Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway Evaluation on openEuler

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### Agenda

- Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway介绍
- Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway Arm上游支持
- Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway性能测试





# Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway介绍



### Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway介绍 - Overview

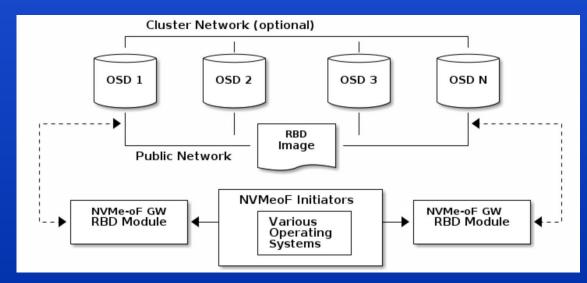
- What and why is NVMe-oF Gateway?
  - Replace Ceph-iSCSI, convert RBD to NVMe-of Disk gateway
  - NVMe-oF SAN similar network disk solution
  - Very low client %CPU, move ceph client to gw node, more generic network storage protocol.

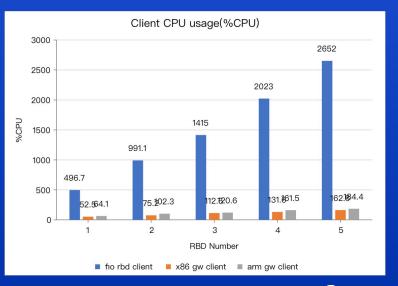
#### Usecase

- Possibly all the SAN and NVMe-oF useacases, requires client support nyme initiator
- For no ceph client support environment
- VMware Virtual Machine, bare metal boot volumes, Virtual Desktop
- PDUs and hardware accelerators
- Databases and Analytics, Al etc.

#### References

- https://www.spiceworks.com/tech/networking/articles/storage-area-network/
- o <a href="https://www.starwindsoftware.com/blog/what-is-nvme-of-nvme-over-fabrics/">https://www.starwindsoftware.com/blog/what-is-nvme-of-nvme-over-fabrics/</a>

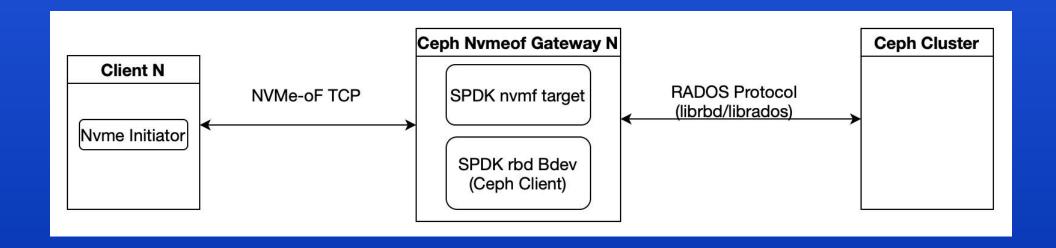






### Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway介绍 - Overview

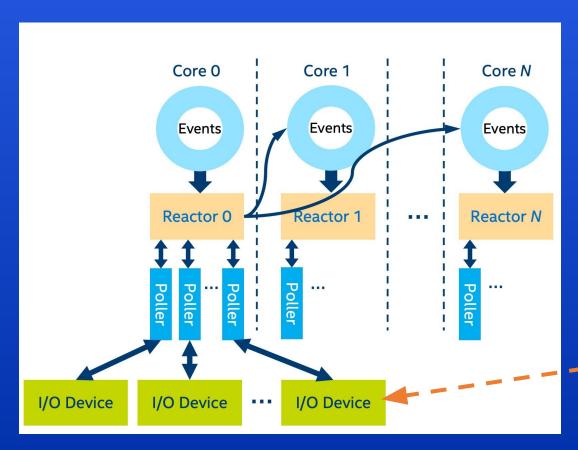
- The NVMe-oF Gateway presents an NVMe-oF target that exports RADOS Block Device (RBD) images as NVMe namespaces.
- The NVMe-oF protocol allows clients (initiators) to send NVMe commands to storage devices (targets) over a TCP/IP network.
- Enabling clients without native Ceph client support to access Ceph block storage.
- More details see: <a href="https://docs.ceph.com/en/latest/rbd/nvmeof-overview/">https://docs.ceph.com/en/latest/rbd/nvmeof-overview/</a>

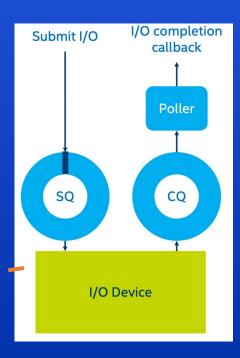




# Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway介绍 - Overview

- SPDK overview
- References:
  - o <a href="https://spdk.io/doc/overview.html">https://spdk.io/doc/overview.html</a>
  - https://www.cnblogs.com/yi-mu-xi/p/12821103.html

