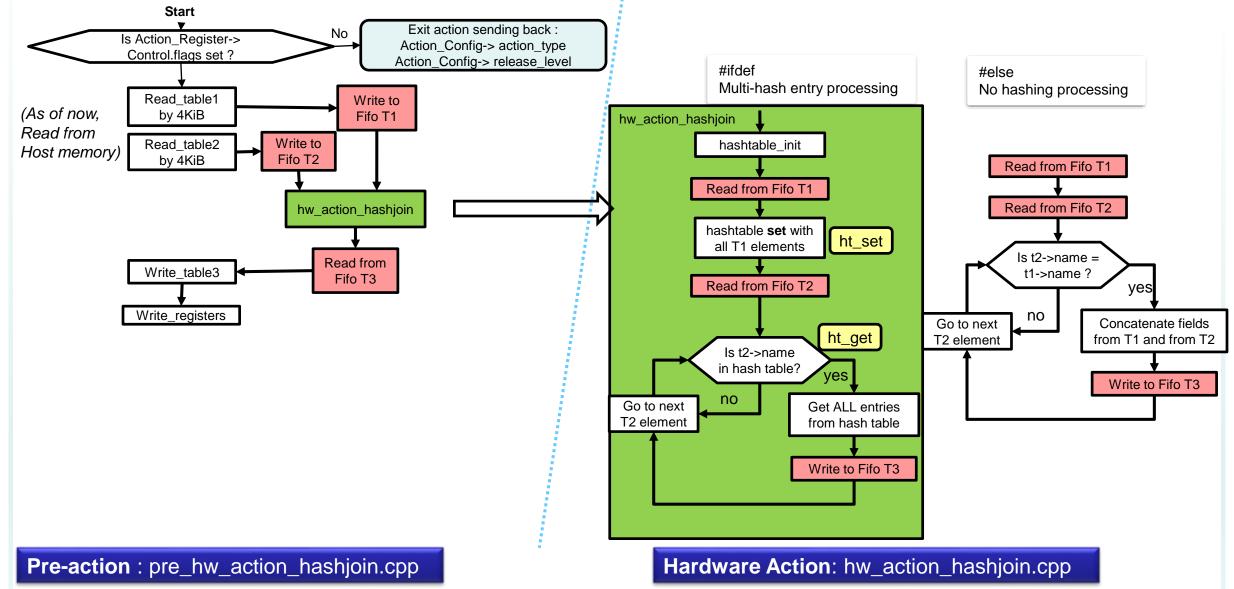
Application Code: what's in it?





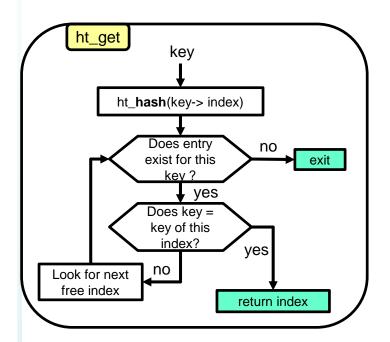
Action hashjoin Code: what's in it?

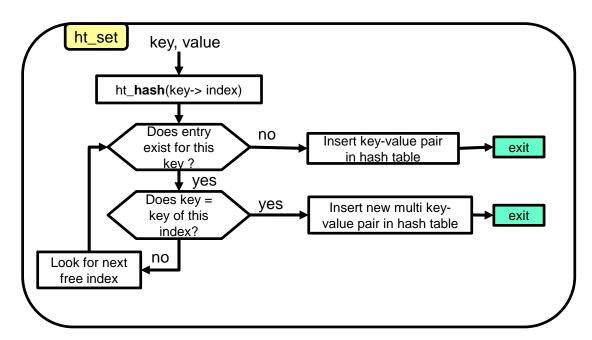




Application - Action hashjoin Code : what's in it?







