

Indicators of Behavior

Machine shareable objects for representing cyber adversary behavior to enable network defense

Charlie Frick, Johns Hopkins Applied Physics Lab,
OCA IOB Sub-Project Chair
Charles.Frick@jhuapl.edu

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Contributions from Dr. Vasileios Mavroeidis, University of Oslo, OASIS CACAO Project

Overview

- In 2021, CISA and JHU/APL partnered with the Open Cybersecurity Alliance in their establishment of the Indicators of Behavior (IOB) Sub-Project
- This presentation will provide an overview of the IOB concept, some examples and information on the Sub-Project
- Links for access to the reference implementation and additional resources are included in this presentation
 - Active collaboration on this research is welcome through the IOB Sub-Project (<https://opencybersecurityalliance.org/iob/>)



Motivation for the Research

- Network defenders struggle to obtain and use Cyber Threat Intelligence
- STIX provides a useful standard for packaging the data, but the proper context is needed
- MITRE ATT&CK and D3FEND provide a necessary but not sufficient capability
- There is a need for something more general than an IOC and more specific than a high level Attack Pattern that can be shared and utilized by various community stakeholders
 - Automation & Vendor Products
 - Network Defenders
 - Threat Intelligence Analysts

Shareable, machine-readable behavior objects are being developed to bridge this gap

ATT&CK shows what type of data to look for

Reconnaissance	Resource Development	Initial Access	Execution	Persistence
10 techniques	7 techniques	9 techniques	12 techniques	19 techniques
Active Scanning (2)	Acquire Infrastructure (6)	Drive-by Compromise	Command and Scripting Interpreter (8)	Account Manipulation (4)
Gather Victim Host Information (4)	Compromise Accounts (2)	Exploit Public-Facing Application	Container Administration Command	BITS Jobs
Gather Victim Identity Information (3)	Compromise Infrastructure (6)	External Remote Services	Deploy Container	Boot or Logon Autostart Execution (15)
Gather Victim Network Information (6)	Develop Capabilities (4)	Hardware Additions	Exploitation for Client Execution	Boot or Logon Initialization Scripts (5)
Gather Victim Org Information (4)	Establish Accounts (2)	Phishing (3)	Inter-Process Communication (2)	Browser Extensions
Obtain Capabilities (6)	Phishing for Information (3)	Replication Through Removable Media	Native API	Compromise Client Software Binary
Search Closed Sources (2)	Search Open Technical Databases (3)	Supply Chain Compromise (3)	Scheduled Task/Job (6)	Create Account (3)
Stage Capabilities (5)	Search Open Web Sites/Domains (2)	Trusted Relationship	Shared Modules	Create or Modify System Process (4)

Application Log

Events collected by third-party services such as mail servers, web applications, or other appliances (not by the native OS or platform)^[1]

Definition

Ascertaining sender reputation based on information associated with a message (e.g. email/instant messaging).

How it works

Sender trust rating can be considered an indicator of the level of security risk and/or a trust level associated with a sender. The features considered in determining the trust rating include:

- Length of time sender has sent emails to the enterprise
- Number of recipients in the enterprise the sender interacts with
- Sender vs. enterprise originated message ratio
- Sender messages opened vs. not-opened ratio
- Number of emails received from this sender
- Number of emails replied to this sender
- Number of emails from this sender not opened
- Number of emails from this sender not opened that contain an attachment
- Number of emails from this sender not opened that contain a URL
- Number of emails sent to this sender
- Number of email replies received from this sender.

Higher values for the number of recipients the sender has interacted with or the number of emails received from the sender, for example, results in a higher trust rating. The trust rating can categorize the sender as unrated, neutral, trusted, suspicious, or malicious.

Considerations

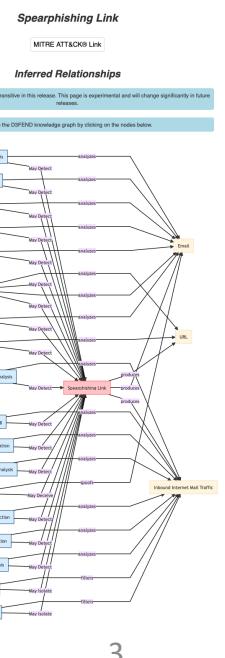
Legitimate emails from a sender may receive a lower trust rating over time if the sender's domain gets spoofed and is used to send unauthorized emails.

Digital Artifact Relationships:

This countermeasure technique is related to specific digital artifacts. Click the artifact node for more information.



D3FEND provides context of what one could detect



Indicator of Behavior Concept

- Indicator of Behavior (IOB) STIX bundles provide repeatable **sets** of observed adversary behaviors to help defender tools & capabilities
 - Intelligence context provided in machine-readable graph representation
 - Relationships to relevant ATT&CK attack pattern objects
 - Relationships to detection analytics
 - Includes **correlation workflows** to address false-positives
 - Includes response COAs and cybersecurity operations playbooks in standardized formats

Each procedure can be easily detected, but has potential for high false positive rate

Machine Opens
Suspicious Email

PowerShell Run
for First Time

Machine Registry
Modification

System Level
Process sends
suspicious traffic

The sequence of procedures is most likely malicious

What is **STIX**?

- Structured Threat Information eXchange
- Standard language and framework for describing and exchanging cyber threat intelligence (CTI)
- Managed by the Cyber Threat Intelligence Technical Committee (CTI TC) of the OASIS (Organization for the Advancement of Structured Information Standards) consortium
- JSON representation of CTI to enable machine readability and sharing of knowledge graphs
- Often sent via  standard protocol also managed by OASIS CTI TC

For more information:

<https://oasis-open.github.io/cti-documentation/>

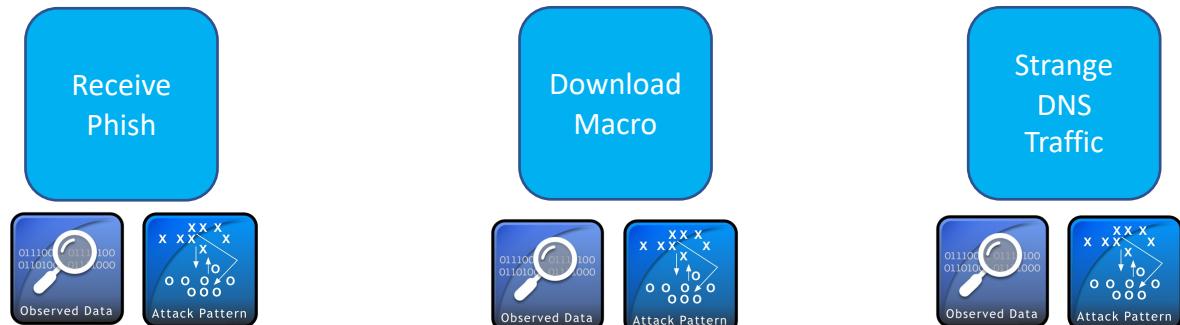


Example

Custom STIX Objects represent a sequence of adversary behaviors

Attack Patterns Linked to MITRE ATT&CK STIX Objects

STIX Observables included for context



Key



Attack Pattern



Observed Data



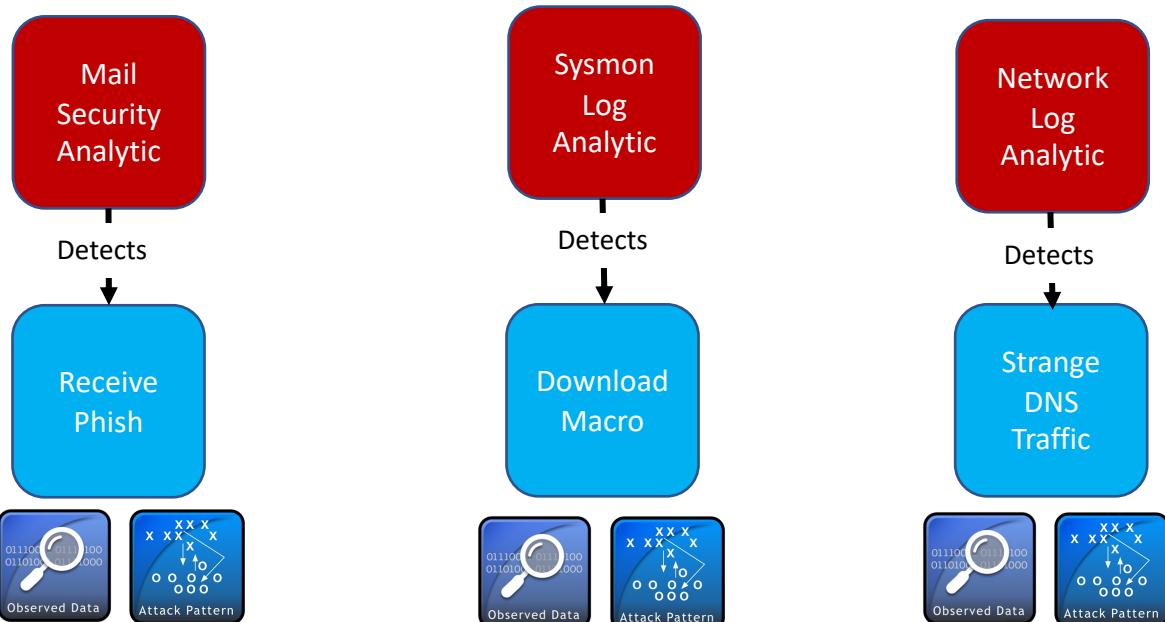
Behavior
(Extension)



references →

references →

Example



Each Behavior linked to detection analytics
(SIGMA, STIX-Patterning, SQL, etc.)

