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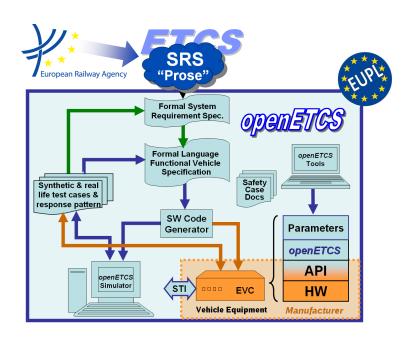
Work-Package 6: "Dissemination, Exploitation and Standardization"

## Updated Dissemination Plan and Report

**Updated Project Dissemination Plan and Report (D6.3)** 

Alexander Nitsch, Dr. Frank Golatowski, Dr. Stefan Rieger and Dr. Peter Mahlmann

September 2014



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Work-Package 6: "Dissemination, Exploitation and Standardization"

OETCS/WP6/D6.3 September 2014

## Updated Dissemination Plan and Report

**Updated Project Dissemination Plan and Report (D6.3)** 

## Document approbation

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## Deliverable

Prepared for openETCS@ITEA2 Project

2

OETCS/WP6/D6.3

**Abstract:** This document is the second version of the openETCS dissemination plan and report. It represents the project dissemination strategy and covers past and as well as planned dissemination activities. There will be an updated version to this document (D6.5).

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### 1 Introduction

This document is the second (updated) version of the openETCS dissemination plan and report. It represents the project dissemination strategy and covers past and as well as planned dissemination activities.

## **Objectives and Achievements**

The dissemination of the project results will leverage the industrial, academic and societal awareness of the project, support the establishment of eco-systems of stakeholders and encourage the exchange of research results, thus contributing to the paradigm of open innovation. Dissemination activities include (but are not limited to) website setup, publication of project results at conferences and in journals, organisation of workshops, exhibitions and demonstrations.

After the release of the first version of the dissemination plan and report, a plethora dissemination activities have been conducted, including publications of project partners and presentations at significant conferences. In particular, the openETCS project was presented at InnoTrans 2014, the world's largest trade fair in the railway industry. The InnoTrans activities included a special openETCS session in the "Speakers' Corner", the public openETCS mid-term workshop and the presentation of results at partners' booths.

#### Structure of this Document

The document is structured as follows. Section 2 lists dissemination activities categorised by their type (conference, exhibition, journal, etc.). Details like date, publisher and/or venue as well as contributors and an abstract are provided. Section 3 is devoted to the future dissemination strategy. Here we list planned future dissemination opportunities and events.

Section 4 addresses additional dissemination activities not covered by the other sections.

## 2 Past Project Dissemination Activities

In this section the past dissemination activities are described.

## 2.1 Exhibitions and trade shows

#### ITEA & ARTEMIS Co-summit 2012: Sharing a Vision for ICT Innovation

Date: 30-31/10/2012 Location: Paris, France

The ITEA & ARTEMIS Co-summit 2012 was used to introduce the openETCS project to a wide audience ranging from industry to academia, public authorities and press from all over Europe.

## ITEA & ARTEMIS Co-summit 2013: Software innovation: boosting high-tech employment and industry

Date: 4-5/1/2013

Location: Stockholm, Sweden

The ITEA & ARTEMIS Co-summit 2013 was used to present the intermediate openETCS project results to a wide audience ranging from industry to academia, public authorities and press from all over Europe.

#### InnoTrans 2014

Date: 23-26/09/2014 Location: Berlin, Germany

InnoTrans 2014, the world's largest trade fair for railways and public transit, addressing the entire railway industry has been used as a platform to disseminate the project and present project results. In particular, the following activities have been organised by project partners:

- A dedicated openETCS session in the "Speakers' Corner" at InnoTrans was set up, comprising three talks from project participants (NS, DB, TWT) and an invited talk of Ralph Müller, the head of Eclipse Europe. The goal was to spread the idea of openETCS and the concept of open source in safety-critical areas to a wider audience. The event lead to a variety of discussions and interesting contacts.
- The openETCS Mid-Term Workshop was organised in conjunction with InnoTrans as an
  event open to the public. The programme comprised presentations from project partners
  (ALL4TEC, Institut Mines-Télécom, Systerel, TU Braunschweig, TWT, Universität Rostock)
  covering a wide range of topics and results from standardisation aspects to verification
  techniques and was very successful. We welcomed also project-external participants which
  led to interesting discussions.
- openETCS results were presented at the booths of consortium members. These were ERSA, showing their simulation technology used for the openETCS demonstrator, Fraunhofer FOKUS presenting verification techniques and results and Systerel.

#### 2.2 Journal contributions

## European Railway Review, Volume 18, Issue 3, 2012

Type: Journal Article

Title: openETCS: Applying 'Open Proofs' to European Train Control

Pages: 30–34

Author: Klaus-Rüdiger Hase (DB)

Publisher: Russell Publishing Ltd., Kent, UK

website: http://europeanrailwayreview.com/tag/openetcs

European Railway Review is the leading bi-monthly technical journal for the European rail industry. Featuring articles and news about the latest technologies and developments, the magazine is essential reading for people involved in the railway business. Here, an overview article of the openETCS project, covering the technical background and the project goals, has been published by DB Netz AG.

## Science of Computer Programming, Volume 91, Part B, 2014

Type: Journal Article

Title: Dependability in Open Proof Software with Hardware Virtualization

- The Railway Control Systems Perspective

Pages: 188–215

Author: Johannes Feuser, Jan Peleska

Publisher: Elsevier B.V., Amsterdam, Netherlands

website: http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/

S0167642313002001

Using the openETCS initiative as a starting point, we describe how open software can be applied in combination with platform-specific, potentially closed-source extensions, in the development, verification, validation and certification of safety-critical railway control systems. To achieve certification credit for safety-critical system developments, evidence about numerous development, verification and validation artifacts has to be provided. Our focus is therefore on open models, and a model-driven development approach ensures that a large portion of the artifacts is automatically generated from the model. This strategy is illustrated by means of the ETCS standard, as far as applicable to the ETCS on-board computer managing train control and train protection. We show that a domain-specific language is suitable to cover all modeling aspects for this computer, starting from the ETCS standard itself and ending at supplier-specific adaptations extending the re-usable core model in concrete developments. In order to re-use certification credits once achieved for the re-usable core model, we suggest virtualization of run-time environments, so that suppliers can embed re-usable core components as binary code into their ETCS target platforms. A detailed analysis is provided, indicating how future changes in the standard and project-specific adaptations, extensions and restrictions, can be accounted for in a new ETCS development, while minimizing the re-certification effort. It is shown for all phases of the development life cycle how the peer-reviewing capacity of the openETCS community may contribute to the correctness of the phases' outputs, thereby increasing overall system dependability, with special emphasis on safety and security.

