# 合宙Air7XX CSDK luatos\_mqtt 使用指南

- 1. 使用luatos\_mgtt 需要首先在工程对应的xmake.lua加入库文件,参考如下
- 2. 加入luatos\_mqtt 需要的net\_lwip 依赖代码(主要为了设配网卡)
- 3.创建一个MQTT实例
- 4.设置客户端必要的参数
- 5.设置服务端信息
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luatos\_mqtt 是luatos 团队根据libemqtt 自行改进与研发,为了方便各位童鞋快速使用与掌握 luatos\_mqtt,这里luatos 团队提供了使用说明:

注:完整demo 参考example\_luatos\_mqtt,使用指南配合demo+API 手 册一起使用效果更佳

注: 使用指南里面代码块里面的注释, 重点看一下

- 1. 使用luatos\_mqtt 需要首先在工程对应的 xmake.lua 加入库文件,参考如下
  - includes(SDK\_TOP .. "/thirdparty/libemqtt")
    add\_deps("libemqtt")
- 2. 加入luatos\_mqtt 需要的net\_lwip 依赖代码(主要为了设配网卡)
  - 在任务初始化函数里面加入如下代码

- 1 luat\_mobile\_event\_register\_handler(luatos\_mobile\_event\_callback);//注册模块m obile 事件回调函数
- 2 net\_lwip\_init();//初始化net\_lwip
- 3 net\_lwip\_register\_adapter(NW\_ADAPTER\_INDEX\_LWIP\_GPRS);//注册lwip网卡为蜂窝模块 GPRS
- 4 network\_register\_set\_default(NW\_ADAPTER\_INDEX\_LWIP\_GPRS);
- 修改luat\_mobile\_event\_register\_handler (注: 网络事件回调函数 luat\_mobile\_event\_register\_handler,需要保持全局统一,只有一个网络事件回调函数),加入如下函数
  - soc\_mobile\_get\_default\_pdp\_part\_info(&type, NULL, NULL, &dns\_nu
    m, dns\_ip)
  - NetMgrGetNetInfo(0xff, pNetifInfo)
  - net\_lwip\_set\_local\_ip6
  - network\_set\_dns\_server
  - net\_lwip\_set\_link\_state
- 修改注册函数主要为了设置DNS服务器、设置网络状态 (net lwip 需要)

```
static void luatos_mobile_event_callback(LUAT_MOBILE_EVENT_E event, uint8_
     t index, uint8 t status)
2 {
3
         if (LUAT_MOBILE_EVENT_NETIF == event)
 4
 5
            if (LUAT MOBILE NETIF LINK ON == status)
 6
                 ip_addr_t dns_ip[2];
8
                uint8_t type, dns_num;
9
                dns_num = 2;
10
                /*从网络获取默认的DNS服务器*/
11
                soc_mobile_get_default_pdp_part_info(&type, NULL, NULL, &dns_n
    um, dns_ip);
12
13
                if (type & 0x80)
14
15
                     if (index != 4)
16
17
                         return;
18
19
                     else
20
21
                        NmAtiNetifInfo *pNetifInfo = malloc(sizeof(NmAtiNetifI
    nfo));
                        NetMgrGetNetInfo(0xff, pNetifInfo);
22
23
                         if (pNetifInfo->ipv6Cid != 0xff)
24
25
                             net_lwip_set_local_ip6(&pNetifInfo->ipv6Info.ipv6A
    ddr);
26
27
28
                         free(pNetifInfo);
29
30
31
32
33
                     /*根据得到默认信息,设置DNS服务器*/
34
                     network_set_dns_server(NW_ADAPTER_INDEX_LWIP_GPRS, 2, &dns
    _ip[0]);
35
                     if (dns_num > 1)
36
37
                        network_set_dns_server(NW_ADAPTER_INDEX_LWIP_GPRS, 3,
    &dns_ip[1]);
38
39
40
                 /*设置网络状态*/
41
                net_lwip_set_link_state(NW_ADAPTER_INDEX_LWIP_GPRS, 1);
```

```
42 }
43 }
44 }
```

## 3.创建一个MQTT实例

```
int luat_mqtt_init(luat_mqtt_ctrl_t *mqtt_ctrl, int adapter_index);
 1
2
    //使用说明如下
3
    int ret = -1;
    luat_mqtt_ctrl_t *luat_mqtt_ctrl = (luat_mqtt_ctrl_t *)luat_heap_malloc(si
    zeof(luat_mqtt_ctrl_t));
    ret = luat_mqtt_init(luat_mqtt_ctrl, NW_ADAPTER_INDEX_LWIP_GPRS);
    if (ret)
6
8
         LUAT_DEBUG_PRINT("mqtt init FAID ret %d", ret);
9
         return 0;
10
11
    luat_mqtt_ctrl->ip_addr.type = 0xff;
```

