



OPEN SCENE GRAPHS FOR OPEN-WORLD OBJECT GOAL NAVIGATION

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Open-World ObjectNav

Can we search novel scenes for an open-set object class, in *any* environment, with *any* embodiment?

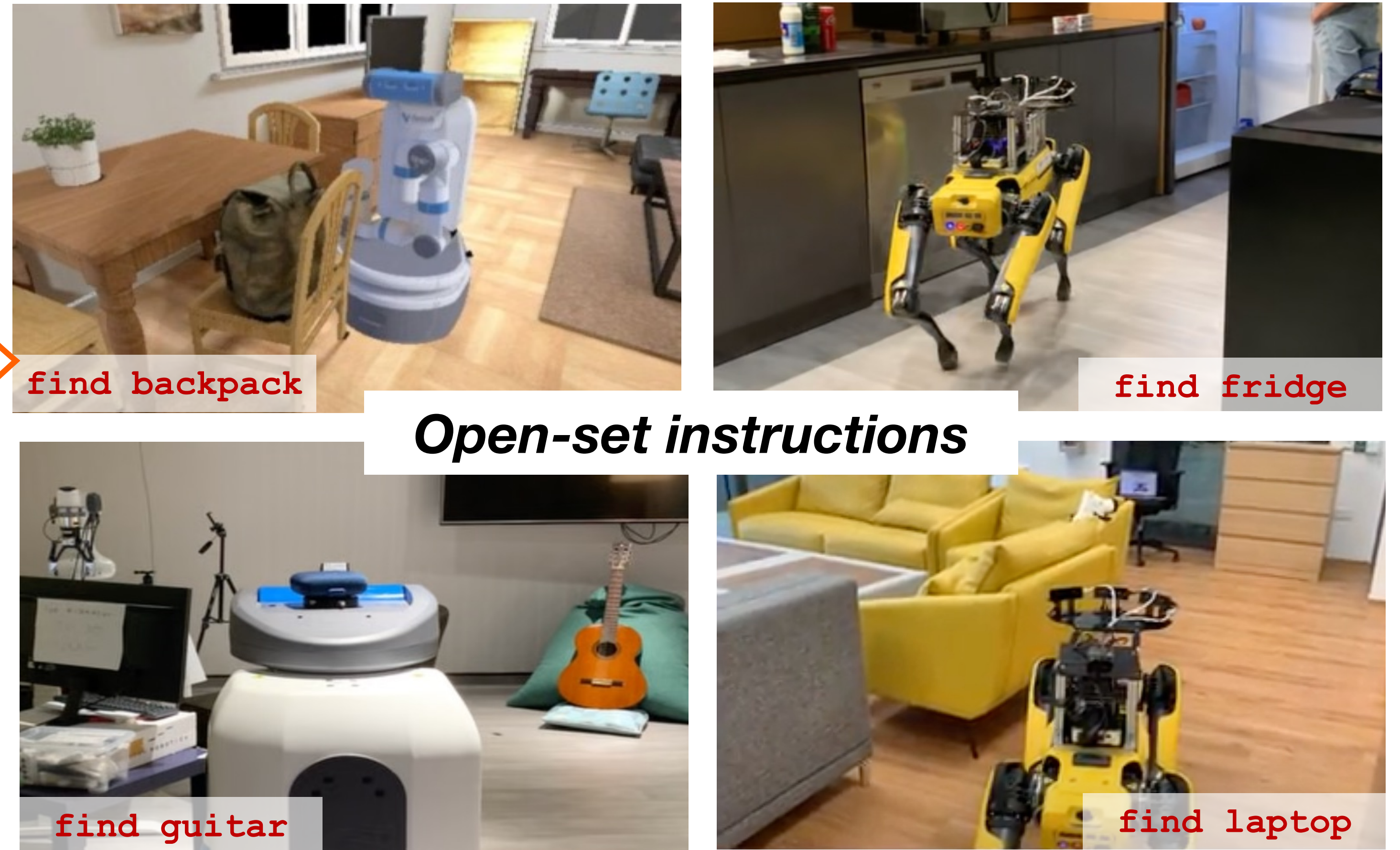
- Requires semantic reasoning, common-sense priors
- Must handle diverse instructions, environments & embodiments