## 2.3 Conference papers and talks

#### FORMS/FORMAT 2012

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Using ERTMSFormalSpecs to model ERTMS braking curves

Authors: L. Ferier, S. Lukicheva and S. Pinte (ERTMS Solutions)

Date: 11-13/12/2012

Location: Braunschweig, Germany

Website: http://www.forms-format.de

The European Railway Traffic Management System (ERTMS) defines standards for interoperability between the on-board train protection systems (ETCS) and the railway infrastructure. Part of this specification describes the computation of train braking curves and the associated train reactions according to its speed. This document explains how ERTMSFormalSpecs has been used to model such braking curves and the associated advantages of traceability and understandability of using a domain-specific language as opposed to a more common specification-implementation process, where multiple stages of human interpretation and interaction increase the opportunities for errors.

## SEFM 2012, 10th International Conference on Software Engineering and Formal Methods

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Frama-C: a Software Analysis Perspective

Author: Pascal Cuoq, Florent Kirchner, Nikolay Kosmatov, Virgile Prevosto,

Julien Signoles, and Boris Yakobowski

Date: 01-05/10/2012

Location: Thessaloniki (Greece)

Website: http://sefm2012.city.academic.gr/

Frama-C is a source code analysis platform that aims at conducting verification of industrial-size C programs. It provides its users with a collection of plug-ins that perform static analysis, deductive verification, and testing, for safety- and security-critical software. Collaborative verification across cooperating plug-ins is enabled by their integration on top of a shared kernel and datastructures, and their compliance to a common specification language. This foundational article presents a synthetic view of the platform, its main and composite analyses, and some of its industrial achievements.

## 24th IFIP International Conference on Testing Software and Systems (ICTSS)

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Off-line test case generation for timed symbolic model-based con-

formance testing

Author: Christophe Gaston (CEA LIST)

Date: 19-21/11/2012

Location: Aalborg (Denmark)

Website: http://ictss2012.aau.dk/

Model-based conformance testing of reactive systems consists in taking benefit from the model for mechanizing both test data generation and verdicts computation. On-line test case generation allows one to apply adaptive on-the-fly analyzes to generate the next inputs to be sent and to decide if observed outputs meet intended behaviors. On the other hand, in off-line approaches, test suites are pre-computed from the model and stored under a format that can be later performed on test-beds. In this paper, we propose a two-passes off-line approach where: for the submission part, a test suite is a simple timed sequence of numerical input data and waiting delays, and then, the timed sequence of output data is post-processed on the model to deliver a verdict. As our models are Timed Output Input Symbolic Transition Systems, our off-line algorithms involve symbolic execution and constraint solving techniques.

## FORMS/FORMATS 2014, 10th Symposium on Formal Methods

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: A Domain-specific Language for Railway Interlocking Systems

Author/Speaker: Linh H. Vu, Anne E. Haxtausen, Jan Peleska

Date: 30/9-2/10/2014

Location: Brunswick

Website: http://www.forms-format.de/

This paper presents a domain-specific language (DSL) for describing route-based interlocking systems which are compatible with European Train Control System ETCS Level 2. The abstract syntax and static semantics of the language are formally defined using the RAISE Specification Language (RSL). Furthermore, the paper describes an interlocking table generator (ITG) that generates automatically a well-formed interlocking table from a well-formed railway network layout. Experiments with the DSL and ITG using the RAISE tools and the C++ implementation show that the use of the DSL and ITG can increase the productivity and significantly reduce errors in the specifications of railway interlocking systems.

## SPLC 2014, 18th Software Product Line Conference

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: A software product line approach for semantic specification of block

libraries in dataflow languages

Author/Speaker: A. Dieumegard, A. Toom, M. Pantel

Date: 15-19/9/2014 Location: Florence, Italy

Website: http://http://www.splc2014.net/

Dataflow modelling languages such as SCADE or Simulink are the de-facto standard for the Model Driven Development of safety critical embedded control and command systems. Software is mainly being produced by Automated Code Generators whose correctness can only be assessed meaningfully if the input language semantics is well known. These semantics share a common part but are mainly defined through block libraries. The writing of a complete formal specification for the block libraries of the usual languages is highly challenging due to the high variability of the structure and semantics of each block. This contribution relates the use of software product line principles in the design of a domain specific language targeting the formal specification of block libraries. It summarises the advantages of this DSL regarding the writing, validation and formal verification of such specifications. These experiments have been carried out in the context of the GeneAuto embedded code generator project targeting Simulink and Scicos; and are being extended and applied in its follow up projects Projet P and HiMoCo.

## SEFM 2013, 11th International Conference on Software Engineering and Formal Methods

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Applied Bounded Model Checking for Interlocking System Designs

Author/Speaker: Anne Elisabeth Haxthausen, Jan Peleska, Ralf Pinger

Date: 25-27/9/2013 Location: Madrid, Spain

Website: http://antares.sip.ucm.es/sefm2013/

In this paper the verification and validation of interlocking systems is investigated. Reviewing both geographical and route-related interlocking, the verification objectives can be structured from a perspective of computer science into (1) verification of static semantics, and (2) verification of behavioural (operational) semantics. The former checks that the plant model – that is, the software components reflecting the physical components of the interlocking system – has been set up in an adequate way. The latter investigates trains moving through the network, with the objective to uncover potential safety violations. From a formal methods perspective, these verification objectives can be approached by theorem proving, global, or bounded model checking. This paper explains the techniques for application of bounded model checking techniques, and discusses their advantages in comparison to the alternative approaches.