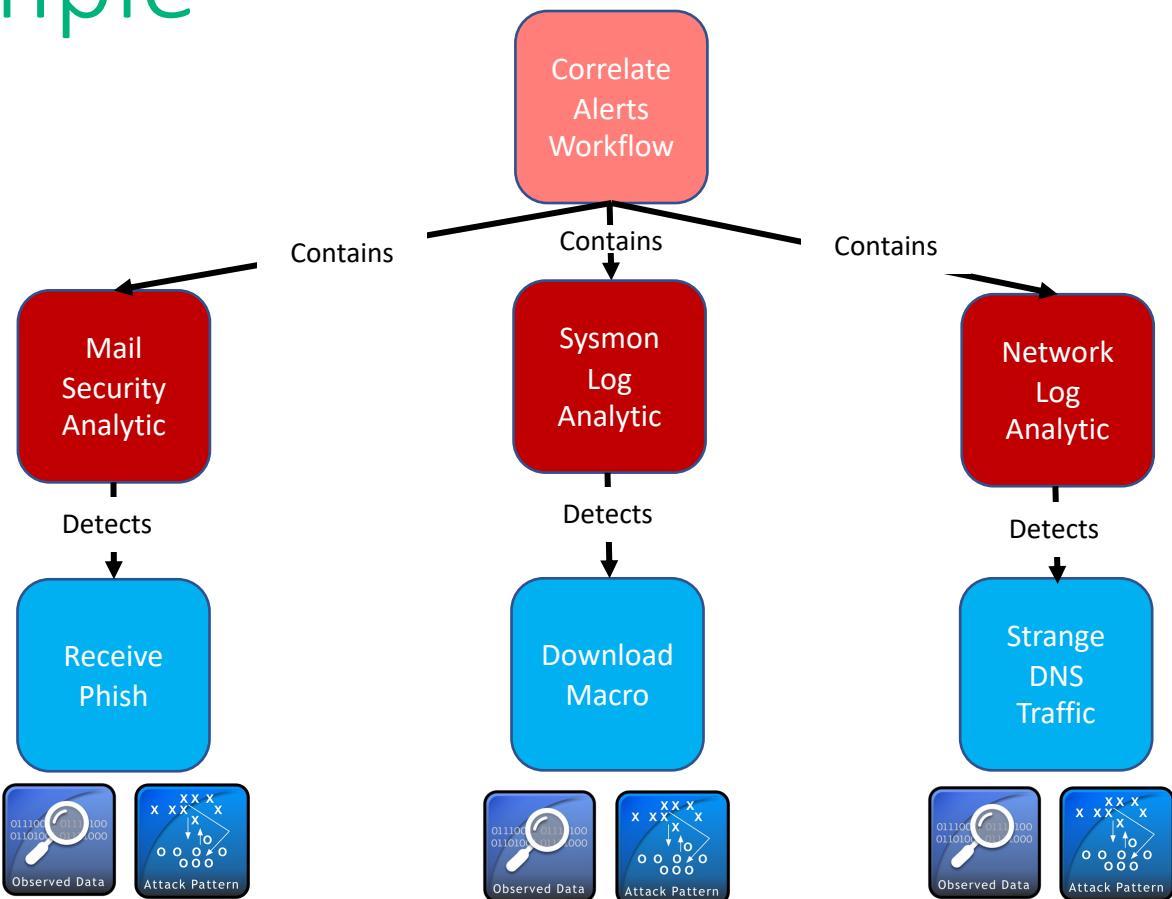
Analytics focus on observed patterns in
defender network to compound detection
of IOCs

Meant to be repeatable across campaigns

Analytics meant to run by automation in
background (high false positives)

	Attack Pattern		Observed Data
	Behavior (Extension)		Detection (Extension)

Example



Alert Correlation Workflow shares which fields between alerts will be common to support correlation and detection of threat activity with low false-positive rate

Key



Attack Pattern



Observed Data



Detection Group (Extension)

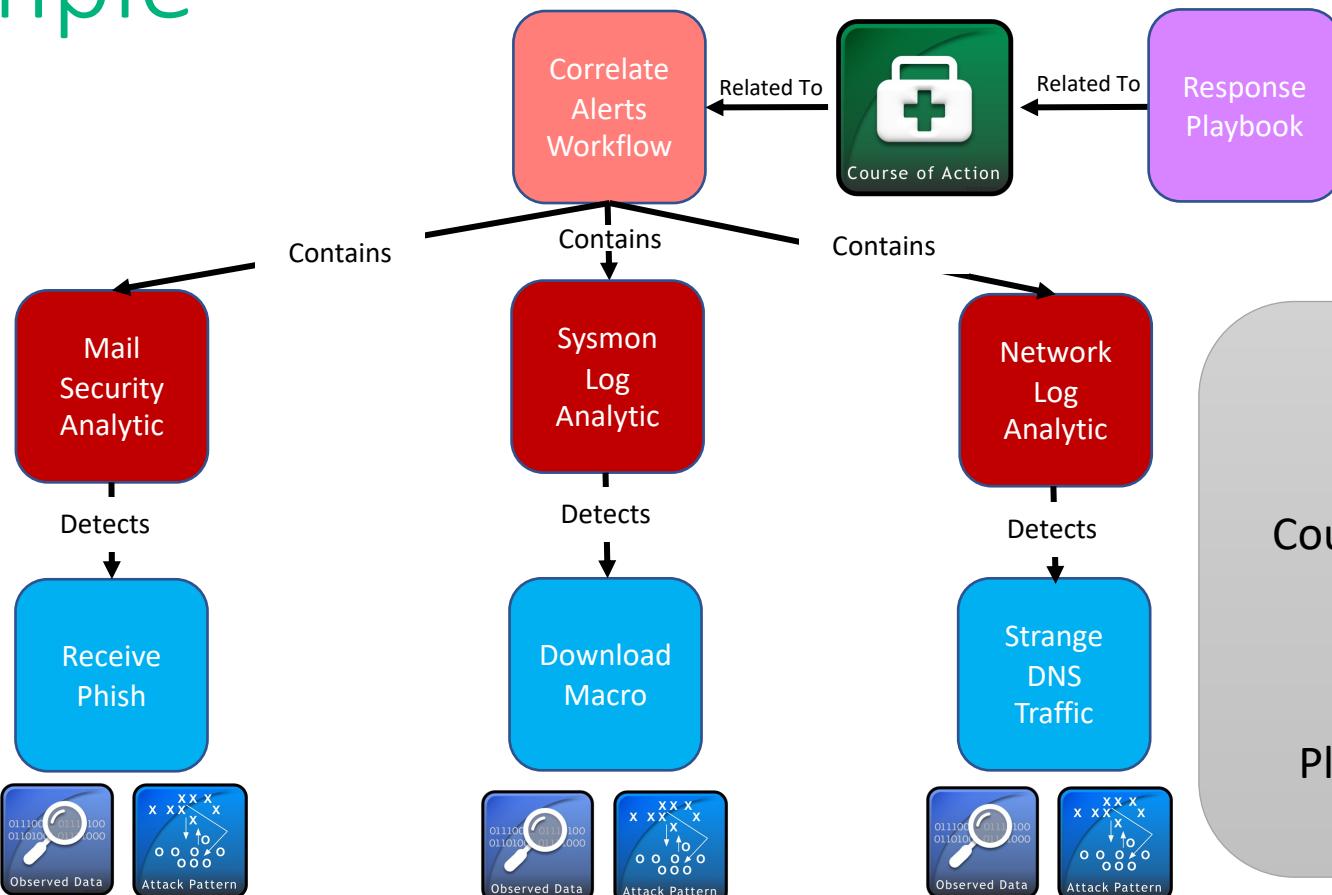


Behavior (Extension)



Detection (Extension)

Example



Threat detection can also trigger Recommended Courses of Action

Courses of action can reference multiple playbooks in standardized formats
(CACAO, BPMN, etc.)

