# Frequently Asked Questions

Version 1.5

### Revision History

Revision	Description of Change	Date
v1.1	Initial creation for OpenCPI 1.1	3/2017
v1.2	Updated for OpenCPI Release 1.2	8/2017
v1.4	Updated for OpenCPI Release 1.4	9/2018
v1.5	Updated for OpenCPI Release 1.5	4/2019

### 1 General Questions

#### Is the RPM suite a standalone install?

Yes, the RPMs distributed by the ANGRYVIPER team incorporates and extends the Free / Open Source Project "OpenCPI." Any OpenCPI installation documents that still exist are for reference and legacy users. All other OpenCPI documentation still applies and should be referenced. Do **not** attempt to install OpenCPI from source at the same time as the RPM distribution.

#### Where can I go for more help?

All documentation is available at github.io and there is a public mailing list (with archive) at opencpi.org.

### 2 Install-Specific Questions

#### Does it matter what version of CentOS is used?

Both CentOS 6 and CentOS 7 are supported as long as the proper version of the RPM is used. Local hardware support (e.g. PCIe-based platforms) is officially supported on both OS releases starting with Version 1.1.

### 3 General Usage Questions

### Make error: "\*\*\* isim not an available HDL platform. Stop."

Either the Core Project was never built, or it is not properly registered. This is explained in the Getting Started Guide.

### I am trying to run a demo application with "ocpirun" and artifacts are not being found.

The usual causes of this are:

- Core Project was not built for the target platform
  - Consult the Getting Started Guide
- $\bullet$  <code>OCPI\_LIBRARY\_PATH</code> was not properly set
  - View the artifacts being checked by adding "-1 8" on the ocpirun command line to increase the logging level

#### HDL Workers are failing Unit Tests that passed before 1.4.

The most likely cause is that "backpressure" is now automatically asserted by default; see the *Component Development Guide* for details.

### My application's I and Q seem wrong after moving to 1.4.

See below and the Release Notes.

#### How do I handle iqstream\_protocol's I and Q data ordering in HDL workers?

As noted in the *HDL Development Guide*, when a Protocol contains a Struct Argument, the first Argument Member defined in the Protocol's XML is always in the least significant bits of the resulting Port. A good example of the importance of this is the scenario where a Port's default data width is overridden (in the OWD) to present all of a Struct's Members in parallel within a single clock cycle. For example, iqstream\_protocol's default ordering is a 16-bit interleaved I/Q data: " $I_{t=0}$ ,  $Q_{t=0}$ ,  $I_{t=1}$ ,  $Q_{t=1}$ ,  $I_{t=2}$ ,...". However, if the Worker configures its data Ports to be a width of 32 bits, then the I/Q data is presented as a parallel I/Q sample pair with "I" in the lower 16 bits and "Q" in the upper 16 bits, i.e.:

```
I_0 = InPort_0[15:0]; Q_0 = InPort_0[31:16]

I_1 = InPort_1[15:0]; Q_1 = InPort_1[31:16]
```

A Worker to consult as an example is "iqstream\_max\_calculator.hdl."

## 4 Xilinx-Specific Questions

Are there any other setups I need to perform on the Xilinx Vivado or ISE side?

No, we abstract away a lot of the requirements if you simply install it in /opt/Xilinx and point the setup variables to it (see /opt/opencpi/cdk/env.d/xilinx.sh.example and the RPM Installation Guide).

Additionally, importing the Xilinx setup scripts, e.g. "source/opt/Xilinx/14.7/ISE\_DS/settings64.sh" or "source/opt/Xilinx/Vivado/2017.1/settings64.sh", can cause other problems and should not be performed.

The ZedBoard comes with a license, but it is for the Vivado tools.

Xilinx's "WebPack" Vivado or ISE license is sufficient to do anything with the ZedBoard.

ISE Note: As for purchasing, you can "rollback" a Vivado license by contacting Xilinx and they will issue you an ISE license with the same expiration with a gentleman's agreement that you won't use both at the same time.