## ICFEM 2014, 16th International Conference on Formal Engineering Methods

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Complete Model-Based Equivalence Class Testing for the ETCS

Ceiling Speed Monitor

Author/Speaker: Cécile Braunstein, Anne E. Haxtausen, Wen-ling Huang, Felix

Hübner, Jan Peleska, Uwe Schulze, Linh Vu Hong

Date: 3-7/11/2014

Location: Luxembourg City, Luxembourg Website: http://icfem2014.uni.lu/

In this paper we present a new test model written in SysML and an associated blackbox test suite for the Ceiling Speed Monitor (CSM) of the European Train Control System (ETCS). The model is publicly available and intended to serve as a novel benchmark for inves- tigating new testing theories and comparing the capabilities of model- based test automation tools. The CSM application inputs velocity val- ues from a domain which could not be completely enumerated for test purposes with reasonable effort. We therefore apply a novel method for equivalence class testing that – despite the conceptually infinite cardi- nality of the input domains – is capable to produce finite test suites that are complete (i.e. sound and exhaustive) for a given fault model. In this paper, an overview of the model and the equivalence class testing strategy is given, and tool-based evaluation results are presented. For the technical details we refer to the published model and a technical report that is also available on the same website.

## Rodin Workshop 2014, 5th Rodin User and Developer Workshop

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Event-B for Safety Analysis of Critical Systems

Author/Speaker: Matthias Güdemann, Marielle Petit-Doche

Date: 2-3/6/2014

Location: Toulouse, France

Website: http://wiki.event-b.org/index.php/Rodin\_Workshop\_

2014

The Event-B modeling approach is designed to reason about the correctness of systems in the early phases of the development process. We propose its application to support safety activities of a critical railway system and to strengthen the arguments for safety cases for certification bodies. We provide insights into our usage of Event-B for validation and verification of safety aspects using the analysis of a reference model of the European Train Control System (ETCS).

## INDIN 2013, IEEE 11th International Conference on Industrial Informatics

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Formal Specification and Automated Verification of Railway Soft-

ware with Frama-C

Author/Speaker: Jens Gerlach, Virgile Prevosto, Jochen Burghardt, Kerstin Hartig,

Kim Völlinger, Hans Pohl

Date: 29-31/7/2013

Location: Bochum, Germany

Website: http://www.indin2013.org/n/

This paper presents the use of the Frama-C toolkit for the formal verification of a model of train-controlling software against the requirements of the CENELEC norm EN 50128. We also compare our formal approach with traditional unit testing.

## ERTSS 2014, Embedded Real Time Software and Systems

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Formal specification of block libraries in dataflow languages

Author/Speaker: Arnaud Dieumegard, Andres Toom, Marc Pantel

Date: 5-7/2/2014

Location: Toulouse, France

Website: http://www.erts2014.org/

Graphical dataflow-style modeling languages like Simulink and Scicos are widely used in the development of embedded control systems as high-level engineering languages. A significant part of their modeling power is captured in function block libraries. In this paper we present an on-going work on the model-based formalisation of such libraries, which intends to bridge the gaps between the different parts of the development process: high-level requirements, design, implementation and verification. Our approach is based on a specification domain specific language (DSL), which captures the variability of blocks through a software product line approach. We have defined translations to other languages like the WHY3 language for verification, different documentation formats, code generator configuration files, etc. These experiments have been carried out in the context of the GeneAuto embedded code generator project and are being extended and applied in its successor projects ProjectP and Hi-MoCo.

## SEKE 2014, The 26th International Conference on Software Engineering and Knowledge Engineering

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Formal Verification of Coordination Systems' Requirements - A

Case Study on the European Train Control System

Author/Speaker: Huu Nghia Nguyen, Ana Cavalli

Date: 1-3/7/2014

Location: Hyatt Regency, Vancouver, Canada

Website: http://www.ksi.edu/seke/seke14.html

Formal verification techniques of system requirements such as model-checking and theorem proving aims to show that the requirements satisfy some properties. Consequently, their success depends on the quality of the properties formulation. We propose an approach to verify requirements of coordination systems by generating automatically the properties to be verified from the requirements themselves. The requirement specifications of a system are provided at two different levels. The coordination specification gives a global overview of the system, in terms of the different roles participating to it, with their goals and needs and with their mutual dependencies and expectations. The process specification shows how a local participant of the system performs its activities. We exploit model checking techniques for verifying the process requirements against the properties generated by the coordination requirements. In addition to provide a theoretical framework, we show how to apply this methodology on the verification of the System Requirement Specification of the European Train Control System. It is complemented with a toolchain.

## INDIN 2013, IEEE 11th International Conference on Industrial Informatics

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Graphical Modelling meets Formal Methods

Author/Speaker: Stefan Gulan, Sven Johr, Roberto Kretschmer, Stefan Rieger,

Michael Ditze

Date: 29-31/7/2013

Location: Bochum, Germany

Website: http://www.indin2013.org/n/

The graphical modelling languages UML and SysML, nowadays widely used in industry, integrate different modelling concepts and notations in one standardised framework. However, they lack a clearly defined, unambiguous semantics and thus their formal verification represents a challenge. On the other hand, current safety standards, including ISO 26262, demand such verification especially for safety-relevant systems. The literature proposes a plethora of different semantics and formalisms for UML/SysML. In this paper we compare and summarise existing work on the formalisation of behavioural UML and SysML models and their verification. Our goal is to foster a better understanding of the problems related to UML/SysML formalisation, and to aid people bridging the gap from high level graphical modelling to formal verification techniques.

# ACATTA 2013, 1st IFAC Workshop on Advances in Control and Automation Theory for Transportation Applications

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Integration of Petri Nets into STAMP/CAST on the example of

Wenzhou 7.23 accident.