## 4.设置客户端必要的参数

```
1 mqtt_init(&(luat_mqtt_ctrl->broker), CLIENT_ID);//设置客户端client_id
2 mqtt_init_auth(&(luat_mqtt_ctrl->broker), USERNAME, PASSWORD);//设置客户端na me,password
3 // luat_mqtt_ctrl->netc->is_debug = 1;// debug信息
4 luat_mqtt_ctrl->broker.clean_session = 1;
5 luat_mqtt_ctrl->keepalive = 240;//设置心跳时间
6 luat_mqtt_ctrl->reconnect = 1;//设置为自动重连
7 luat_mqtt_ctrl->reconnect_time = 3000;//设置自动重连的时间为3000
```

## 5.设置服务端信息

```
1 luat_mqtt_connopts_t opts = {0};
2
    #if (MQTT_DEMO_SSL == 1)
3
    opts.is_tls = 1;
    opts.server_cert = testCaCrt;
5
    opts.server_cert_len = strlen(testCaCrt);
6
    opts.client_cert = testclientCert;
    opts.client_cert_len = strlen(testclientCert);
8
    opts.client_key = testclientPk;
9
    opts.client_key_len = strlen(testclientPk);
10
11
    opts.is_tls = 0;
12
    #endif
    opts.host = MQTT_HOST;
13
    opts.port = MQTT_PORT;
14
15
    ret = luat_mqtt_set_connopts(luat_mqtt_ctrl, &opts);//设置服务端信息,具体可以
    看API手册
```

#### 6.设置回调函数

```
1 luat_mqtt_set_cb(luat_mqtt_ctrl,luat_mqtt_cb);
```

## 7.发起连接

```
1 luat_mqtt_connect(luat_mqtt_ctrl);
```

## 8.订阅与发布函数

```
1
    //发布函数
2
    /** Publish a message on a topic.
3
    * @param MQTT实例对象
    * @param topic 主题名称.
5
    * @param msg 消息负载.
6
     * @param msg len 消息负载长度
     * @param retain Enable or disable the Retain flag (values: 0 or 1).
8
     * @param qos Quality of Service (values: 0, 1 or 2)
9
     * @param message id Variable that will store the Message ID, if the point
    er is not NULL.
10
11
     * @retval 1 On success.
12
     * @retval 0 On connection error.
     * @retval -1 On IO error.
13
14
15
     int mqtt_publish_with_qos(mqtt_broker_handle_t* broker,
16
                              const char* topic,
17
                              const char* msg,
18
                              uint32_t msg_len,
19
20
                              uint8 t gos,
21
                              uint16_t* message_id);
22
    //订阅函数
23
    /** Subscribe to a topic.
24
    st @param broker Data structure that contains the connection information w
     ith the broker.
25
    * @param topic 主题名称.
26
    * @param message id Variable that will store the Message ID, if the point
    er is not NULL.
27
28
    * @retval 1 On success.
     * @retval 0 On connection error.
29
30
     * @retval -1 On IO error.
31
32
     int mqtt_subscribe(mqtt_broker_handle_t* broker,
33
                       const char* topic,
34
                       uint16_t* message_id,
35
                       uint8_t qos);
```