Constants - Ports



Constants: → \$ACTION_ROOT = snap/actions/hls_hashjoin

Constant name	Value	Туре	Definition location	Usage				
HASHJOIN_ACTION_TYPE	0x10141002	Fixed	\$ACTION_ROOT/include/action_hashjoin.h	Checksum ID - list is in snap/ActionTypes.md				
RELEASE_LEVEL	0x00000022	Variable	\$ACTION_ROOT/hw/hw_action_hashjoin. H	release level – user defined				
TABLE1_SIZE	32	Variable	\$ACTION_ROOT/hw/hw_action_hashjoin. H	Maximum number of entries for Table1				
TABLE2_SIZE	32	Variable		Maximum size of the Table 2 for the hardware action, but entries can be from any size. Multiple calls to Action will return table3 results				
TABLE3_SIZE	(TABLE1_SIZE * TABLE2_SIZE)	Operation	\$ACTION_ROOT/hw/hw_action_hashjoin. H	Table 3 will be from any size				
HT_SIZE	(TABLE1_SIZE * 16)	Operation	\$ACTION_ROOT/hw/hw_action_hashjoin. H	Definition of the size of hashtable				
HT_MULTI	(TABLE1_SIZE)	Operation	\$ACTION_ROOT/hw/hw_action_hashjoin. H	multihash entries depends on table1				

Ports used:

Ports name	Description	Enabled
din_gmem	Host memory data bus input Addr : 64bits - Data : 512bits	Yes
dout_gmem	Host memory data bus output Addr : 64bits - Data : 512bits	Yes
d_ddrmem	DDR3 - DDR4 data bus in/out Addr : 33bits - Data : 512bits	No
nvme	NVMe data bus in/out Addr : 32bits - Data : 32bits	No

MMIO Registers



act re	g.Control	This head	der is initialized by the	SNAP job manac	er. The action will u	pdate the Return code	e and read the	flags val	ıe.							
	NTROL		•			reg value and exit the				he action		İ				
Simu - WF	Write@			0		Typical Write v			l Read value	İ						
0x3C40	0x100	0x180	sequ	uence	flags	short action ty	pe f001	01_00		,		İ				
0x3C41	0x104	0x184		Retc (retu	rn code 0x102/0x10	4)	_	0		0x102 - 0x104	SUCCESS/FAILURE					
0x3C42	0x108	0x188			Private Data		c0fek	abe				ĺ				
0x3C43	0x10C	0x18C			Private Data		dead	beef				Í				
									\$ACT	TON_ROOT/h	w/hw_action_ha	ashjoin.H				
action_	reg.Data	Action sp	ecific - user defined - i	need to stay in 10	8 Bytes			·	type	def struct {						
hashjo	oin_job_t	This is the	e way for application (and action to exc	hange information t	through this set of regi	isters			CONTROL C	ontrol; /* 16	6 bytes */				
Simu - WF	R Write@	Read@	3	2	1	0	T	ypical Wri	− t€	hashjoin_jok	o_t Data; /* 10	08 bytes */				
0x3C44	0x110	0x190		[snap	addr]t1.addr (LSB)	•				uint8_t paddi	ng[SNAP_HLS_	JOBSIZE - sizeof	(hashjoinjob_t)];			
0x3C45	0x114	0x194		[snap_	addr] t1 .addr (MSB)				} acti	on_reg;						
0x3C46	0x118	0x198		[sn	ap_addr] t1 .size					CACTION DO	OT /: /	an bashisin b				
0x3C47	0x11C	0x19C	[snap_addr] t1 .fl	lags (SRC, DST,)	[snap_add	dr] t1 .type (DRAM, NVM	1E,)			\$ACTION_ROOT/include/action_hashjoin.h						
0x3C48	0x120	0x1A0		[snap	addr]t2.addr (LSB)				typedef struct hashjoin_job {							
0x3C49	0x124	0x1A4							struct snap_addr t1; /* IN: input table1 for multihash */							
0x3C4A	0x128	0x1A8									snap_addr t2; /* IN: 2nd table2 to do join with */ snap_addr t3; /* OUT: resulting table3 */ snap_addr hashtable; /* CACHE: multihash table */					
0x3C4B	0x12C	0x1AC	[snap_addr]t2.flags (SRC, DST,) [snap_addr]t2.type (DRAM, NVI													
0x3C4C	0x130	0x1B0		[snap_	_addr] t3 .addr (LSB)					struct s	nap_addr nasht	able; /* CACHE:	multinash table */			
0x3C4D	0x134	0x1B4	[snap_addr]t3.addr (MSB)									W				
0x3C4E	0x138	0x1B8		[sn	ap_addr] t3 .size					_		_processed; /* #entries cached, repeat if not all */				
0x3C4F	0x13C	0x1BC	[snap_addr] t3 .fl	lags (SRC, DST,)	[snap_add	dr] t3 .type (DRAM, NVM	1E,)					·	sed, repeat if not all */			
0x3C50	0x140	0x1C0		[snap_add	r] hashtable .addr (LS	SB)						/* #entries produc	ed store them away */			
0x3C51	0x144	0x1C4		[snap_add	r] hashtable .addr (MS	SB)				uint64_t checkpoint;						
0x3C52	0x148	0x1C8			addr] hashtable. size					} hashjoin_j	ob_t;					
0x3C53	0x14C	0x1CC	[snap_addr]hashtab	ole.flags (SRC, DST	,) [snap_addr] h a	ashtable.type (DRAM, I	I	OT / = -::		٠ امار مارد	r					
0x3C54	0x150	0x1D0		1	1_processed		_		ons/incli	ude/hls_snap.I	φ5.ι.ν.ιι.σ.	OT/software/include/snap_types.h				
0x3C55	0x154	0x1D4			2_processed		typedef struct {			typedef struct snap_addr {						
0x3C56	0x158	0x1D8	ts_produced									Lt addr;				
0x3C57	0x15C	0x1DC	checkpoint					4C +				2_t size;				
					snapu16_t seq; snapu32_t Retc; snapu64_t Reserved; // Priv_data } CONTROL;					addrtype_t type; addrflag_t flags; r_t;	/* DRAM, NVME, . /* SRC, DST, EXT,					

