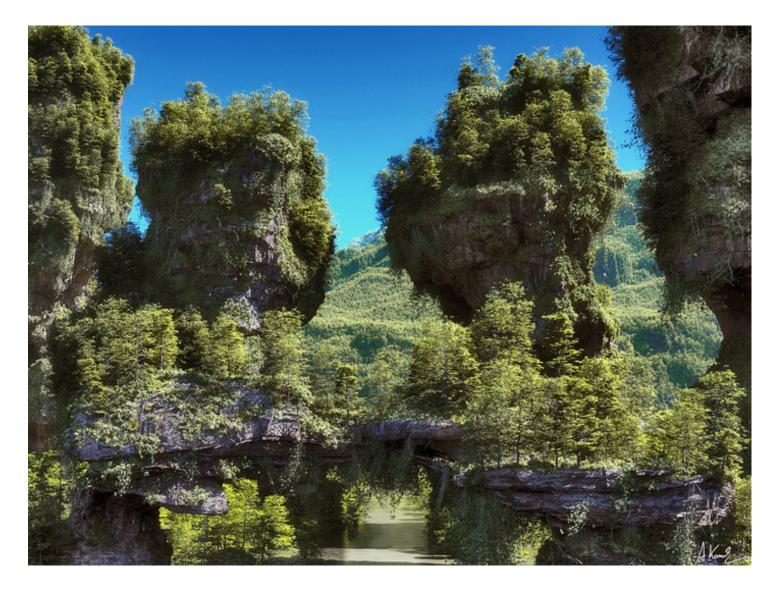
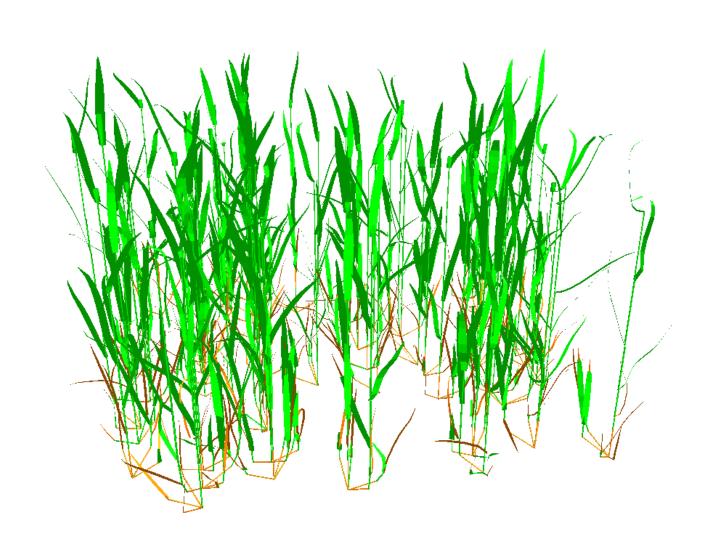
Modelling light and light interception



What is a 3D Virtual Scene?



It's (very often) a mesh!

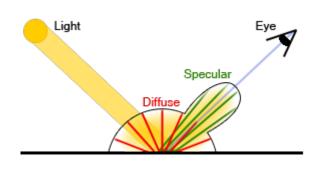


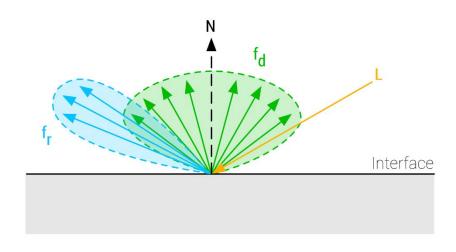
Vertices = { 3D points } Faces = {triangles}
=
$$[(x, y, z), ...]$$
 = $[(vtx, vtx, vtx), ...]$

What is a virtual light?



It's a set of vectors!