#### 9.回调函数与事件处理使用方法

```
//MQTT 回调函数里面不能做大量的数据处理,推荐使用消息队列的方式来出来数据
2
    //处理方法如下
    static luat_rtos_queue_t mqtt_queue_handle;
    #define MQTT QUEUE SIZE 128
5
  //创建消息队列的结构体
    typedef struct
8
        luat_mqtt_ctrl_t *luat_mqtt_ctrl;//mqtt 的实例对象
9
        uint16 t event;//mgtt 事件类型
10
    } mgttQueueData;
11
    //MQTT 回调函数
12
    static void luat_mqtt_cb(luat_mqtt_ctrl_t *luat_mqtt_ctrl, uint16_t event
13 {
14
        //回调函数里面,通过消息队列将消息发送到主任务函数
        mqttQueueData mqtt_cb_event = {.luat_mqtt_ctrl = luat_mqtt_ctrl,.even
    t = event}:
16
        luat rtos queue send(mqtt queue handle, &mqtt cb event, NULL, 0);
17
        return;
18
19
    static void luat mgtt task(void *param)
20
21 {
22
23
        mgttQueueData mgttQueueRecv = {0};
24
        //创建MQTT数据处理的消息队列
25
        luat_rtos_queue_create(&mqtt_queue_handle, MQTT_QUEUE_SIZE, sizeof(mq
    ttQueueData));
26
        /*****省略部分代码,只展示事件处理与数据处理的代码**/
27
        luat_mqtt_set_cb(luat_mqtt_ctrl,luat_mqtt_cb);
28
        while(1)
29
30
            //主任务里面接收MQTT数据,并进行处理
31
            if (luat_rtos_queue_recv(mqtt_queue_handle, &mqttQueueRecv, NULL
    , 5000) == 0)
32
33
               switch (mgttQueueRecv.event)
34
35
               case MQTT MSG CONNACK: {//MQTT连接成功的标志
                   LUAT DEBUG PRINT("mgtt connect ok");
36
37
38
                   LUAT_DEBUG_PRINT("mqtt_subscribe");
39
                   uint16 t msqid = 0;
40
                   mgtt subscribe(&(mgttQueueRecv.luat mgtt ctrl->broker),
41
                                 mqtt_sub_topic, &msgid, 1);
42
43
                   LUAT DEBUG PRINT("publish");
44
                   uint16_t message_id = 0;
```

```
45
                    mqtt_publish_with_qos(&(mqttQueueRecv.luat_mqtt_ctrl->bro
46
                                          mgtt pub topic, mgtt send payload,
47
                                          strlen(mgtt send payload), 0, 1, &m
     essage_id);
48
                    break;
49
50
                case MQTT_MSG_PUBLISH : {//收到消息的标志
51
                    const uint8_t* ptr;
52
                    uint16_t topic_len =
53
                        mqtt_parse_pub_topic_ptr(mqttQueueRecv.luat_mqtt_ctrl
54
                                                    mqtt_packet_buffer, &ptr
     );
55
                    LUAT DEBUG PRINT("pub topic: %.*s",topic len,ptr);
56
                    uint16 t payload len =
57
                        mqtt_parse_pub_msg_ptr(mqttQueueRecv.luat_mqtt_ctrl->
58
                                               mqtt_packet_buffer, &ptr);
59
                    LUAT_DEBUG_PRINT("pub_msg: %.*s",payload_len,ptr);
60
                    break;
61
62
                case MQTT MSG PUBACK:
63
                case MQTT_MSG_PUBCOMP : {
64
                    LUAT_DEBUG_PRINT("msg_id: %d",mqtt_parse_msg_id
65
                                     (mgttQueueRecv.luat mgtt ctrl->mgtt pack
     et buffer));
66
                    break;
67
68
                case MQTT MSG RELEASE : {
69
                    LUAT_DEBUG_PRINT("luat_mqtt_cb mqtt release");
70
                    break;
71
72
                case MQTT_MSG_DISCONNECT: { // mqtt 断开(只要有断开就会上报,无论
     是否重连)
73
                    LUAT DEBUG PRINT("luat mgtt cb mgtt disconnect");
74
                    break;
75
76
                case MQTT MSG CLOSE : {
77
                    //mqtt 关闭(不会再重连)注意: 一定注意和MQTT_MSG_DISCONNECT区
78
                    /*如果要做手动重连处理推荐在这里 */
79
                    LUAT_DEBUG_PRINT("luat_mqtt_cb mqtt close");
80
                    if (MQTT DEMO AUTOCON == 0)
81
82
                        ret = luat_mqtt_connect(mqttQueueRecv.luat_mqtt_ctrl
    );
83
                        if (ret) {
84
                            LUAT DEBUG PRINT("mgtt connect ret=%d\n", ret);
```

```
luat_mqtt_close_socket(mqttQueueRecv.luat_mqtt_ct
 85
86
                              return;
87
88
89
90
 91
                  default:
92
                      break;
93
94
95
              else
96 -
97
                  if (luat_mqtt_state_get(luat_mqtt_ctrl) == MQTT_STATE_READY)
98
99
                      uint16_t message_id = 0;
100
                      mqtt_publish_with_qos(&(luat_mqtt_ctrl->broker),
101
                                            mqtt_pub_topic,
102
                                            mqtt_send_payload,
103
                                             strlen(mqtt_send_payload),
104
                                            0, 1, &message_id);
105
106
107
108
109
```