Author/Speaker: Dirk Spiegel, René Sebastian Hosse, Jan Welte, Eckehard Schnieder

Date: 16-17/9/2013 Location: Istanbul, Turkey

Website: http://www.acatta13.itu.edu.tr/

This paper illustrates how formal models, in this case Petri nets, can be integrated into the promising STAMP approach. CENELEC 5012X recommend applying formal methods to demonstrate safety in the railway sector. STAMP does not include formal modeling and therefore seems inadequate for safety analysis in railway traffic. This drawback can be eliminated by hybridizing the approach with the ProFunD hazard analysis (DIN EN 62551) using Petri net models. Such a new method, called formalSTAMP that successfully integrates a formal model into STAMP is introduced in this paper. A sample accident analysis application on the Wenzhou 7.23 accident in China is performed and the results are presented in contrast to an original STAMP / CAST analysis by (Dong 2012).

## FORMS/FORMAT 2012, 9th Symposium on Formal Methods

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Model Based Development and Tests for openETCS Applications –

A Comprehensive Tool Chain

Author/Speaker: Johannes Feuser, Jan Peleska

Date: 12-13/12/2012

Location: Brunswick, Germany

Website: http://www.forms-format.de/2012/

This paper presents research results on model-based development and testing for the European Train Control System (ETCS). We focus on the tool chain developed by the authors, which supports the creation of graphical formal specifications of the ETCS System Requirement Specification, code generation, verification and validation.

#### 4th International ABZ Conference

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Model-Checking Real-Time Properties of an Aircraft Landing Gear

System Using Fiacre

Author/Speaker: Silvano Dal Zilio, Lukasz Fronc, Bernard Berthomieu

Date: 1-6/6/2014

Location: Toulouse, France

Website: http://hal.archives-ouvertes.fr/hal-00967422

We describe our experience with modeling the landing gear system of an aircraft using the formal specification language Fiacre. Our model takes into account the behavior and timing properties of both the physical parts and the control software of this system. We use this formal model to check safety and real-time properties on the system but also to find a safe bound on the maximal time needed for all gears to be down and locked (assuming the absence of failures). Our approach ultimately relies on the model-checking tool Tina, that provides state-space generation and model-checking algorithms for an extension of Time Petri Nets with data and priorities.

## IPCT, The International Conference on Advances in Information Processing and Communication Technology

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: On Modeling and Testing Components of the European Train Con-

trol System

Author/Speaker: César Andrés, Ana Cavalli, Nina Yevtushenko, João Santos, Rui

Abreu

Date: 7-8/6/2014 Location: Rome, Italy

Website: http://ipct.theired.org/

This paper studies the abilities of the formal model of a Timed Extended Finite State Machine (TEFSM) to represent the safety properties of the European Train Control System (ETCS). The model is based on Finite State Machines augmented with continuous variables and time information, which allows representing the basic functioning of the units in this real-time system. In order to represent temporal requirements, timeouts are used for modeling some aspects of the (internal) critical behavior of the train control system. The model abilities to represent safety properties are evaluated using different testing scenarios for model implementations in IF, XML and JAVA languages. Tests are automatically generated using the tool TestGen-IF where corresponding safety properties are specified as test objectives. Based on the obtained experimental results the advantages and disadvantages of a developed model are briefly discussed.

### **ERTSS 2014, Embedded Real Time Software and Systems**

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Rail, Space, Security: Three Case Studies for SPARK 2014

Author/Speaker: Claire Dross, Pavlos Efstathopoulos, David Lesens, David Mentré,

Yannick Moy

Date: 5-7/2/2014

Location: Toulouse, France

Website: http://www.erts2014.org/

SPARK is a subset of the Ada programming language targeted at safety- and security-critical applications. SPARK 2014 is a major evolution of the SPARK language and toolset, that integrates formal program verification into existing development processes, in order to decrease the cost of software verication, subject to certification constraints. We present industrial case studies in three different certification domains that show the benefits of using formal verification with SPARK 2014.

## PNSE 2013, International Workshop on Petri Nets and Software Engineering

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Real-Time Property Specific Reduction for Time Petri Net

Author/Speaker: Ning Ge, Marc Pantel

Date: 23-24/6/2014 Location: Tunis, Tunisia

Website: http://www.informatik.uni-hamburg.de/TGI/events/

pnse14/

This paper presents a real-time property specific reduction approach for Time Petri Net (TPN). It divides TPN models into sub-nets of smaller size, and constructs an abstraction of reducible ones, which exhibits the same property specific behavior, but has less transitions and states. This directly reduces the amount of computation needed to generate the whole state space. This method adapts well to the verification of real-time properties in asynchronous systems. It should be possible to apply similar methods to other families of properties.

#### WCRR2013, 10th World Congress on Railway Research

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Survey of formal model-based development of safety-critical soft-

ware for railway applications

Author/Speaker: Jan Welte, Hansjörg Manz, Eckehard Schnieder

Date: 25-28/11/2013 Location: Sydney, Australia

Website: http://www.wcrr2013.org/

The OpenETCS project has the goal to develop an integrated approach for development and implementation of software of European Train Control System (ETCS) on-board units. Thereby, the OpenETCS concept is based on the use of methods and tools which support the formal specification and verification of requirements in an overall model-based development process. To provide transparency and allow compatibility over the life cycle of the train system "Open Standards" shall be utilized on all levels. This paper presents an overview on existing methods used in the railway sector and other comparable industries for software development including verification and validation. Therefore a number of interviews with experts from different organisations and various fields of expertise have been conducted to learn about their approaches and experience. In addition the possibility of integrating "Open Standards" in the existing development process has been discussed. Based on these interviews requirements have been derived, which have to be addressed during the further work of the OpenETCS project.

## Formats 2014, 12th International Conference on Formal Modeling and Analysis of Timed Systems

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Time Petri Nets with Dynamic Firing Dates: Semantics and Appli-

cations

Author/Speaker: Silvano Dal Zilio, Lukasz Fronc, François Vernadat

Date: 8-10/9/2014 Location: Florence, Italy

Website: http://formats2014.unifi.it/

We define an extension of time Petri nets such that the time at which a transition can fire, also called its firing date, may be dynamically updated. Our extension provides two mechanisms for updating the timing constraints of a net. First, we propose to change the static time interval of a transition each time it is newly enabled; in this case the new time interval is given as a function of the current marking. Next, we allow to update the firing date of a transition when it is persistent, that is when a concurrent transition fires. We show how to carry the widely used state class abstraction to this new kind of time Petri nets and define a class of nets for which the abstraction is exact. We show the usefulness of our approach with two applications: first for scheduling preemptive task, as a poor man's substitute for stopwatch, then to model hybrid systems with non trivial continuous behavior.

