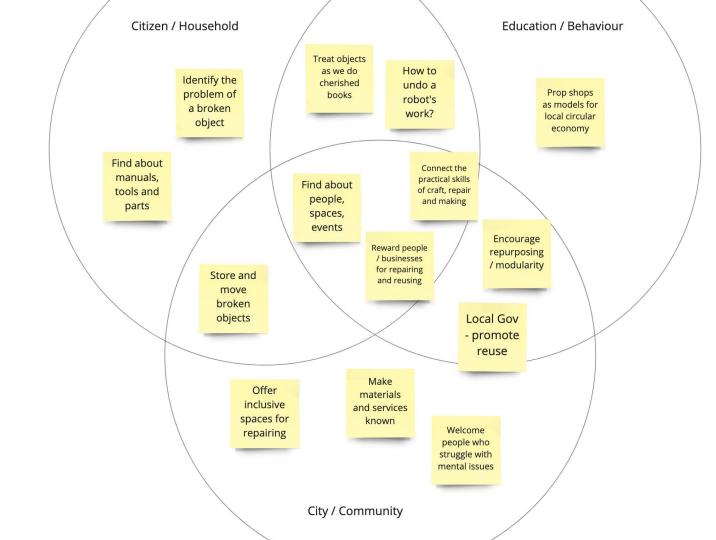
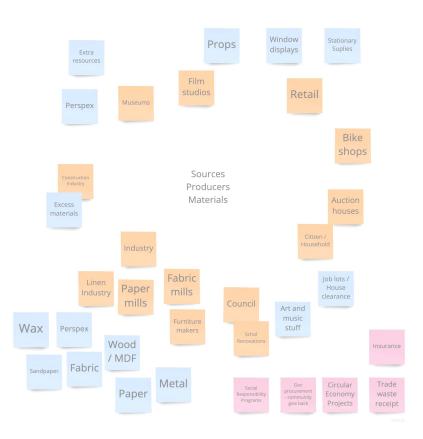


Background (2019 / 2020)





Repair Journey



Ecosystem Mapping



Setting / Scenes / Actors

Citizen

Individual/household who has broken or unwanted things.

Individual/household who is interested in acquiring affordable and reliable used things.

Community

Group or organisation willing to generate income for community members.

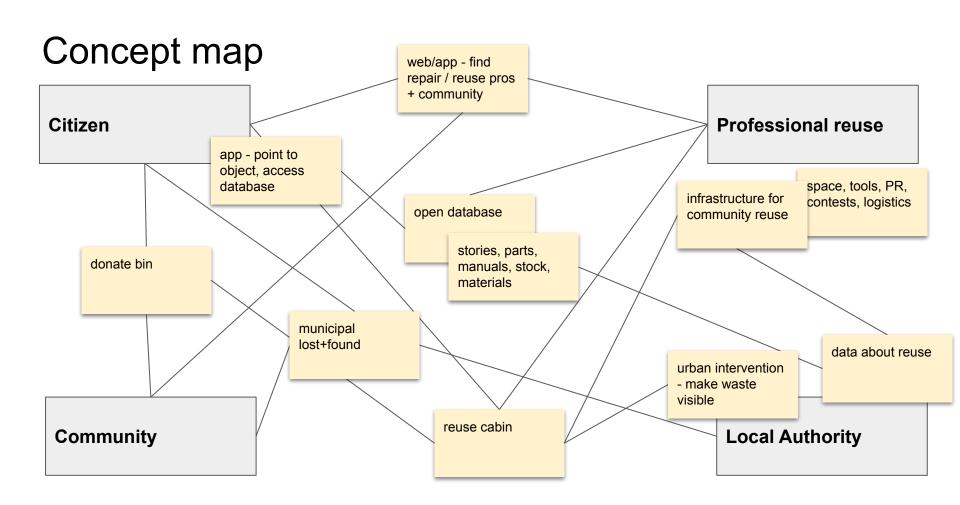
Volunteer group or not-for-profit organisation in charge of repair cafes, clothes swaps and other zero-waste projects.

Professional reuse

Social enterprises or SMEs working on the selection, transformation and redistribution of second-hand materials.

Local Authority

City council / local gov looking into social, environmental and economic benefits of encouraging the reuse of materials.



Early concepts

Universal Registry of Things

Open database

Information about as many types of objects as possible.



Point and

Reuse

App / Website

Allows users to quickly evaluate the potential value of an object.



Reuse Bin

Urban Service

Track your donations.



3/8

Save This Thing

App / Website

Geo-referenced open directory of reuse alternatives with user evaluation / reputation system.



4/8

Make Waste Visible

Urban Interventions

Expose the volume of waste generated by towns and cities.



5/8

Data on Reuse

Open Dataset

Data about different kinds of reuse of materials in urban environments.



7/0

Transformation Lab / Shop

Blueprint

Urban infrastructure for reuse / upcycling of materials.



9/9

Reuse Commons

Urban Service

Collective stewardship of postconsumption materials.



2. Updated concepts (2021)



Universal Registry of Things

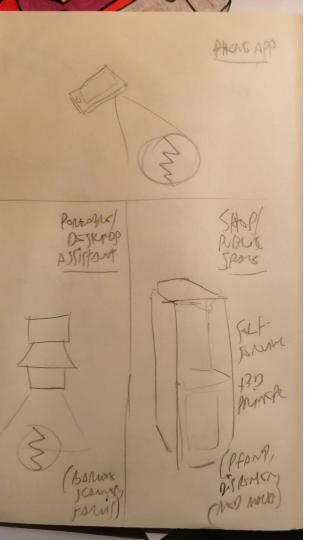
The **Universal Registry of Things** is a dynamic source for information about the value and reusability of goods and materials. It connects constantly to third-party datasources and uses Al to normalise them and make them available through open protocols.

Data for the Universal Registry of Things is provided by manufacturers, associations, repair professionals, community groups, artists and other stakeholders. It comprises of objective specifications, descriptions and links to online resources as well as stories and subjective accounts on the reuse of things.

Its deployment and use is promoted by initiatives related to zero waste, circular economy and the right to repair. There are commons-based mechanisms to validate and solve disputes over data.

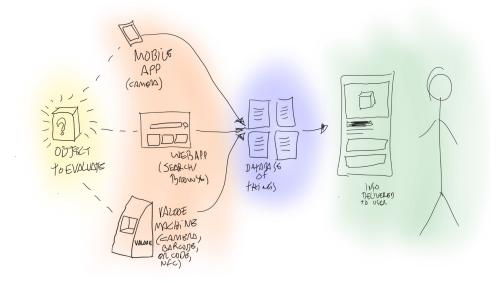


E-I



E-I, Evaluation Interface, is technology (hardware + software) created to increase the ability to reuse materials. Its users show objects to the machine. E-I identifies the objects and displays information about their repairability, spare parts, raw materials, second-hand market, possibilities of upcycling, adaptations and transformations, user stories, etc.

The goal with E-I at this point is not to develop a functional product, but rather to discuss how can digital information technologies help society reuse a larger proportion of materials that are currently discarded, and what would the implications of such technologies be in terms of use, privacy, health and safety, policy and economy.



Transformation Labs



Transformation Labs are public urban facilities that allow citizens to repair, upcycle and repurpose goods and materials. They aim to be hotspots for tactile education and creative experimentation.

Transformation Labs may partner up with - or be located inside - scrap shops, second hand warehouses and reuse centres.

A Transformation Lab is a place where the residents (and visitors, of course) of a city or region can use tools and equipment to transform goods and materials. It can be seen as a hybrid of makerspace, tool library, technical school and community centre.

Learn more at

wiki.reuse.city