Overview of CDMS

National Meteorological Service of Belize

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Climate database background

 Prior to 2010 NMS used MS-DOS based Climate database system called CLICOM







Climate database background...

- 2010 CLICOM crashed and NMS started to think through development of a web-based climate data management system(CDMS)
- Between 2010 and 2015 the NMS used Central American database system called "BDCAC"
- In 2016 NMS launched its own web based system called "HydrometDB"

HydrometDB - web based user interface



Spatial Analysis - Custom Analysis Tool



Charts and Reports Samples

Reports / By Station / Daily Report

Hourly Report by Station



Charts and Reports Samples



Climate database background...

- Our idea all along was to have a system/application that could store a wide range of observational data e.g:
 - Weather Stations
 - Radar
 - Weather Satellites Geostationary and Polar Orbiting
 - lightning detection Network
- From this data set, Weather and Climate patterns could be derived and compared to short term and long term forecasts.

Climate database background...

- Over a period of time the NMS as well as its stakeholders would have large data sets that could be used in conjunction with stakeholder specific algorithms to create tools that can assist with decision making
- Our Goal is to help the various sectors(in Belize) affected by weather and climate to develop tools to help them make daily, weekly, monthly decisions.
- Visually this would look like this...







Limitations of HydrometDB

- Timeseries data storage and access ineffiecient(using relational database)
- Background processing in PHP(lack scientific libraries)
- PHP lack ability to process large amount of data quickly
- Lack robust API for easy interface with stakeholders
- Quality Control module inoperable

JCCCP improvements made in 2019

- Improvements to system architecture, reliability and data security by leveraging reliable, stable and well supported open source technologies
- Refactoring of the storage layer to use a time series database to store
 Hydrological and Meteorological datasets
- Refactoring of the current source code to a modular design using Python/django framework/REST API ;
- Improvements to the Quality Control module to include manual validation procedures;
- Support processing of hydrological measurements and automatic computation of stream flows;
- New Rack mount Server

CDMS Version 2 called "SURFACE"

<u>System for Unified Real-time monitoring and Forcasting of Atmospheric and Climatic Events</u>

	FACE
SYSTEM FOR UNLEIED RE OF ATMOSP	AL-TIME MONITORING AND FORECASTING
Username	
admin	
Paceword	
•••••	0
Keep connected	
0	
	LOG IN



Five Basic System Components

- Database Stores Data PostgreSQL
- Workers Processes Data <u>Celery</u>
- Message Broker Arranges a list of processes **<u>RabbitMQ</u>**
- Web API Making available backend data **<u>Python/Django/RESTFUL</u>**
- Front End Interface Displays Information from backend on browser <u>Vue.js --Vuetify</u>

System Component - Database

- A newer version of **PostgreSQL** (version 10) was adopted together with PostGIS and TimescaleDB extensions.
- PostGIS is a popular extension that adds spatial capabilities to PostgreSQL, enabling the database to store and query spatial datasets.
- TimescaleDB is an open-source project that was recently released by MIT researchers and adds special features to PostgreSQL to manage time series data.

System Component - Message and Worker

- To enable parallel processing for the heavier tasks, such as importing and exporting large datasets of measurement data, RabbitMQ and Celery where adopted for the development of the message broker subsystem.
- RabbitMQ is an open source message queue based on Erlang, a technology widely adopted for the development of fault-tolerant distributed systems infrastructure.



System Component - Worker(Celery)

- Celery is an asynchronous task/job framework based on RabbitMQ and Python that integrates natively with Django.
- All tasks that needs to be processed in the backend were developed in the new system based on Celery workers.

System Component - Web API

- For the backend Django was adopted as the option for the development of the Web API.
- Django is a mature and popular web framework based on Python
 Programming language, and is considered one of the most productive
 frameworks available for backend web development.
- To support the development the REST based web API, an extension called "Django REST Framework" was added to Django.
- Django backend interface used as to administer application

System Component - Frontend

- Vue.js is a modern Javascript framework for creating modern Single Page Applications (applications like Gmail) and enables the development of user interfaces that deliver better user experience and usability
- Vuetify is a library for Vue.js with a set of high quality user interface graphic components based on Google's Material Design standard.
- Vuetify also provides important features for data input validation and presenting user interfaces in devices with very different screen resolutions (smartphones, tablets, desktop computers).

Detailed System Overview



Installation

- A totally new approach was selected for the deployment of this version of the system into production.
- One of the main complaints with the old system was the complexity involved in all the steps required for building and deploying the CDMS into a new hardware.
- To overcome these problems, a container-based solution was structured based on Docker containers.

Installation and update - Docker

- Docker is an open source software platform that allows packaging of applications into portable containers that can be easily deployed into Windows, Linux and MacOS operating systems.
- Using this approach, each subsystem of the new CDMS was packaged into individual containers where all the files required for building and integrating the Docker images of the database, message broker, web api, workers, and frontend are located in the project's source code repository.

Installation and update - Docker

- With the source code, creating a new development environment to maintain or extend the system, and deploying it to a new hardware is a trivial task achieved by running a single docker-compose command in the terminal.
- This approach also allows synchronizing updates in the source code from the repository to the server using regular git commands, making it easier to apply bug fixes to the system.



System Screen Shots - login Screen

- Ability to ingest data from multiple sources
 - Stations, Radar, lightning detection network
 - Handles AWS data aggregations
- Monitors Station performance & data flow
- Metadata for Stations & Instruments
- Uses Restful API(Open Source)
- Python/Django Backend(Open Source)
- Modular design using Docker(Open source)



Map Display



django Backend Interface

Surface Admin Area

Site administration

AUTH TOKEN		
Tokens	+ Add	🥜 Change
AUTHENTICATION AND AUTHORIZATION		
Groups	+ Add	🥜 Change
Users	+ Add	🤌 Change
wx		
Acquisition methods	+ Add	🥜 Change
Administrative region types	+ Add	🥜 Change
Administrative regions	+ Add	🥜 Change
Basins	+ Add	🤌 Change
Capture forms	+ Add	🥜 Change
Code tables	+ Add	🥜 Change
Countries	+ Add	🥜 Change
Customers	+ Add	🥜 Change
Daily summarys	+ Add	🥜 Change
Data intervals	+ Add	🥜 Change
Data sources	+ Add	🥜 Change
Decoders	+ Add	🥜 Change
Districts	+ Add	🥜 Change
Documents	+ Add	🥜 Change
Elements	+ Add	🥜 Change
Form layouts	+ Add	🥜 Change
Formats	+ Add	🥜 Change

Recent actions

My actions

murizar User

 documents/2019/06/25/9958303...
 Document
 nwaight User

 nwaight User
 rgordon User
 rlopez User
 rsantos User

 nwaight User
 beresilient.co User
 gcorrea

User

WELCOME, ADMIN. VIEW SITE / CHANGE PASSWORD / LOG OUT

Rest API end points

Django REST framework

admin -

Api Root

The default basic root view for DefaultRouter

GET /

HTTP 200 OK

Allow: GET, HEAD, OPTIONS Type: application/json Vary: Accept

C	0	n	t	ė	n	t	-	1

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"units": "http://	I/units/",				
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Thank You