## IPCT, The International Conference on Advances in Information Processing and Communication Technology

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Verifying and testing ETCS Train Implementations based on IF

specifications

Author/Speaker: Natalia Kushik, Denisa Ianculescu, Ana Cavalli, Mounir Lallali

Date: 7-8/6/2014 Location: Rome, Italy

Website: http://ipct.theired.org/

This paper presents test generation scenarios for a train implementation based on the requirements for European Train Control System (ETCS). The formal model used for the test derivation is the model of a Timed Extended Finite State Machine (TEFSM) given in the IF language. This language allows to capture some important properties such as safety properties that should be checked for train implementations represented as corresponding test objectives. The tool TestGen-IF is then used for automatic generation of test cases.

## INFORMATIK 2014, Workshop: Technologien zur Analyse und Steuerung komplexer cyber-physischer Systeme (CPSData)

Type: Conference paper and talk

Title: Ein abstraktes SystemC-Modell zur Analyse und Leistungsab-

schätzung des europäischen Zugsicherungssystems ETCS

Author/Speaker: Benjamin Beichler, Alexander Nitsch, Frank Golatowski, Christian

Haubelt

Date: 22-26/9/2014

Location: Stuttgart, Germany

Website: http://www.informatik2014.de/workshops14.html

In diesem Beitrag wird ein SystemC-Modell der Geschwindigkeits- und Abstandsüberwachung aus dem European Train Control System (ETCS) vorgestellt. Dieses Modell dient als Ausgangspunkt für die frühzeitige Abschätzung der Leistungsfähigkeit des Systems und die in der Berechnung entstehenden Datenmengen. Hierfür wurde eine neuartige Methode entwickelt, welche es bei minimalen Anpassungen am Anwendungsmodell erlaubt, schnell unterschiedliche Entwurfsalternativen zu explorieren. Dabei werden SystemC-Prozesse in Abhängigkeit von Scheduling-Entscheidungen gestartet, deren Kommunikationsverhalten aufgezeichnet und anschließend Ausführungs- und Kommunikationszeiten simuliert.

## 2.4 Project-organised workshops

## Ensuring Safety of Industrial Critical Systems (ESICS) at IEEE INDIN 2013

Type: Workshop / Special Session

Date: 29-31/7/2013

Location: Bochum, Germany

Website: http://www.indin2013.org/

At the IEEE INDIN 2013 conference in July a Special Session "Ensuring Safety in Industrial Critical Systems" has been set up by partners from the openETCS project and the ARTEMIS project VeTeSS. In addition to talks from partners of the two projects there was also significant participation by external parties (such as the CERN). The event has proven a great opportunity to disseminate early project results and discuss safety-related aspects among experts from different industrial domains.

## 2.5 Book chapter

## Railway Safety, Reliability, and Security: Technologies and Systems Engineering

Type: Book chapter

Title: The Model-Driven openETCS Paradigm for Secure, Safe and Certi-

fiable Train Control Systems

Author/Speaker: Jan Peleska, Johannes Feuser, Anne Elisabeth Haxthausen

Date: 5/2012

Website: http://www.igi-global.com/chapter/

model-driven-openetcs-paradigm-secure/66666

A novel approach to managing development, verification, and validation artifacts for the European Train Control System as open, publicly available items is analyzed and discussed with respect to its implications on system safety, security, and certifiability. After introducing this so-called model-driven openETCS approach, a threat analysis is performed, identifying both safety and security hazards that may be common to all model-based development paradigms for safety-critical railway control systems, or specific to the openETCS approach. In the subsequent sections state-of-the-art methods suitable to counter these threats are reviewed, and novel promising research results are described. These research results comprise domain-specific modeling, model-based code generation in combination with automated object code verification and explicit utilization of virtual machines to ensure containment of security hazards.

## 2.6 Project-internal publications

## **OpenETCS WP4 Contribution**

Type: Technical report

Title: A SysML Test Model and Test Suite for the ETCS Ceiling Speed

Monitor

Author/Speaker: Jan Peleska, Cecile Braunstein, Uwe Schulze, Felix Hübner, Wen-

ling Huang, Anne E. Haxthausen, Linh Vu Hong

Date: 11/5/2014

Location: Bremen/Hamburg, Germany

Website: http://www.informatik.uni-bremen.

de/agbs/testingbenchmarks/openETCS/

ceiling-speed-monitoring/testing\_the\_etcs\_csm.pdf

## 2.7 Talks

## 4th annual Signalling and Train and Control Conference

Type: Talk

Title: Infrastructure manager case study: Ensuring systems integration

and developing functionality with openETCS

Speaker: Klaus-Rüdiger Hase (DB)

Date: 19-21/03/2013 Location: Vienna, Austria

Website: http://globaltransportforum.com/

signalling-and-train-control/

The 4th annual Signalling and Train Control show in Vienna is one of the definitive events for rail signalling, telecom and traffic management experts. With over 50 leading speakers and 300 attendees, the congress allows for the sharing of best practice strategies and unparalleled business development opportunities. At the symposium openETCS project leader Klaus-Rüdiger Hase presented the openETCS approach to developing functionality and system integration.

## 12th International SIGNAL+DRAHT-Congress 2012

Type: Talk

Title: openETCS: Von der Idee zur Praxis

Speaker: Klaus-Rüdiger Hase (DB)

Date: 08-09/11/2012 Location: Fulda, Germany

The openETCS project has been presented at the congress, which took place under the motto "How will signaling technology evolve over the next ten to fifteen years?". The focus was predominantly on the development of the railway networks as well as on the expected changes in the areas of automatic train control, route protection, level crossing protection and control technology. Therefore, this congress was an ideal platform to present the project to a large audience of highly distinguished experts.