Approach: Compose an ObjectNav robot system purely built from Foundation Models (FMs)

Problem: Need a structured scene memory to retain information for FMs, that is also built with FMs

OpenSearch, a general system for Open-World ObjectNav



Open-set instructions

↑ Different environments

← Different embodiments

Open Scene Graphs

OSG Schema (Environment types, e.g. homes)

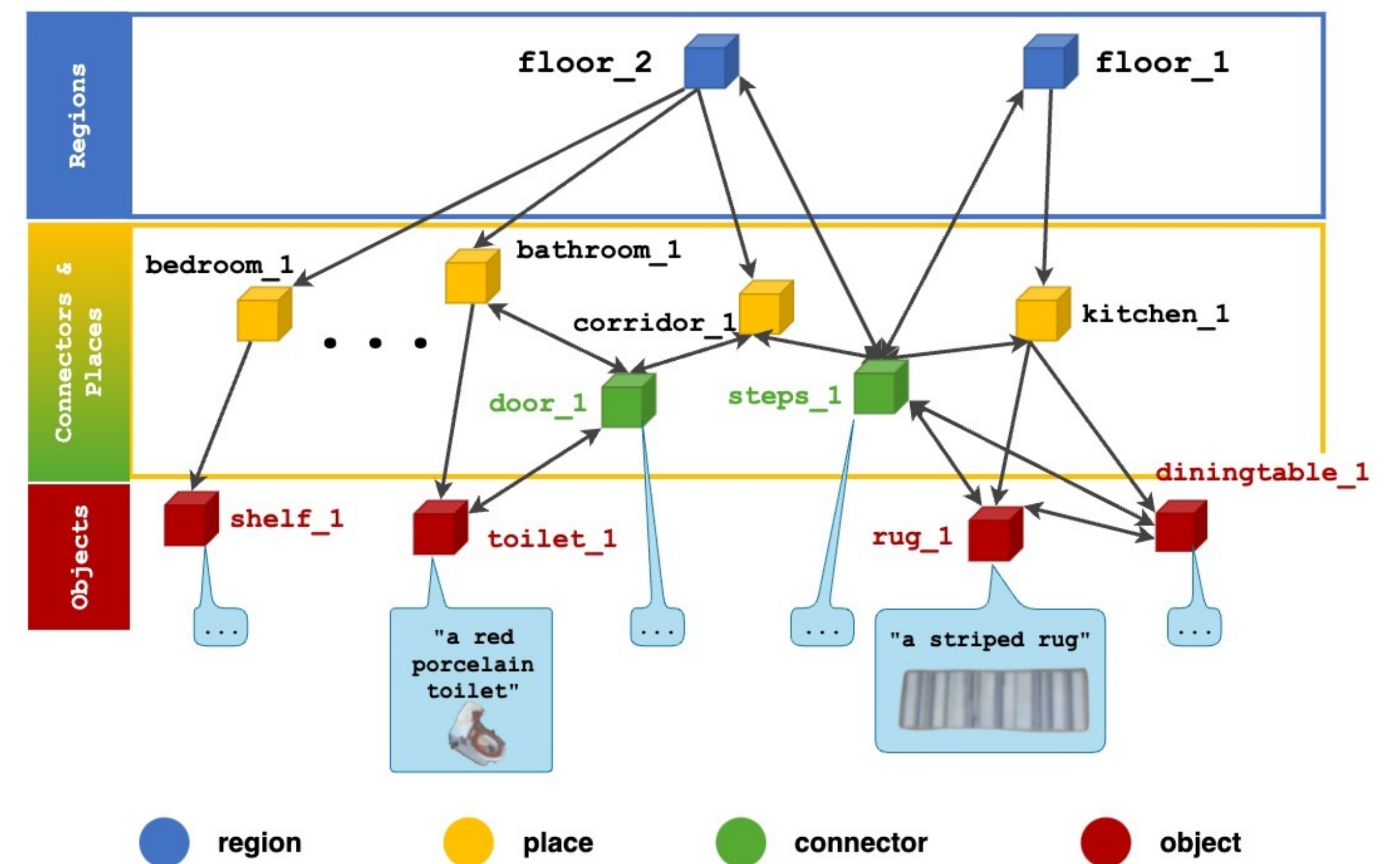
```

{
  "RegionAbstraction1_Layer": {
    # [Optional] Semantically meaningful spatial abstractions
    "layer_type": "floor",
    "Places_Layer": {
      # [Required] Smallest semantically meaningful regions
      "layer_type": "room",
      "Connectors_Layer": {
        # [Optional] Connective structures between regions
        "layer_type": ["stairs", "doors"]
      }
    }
  }
  "Objects_Layer": {
    # [Required] Task-relevant semantic features
  }
}

