## Portainer

In order to enable Portainer, the docker-compose.yml and site.conf for Nginx must be modified.

1. Create a new file docker-compose.override.yml in the openemail-dockerized root folder and insert the following configuration

```
version: '2.1'
services:
    portainer-openemail:
        image: portainer/portainer
    volumes:
        - /var/run/docker.sock:/var/run/docker.sock
        - ./data/conf/portainer:/data
    restart: always
    dns:
        - 172.22.1.254
    dns_search: openemail-network
    networks:
        mailcow-network:
        aliases:
        - portainer
```

2a. Create data/conf/nginx/portainer.conf:

```
upstream portainer {
   server portainer-openemail:9000;
}

map $http_upgrade $connection_upgrade {
   default upgrade;
   '' close;
}
```

2b. Insert a new location to the default mailcow site by creating the file data/conf/nginx/site.portainer.custom:

```
proxy_set_header Connection "";
proxy_buffers 32 4k;
proxy_pass http://portainer/;
}

location /portainer/api/websocket/ {
  proxy_http_version 1.1;
  proxy_set_header Upgrade $http_upgrade;
  proxy_set_header Connection $connection_upgrade;
  proxy_pass http://portainer/api/websocket/;
}
```

## 3. Apply your changes:

```
docker-compose up -d && docker-compose restart nginx-openemail
```

Now you can simply navigate to https://\${OPENEMAIL\_HOSTNAME}/portainer/ to view your Portainer container monitoring page. You'll then be prompted to specify a new password for the **admin** account. After specifying your password, you'll then be able to connect to the Portainer UI.