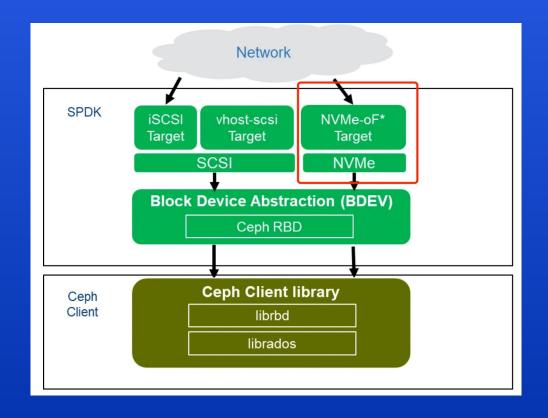






# Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway介绍 - SPDK RBD Bdev

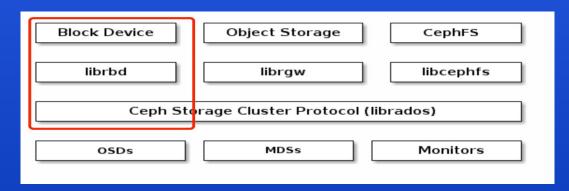
- Convert Ceph RBD to SPDK bdev.
- Allow export to iSCSI/vhost-user/NVMe-oF targets.
- Reference: 管中窥豹SPDK RBD bdev 模块

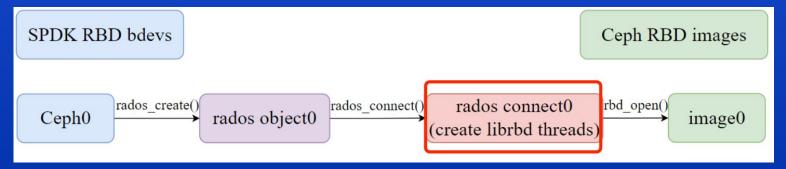




# Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway介绍 - Ceph rbd client

- Rados cluster object create: rados\_create()
- 2. Connect to cluster: rados connect()
  - Create io context pool threads: io prepare and put to msg queues
  - Create msgr-worker-x threads: msg send/recive
- 3. Rbd io/image ctx open: rados\_ioctx\_create(), rbd\_open()
- 4. Rbd image async read/write: rbd aio read/readv/write/writev/flush()
- 5. More details see: https://github.com/spdk/spdk/blob/master/module/bdev/rbd/bdev\_rbd.c

