

United Nations Food and Agriculture Statistics User Guide Spring 2025

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Kofi Boateng, Christian Janssen, Queenie Ma, Joelle Mbella Banim, Adrian Strasser-King

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Introduction

This user guide serves to provide an overview of the datasets provided in the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations' FAOSTAT website.

Overview of the Data Collection

FAOSTAT is a comprehensive database managed by the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations. It provides free access to global food and agricultural data, covering a wide range of topics essential to analysis, research, and policymaking. The dataset holds multiple decades of information and includes data on the production, trade, food security, emissions, and other key agricultural indicators.

The intended audience for this guide includes policymakers, researchers, economists, and agricultural professionals looking to explore global food and agricultural statistics for decision-making and analysis.

The data is separated into 17 domains or sections, each containing between 1 and 10 datasets. When downloaded, each dataset contains between 3 and 8 files. The domains as a whole contain a total of 295 files.

Domains include, but are not limited to:

- Production: Crop and livestock production across various countries and years.
- Trade: Imports and exports of agricultural commodities.
- Food Balance Sheets: Consumption patterns, including calorie and nutrient availability.
- Prices and Value Chains: Agricultural producer prices and market trends.
- Emissions and Environment: Greenhouse gas emissions from agriculture, forestry, and land use.
- Investment and Government Expenditure: Public Funding and private investments in agriculture.

Each dataset is structured with country-level and in some cases regional statistics, categorized by year, commodity, and the measurement unit (i.e. tons, hectares, USD).

With this data source, users are able to:

- Browse and download the datasets in XLSX, CSV, and JSON format
- Generate custom queries using the FAOSTAT Data API
- View data visualizations and analytical reports

Data Source and Collection Methods

FAOSTAT aggregates data from:

- National governments and statistical offices
- International organizations such as the World Bank, International Monetary Fund (IMF), and the World Trade Organization (WTO)
- Surveys, censuses, and remote sensing technologies
 - Remote Sensing technologies covers aspects such as:

- <u>Satellite Imagery</u> from NASA, European Space Agency (ESA), and the Group on Earth Observations (GEO) to obtain satellite imagery that tracks crop growth, deforestation, soil moisture levels, and land use changes.
- <u>Geographic Information Systems (GIS)</u> process satellite data to create models of agricultural productivity, drought impact, and irrigation patterns.
- <u>Drones and UAVs</u> are used in some cases for high-precision monitoring of farmlands, typically inr regions where satellite data isn't sufficient or clouds affect visibility.
- Microwave (Radar) and Thermal Sensors (Infrared) are used to estimate vegetation health, soil conditions, and climate factors such as temperature and precipitation.

• FAO research and field studies

- Agricultural surveys as described above with national and regional offices on crop yield, livestock population, and farming practices.
- Soil and land assessments using programs like the Global Soil Partnership to
 evaluate soil quality, degradation, and fertility levels. The collected soil samples are
 also tested for their nutrient content and erosion risk.
- <u>Climate and environmental monitoring</u> on site studies to analyze the impact of climate change on food production and biodiversity loss.
- Household and market surveys to collect data on food consumption patterns, market prices, and food security indicators which are then used with the FAO's Food Insecurity Experience Scale (FIES) to assess hunger levels in vulnerable populations.
- Pest and disease surveillance field teams monitor the spread of various agricultural pests and diseases such as Desert Locust outbreaks or Wheat Rust disease.

Dataset Description

Data Fields and Structure

The FAOSTAT datasets are structured to provide detailed food and agricultural statistics across various domains. Below is a list of the common fields found in most FAOSTAT datasets, along with their data types and descriptions:

• Area Code (M49): Integer

The United Nations M49 code, a standard numerical identifier for countries or regions. For example, 8 represents Albania, and 76 represents Brazil.

• **Area**: String

The name of the country or geographical area (e.g., "Albania", "Brazil").