Playbooks can rapidly be executed for manual and automated action

Key



Attack Pattern



Observed Data



Detection Group
(Extension)



Playbook
(Extension)



Behavior
(Extension)

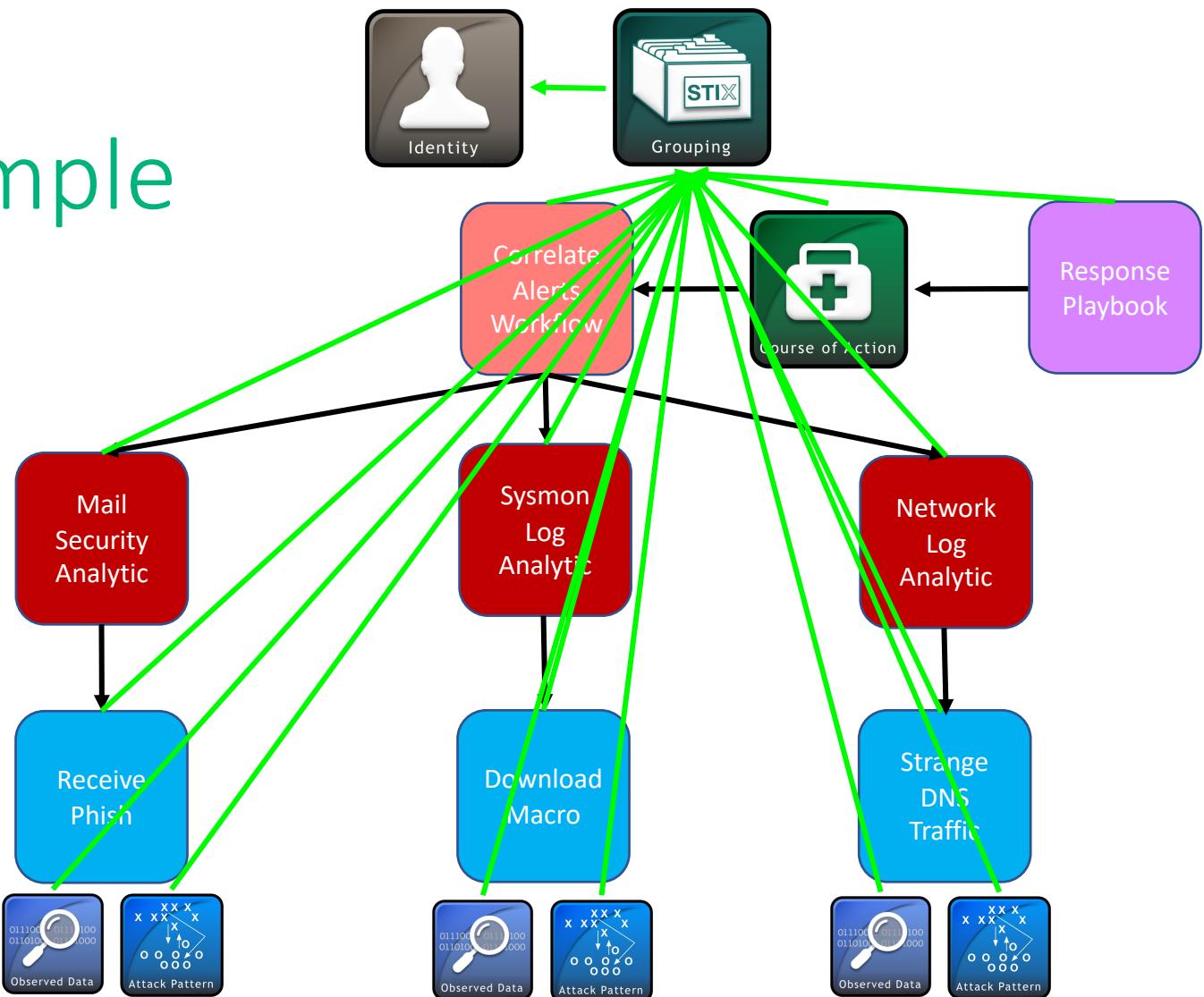


Detection
(Extension)



Course of Action

Example



Entire set of sequence, detection, correlation, response, and associated observables / intelligence objects combined into STIX 2.1 grouping and bundle JSON format

Key


Attack Pattern

Observed Data

Detection Group (Extension)

Playbook (Extension)

Identity

Behavior (Extension)

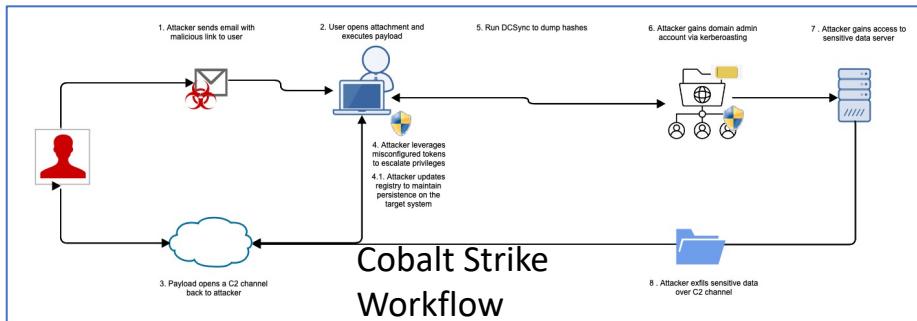
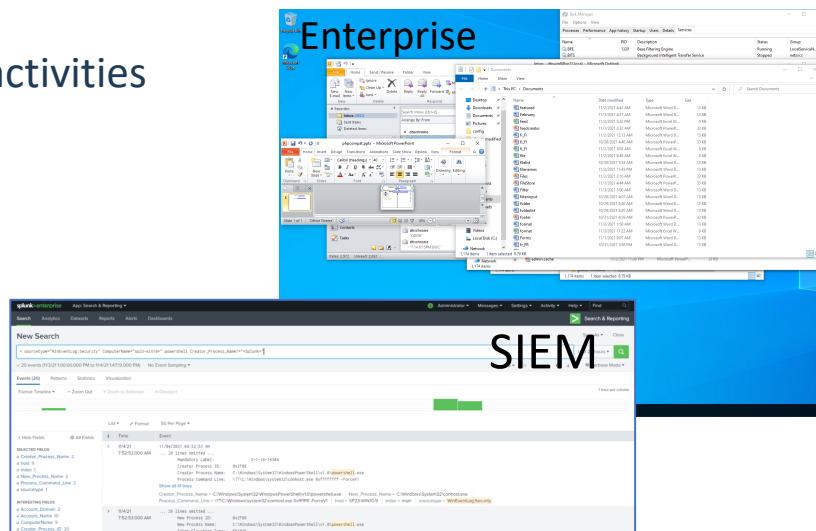
Detection (Extension)

Course of Action

Grouping

Current Reference Prototype

- A 1800+ line JSON “bundle” compliant with STIX 2.1 spec
- Represents observed behaviors from an emulated attack based on APT 37 / “Reaper”
- Includes behaviors and detections in shareable Sigma rule format
 - Detections tested against emulated enterprise network with a SIEM, endpoint, and network sensors
 - Enterprise machines conduct general user activities so analytic false positives can be reduced

The screenshots illustrate the observed behaviors in the enterprise environment and the SIEM interface.

Enterprise: Shows a Windows desktop with multiple windows open, including File Explorer, Task Manager, and a command prompt window showing file listing results.

SIEM: Shows the Splunk Enterprise Search interface with a search results table. The table includes columns for _index, _score, _type, Time, Event, and _id. One row of data is visible, showing details of a Microsoft Word document named "113233124.MDB" with a timestamp of 11:58:00 AM on 07/14/2021.

To exercise this new approach, we have created and tested a bundle for an example APT attack

```

{
  "type": "bundle",
  "id": "bundle--9edb6354-d73f-4ba2-b774-3d76c6474b14",
  "objects": [
    {
      "type": "behavior",
      "spec_version": "2.1",
      "id": "x-iacd-org-behavior--edc99806-f8e9-4ee3-b2d4-1234567890ab",
      "created": "2021-07-14T09:16:08.989000Z",
      "modified": "2021-07-14T09:16:08.989000Z",
      "name": "Spearphishing Link Behavior",
      "tactic": "INITIAL ACCESS",
      "technique": "T1566.002 Spearphishing Link",
      "first_seen": "2021-04-21T17:20:45",
      "platforms": [
        {
          "operating_system": "Microsoft Windows",
          "version": "10"
        }
      ],
      "extensions": {
        "extension-definition--9c59fd79-4215-4ba2-920d-3e4f320e1e62": {
          "extension_type": "new-sdo"
        }
      }
    },
    {
      "type": "behavior",
      "spec_version": "2.1",
      "id": "x-iacd-org-behavior--edc99806-f8e9-4ee3-b2d4-1234567890aa",
      "created": "2021-07-14T09:16:08.989000Z",
      "modified": "2021-07-14T09:16:08.989000Z",
      "name": "Execution Behavior",
      "tactic": "EXECUTION",
      "technique": "T1059.001 Command/Script execution - VBA",
      "first_seen": "2021-04-21T17:20:45",
      "platforms": [
        {
          "operating_system": "Microsoft Windows",
          "version": "10"
        }
      ],
      "extensions": {
        "extension-definition--9c59fd79-4215-4ba2-920d-3e4f320e1e62": {
          "extension_type": "new-sdo"
        }
      }
    },
    {
      "type": "behavior",
      "spec_version": "2.1",
      "id": "x-iacd-org-behavior--edc99806-f8e9-4ee3-b2d4-1234567890bb",
      "created": "2021-07-14T09:16:08.989000Z",
      "modified": "2021-07-14T09:16:08.989000Z",
      "name": "C2 Behavior",
      "tactic": "Command and Control",
      "technique": "T1071.001 - Application Layer Protocol - Web Protocols",
      "first_seen": "2021-04-21T17:20:45",
      "platforms": [
        {
          "operating_system": "Microsoft Windows",
          "version": "10"
        }
      ],
      "extensions": {
        "extension-definition--9c59fd79-4215-4ba2-920d-3e4f320e1e62": {
          "extension_type": "new-sdo"
        }
      }
    },
    {
      "type": "behavior",
      "spec_version": "2.1",
      "id": "x-iacd-org-behavior--edc99806-f8e9-4ee3-b2d4-1234567890cc",
      "created": "2021-07-14T09:16:08.989000Z",
      "modified": "2021-07-14T09:16:08.989000Z",
      "name": "File Copy Behavior",
      "tactic": "COMMAND AND CONTROL",
      "technique": "T1071.001 - Application Layer Protocol - Web Protocols",
      "first_seen": "2021-04-21T17:20:45",
      "platforms": [
        {
          "operating_system": "Microsoft Windows",
          "version": "10"
        }
      ],
      "extensions": {
        "extension-definition--9c59fd79-4215-4ba2-920d-3e4f320e1e62": {
          "extension_type": "new-sdo"
        }
      }
    }
  ]
}