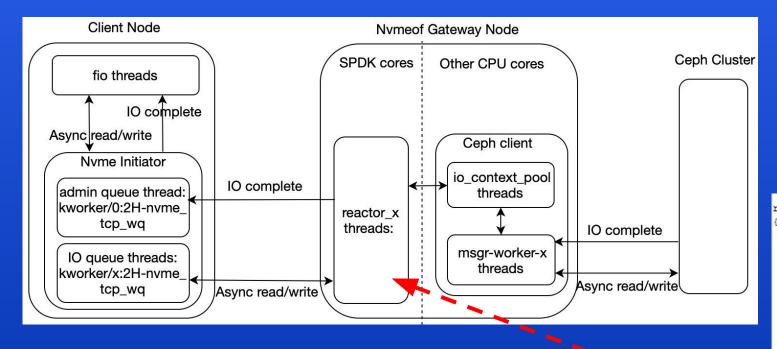






# Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway介绍 - thread model

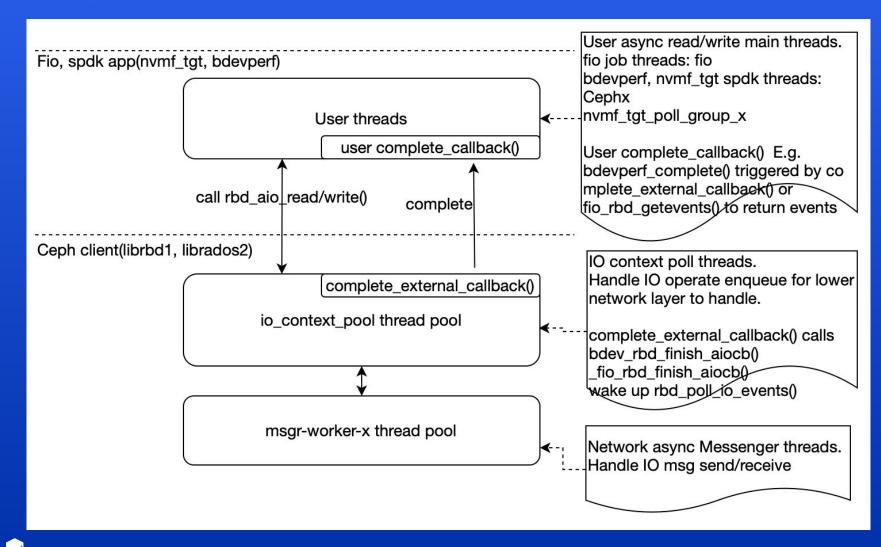
### Nvmeof Gateway whole thread model





### Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway介绍 - thread model

### Gateway node thread model



# Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway Arm上游支持





## Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway Arm上游支持 – Enable

Enable building nymeof container images for Arm64

- Ticket: <a href="https://github.com/ceph/ceph-nvmeof/issues/781">https://github.com/ceph/ceph-nvmeof/issues/781</a>
- PRs
  - Fix x86 hardcode: <a href="https://github.com/ceph/ceph-nvmeof/pull/782">https://github.com/ceph/ceph-nvmeof/pull/782</a>
  - Add Arm build: <a href="https://github.com/ceph/ceph-nvmeof/pull/783">https://github.com/ceph/ceph-nvmeof/pull/783</a>
- Arm Build Note: <a href="https://github.com/ceph/ceph-nvmeof/blob/devel/README.md">https://github.com/ceph/ceph-nvmeof/blob/devel/README.md</a>

**NOTE:** For Arm64 build, the default SPDK building SoC is <code>generic</code>. To build SPDK for other SoC you need to override the default values of <code>SPDK\_TARGET\_ARCH</code> and <code>SPDK\_MAKEFLAGS</code>. To know which values to set for all the supported Arm64 SoCs see the socs and implementer\_xxx parts. E.g. for kunpeng920 SoC:

```
make build SPDK_TARGET_ARCH="armv8.2-a+crypto" \
    SPDK_MAKEFLAGS="DPDKBUILD_FLAGS=-Dplatform=kunpeng920"
```



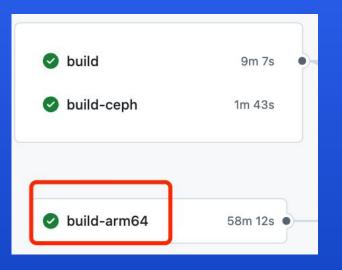


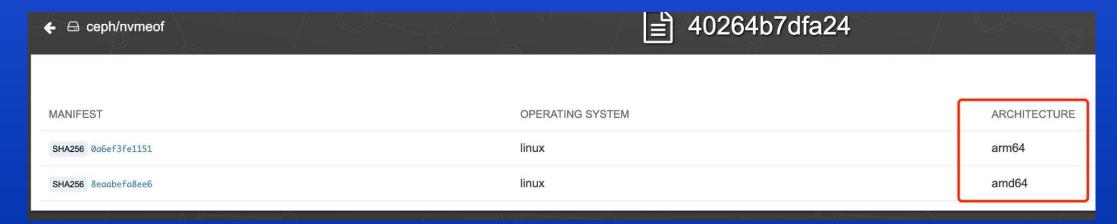


### Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway Arm上游支持 – CI

### Add build-arm64 job, multi-platform build

- Ticket: https://github.com/ceph/ceph-nvmeof/issues/805
- PR: <a href="https://github.com/ceph/ceph-nvmeof/pull/806">https://github.com/ceph/ceph-nvmeof/pull/806</a>
  - Migrate docker-compose from v1 to v2.
  - Support qemu multi-platform container image build.
  - Add build-arm64 job run per PR and daily.
  - Build and publish nymeof, nymeof-cli images to quay.io/ceph/.









# Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway性能测试





## Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway性能测试 - Testbed

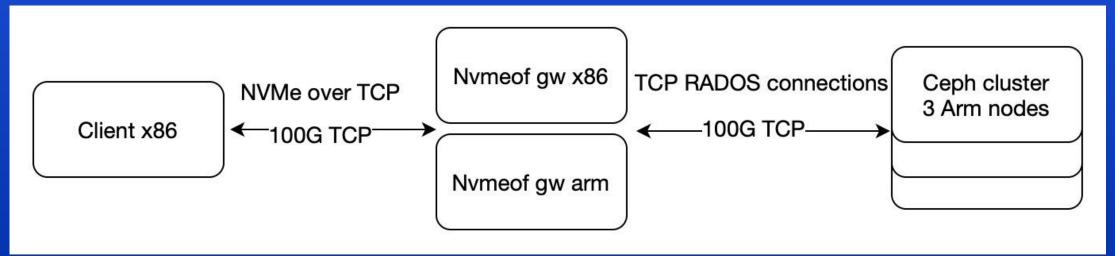
### **Test Environment**

#### Hardware

- Arm CPU: Kunpeng 920, 2.6GHz, 4 numa nodes
- X86 (Gateway) CPU: Intel(R) Xeon(R) Platinum 8180 CPU @ 2.50GHz, 112 cpus, 2 numa nodes
- x86-2 (Client) CPU: Intel(R) Xeon(R) Gold 6248R CPU @ 3.00GHz, 96 cpus, 2 numa nodes
- Disk: 3 x ES3000 V6 NVMe SSD 3.2T per Arm server
- Network: 1x MLNX ConnectX-5 100Gb IB, 1x1G tcp