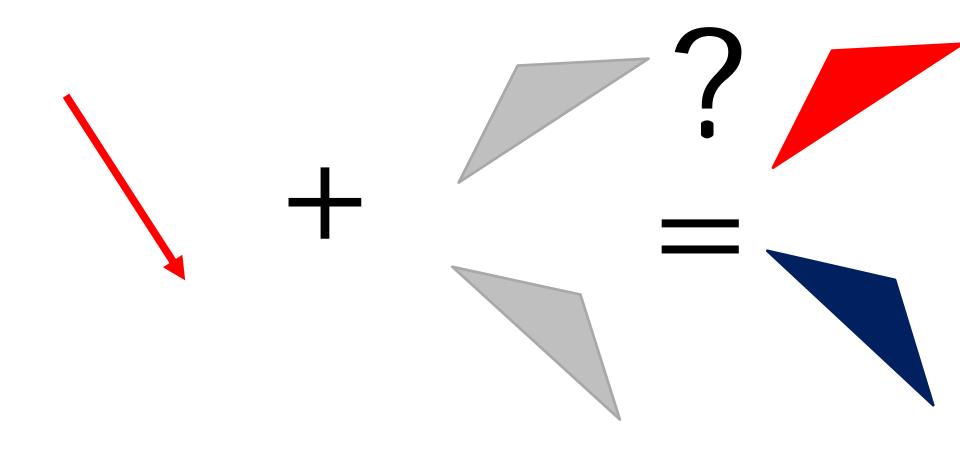




Vector = Propagating Direction + Energetic flux (W.m-2.s-1)

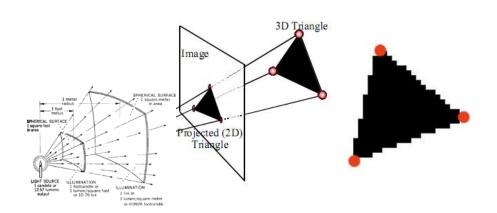
Light source = [PAR_light_direction_1, PAR_light_vector_direction_2, FR_light_direction_1,...]

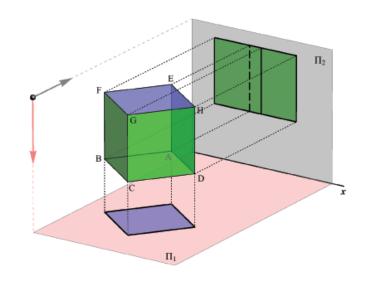
The problem



First order: projection

- Actual Surface : S
- Projected surface on a plane perpendicular to radiation direction: S'
- Irradiance =Light flux * S' / S
- Distant sources (sun...):
 orthogonal projection