```

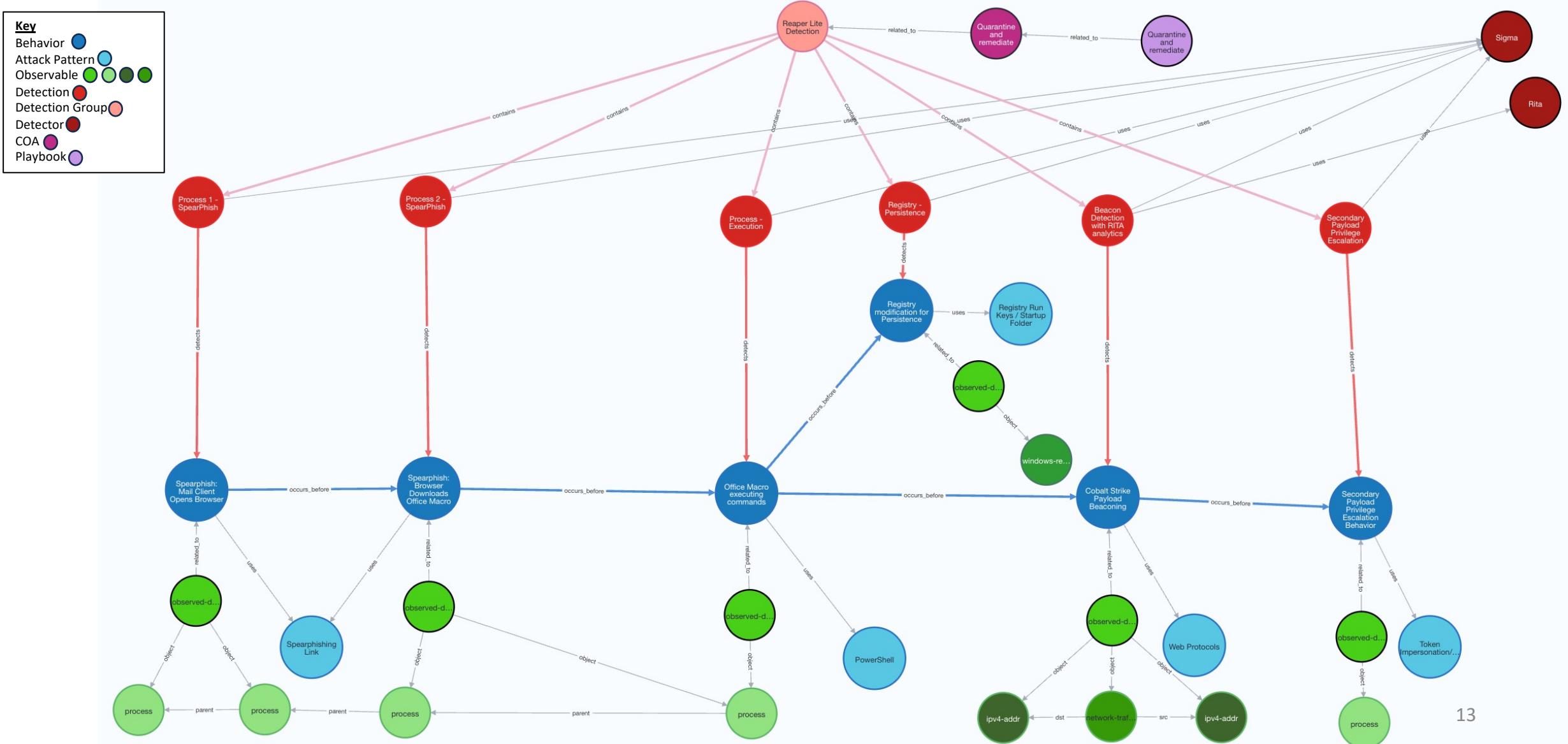
STIX2NEO4J Script

- Python script for analyzing STIX 2.x bundles in a neo4j graph database
- Provides additional analytical capabilities for investigating raw STIX messages without major modification of the data
 - Threat Intel Platforms often make significant changes to data model upon import
- Released on an Apache2 license through the Open Cybersecurity Alliance Indicator of Behavior Sub-Project
- Script repository link on GitHub:
 - <https://github.com/opencybersecurityalliance/oca-iob/tree/main/STIX2NEO4J%20Converter>