## **APTA/UIC High-Speed Congress 2012**

Type: Talk

Title: openETCS: Applying Open Proof's to the European Train Control

System

Speaker: Klaus-Rüdiger Hase (DB)

Date: 10-13/07/2012

Location: Philadelphia, PA, USA

The Congress focuses on highspeed railway traffic. Here, the openETCS project has been presented a large audience of highly distinguished experts and has especially been presented to the non-european audience.

## 41th Symposium "Moderne Schienenfahrzeuge"

Type: Talk

Title: Open ETCS: Ein internationales ITEA2-Projekt begleitet den Wan-

del

Speaker: Klaus-Rüdiger Hase (DB)

Date: 7-10/4/2013 Location: Graz, Austria

The symposium focuses on highspeed railway traffic, railway transport vehicles, rail fraight transport, vehicle components, and interaction of wheel and track. The platform of the symposium will be used to present the openETCS approach to a large audience of distinguished experts in railway business.

#### safe.tech 2013

Type: Talk

Title: Den Vertrauenskrisen unserer Gesellschaft entgegenwirken! Ein

möglicher Ausweg mit "open Proofs" am Beispiel openETCS

Speaker: Klaus-Rüdiger Hase (DB)

Date: 24-25/4/2013 Location: Munich, Germany

The annual safe.tech symposium is organized by TÜV SÜD and represents a platform for exchange of experience in the area of safety with focus on the domains aviation, automotive and railway. A special focus of the 2013 symposium was the interdependence of safety and security in such systems, as an incresingly number of safety critical systems are part of distributed system.

## **BITKOM Forum Open Source "Take Home Benefits"**

Type: Talk

Title: openETCS: Unsere Antwort auf die Vertrauenskrisen unserer Zeit

Speaker: Klaus-Rüdiger Hase (DB)

Date: 24/6/2013

Location: Berlin, Germany

The annual BITKOM OSS symposium is organized by BITKOM, the german federal association for information technology, telecommunications and new media. Here, the openETCS project with focus on the implementation of the "open proofs" concept in an industrial project has been presented.

## **DLR Verkehrs-Kolloquium**

Type: Talk

Title: Mit "open Proofs" das Vertrauen in komplexe sicherheitskritische

Systeme stärken: Am Beispiel des internationalen ITEA2-Projektes

openETCS

Speaker: Klaus-Rüdiger Hase (DB)

Date: 13/8/2013

Location: Brunswick, Germany

The monthly colloquium is organized by the german aerospace center (DLR e.V.) and represents a platform for exchange on current research topics in the domains automotive and railway. Here, the openETCS project has been presented with focus on the implementation of the "open proofs" concept in an industrial project.

## iFM 2013: 10th International Conference on integrated Formal Methods

Type: Talk

Title: Tutorial: Specification and Proof of Programs with Frama-C

Speaker: Virgile Prevosto

Date: 10-14/6/2013

Location: Turku, Finland

Despite the spectacular progress made by the developers of formal verification tools, their usage remains basically reserved for the most critical software. More and more engineers and researchers today are interested in such tools in order to integrate them into their everyday work. This half-day tutorial proposes a practical introduction during which the participants will write C program specifications, observe the proof results, analyze proof failures and fix them. Participants will be taught how to write a specification for a C program, in the form of function contracts, and easily prove it with an automatic tool in FRAMA-C, a freely available software verification toolset. Those who will have FRAMA-C and JESSIE installed (e.g. from ready-to-install packages frama-c, why, alt-ergo under Linux) will also run automatic proof of programs on their computer. Program specifications will be written in the specification language ACSL similar to other specification languages like JML that some participants may know. ACSL-syntax is intentionally close to C and can be easily learned on-the-fly.

## Symposium Test4Rail

Type: Talk

Title: Early Verification of Concepts on the Example of openETCS

Speaker: Marc Behrens
Date: 29-30/10/2013

Location: Brunswick, Germany

The concept of early verification is one key factor in shortening the development cycle by parallelizing development and verification. With its integrated model based approach and proof of transformation tests within openETCS tests are shifted to model level transforming the general V- Model to a Y-Model. The symposium focused on new approaches to verification of safety critical software in the railway sector. The concept of early verification has been presented to an audience of highly distinguished international experts.

## PolarSys Workshop

Type: Talk

Title: openETCS@ITEA2: An Overview

Speaker: Klaus-Rüdiger Hase (DB)

Date: 10/2013

Location: Ludwigsburg, Germany

The openETCS project has been presented at the public PolarSys workshop, which took place in conjunction with the EclipseCon Europe. The focus of the presentation was on the open source tool chain in an industrial project.

## **International Railway Summit 2013**

Type: Talk

Title: openETCS@ITEA2: An Open Source Software ETCS Project is

making Progress

Speaker: Klaus-Rüdiger Hase (DB)

Date: 11/2013

Location: Berlin, Germany

The openETCS project has been presented at the International Railway Summit in Berlin, Germany. International Railway Summit is a meeting of senior executives representing the world's key rail operators, rail infrastructure management companies, national and local governments, rolling stock manufacturers and a wide range of solution providers.

## **UIC ERTMS Workshop**

Type: Talk

Title: openETCS@ITEA2: An Open Source Software ETCS Project is

making Progress

Speaker: Klaus-Rüdiger Hase (DB)

Date: 14/01/2014 Location: Paris, France

The openETCS project and its current state has been presented at the UIC ERTMS Workshop in Paris, France.

## Automatisierungssysteme, Assistenzsysteme und eingebettete Systeme für Transportmittel (AAET) 2014

Type: Talk

Title: openETCS: Erste Implementation für das "open Proofs"-Konzept

Speaker: Klaus-Rüdiger Hase (DB)

Date: 11-13/02/2014

Location: Brunswick, Germany

The openETCS project and with focus on the "open proofs" concept has been presented at the AAET 2014.

## OpenUp camp 2014

Type: Talk

Title: openETCS: First Implementation of the "open Proofs" Approach

Speaker: Klaus-Rüdiger Hase (DB)

Date: 14-16/02/2014

Location: Nuremberg, Germany

The openETCS project has been presented at the business day of the OpenUp camp 2014. The focus of th presentation was on the "open proofs" concept. The OpenUp camp is an un-conference organised by the Open Source Business Foundation. The goal of the foundation is to support enterprises in deploying the strengths of Open Source, Open Innovation and Open Technology within their business models.