• **Item Code**: *Integer*

A unique code assigned to each agricultural item, such as crops or livestock products. These codes are specific to FAOSTAT and may map to international classifications like the Central Product Classification (CPC). For instance, wheat has item code 15 and CPC code '0111.

• **Item**: String

The name of the agricultural commodity or product (e.g., "Wheat", "Maize").

• **Element Code**: *Integer*

A code representing the specific aspect of the item being measured, such as production quantity or area harvested. For example, 5510 might denote "Production".

• **Element**: String

A description of what is being measured (e.g., "Production", "Area Harvested", "Yield").

• **Year**: Integer

The year the data pertains to (e.g., 2010, 2011). Shown as YXXX where the numbers following the Y are the year

• Value: Float

The numerical measurement for the given area, item, element, and year. This could represent quantities like tonnes of production or hectares of land, with decimal precision as needed. Doesn't have a distinct column, specified per year

• **Unit**: *String*

The unit of measurement for the value (e.g., "tonnes" for production, "hectares" for area harvested, "USD" for monetary values).

• Flag: String

A code indicating the status or source of the data, such as "E" for estimated or blank for official data. Here is a brief example of some flags you may come across:

- o A: Official figure
- o E: Estimated value
- o I: Imputed Value
- M: Missing Value (data cannot exist; not applicable)
- X: Figure from international organizations

• Flag Description: String

An optional field providing a textual explanation of the flag (e.g., "Estimated"). This field may not appear in all datasets.

Depending on the dataset, additional fields may be present. For example, trade datasets might include "Partner Code" and "Partner" to denote trading partner countries, while food balance sheets might feature fields for specific consumption components like "Food Supply" or "Feed". These common fields ensure consistency across the 17 domains, such as Production, Trade, and Emissions, while allowing flexibility for domain-specific data.

File Formats

FAOSTAT datasets are available for download in the following formats:

- **CSV (Comma-Separated Values)**: A lightweight, text-based format suitable for most data analysis tools.
- XLSX (Microsoft Excel): A spreadsheet format for users preferring Excel-based workflows.
- **JSON (JavaScript Object Notation)**: A structured format ideal for developers and API integrations.

These options cater to a wide range of users, from researchers using statistical software to developers building applications via the FAOSTAT Data API.

Size and Volume

The size and volume of FAOSTAT data sets vary significantly depending on the domain and the filters applied during download. A single dataset, such as one covering "Crops and Livestock Products," may contain millions of records when including all countries, items, elements, and years. The data spans multiple decades—often from the 1960s to the present—and covers most countries and regions globally. File sizes can range from a few megabytes for small, filtered datasets to several gigabytes for comprehensive datasets encompassing entire domains. Users can customize their downloads to manage size, selecting specific years, countries, or commodities as needed.

Detailed information about the file sizes and types of each dataset, alongside other metadata fields, can be viewed at the following link: <u>FAOSTAT Domain Metadata</u>.

Data Sample

Below is a small, representative sample of a FAOSTAT dataset for the *Crop and livestocks product* domain, illustrating the structure and typical content:

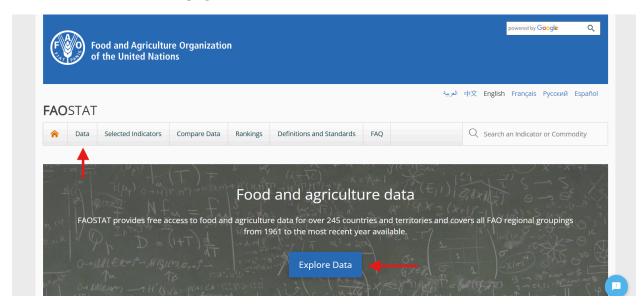
Domai n Code	Domai n	Area Code (M4 9)	Area	Eleme nt Code	Elemen t	Item Cod e (CPC	Item	Yea r Cod e	Yea r	Uni t	Value	Fl ag	Fla g Des cri pti on
QCL	Crops and livestoc k produc ts	2	Afghanist an	5312	Area harvest ed	0137	Alm onds , in shell	202	202 3	ha	3700 0	Α	Offi cial figu re
QCL	Crops and livestoc k produc ts	2	Afghanist an	5312	Yield	0137	Alm onds , in shell	202	202	kg/ ha	1810. 8	Α	Offi cial figu re
QCL	Crops and livestoc k produc ts	2	Afghanist an	5312	Product ion	0137	Alm onds , in shell	202	202	t	6700 0	Α	Offi cial figu re
QCL	Crops and livestoc k produc ts	2	Afghanist an	5312	Area harvest ed	0165 4	Anis e, badi an, coria nder, etc.	202	202	ha	2543 9	Е	Esti mat ed val ue