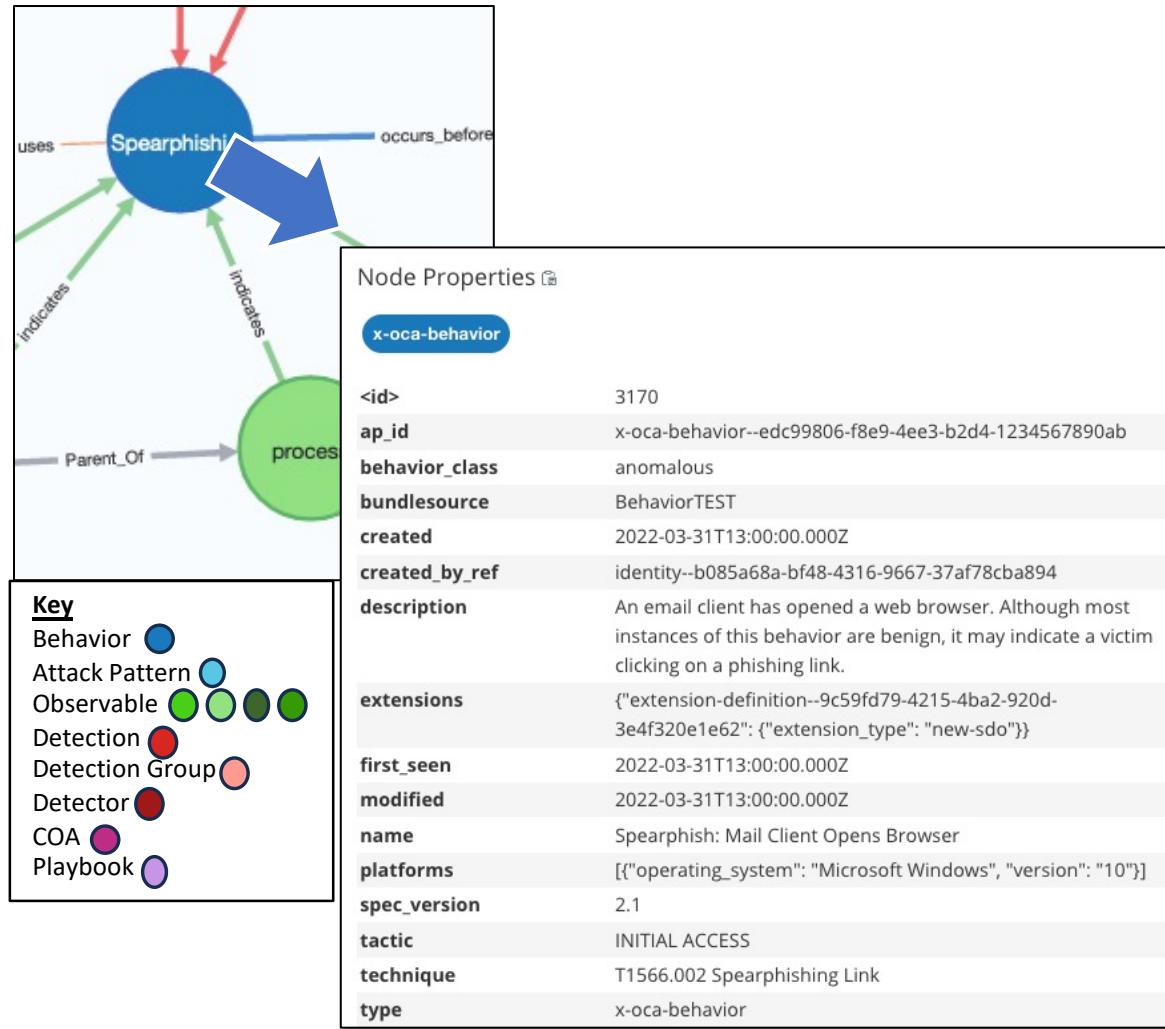


Visualization of Bundle

Neo4J Simplified View

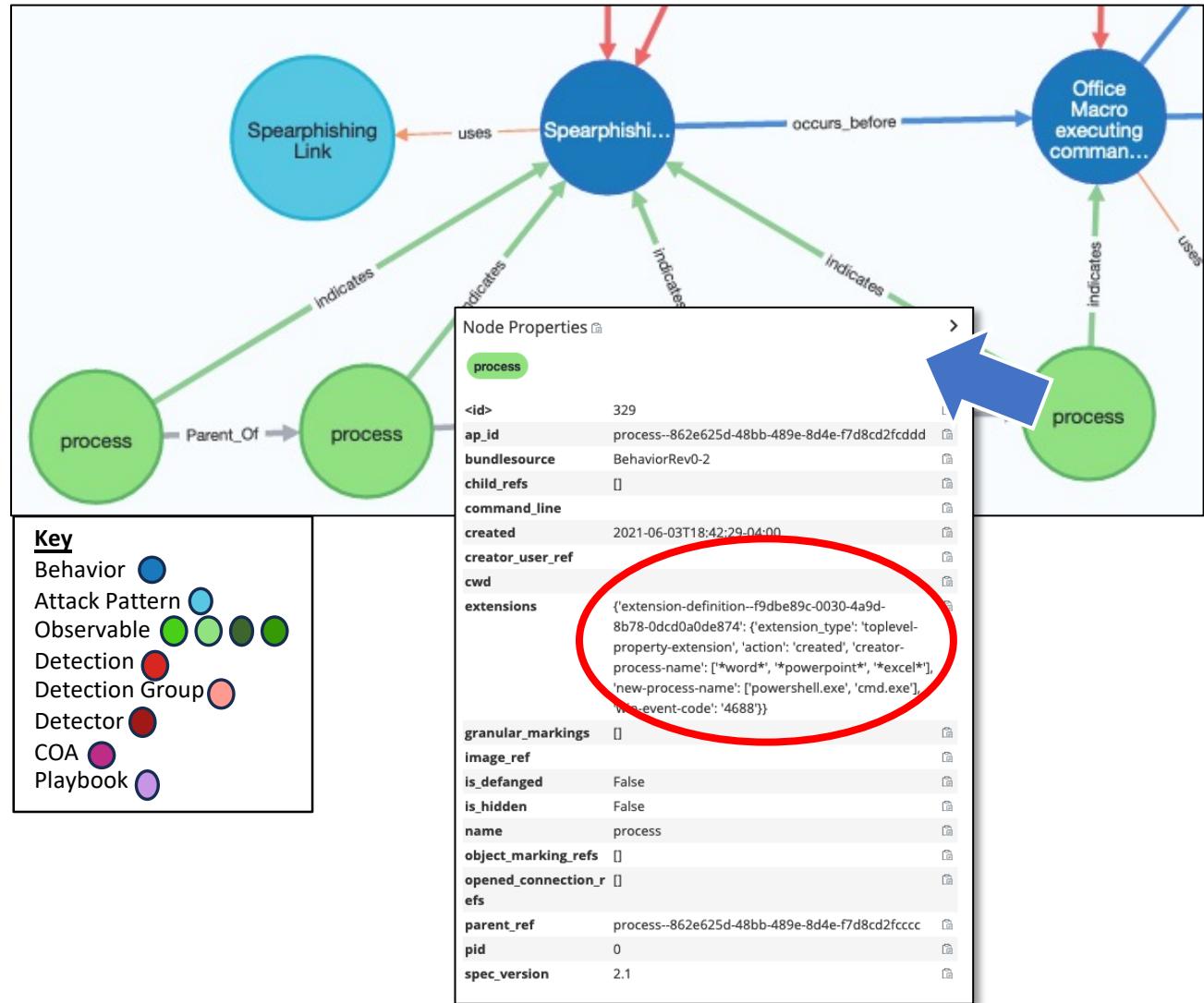


Visualization of Bundle – Behavior Object



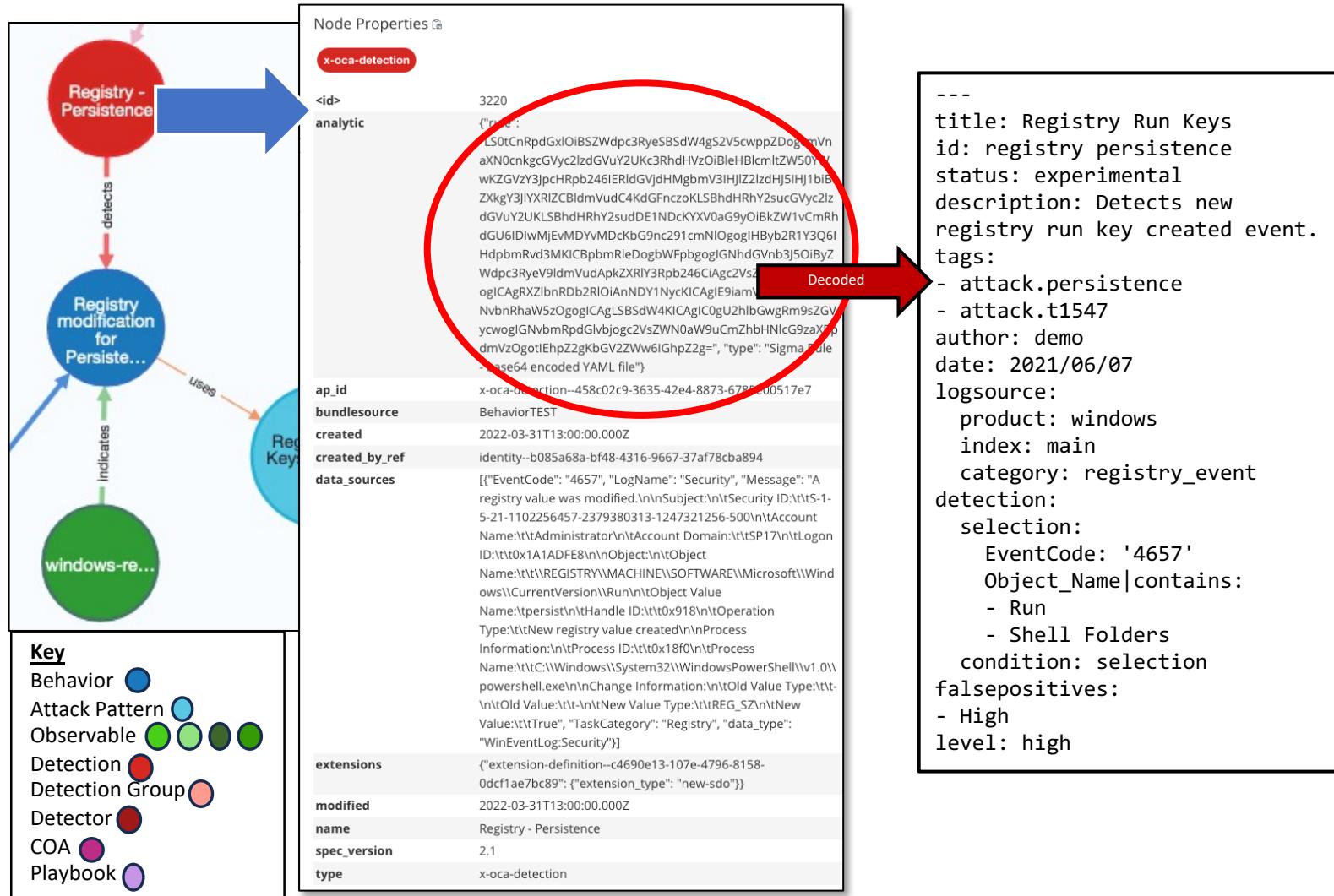
- Each Behavior Object summarizes one of the behavior steps in the overall sequence
- Object metadata contains links to relevant MITRE ATT&CK entries
 - Multiple behaviors and behavior sets could map to these ATT&CK techniques
- As will be seen on the following slides, multiple node types will link to the Behavior Object node to define the overall behavior
 - Observables
 - Detection analytics
- Multiple Behavior Objects are linked together to represent the overall sequence of the behavior set

Visualization of Bundle – Observables



- Our spearphishing behavior also includes relationships to a chain of Process STIX Cyber Observables
- Process metadata includes information on data sources to search for the process
- Also defines which process calls it
- Highlighted example is a common process for searching/correlating 2 behaviors in the set