#### Software

- OS: openEuler 22.03 LTS SP3, kernel 5.10.0-192.0.0.105.oe2203sp3
- Ceph: main-nymeof require revert commit "nymeof gw monitor: disable by default"
- SPDK: 24.05
- nvmeof: 1.3.2
- fio: fio-3.29





### Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway性能测试 - Testbed

Arm and x86 hybrid deployment

#### Reference:

- <a href="https://docs.ceph.com/en/latest/cephadm/install/#bootstrap-a-new-cluster">https://docs.ceph.com/en/latest/cephadm/install/#bootstrap-a-new-cluster</a>
- https://docs.ceph.com/en/latest/cephadm/operations/#purging-a-cluster

```
# Deploy Ceph Cluster, mix arches x86 and arm64
wget -c https://download.ceph.com/rpm-reef/el9/noarch/cephadm
chmod +x cephadm
cephadm — image quay.io/xin3liang0/ceph:main-nvmeof bootstrap — mon-ip 192.168.0.86
cephadm shell
ceph config set mgr mgr/cephadm/use_repo_digest false
ceph config set global container_image quay.io/xin3liang0/ceph:main-nvmeof
cephadm shell
ceph orch host add server5
ceph orch host add server1
# osds_per_device: 8 # Run more osd daemons to utilize a nvme disk
ceph orch apply -i osd_spec.yml
```





### Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway性能测试 - Testbed

Arm and x86 hybrid deployment

#### Reference

- https://docs.ceph.com/en/latest/rbd/nvmeof-target-configure/
- <a href="https://ci.spdk.io/download/2022-virtual-forum-prc/D2\_4\_Yue\_A\_Performance\_Study\_for\_Ceph\_NVMeoF\_Gateway.pdf">https://ci.spdk.io/download/2022-virtual-forum-prc/D2\_4\_Yue\_A\_Performance\_Study\_for\_Ceph\_NVMeoF\_Gateway.pdf</a>
- <a href="https://ci.spdk.io/download/2022-virtual-forum-prc/D2\_3\_Yifan\_The\_usage\_of\_SPDK\_RBD\_bdev\_and\_performance\_tuning.pdf">https://ci.spdk.io/download/2022-virtual-forum-prc/D2\_3\_Yifan\_The\_usage\_of\_SPDK\_RBD\_bdev\_and\_performance\_tuning.pdf</a>

```
# Deploy NVMe-oF Gateway service
ceph config set mgr mgr/cephadm/container image nvmeof quay.io/xin3liang0/nvmeof:latest
nvmeof pool=nvmeof
ceph osd pool create $nvmeof_pool
rbd pool init $nvmeof pool
ceph orch apply nvmeof $nvmeof_pool default --placement="server3,client10"
vi /var/lib/ceph/23190a0a-4fba-11ef-9b42-60d755fdcf8c/nvmeof.nvmeof.default.server3.hcobgl/ceph-nvmeof.conf
# Bind SPDK and ceph client threads in the same numa
[spdk]
tgt cmd extra args = "-m 0xF0000000"
librbd_core_mask = 0xFFFFFF00000000
vi /var/lib/ceph/23190a0a-4fba-11ef-9b42-60d755fdcf8c/nvmeof.nvmeof.default.server3.hcobgl/config # ceph.conf
# Increase io context pool and msgr-worker-x thread number
[global]
ms_async_op_threads = 9
librados_thread_count = 6
ceph orch daemon restart nvmeof.nvmeof.default.client10.nvycre
ceph orch daemon restart nymeof.nymeof.default.server3.hcobgl
```





### FIO config

FIO rbd config

```
(.venv) [root@client1 spdktest]# cat fio_test-rbd.conf
[global]
#stonewall
description="Run ${RW} ${BS} rbd test"
bs=${BS}
ioengine=rbd
clientname=admin
pool=nvmeof
thread=1
group_reporting=1
direct=1
verify=0
norandommap=1
time based=1
ramp time=10s
runtime=1m
iodepth=${IODEPTH}
rw=\$\{RW\}
numa cpu nodes=0
[test-job1]
rbdname=fio test image1
```





### FIO config

FIO nvmeof config

```
(.venv) [root@client1 spdktest]# cat fio_test-nvmeof.conf
[global]
#stonewall
description="Run ${RW} ${BS} NVMe ssd test"
bs=${BS}
#ioengine=libaio
ioengine=io_uring
thread=1
group reporting=1
direct=1
verify=0
norandommap=1
time based=1
ramp time=10s
runtime=1m
iodepth=${IODEPTH}
rw=${RW}
numa cpu nodes=0
[test-job1]
#filename=/dev/nvme2n1
filename=/dev/nvme2n2
```