This sample demonstrates how each row combines "Domain," "Area," "Element," "Item," and "Year" with their unique corresponding FAOSTAT codes to create an entry. The "Flag" field provides additional context to the "Value" field, such as whether the data entered is official (A) or estimated (E). This structured format allows users to analyze trends, compare regions, and integrate the data into broader research or policy frameworks, aligning with FAOSTAT's comprehensive data scope.

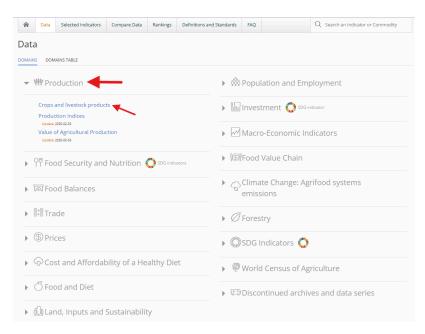
Accessing the Dataset

The data is hosted at the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations' website, which can be accessed through the following link: <u>FAOSTAT</u>.

Upon launching the website in the user's preferred web browser, users will be led to the homepage. From here, users can either click the "Data" tab in the navigation bar or "Explore Data" in the middle of the page to access the datasets.



Upon entering the "Data" tab, a list of domains is shown. Each domain title is a clickable dropdown banner, containing subsections for that domain. For the rest of this guide, we will be using the "Production" domain and the "Crops and livestock products" subsection as an example.



Download Instructions

1. Through the FAOSTAT Website

- Navigate to the FAOSTAT home page.
- Click on the "Data" tab or "Explore Data" to browse available datasets.
- Select a domain (e.g., "Production") and a subsection (e.g., "Crops and livestock products").
- Apply filters for specific countries, years, or commodities.
- Click "View" to display the data, then select "Download" to save it in formats like CSV or Excel.

Note: All FAOSTAT data can be accessed and downloaded directly from the FAOSTAT home page by navigating to the desired dataset and using the download options. No account is required, making it accessible to all users.

2. Through the FAOSTAT API

• **Overview:** For users hoping to access the data programmatically, FAOSTAT themselves do not offer an API, however the 3rd party projects listed below act as an access point.

• Python Package:

- URL: https://pypi.org/project/faostat/
- Description: This is a Python package designed to simplify interaction with the FAOSTAT API. It allows users to list datasets, retrieve parameters, and download data directly into Python environments.
- Installation: Install via pip with the command: pip install faostat
- Usage Example: To list available datasets, use: import faostat; faostat.list_datasets()
- **Status:** The package is actively maintained, with the latest version (1.1.2) released on June 1, 2024, indicating that the API remains functional.
- **Terms:** Data usage is subject to FAO's general terms and conditions.

• GitHub Repository:

- **URL:** https://github.com/FAOSTAT/faostat-api
- Description: This repository contains source code and documentation for the FAOSTAT API. The specific module linked enables users to access FAOSTAT data through REST web services. However, it has not been updated since 2015, suggesting it may not reflect the latest API developments. The Python package is a more current resource for API access.

