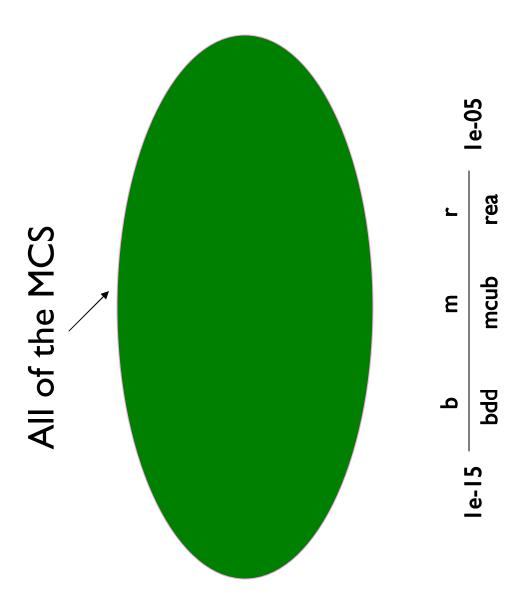


The MCS to BDD Algorithm

I. Generate the MCS with truncation;

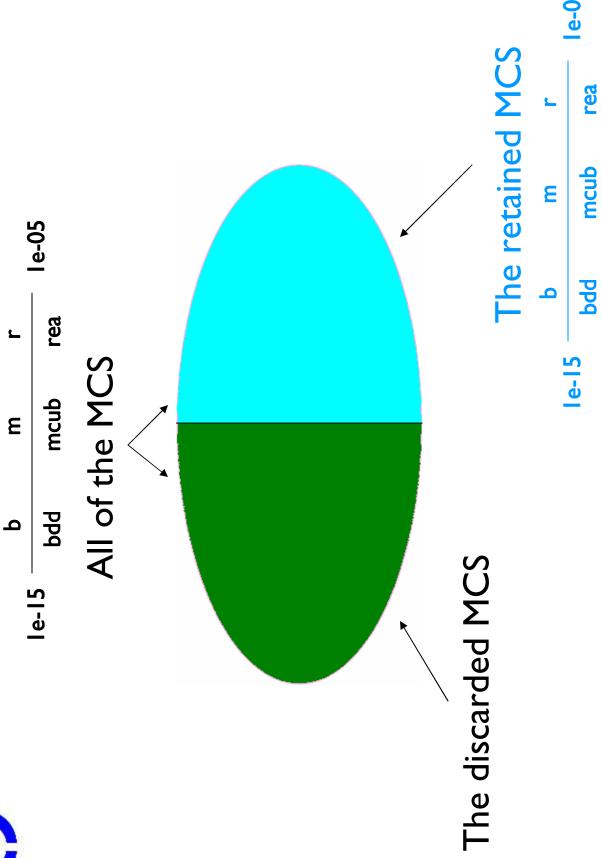
2. create a BDD from the MCS;

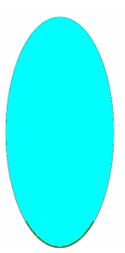
3. calculate the exact value of the cutsets from the BDD.











... if there is no truncation ...



le-05

Retained MCS		
<u>_</u>	rea	
E	mcnp	
9	ppq	

Ketained MCS		With no truncation, BDD(Retained) = BDD(All).
rea	٤	rea
mcub	ш	qnɔw
ppq	þ	ppq

All MCS

le-15

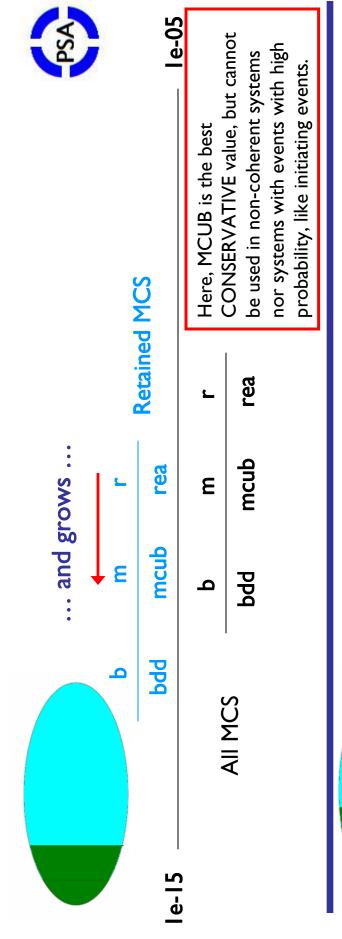
le-05 Retained MCS ... but as truncation grows ... rea Ε mcnp Ε ٩ ppq All MCS le-15