Visualization of Bundle – Detection

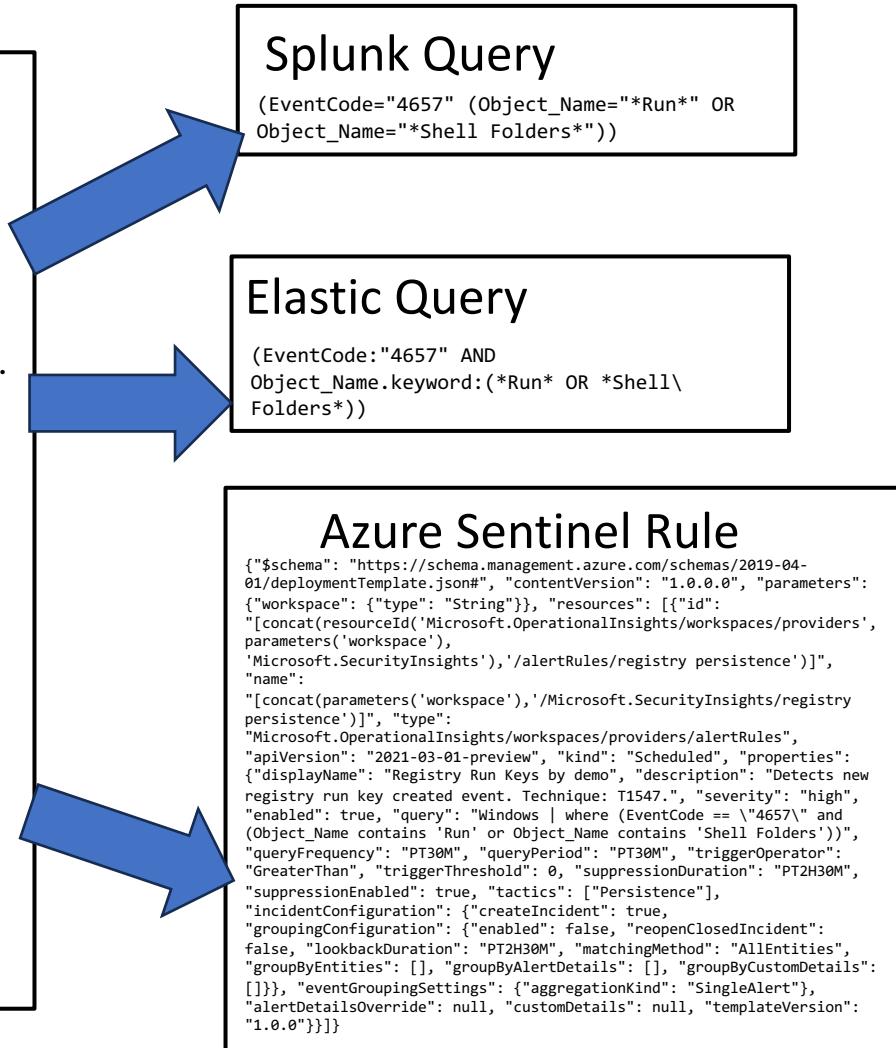


- The information in the STIX Cyber Observables allow us to create a shareable detection analytic linked to the behavior
- Highlighted example shows a detection for web browser downloading and opening a macro-enabled MS Office file in Sigma rule format
- Rule is stored as base64 string to preserve formatting

Visualization of Bundle – Note on Sigma

Sigma YAML

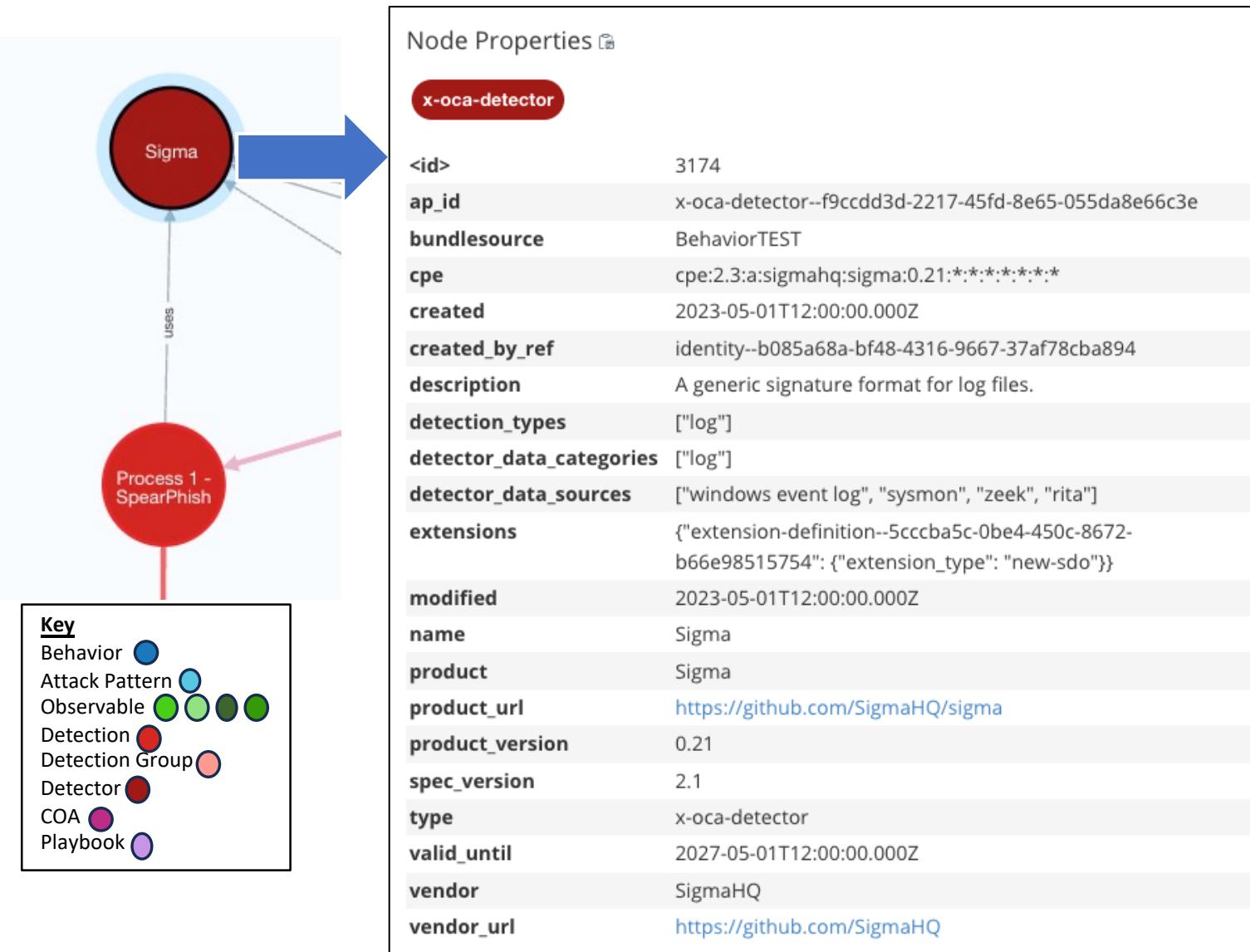
```
---
title: Registry Run Keys
id: registry_persistence
status: experimental
description: Detects new
registry run key created event.
tags:
- attack.persistence
- attack.t1547
author: demo
date: 2021/06/07
logsource:
product: windows
index: main
category: registry_event
detection:
selection:
EventCode: '4657'
Object_Name|contains:
- Run
- Shell Folders
condition: selection
falsepositives:
- High
level: high
```



- Sigma is not a SIEM, but it is a common format for SIEM rules
- Free and open source tools exist to automatically translate the rule into multiple SIEM formats