#### **Smart Rail Conference 2014**

Type: Talk

Title: openETCS Tools going PolarSys: Learning from the Aviation Sector

Speaker: Klaus-Rüdiger Hase (DB), Pierre Gaufillet (Airbus)

Date: 24-26/02/2014

Location: Amsterdam, Netherlands

The openETCS tool chain has been presented at the Smart Rail Conference. SmartRail is a global series of rail technology exhibitions and congress', that brings together over 1000 rail and metro innovators, strategic leaders, project managers and technical specialists from across the industry to drive this innovation, establish best practice and develop an efficient, reliable and competitive network.

## **Smart Rail Conference 2014**

Type: Talk

Title: Developing innovation and interchangeability with openETCS

Speaker: Klaus-Rüdiger Hase (DB)

Date: 24-26/02/2014

Location: Amsterdam, Netherlands

The openETCS project concept has been presented at the Smart Rail Conference. SmartRail is a global series of rail technology exhibitions and congress', that brings together over 1000 rail and metro innovators, strategic leaders, project managers and technical specialists from across the industry to drive this innovation, establish best practice and develop an efficient, reliable and competitive network.

## Embedded World Exhibition and Conference, ITEA3 kick-off

Type: Talk

Title: openETCS: European Train Control Crossing Borders through joint

Software

Speaker: Klaus-Rüdiger Hase (DB)

Date: 26/02/2014

Location: Nuremberg, Germany

The ITEA 3 launch event in Germany took place at the "embedded world – Exhibition and Conference" in Nuremberg. The event was hosted by the Federal Ministry of Education and Research (BMBF) and the ITEA Office. There, the openETCS project has been presented as an successfull example of european co-operative research.

### 3 Planned Future Dissemination Activities

This section describes the project's dissemination strategy for the future including events, conferences, journals and openETCS-specific activities. Please note that the dissemination strategy also comprises the activities listed in Section 4 including the transparent, publicly observable working strategy on GitHub.

#### 3.1 Exhibitions and Trade Shows

#### **ITEA & ARTEMIS Co-summit 2015**

Date: 10-11/3/2015 Location: Berlin, Germany

The ITEA & ARTEMIS Co-summit will be used as platform to present the project, report about the current status of the openETCS project and present intermediate results. It is a great opportunity for exchanging ideas with the community and to disseminate and advertise the project as the event covers participants from industry, academia, public authorities and press from all over Europe.

### **Embedded World Exhibition & Conference**

Frequency: annual

Next Event: February 2015 (Nuremberg, Germany)
Website: http://www.embedded-world.eu/

The annual EmbeddedWorld Exhibition & Conference is the world largest trade exhibition in the area of embedded systems. It is planned to present openETCS partner results at the exhibition as well as at the conference.

## 3.2 Conferences and Workshops

## SIGNAL+DRAHT-Congress

Frequency: annual

Website: http://www.eurailpress.de/events/

eurailpress-events.html

A talk about the openETCS project has already been given at the 12th international SIG-NAL+DRAHT congress in 2012 (see Section 2). A follow up talk is planned for 2014 or 2015 in order to present the results of the project.

## **IEEE Vehicular Technology Conference**

Frequency: bi-annual

Next Events: May 2015 (Glasgow, Scotland)

Website: http://www.ieeevtc.org/vtc2015spring

This semi-annual flagship conference of the IEEE Vehicular Technology Society will bring together individuals from academia, government, and industry to discuss and exchange ideals in the fields of wireless, mobile, and vehicular technology. The conference will feature world-class plenary speakers, tutorials, and technical as well as application sessions.

## IFIP International Conference on Testing Software and Systems (ICTSS)

Frequency: annual

The well-established ICTSS series of international conferences addresses the conceptual, theoretic, and practical challenges of testing software systems, including communication protocols, services, distributed platforms, middleware, embedded systems, and security infrastructures.

### **IEEE International Conference on Industrial Informatics (INDIN'15)**

Frequency: annual

Next Events: July 2015 (Cambridge, UK)

Website: http://www.ieeevtc.org/vtc2015spring

The purpose of the IEEE INDIN international conference is to provide a forum for presentation and discussion of the state-of-art and future perspectives of industrial information technologies. Industry experts, researchers and academics are gathering together to share ideas and experiences surrounding frontier technologies, breakthroughs, innovative solutions, research results, as well as initiatives related to industrial informatics and their applications.

## Design, Automation, and Test in Europe (DATE)

Frequency: annual

Next Events: March 2015, Grenoble, France

Website: http://www.date-conference.com/

DATE is a leading international event and unique networking opportunity for design and engineering of Systems-on-Chip, Systems-on-Board and Embedded Systems Software.

## **IEEE Real-Time Systems Symposium (RTSS)**

Frequency: annual

Next Events: December 2014, Rome, Italy

Website: http://www.wikicfp.com/cfp/servlet/event.showcfp?

eventid=37166&copyownerid=619

The IEEE Real-Time Systems Symposium (RTSS) is the premier conference in the area of real-time systems, presenting innovations in the field with respect to theory and practice. RTSS provides a forum for the presentation of high-quality, original research covering all aspects of real-time systems design, analysis, implementation, evaluation, and experiences. RTSS'14 continues the trend of making RTSS an expansive and inclusive symposium, looking to embrace new and emerging areas of realtime systems research.

## Real-Time and Embedded Technology and Applications Symposium (RTAS)

Frequency: annual

Next Events: April 2015, Seattle, Washington Website: http://2015.rtas.org/

RTAS'15, the 21st in a series of annual conferences sponsored by the IEEE, will be held in Seattle, Washington, as part of the Cyber-Physical Systems Week (CPSWeek) in April, 2015. CPS Week 2015 will bring together leading conferences, including the International Conference on Information Processing in Sensor Networks (IPSN'15), the International Conference on Hybrid Systems (HSCC'15), the International Conference on Cyber-Physical Systems (ICCPS'15), the International Conference on High Confidence Networked Systems (HiCoNS'15) and RTAS'15.