Additional FAO Resources

• FAOLEX Open Data

• **URL:** https://www.fao.org/faolex/opendata/en/

- Description: FAOLEX is a database of national legislation, policies, and bilateral agreements related to food, agriculture, and natural resources. It provides open data access to legal texts, which could be relevant for studies involving regulatory frameworks.
- **Conclusion:** This resource is not directly tied to FAOSTAT's statistical data but is valuable for legal or policy analysis.

• AGROVOC Thesaurus

- URLs:
 - Access: https://www.fao.org/agrovoc/access
 - Browse: https://agrovoc.fao.org/browse/agrovoc/en/
- Description: AGROVOC is a multilingual thesaurus covering terminology in agriculture, fisheries, forestry, and related fields. It supports both browsing via a web interface and programmatic access via their REST API for integrating standardized terms into applications or research.
- **Conclusion:** While separate from FAOSTAT's numerical data, AGROVOC is useful for semantic consistency or terminology standardization in reports.

Permissions and Licenses

The FAOSTAT dataset is provided under specific permissions and licenses that govern its use, sharing, and adaptation. The rules are as follows:

- **License:** Data is available under the <u>Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International</u> (<u>CC BY 4.0</u>) license, which permits users to:
 - Share, adapt, and use the data for any purpose including commercial use as long as proper attribution is made.
- **Attribution:** Users must credit the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations using this format:
 - "FAO [YYYY (year of last update)]. [Name of database: Name of dataset OR Name of database]. [Accessed on [DD Month YYYY]]. [URL] Licence: CC-BY-4.0."
 - **Example:** "FAO. 2025. FAOSTAT: Crops and livestock products. [Accessed on 06 April 2025]. https://www.fao.org/faostat/. License: CC BY 4.0."

• Restrictions:

- o FAO states that datasets contained within their corporate statistical databases "shall not be used for or in conjunction with the promotion of a commercial enterprise and/or its product(s) or services (s), and/or in any way that suggests that FAO endorses any specific company, products or services." (Statistical database terms of use: FAO: Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations).
- Misrepresenting the data or suggesting FAO's approval is prohibited.

• Warranty and Liability:

- FAO offers <u>no warranty</u> on the data's accuracy, completeness, or suitability for any purpose.
- Users take on <u>all risks</u> related to using the data, and FAO is not responsible for any resulting issues or damages.

• Full Terms of Use:

- For the complete details, see <u>FAO's Statistical Database Terms of Use</u>.
- Terms may change over time, review them regularly.

Data Preprocessing and Preparation

Being such a large dataset, FAOSTAT may require cleaning such as handling missing values and converting data types, depending on your analysis needs. Bulk downloads are zipped, requiring decompression, whereas specific dataset downloads from filtering are uncompressed as CSV or Excel files.

File Decompression

As mentioned above, if you bulk download data from FAOSTAT, it often comes as a zip file. To access the data:

- Locate the downloaded zip file on your computer.
- Use your native system unzip settings(Archive Utility for macOS, Windows File Explorer for Windows), or the "unzip" command in Linux to extract the contents.
- Open the extracted files for further processing.

Setting Up the Environment

To process FAOSTAT data, you'll need to use various software or libraries based on your use case:

- Spreadsheet Software: Microsoft Excel or Google Sheets for basic analysis
- Python Libraries: You can install different libraries to tailor your data processing.
 Pandas for data manipulation, NumPy for numerical computations, and
 Matplotlib/Seaborn for visualization. For integrating FAOSTAT databases right into your codebase, use the faostat package discussed in the previous section, "Accessing the Dataset".