```

specifies structure of

OSG (Scenes, e.g. a specific house)



OSG Mapper: Builds OSGs online, following OSG spec

- Uses only **FMs**: i.e., LLM, open-vocab VQA, open-set Object Detector
- Uses **objects as features** for data association

```

fn ImageParser(I_t):
  // Extract Place, Objects, Connectors from observations
  P_t = LABELPLACE.VLM.VQA(I_t)
  D_t = DETECTOBJECTCONNECTORS.VLM.OD(I_t)
  O_t, C_t = CLASSIFYOBJECTSANDCONNECTORS.LLM(D_t)
  for o in O_t ∪ C_t do
    o.attr = LABELWITHTEXTUALATTRIBS.VLM.VQA(o)
  return P_t, O_t, C_t

```

```

fn StateEstimator(P_t, O_t, C_t):
  // Estimate robot's current location (Place)
  P^OSG = SORTBYDISTANCE(all Place nodes in OSG)
  for p in P^OSG do
    if ISPLACEMATCHEDWITHOBS.LLM(p, O_t ∪ C_t)
      return p
  return None

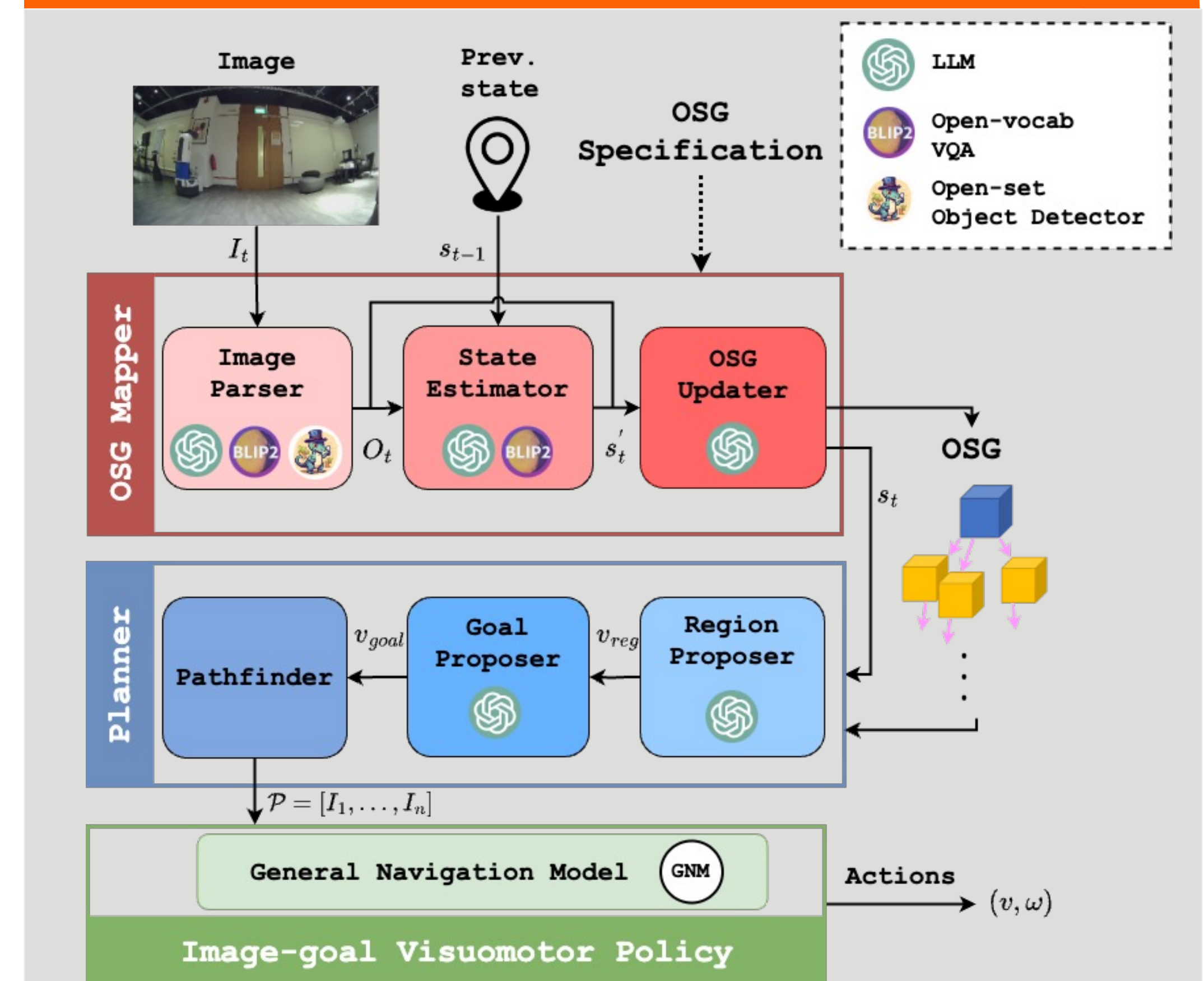
```

```

fn OSGUpdater(p̂, O_t, C_t):
  // Update OSG with observed Place, Objects, Connectors
  if p̂ is None
    p_t = ADDPLACENODE(p̂)
    ADDOBJECTCONNECTORLEAFNODES(O_t, C_t)
    ADDEDGES(s_t, O_t, C_t)
    INFERREGIONABSTRACTIONS.LLM(p_t)