## **IFIP International Conference on Testing Software and Systems (ICTSS)**

Frequency: annual

The well-established ICTSS series of international conferences addresses the conceptual, theoretic, and practical challenges of testing software systems, including communication protocols, services, distributed platforms, middleware, embedded systems, and security infrastructures.

# Workshop Methoden und Beschreibungssprachen zur Modellierung und Verifikation von Schaltungen und Systemen (MBMV)

Frequency: annual

Next Events: March 2015

Website: https://www.tu-chemnitz.de/etit/sse/mbmv2015/

Der Workshop hat es sich zum Ziel gesetzt, neueste Trends, Ergebnisse und aktuelle Probleme auf dem Gebiet der Methoden zur Modellierung und Verifikation sowie der Beschreibungssprachen digitaler, analoger und Mixed-Signal-Schaltungen zu diskutieren. Er soll somit ein Forum zum Ideenaustausch sein.

## ACM Symposium on Applied Computing / Software Verification and Testing Track (ACM SAC)

Frequency: annual

Next Events: April 2015, Salamanca Spain

Website: http://fmt.cs.utwente.nl/conferences/sac-svt2015/

The ACM Symposium on Applied Computing (SAC) has gathered scientists from different areas of computing over the past twenty-nine years. The forum represents an opportunity to interact with different communities sharing an interest in applied computing.

## Nasa Formal Methods Symposium (NFM)

Frequency: annual

Next Event: April 2015, Pasadena, California, USA)

Website: http://www.NASAFormalMethods.org/nfm2015

The NASA Formal Methods Symposium is a forum for theoreticians and practitioners from academia, industry, and government, with the goals of identifying challenges and providing solutions to achieving assurance in mission- and safety-critical systems.

## FORMS/FORMAT

Frequency: bi-annual

Next Event: 2016 (Braunschweig, Germany)
Website: http://www.forms-format.de

The symposium FORMS/FORMAT offers scientists facing formal techniques, practitioners and managers, developers and consultants of automotive and railway industries as well as traffic system operators with interest in formal methods an accepted platform for the exchange of scientific experience and the transfer of practical description means, methods and tools for complex automation systems. With its focus on formal methods and transportation it provides an ideal forum to present openETCS and its results.

## **International Conference on Software Engineering and Formal Methods (SEFM)**

Frequency: annual

Next Event: Sep. 2015 York, UK

Website: http://www.cs.york.ac.uk/sefm2015/

The SEFM conference series aims to advance the state of the art and usage of formal methods in the industry, being a great hub for discussion on formal methods and software engineering.

#### **IEEE International Conference on Software Testing (ICST)**

Frequency: annual

Next Event: Apr. 2015 Graz, Austria

Website: http://icst2015.ist.tu-graz.ac.at/

ICST is a conference series that specialises in Software Testing and Verification & Validation. Topics discussed range from Verification & Validation, testing, model checking, among others.

## 3.3 Journals and Magazines

## **Journal of Statistical Software**

Website: http://www.jstatsoft.org/

Specializing in statistical software and algorithms, it provides a medium to publish about different techniques used for the validation & verification of embedded systems.

#### SIGNAL+DRAHT

Website: http://www.eurailpress.de/verlag/zeitschriften/

signal-draht/profil.html

A talk about the openETCS project has already been given at the 12th international SIG-NAL+DRAHT congress in 2012 (see 2). For 2014 or 2015 it is planned to publish an article about the project results in the accompanying SIGNAL+DRAHT magazine.

## International Railway Journal (IRJ)

Website: http://www.railjournal.com

The journal was launched in 1960 and is the world's first globally-distributed magazine for the railway industry. It is written for senior managers and engineers of the world's railways and transit systems, ministers of transport, manufacturers, railway planners, and consultants. Concerning openETCS, it is planned to publish an article about the simulator which will be developed for the purpose of demonstration in the project.

### **ZEV Rail**

Website: http://www.zevrail.de

ZEV Rail is the accompanying journal to the "Moderne Schienenfahrzeuge" symposium. An article with the title "OpenETCS: Ein internationales ITEA2-Projekt begleitet den Wandel" is currently under submission.

## 3.4 openETCS-Specific Events

## **IEEE INDIN 2015**

Type: Workshop / Special Session

Date: 22-25/7/2015 Location: Cambridge, UK

The ESICS workshop at INDIN 2013 was a success and thus it is planned to organise another workshop for INDIN 2015. It will again focus on critical systems, safety and security.

## openETCS Conference/Final Workshop 2015

Date: 2015

At the end of the project in 2015 a second conference is planned to present the final results, possible follow-up activities and exploitation perspectives.

#### 4 Further Activities

## 4.1 openETCS Website

The project's public website is available at http://www.openetcs.org. In addition to a brief overview over the project, its goals and the participating partners, it provides links to the openETCS working platform GitHub [2], enabling easy access to deliverables, software, meeting minutes, etc. Moreover, a calendar with upcoming events gives people not yet involved but interested in the project an overview of ongoing activities and thus the possibility to participate in these events. The website also offers downloads for the openETCS tool.

#### 4.2 GitHub

Throughout the project the GitHub platform [2] is used for management and publication of project results. Most of the project repositories are public and thus are accessible to the outside world, making it possible for everyone to view the state of the project and its results. In addition, the platform enables anybody to contribute content to the project. GitHub is based on the open source Git tool [1] and provides a wide variety of functions, including versioning, team collaboration support, public and private repositories and a wiki. In addition to the main project repositories wikis are a useful tool for communicating project state and results to the outside world.

#### 4.3 Twitter

An openETCS Twitter account has been set up and is available at https://twitter.com/openetcs. Here, news about the project, events, release of deliverables and milestones, etc. are communicated. As of September 2014 the Twitter account is followed by about 200 users.

#### 4.4 YouTube

An openETCS YouTube Channel is available at https://www.youtube.com/user/openETCS. Via this channel recordings of online trainings are available to the public. The trainings cover topics such as Git practices, SysML model checks, and a guideline how to set up eclipse to build the openETCS tool for potential contributors.

## References

- [1] The Git Tool: http://git-scm.com/.
- [2] The GitHub Platform: http://github.com/.