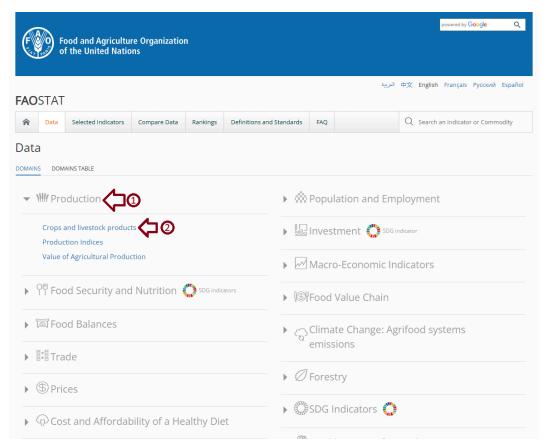
Data Cleaning Steps

After downloading, clean the data appropriately for your use case to ensure accuracy. This guide wont walk you through programming this and instead provide suggestions:

- Handling Missing Values: Check for missing data using pandas "isnull()"
- **Data Type Conversions:** Ensure numerical columns are integers and/or floats, and that categorical data is properly formatted
- **Removing Duplicates:** You can utilize "drop_duplicates()" from the pandas library.
- **Normalization:** Use min-max scaling or standardizations based on what's needed for your analysis

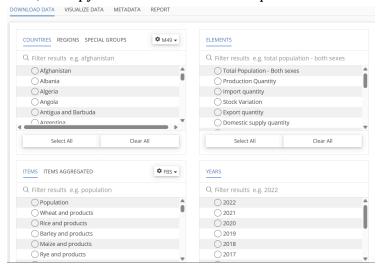
Using Data and Filters on the Website

You can alternatively explore and manipulate the FAOSTAT data without downloading:
Visit the FAOSTAT Data Table
Select a domain and a dataset (i.e. Production, Crops)



Apply filters for countries, years, or commodities, then click "Show Data" to see the table

Sort, search, or copy data from the table for quick use

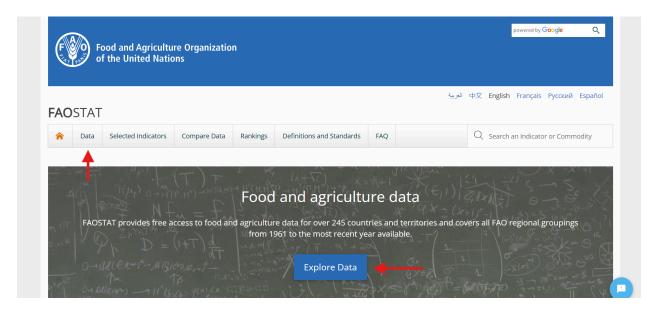


Usage Examples

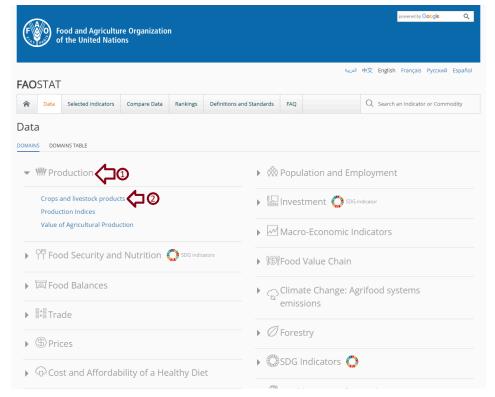
In-System Visualizations:

Using FAO Visualize Data:

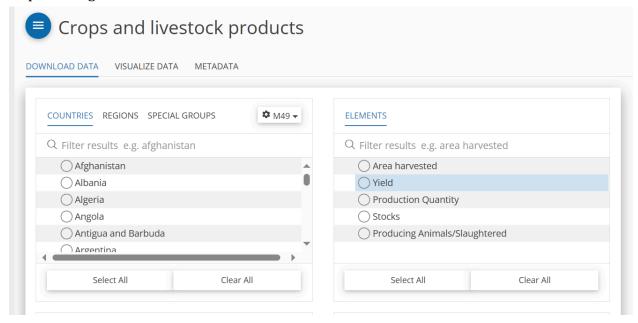
Step 1: Visit the <u>FAOSTAT Data Table</u>