#### Create test rbds

```
GATEWAY NAME2=client10
GATEWAY IP2=192.168.0.100
GATEWAY NAME=server3
GATEWAY IP=192.168.0.83
GATEWAY PORT=5500
SUBSYSTEM NON=ngn.2016-06.io.spdk:cnode1
POOL NAME=nvmeof
IMAGE NAME=rbd1
IMAGE NAME2=rbd2
RBD IMAGE SIZE=20G
NVMEOF_CLI="podman run --rm quay.io/xin3liang0/nvmeof-cli:latest --server-address $GATEWAY_IP --server-port $GATEWAY_PORT"
$NVMEOF_CLI subsystem add --subsystem $SUBSYSTEM_NQN
$NVMEOF_CLI listener add --subsystem $SUBSYSTEM NQN --host-name $GATEWAY_NAME --traddr $GATEWAY_IP --trsvcid 4420
$NVMEOF_CLI namespace add --subsystem $SUBSYSTEM_NQN --rbd-pool $POOL_NAME --rbd-image $IMAGE_NAME --size $RBD_IMAGE_SIZE --rbd-create-image
$NVMEOF_CLI namespace add --subsystem $SUBSYSTEM_NQN --rbd-pool $POOL_NAME --rbd-image $IMAGE_NAME2 --size $RBD_IMAGE_SIZE --rbd-create-image
$NVMEOF CLI host add --subsystem $SUBSYSTEM NQN --host "*"
$NVMEOF_CLI2 listener add --subsystem $SUBSYSTEM_NQN --host-name $GATEWAY_NAME2 --traddr $GATEWAY_IP2 --trsvcid 4420
dnf install nvme-cli
modprobe nvme-fabrics
nvme connect -t tcp --traddr $GATEWAY_IP -s 4420 -n $SUBSYSTEM_NQN
nvme connect -t tcp --traddr $GATEWAY_IP2 -s 4420 -n $SUBSYSTEM_NQN
nvme list
rbd create --size $RBD IMAGE SIZE $nvmeof pool/fio test image1
rbd create --size $RBD IMAGE SIZE $nvmeof pool/fio test image2
```





### SSD rbd Preconditioning(预处理)

- Sequential write 2X+ size of rbd to get SSD steady state.
  - RW=write BS=128k IODEPTH=128 fio ./[fio\_test-rbd.conf|fio\_test-nvmeof.conf] --numjobs=1 # run 1 min
- Reference
  - SSD Preconditioning: <a href="https://ci.spdk.io/download/performance-reports/SPDK\_nvme\_bdev\_perf\_report\_2405.pdf">https://ci.spdk.io/download/performance-reports/SPDK\_nvme\_bdev\_perf\_report\_2405.pdf</a>

```
[ceph: root@server6 ~]# rbd -p nvmeof disk-usage
                 PROVISIONED USED
NAME
fio_test_image1
                      20 GiB 20 GiB
fio test image2
                      20 GiB
                                 0 B
                      20 GiB 20 GiB
rbd1
rbd2
                              20 GiB
                      20 GiB
                      80 GiB
                              60 GiB
<TOTAL>
```

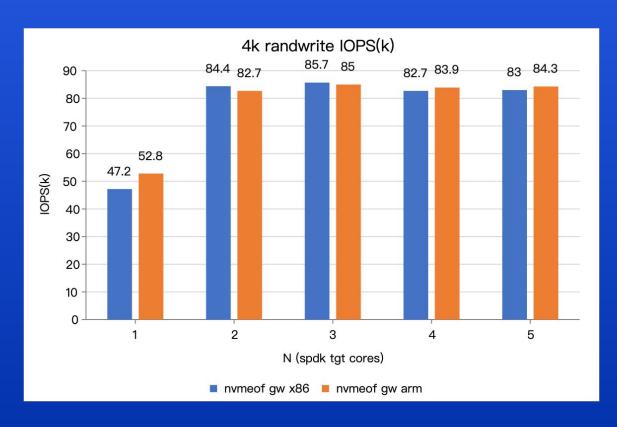


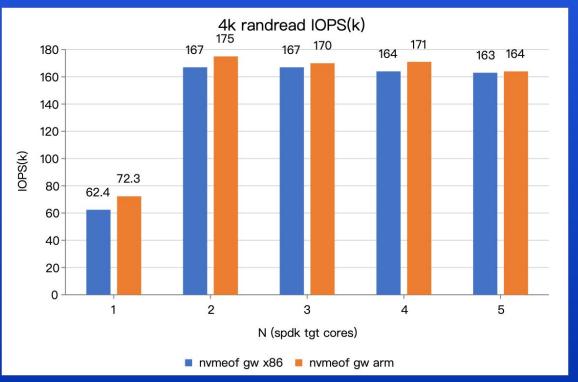


Case 1: scale spdk cores (triple ceph client msg and io enqueue threads, bind ceph client, spdk tgt threads in the same numa as NIC)