Measured performance



	Times are	in µs	"SW" hashjoin process (on CPU)				"HW" ha	shjoin proces	•			
2x64B	2x64B						1/2 of T2	3x64B			1/2 of T2	1/4 of T2
T1 (entries	T2 (entries)	T1+T2 Size(Bytes)	DDR to Host	sw	Total	нw	T3 (entries)	Size in Bytes	DDR to Host	Total	Avg Speed up	Avg Speed up
30	50	10,240	7,314	511	7,825	241	25	4,800	3,429	3,670	2.1	4.1
30	500	67,840	48,457	1,014	49,471	1,318	250	48,000	34,286	35,604	1.4	2.7
30	5,000	643,840	459,886	5,132	465,018	12,222	2,500	480,000	342,857	355,079	1.3	2.5
30	50,000	6,403,840	4,574,171	34,493	4,608,664	114,813	25,000	4,800,000	3,428,571	3,543,384	1.3	2.5

For this performance measurement, we considered:

- 2 tables in entries containing each 2 x 64Bytes fields
- 1 table for results containing 3 x 64Bytes fields
- We considered that results are ½ of the number of the entries of the largest table (realistic?)

<u>Comment</u>: No real optimization work was done on this example since hash logic may need to be modified to build the image an easier way

What else?

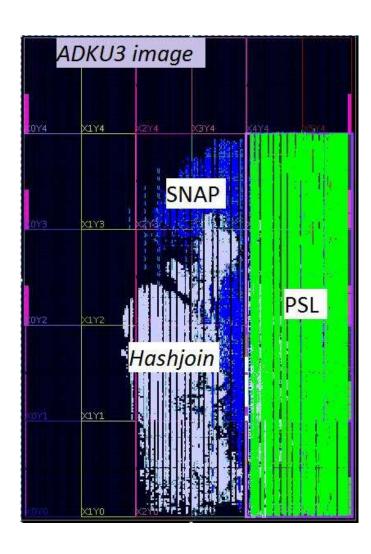


Path of improvement?

- 1. Find how to write the algorithm so that HLS can parallelize :
 - Building hashtable with new elements from table 1 (small table)
 - Checking / adding new elements from table 2 (large table)
 - Filling result table 3
 - → This mean handling collision
- 2. Enable conversion/type-casting of flat memory to structures
- 3. Support unaligned data access e.g. special FIFOs
- 4. Pointers, dynamic memory allocation, ...











V2.0: initial document

V2.1: new files directory structure applied

V2.2: cleaning code