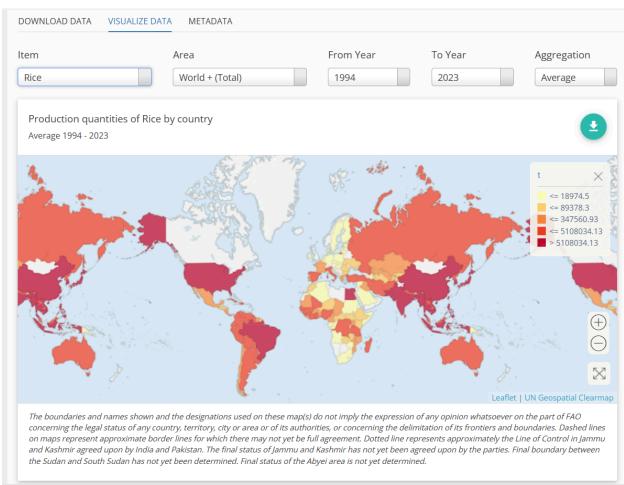
Step 2: Select a domain and a dataset (i.e. Production, Crops)

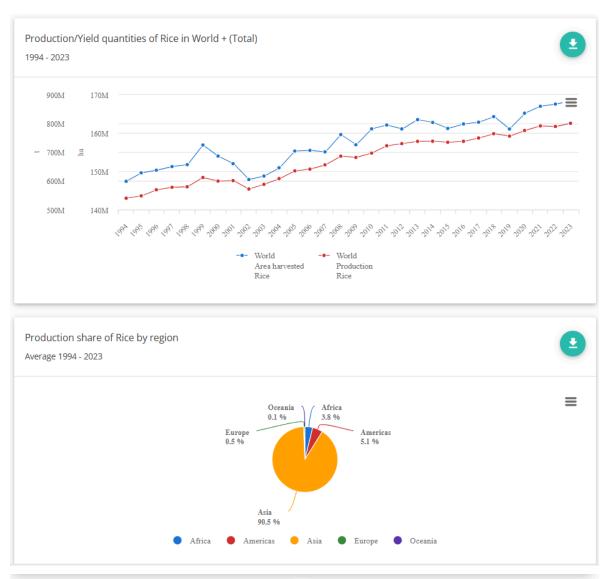


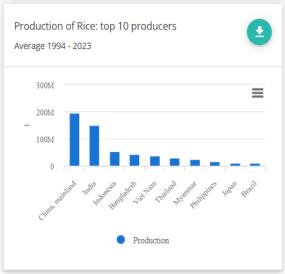
Step 3: Navigate to "VISUALIZE DATA" Section

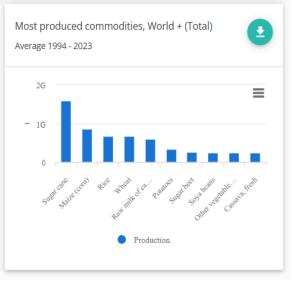


Step 4: Apply filters for Item, Area, From Year To Year, and Aggregation to see the visualizations. Scroll down to see more visualizations