4k RW=randwrite|randread IODEPTH=128 fio ~/spdktest/fio\_test-nvmeof.conf --numjobs=8

- ~50k IOPS per core
- Find out cpus via spdk\_top cpu not 100%





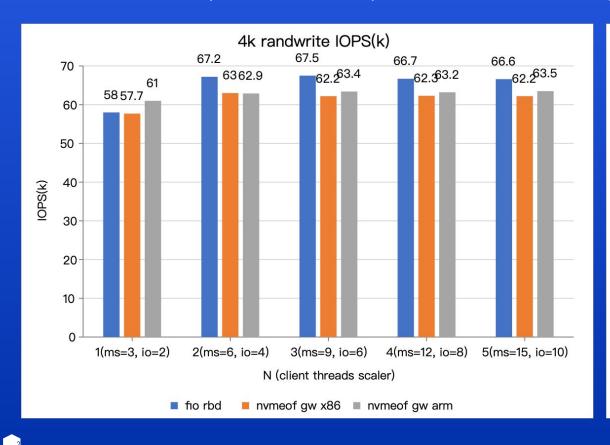


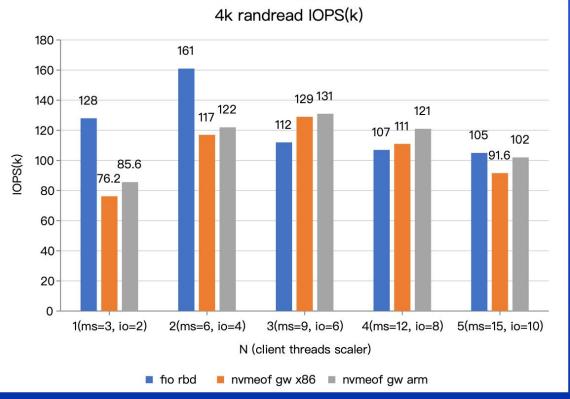


Case 2: scale ceph client msg and io enqueue threads (4 spdk cores, bind ceph client, spdk tgt threads in the same numa as NIC)

4k RW=randwrite IODEPTH=128 fio ~/spdktest/[fio\_test-rbd.conf|fio\_test-nvmeof.conf] --numjobs=1

- ms\_async\_op\_threads = 3 \* N, librados\_thread\_count = 2 \* N
- Find out thread's cpu not 100% via top, N = 2 fio (N = 3 nvmeof) get best performance number





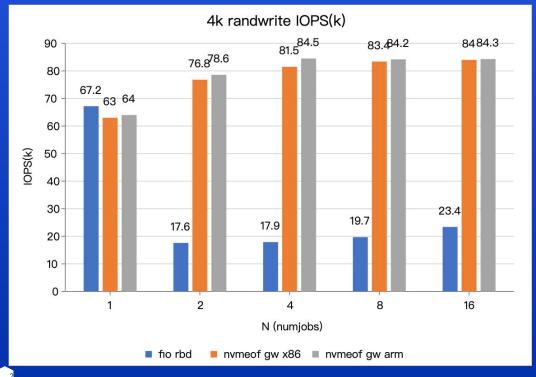


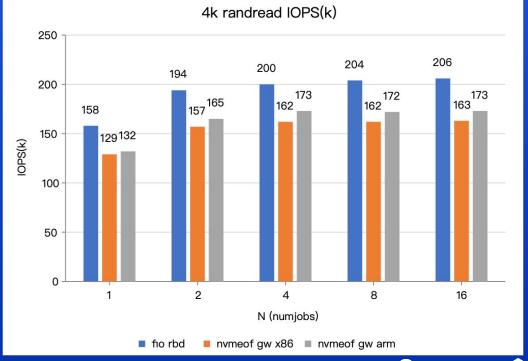
Case 3: double/triple client msg and io enqueue threads (4 spdk cores, bind ceph client, spdk tgt threads in the same numa as NIC)

4k RW=randwrite IODEPTH=128 fio ~/spdktest/[fio\_test-rbd.conf|fio\_test-nvmeof.conf] --numjobs=N

- FIO rbd: ms\_async\_op\_threads = 6 # 3->6, librados\_thread\_count = 4 # 2->4
- FIO rbd: Should numjobs=1, because 1 rados connection, per job multi rados connect performance drop
   Due to the rbd exclusive write lock

• Nvmeof:  $ms_async_op_threads = 9 \# 3->9$ , librados\_thread\_count = 6 # 2->6, X86 gw ~20% drop, Arm gw ~15% drop