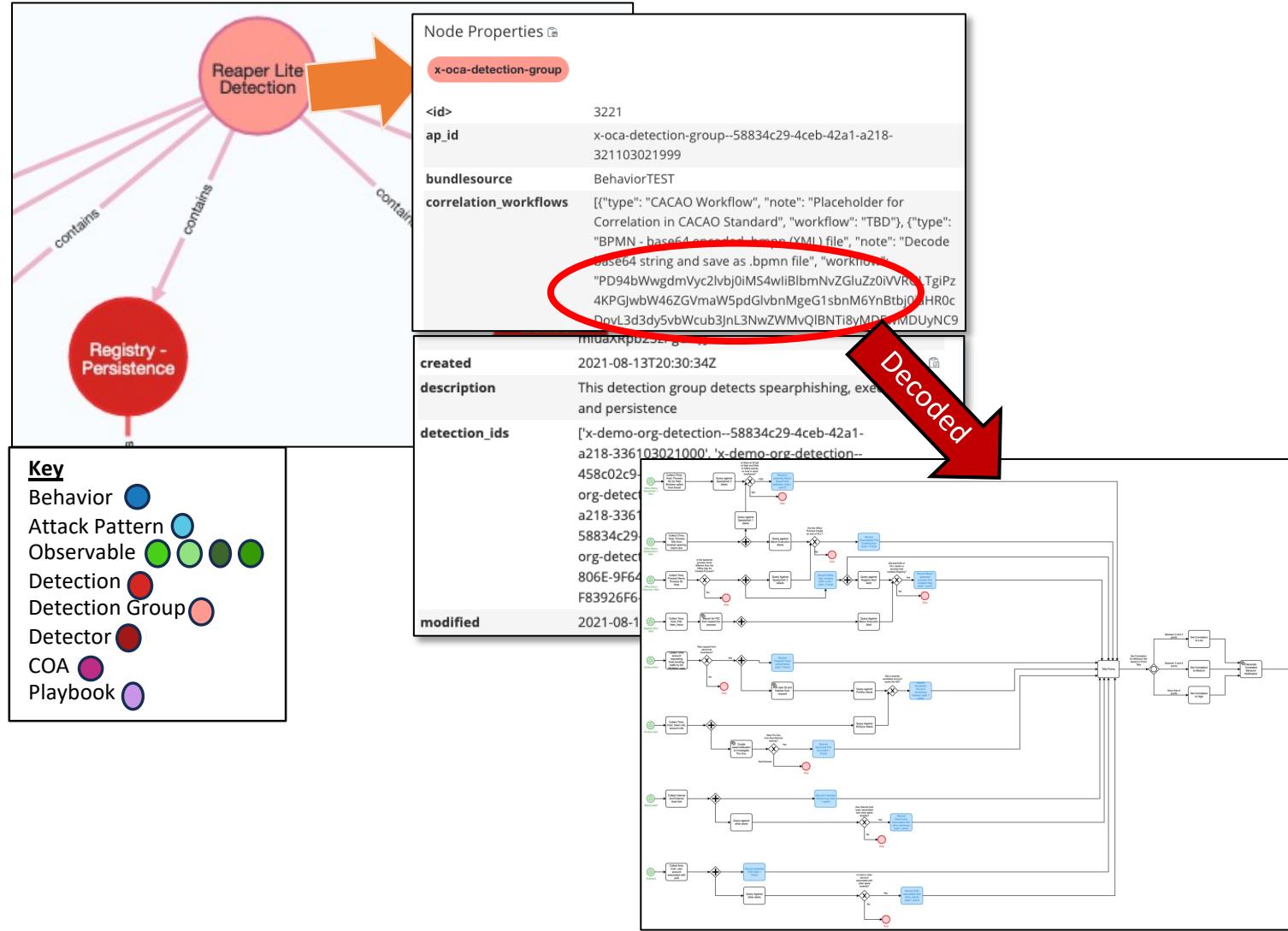
Use of Sigma format for defining detection analytics allows it to be shared and easily consumed through automation for various organizations regardless of their SIEM choice

Visualization of Bundle – Detector



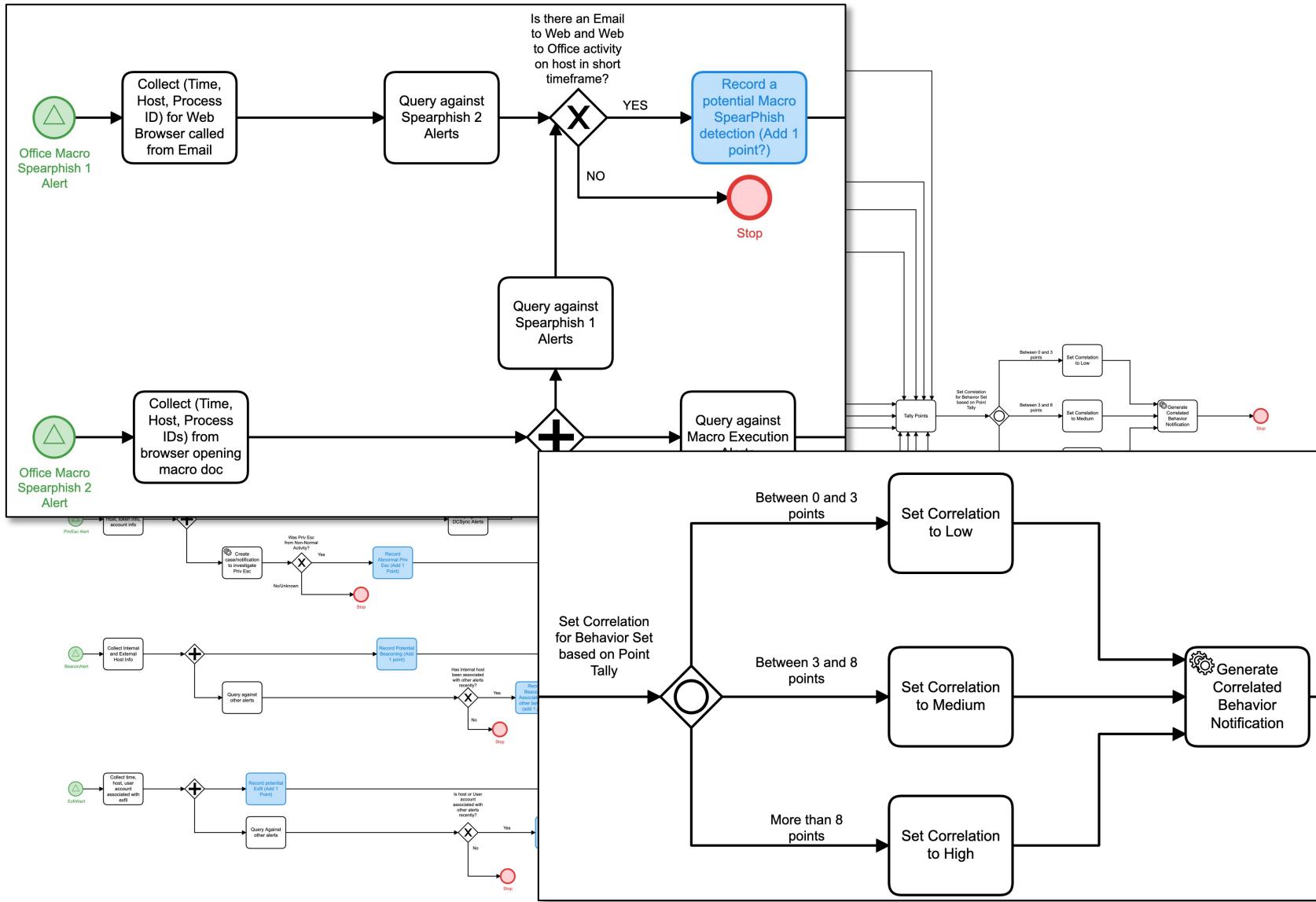
- Each detection contains relationships to the detector(s) used for detection
- Includes description and access information for sensor/tool
- Allows receivers to understand what is needed for this rule to function

Visualization of Bundle – Detection Group



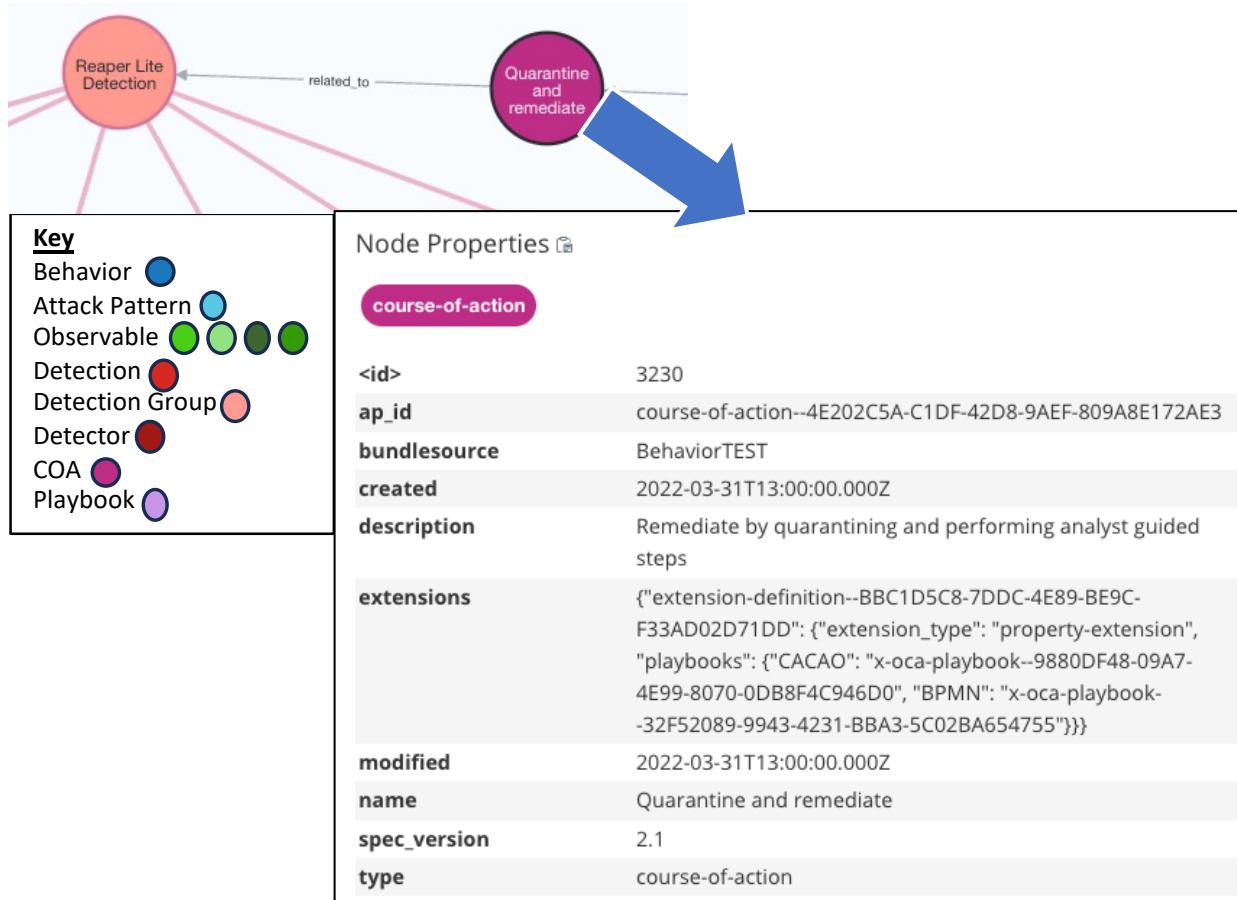
- Any single detection analytic within the bundle is prone to false positives
 - The Detection Group Object exists in the bundle to help correlate the detections and explain which fields should be common between queries
 - Includes base64 encoded Business Process Model Notation (BPMN) for visual and planned support for Collaborative Automated Course of Action Operations (CACAO) standard workflow