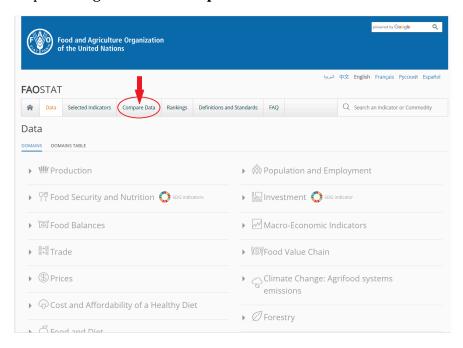




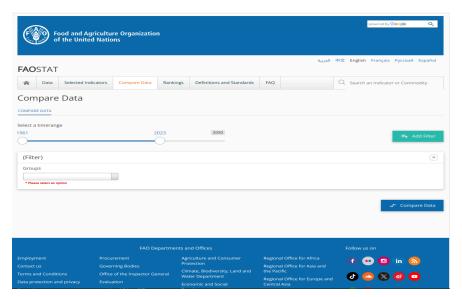


Using FAO Compare Data

Step 1: Navigate to the "Compare Data" tab

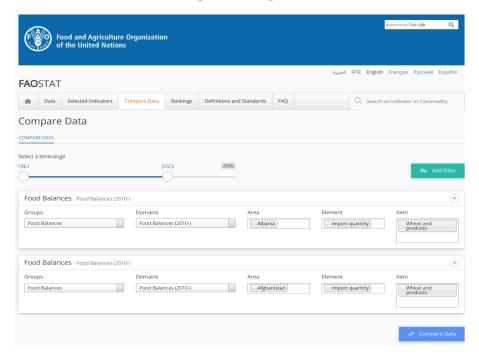


Step 2: Select a time range by dragging the two circles to desired year interval with the headline called **"Select a timerange"**

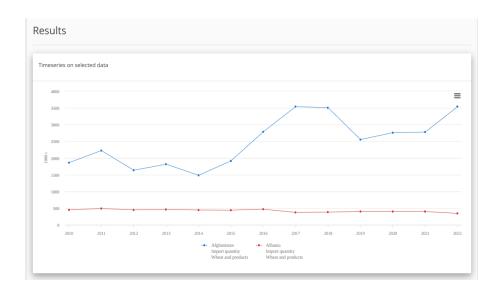


Step 3: Select and enter in all the dropdowns to select a specific variable.

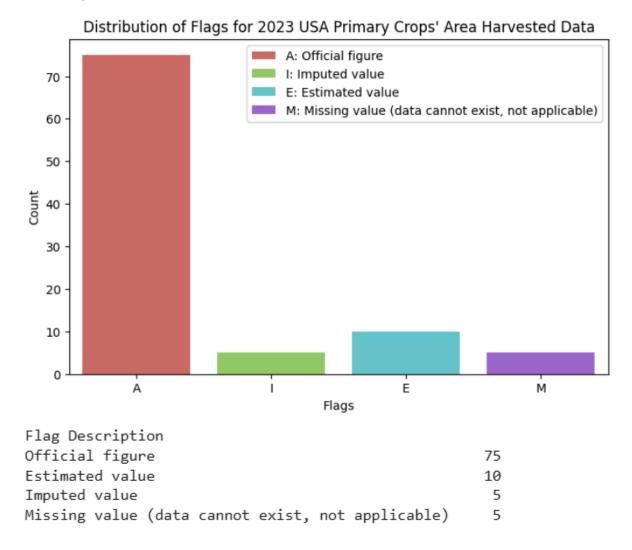
Select "Add Filters" to compare multiple sets of data



Step 4: Click "Compare Data" and scroll down to see the comparison visualization.



Out-of-System Visualizations:



Troubleshooting and FAQs

Below are some problems you may encounter when working with FAOSTAT data and their solutions or general support topics:

- 1. File Formatting Issues
 - a. CSV files may not display correctly in your software if the delimiter settings aren't correct (FAOSTAT typically uses commas) and ensure the encoding is set to UTF-8.
 - b. Some Excel files may be too large or crash your software, using a data library recommended in the "Setting Up the Environment" to process the data can mitigate this.
- 2. Data Corruption

- a. If a downloaded file is incomplete or unreadable, attempt to download it again.
- 3. Having Trouble Starting?
 - a. View a brief demo created by FAO itself: FAOSTAT DEMO

Contact Information

For additional help or to address issues not covered here:

• For general FAOSTAT issues, visit the help section or contact the FAOSTAT Statistics Division at "faostat@fao.org". Alternatively, their full contact information is below:

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

Viale delle Terme di Caracalla 00153 Rome, Italy T: (+39) 06 570 55303

- Looking for like-minded individuals? Check out the Global Forum on Food Security and Nutrition (FSN Forum)! Their goal is to foster awareness, knowledge sharing, debate and mutual learning on a wide range of issues that affect food security and nutrition, and food systems. Access it below:
 - https://www.fao.org/fsnforum/