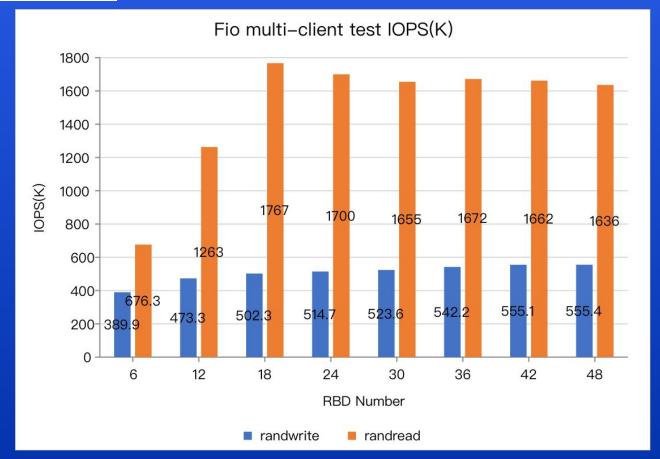






Case 1: fio rbd multi-client test for ceph cluster capability (numjob=1, client\_num=6)

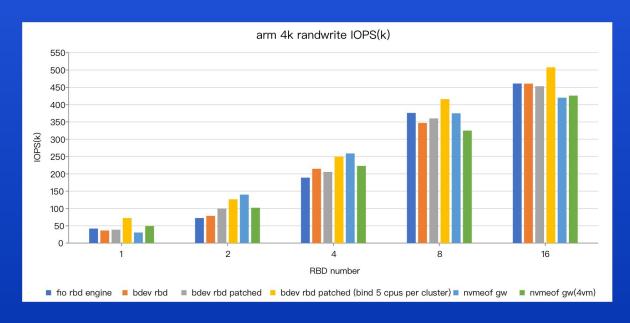
- ./fio –server& # run in the clients nodes
- ./<u>run-n-fio-rbd-test\_multi-client.sh</u> 48 # run in one client node

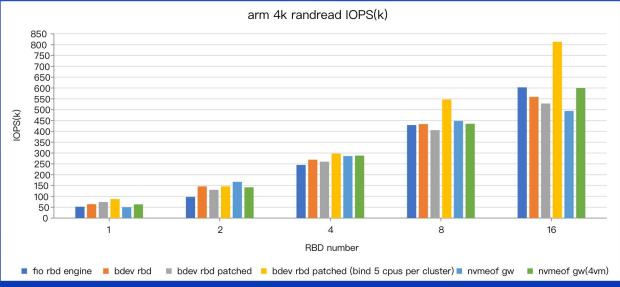




Case 2: fio, bdev, gw rbd test (numjob=1, 16 spdk cores, bdevs\_per\_cluster = 1, iommu.passthrough=1)

- bdevperf -q 128 -o 4096 -w randwrite -t 60 -m [0-15] -z # run in one terminal
- ./<u>run-n-bdev-rbd-test1.sh</u> N, ./run-n-fio-nvmeof-test1.sh N, run-n-fio-rbd-test1.sh N,
  - o ./run-bdev-rbd-test2.sh N 16-95 # each ceph client threads binding to 5 cpu cores
- Test scripts: <a href="https://github.com/xin3liang/home-bin/tree/master/spdk-fio">https://github.com/xin3liang/home-bin/tree/master/spdk-fio</a>











- Tip1: Ceph pool pg\_num impacts performance much
  - pg\_autoscale\_mode scales pg\_num according pool space utilization
  - Setting pg\_num can get the maximum performance at the pool creation beginning
  - o pool=nvmeof; ceph osd pool create \$pool --size 1 --pg num 16384 --pgp num 16384 --bulk
  - #ceph osd pool set \$pool target size ratio 0.9
  - o ceph osd pool set \$pool pg autoscale mode off
  - o rbd pool init \$pool
  - References
    - Ceph: A Journey to 1 TiB/s
    - PG Calc Ceph Documentation
    - Placement Groups Ceph Documentation







- Tip2: Nvmeof-gateway should build release type
  - Upstream tacking card: <a href="https://github.com/ceph/ceph-nvmeof/issues/938">https://github.com/ceph/ceph-nvmeof/issues/938</a>
  - SPDK\_CONFIGURE\_ARGS="--with-rbd --disable-tests --disable-unit-tests --disable-examples **--enable-debug**"
  - Debug build type performance is pool.
- Tip3: Build LSE atomic instructions for Arm64
  - Check LSE: perf top see \_\_aarch64\_xxx\_xxx\_rel, e.g. \_\_aarch64\_ldadd8\_acq\_rel
  - Check LSE: objdump and egrep -i 'cas|casp|swp|ldadd|stadd|ldclr|stclr|ldeor|steor|ldset|stset|ldsmax|stsmax|ldsmin|stsmin|ldumax|stumax|stumax|ldumin|stumin'
  - Check load exclusives and store exclusives: objdump and egrep -i 'ldxr|ldaxr|stxr|stlxr'
  - Refer to: <a href="https://learn.arm.com/learning-paths/servers-and-cloud-computing/lse/example/">https://learn.arm.com/learning-paths/servers-and-cloud-computing/lse/example/</a>
- Tip4: Passthrough iommu
  - o iommu overhead is nonnegligible
  - Disable or Passthrogh it
    - kernel cmdline: iommu.passthrough=1 (arm64), iommu=pt(Intel)