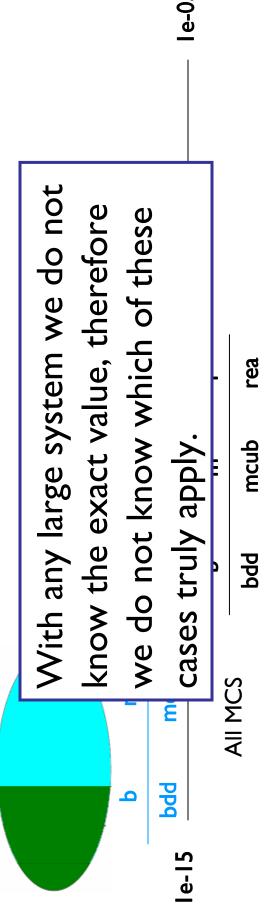
With ANY truncation, the BDD(Retained) is guaranteed to be the LEAST CONSERVATIVE estimation of the system.

rea

mcnp

PPQ





approximation to the exact value of all of the MCS, and sometimes is an UNDER ESTIMATION ... then the Rare Event Approximation of the retained MCS may be the best CONSERVATIVE of the exact values of the system if truncation is severe.



... for example the SWS system of Seabrook ...

There are 101,639 MCS which are retained.

Rare Event Approximation: 2.2767e-09

... but the true value of the system 2.8499e-08 Binary Decision Diagram:

the exact value

The REA is an UNDER ESTIMATION of



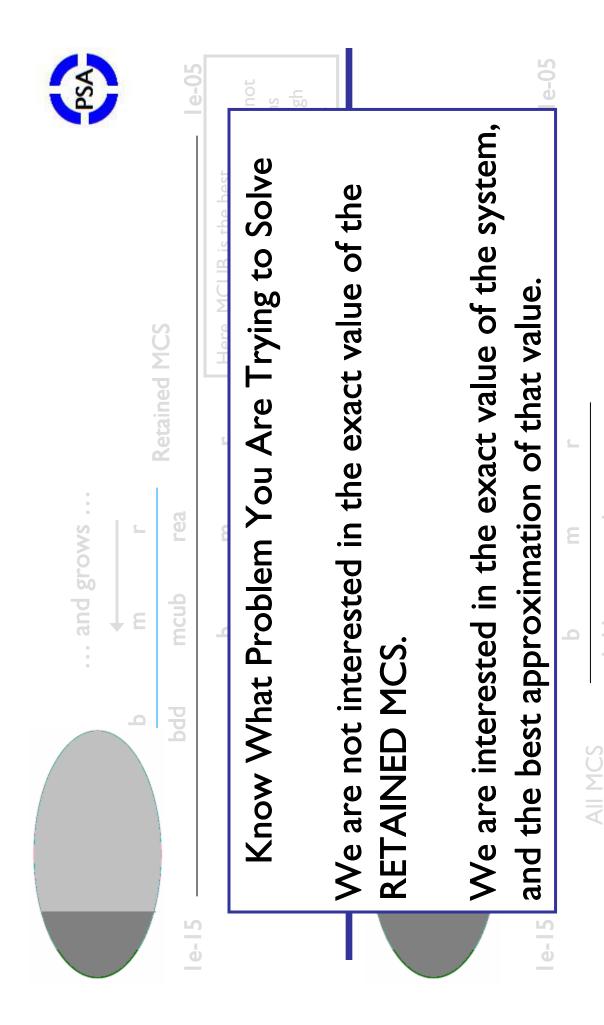
... and in a simple example to further illustrate the point

A Small Backup Cooling System

Rare Event Approximation: 5.6465e-04

5.6458e-04 Min Cut Upper Bound:

5.6410e-04 BDD of the MCS: ... but the true value of the system ... 5.6882e-04 The REA of the MCS is the best approximation to the exact value of the system.



approximation to the exact value of all of the MCS, and sometimes is an UNDER ESTIMATION ... then the Rare Event Approximation of the retained MCS may be the best CONSERVATIVE of the exact values of the system if truncation is severe.

PPq