  else
    p_t = p̂
    for o in O_t ∪ C_t do
      v_leaf = GETOBJECTCONNECTORLEAFNODES(p_t)
      v_match = FINDMATCHEDLEAFNODE.LLM(o, v_leaf)
      if v_match is None
        ADDNEWLEAFNODE(o)
      else
        UPDATELEAFNODE(o)
        UPDATEEDGES(o)
    return p_t

```

OSG Navigator



Experiments: Simulation

Comparison With LLM-based ObjectNav Methods On HM3D

Method	Success (↑)	SPL (↑)	DTG (m) (↓)
Greedy LLM (based on [11])	0.275	0.080	5.078
LFG [39]	0.675	0.389	2.411
Explorer-FMM-GT	0.775	0.380	1.702
Explorer-FMM	0.693	0.283	2.338

Comparison With ObjectNav Methods On Gibson

Method	Success (↑)	SPL (↑)	DTG (↓)	TF	NM
SemExp [5]	0.657	0.339	1.474	×	×
PONI [31]	0.736	0.410	1.250	×	×
FBE [50]	0.641	0.283	1.780	✓	×
SemUtil [8]	0.693	0.405	1.488	✓	×
Explorer-FMM	0.734	0.386	1.722	✓	✓

(TF: training free. NM: Non-metric)



- LLM reasoning with **Open Scene Graphs** lets **OpenSearch** strongly outperform **LLM-based methods**
- LLMs' rich semantic priors lets the **zero-shot OpenSearch** perform on par with **task-specific learned methods**