Sample Detection Group Correlation Workflow



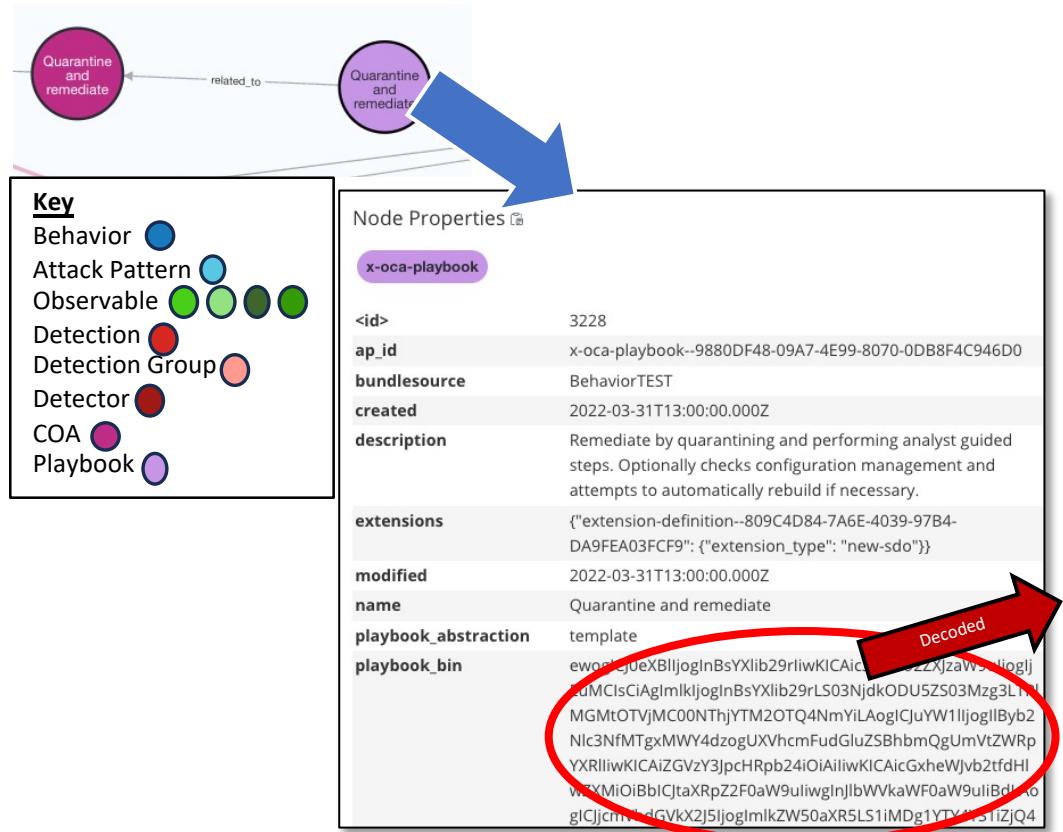
- Provides logic for how to correlate alerts from the set of detections shared in the bundle
- Any single alert may have multiple false positives
- Correlated alerts allow for higher fidelity of detections
- Can be run with automation or manually

Visualization of Bundle – COA



- Once a correlated set of detections is identified, IOB bundles also can share Courses of Action (COA)
- Extension identifies information on multiple playbooks that can achieve the COA

Visualization of Bundle – Playbooks



CACAO Playbook

```
{
  "type": "playbook",
  "spec_version": "1.0",
  "id": "playbook--767d59e-7387-4e0c-95c0-458ca369486f",
  "name": "Process_1811f8w: Quarantine and Remediate",
  "description": "",
  "playbook_types": [ "mitigation", "remediation" ],
  "created_by": "identity-b085a68a-bf48-4316-9667-37af78cba894",
  "created": "2022-03-31T13:00:00.000Z",
  "modified": "2022-03-31T13:00:00.000Z",
  "workflow_start": "start--ecc532df-970a-417c-a125-5e7713e10f7c",
  "workflow": {
    "start--ecc532df-970a-417c-a125-5e7713e10f7c": {
      "type": "start",
      "name": "StartEvent_1: System Course of Action Alert",
      "on_completion": "single--d22408fc-a99c-4c45-8770-27dac6df293a"
    },
    "end--4d3134d9-68d2-4bde-87ca-a5bfe8468aa6": {
      "type": "end",
      "name": "Event_17zpsn5: End"
    }
  },
  "single--J23408fc-a99c-4c45-8770-27dac6df293a": {
    "type": "single",
    "name": "Activity_1v8yzz: Quarantine system",
    "commands": [
      {
        "type": "http-api"
      }
    ],
    "on_completion": "single--d1d15ab7-b557-4f82-8d9b-495438a5c9a9"
  },
  "single--d1d15ab7-b557-4f82-8d9b-495438a5c9a9": {
    "type": "single",
    "name": "Activity_b191gen: Create ticket",
    "commands": [
      {
        "type": "http-api"
      }
    ],
    "on_completion": "single--3efbe056-6d1e-4407-89bb-bb54016d9dea"
  },
  "single--3efbe056-6d1e-4407-89bb-bb54016d9dea": {
    "type": "single",
    "name": "Activity_1jfgy0: Comment in ticket that system is quarantined",
    "commands": [
      {
        "type": "http-api"
      }
    ],
    "on_completion": "single--27f8278c-8b87-4815-8f40-9c6af610203e"
  },
  "single--fec56d3d-474a-4f4b-a0a7-eb42698c1e8b": {
    "type": "single",
    "name": "Activity_0umcne: Remove quarantine from system",
    "commands": [
      {
        "type": "http-api"
      }
    ],
    "on_completion": "single--3f0e83da-5c37-4816-9d8e-7f55ef4b77a4"
  },
  "single--3f0e83da-5c37-4816-9d8e-7f55ef4b77a4": {
    "type": "single",
    "name": "Activity_1ufu0ds: Comment in ticket that system is restored and the quarantine is removed",
    "commands": [
      {
        "type": "http-api"
      }
    ],
    "on_completion": "single--b7918134-3807-4432-b47e-8a4fe2f68035"
  },
  "single--b7918134-3807-4432-b47e-8a4fe2f68035": {
    "type": "single",
    "name": "Activity_0vriey: Close ticket",
    "commands": [
      {
        "type": "http-api"
      }
    ],
    "on_completion": "end--4d3134d9-68d2-4bde-87ca-a5bfe8468aa6"
  },
  "single--73fcbed4-393b-4bcd-88e2-69314c8e827c": {
    "type": "single",
    "name": "Activity_152668n: SOC analyst restores affected system",
    "commands": [
      {
        "type": "manual"
      }
    ],
    "on_completion": "single--fec56d3d-47a4-4f4b-a0a7-eb42698c1e8b"
  },
  "single--27f8278c-8b87-4815-8f40-9c6af610203e": {
    "type": "single",
    "name": "Activity_12lnios: Send email to SOC analyst to review ticket",
    "commands": [
      {
        "type": "http-api"
      }
    ],
    "on_completion": "single--73fcbed4-393b-4bcd-88e2-69314c8e827c"
  }
}
```

- COA objects can contain relationships to multiple shared playbooks to achieve the COA
- Base64 encoded string decodes to playbooks in specified formats (e.g. CACAO standard format)

Conclusion

- The IOB Sub-Project is hoping to strongly influence the adoption and use of automated, scalable, timely ,relevant and actionable CTI to better posture network defense operations
- The behavior bundle concept, constructed via STIX, represents an initial format that enables the sharing of deeper context and actions to take
 - Current revisions will also include “triggers” for response workflows
- For more information:
 - IOB Project page: <https://opencybersecurityalliance.org/iob/>
 - IOB GitHub for documentation, use cases, reference implementation
<https://github.com/opencybersecurityalliance/oca-iob>