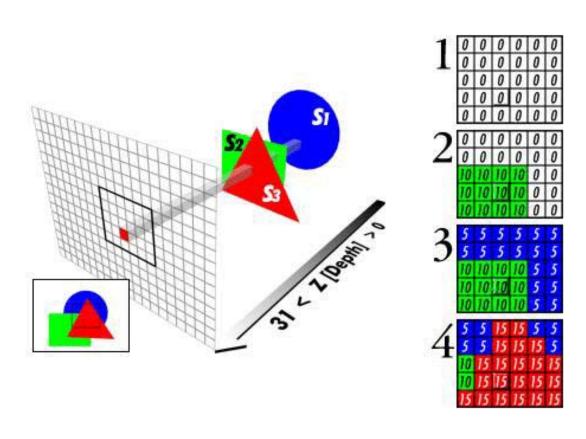


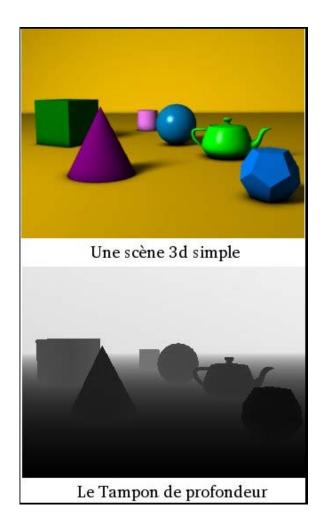


First order: occlusions

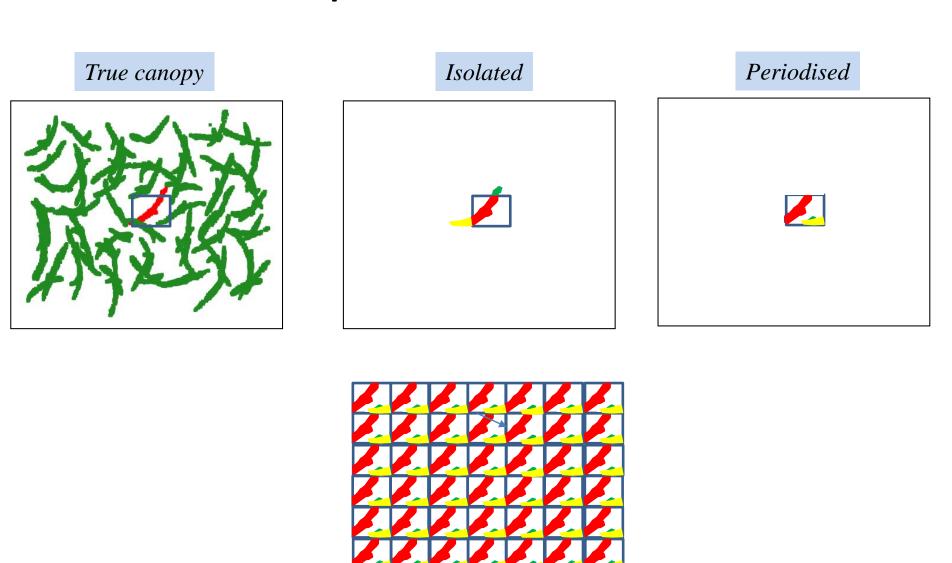
Equivalent to the computation of synthetic image

Z-buffer

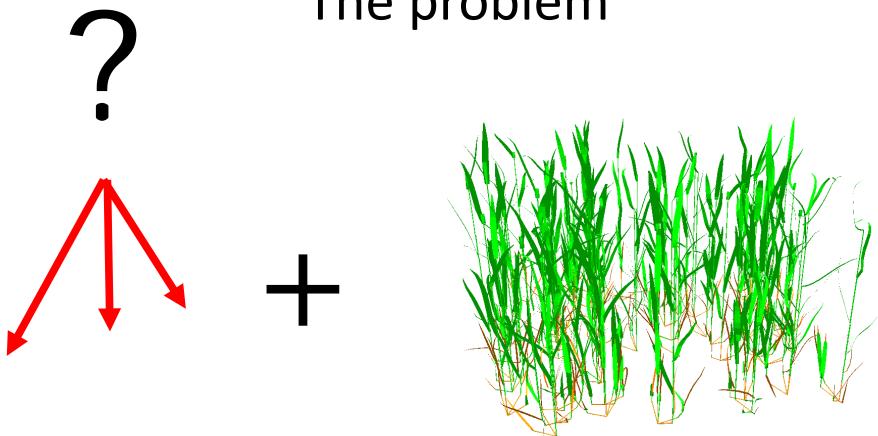




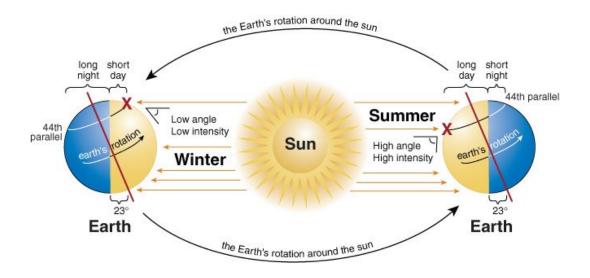
Tip:Toric scenes

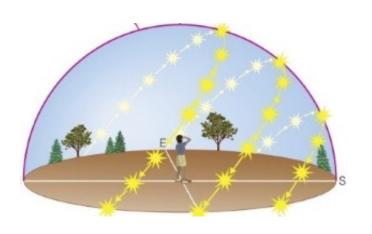


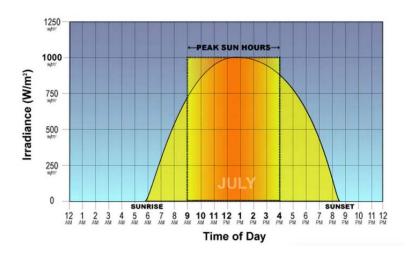
The problem



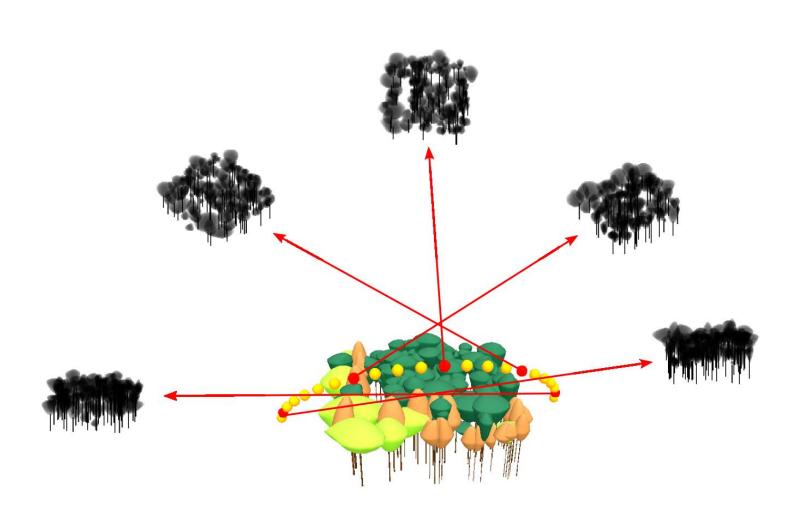
Modeling sun



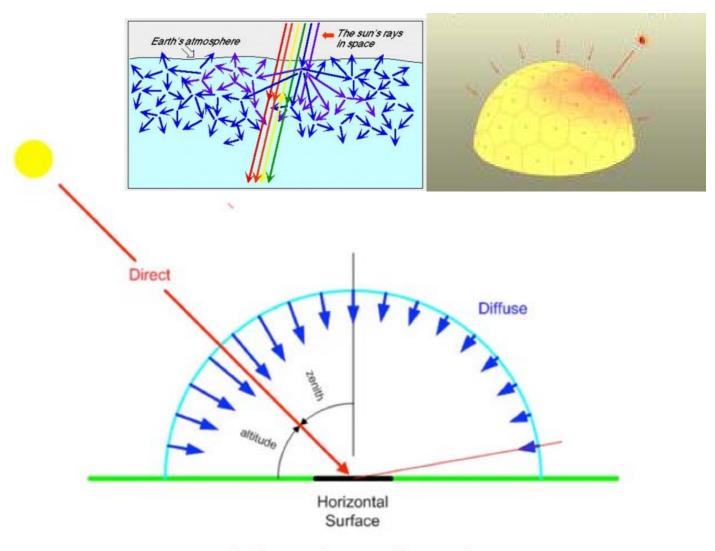




Integration over a day

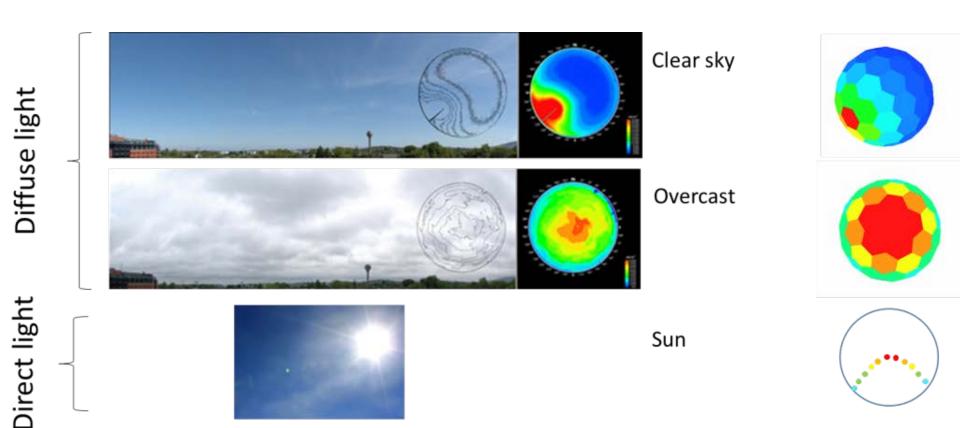


Modelling sky

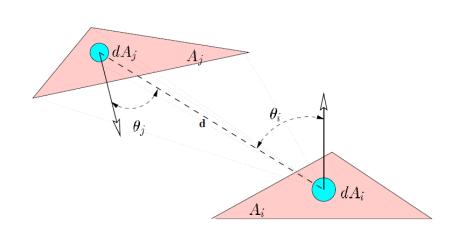


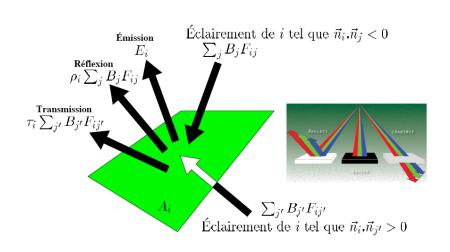
Direct and Diffuse Irradiation on the ground

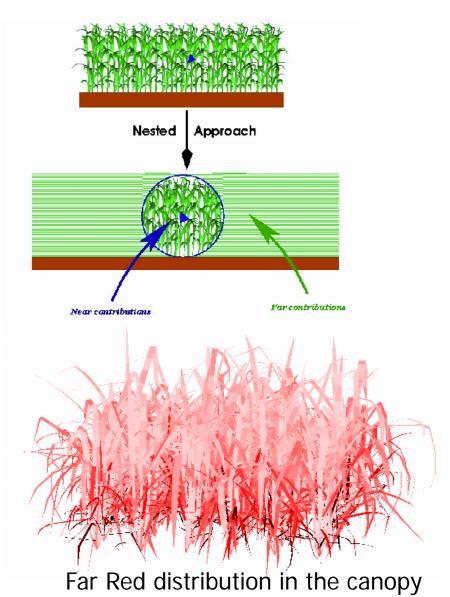
Modelling sky irradiance



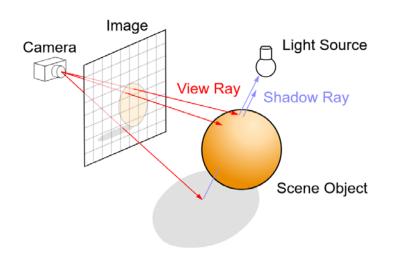
Multi rediffusion: radiosity

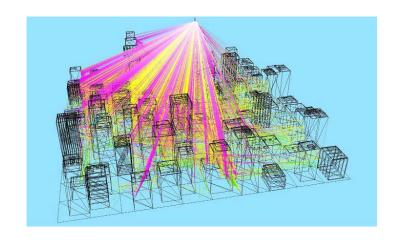






Multi rediffusion: ray tracing









Available on modern GPU but technical adaptation needed (target is not the image !)

Can you guess what you need / what you absolutely need for modelling...

 Interception efficiency (percent of incoming light intercepted by plants) at solar noon

- ✓ First order model
- ✓ Sun / Sky model

Photosynthesis

- ✓ Absorptance
- ✓ Reflectance

Signals (eg red/Far red)

- ✓ Transmitance
- ✓ Emitance
- ✓ Rediffusion model

Microclimate (T°C)