- Tip5: Nymeof controller IO gueue number >= SPDK CPU cores number (but not too larger than)
  - ceph-nvmeof.conf: "max\_io\_qpairs\_per\_ctrlr": 7
  - To utlize all the spdk cores and get best performance.
- Tip6: Scale spdk cores
  - Add spdk cores when spdk\_top cpu% is full
  - ceph-nvmeof.conf: tqt\_cmd\_extra\_args = "-m 0xFF"
  - Might need to increase iobuf pool

    - RPC=/usr/libexec/spdk/scripts/rpc.pybdevperf -q 128 -o 4096 -w randwrite -t 60 -m [0-15] -z --wait-for-rpc
    - \$RPC iobuf\_set\_options --small-pool-count 32767 --large-pool-count 8191 && \$RPC framework\_start\_init

		[1] THREADS		[2] POLLERS					[3] CORES		
Core	Threads	Pollers	Idle [us]	Busy [us]	Busy %	Status	Intr	Sys %	Irq %	CPU %	Freq [MHz]
Θ	4	5	2110	1172571	99.82	Busy	No	32.95	17.76	99.82	N/A
1	4	4	Θ	1174489	100.00	Busy	No	31.11	15.09	100.00	N/A
2	3	3	45	1174293	100.00	Busy	No	32.97	17.27	100.00	N/A
3	3	3	3	1174163	100.00	Busy	No	35.56	15.89	100.00	N/A
4	3	3	15	1173860	100.00	Busy	No	34.48	18.69	100.00	N/A





- Tip7: Tune Ceph client thread number
  - ceph-nvmeof.conf: : bdevs\_per\_cluster = 1 as fio rbd engine
    - https://github.com/ceph/ceph-nvmeof/issues/939
  - ceph.conf
    - ms\_async\_op\_threads 3 is default, msgr-worker-x thread number
    - librados\_thread\_count 2 is default, io\_context\_pool thread number
    - Tune if top cpu% is near 100%
- Tip8: Bind Ceph client threads
  - Binding cpu could get better performance
  - ceph-nvmeof.conf: librbd\_core\_mask = 0xFFFF0000
  - bdevperf test script <u>run-n-bdev-rbd-test2.sh</u>
    - \$RPC bdev\_rbd\_register\_cluster \$cluster --core-mask "\$cpu\_list"
    - cpus\_per\_cluster=5



Issue1: Fio rbd engine can only run small number of jobs

- Upstream tracking issue: <a href="https://github.com/axboe/fio/issues/1778">https://github.com/axboe/fio/issues/1778</a>
  - When running more jobs it will get stuck and no any fio test is running
  - Workground: running in a container environment without this issue
    - podman run -it --pids-limit 4096 --name bdevtest centos-stream9

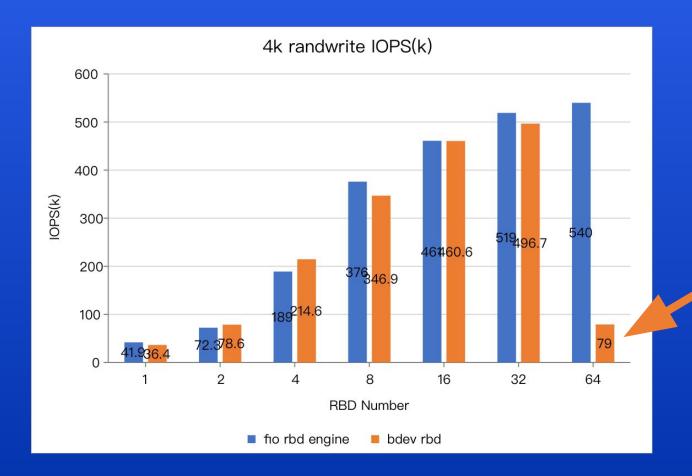
```
[root@server2 spdktest]# ./run-n-fio-rbd-test1.sh 16 randread
fio-3.38-13-gf241
Begin to Run test tmp/fio-rbd_2025-01-21_09-52.log
Dobs: 16 (f=0): [/(16)][-.-%][eta 00m:41s]
```





Issue2: 4k randwrite/randread IOPS drops rapidly as the RBD number grows large

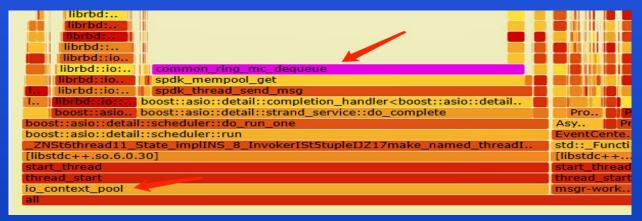
Upstream tracking issue: <a href="https://github.com/spdk/spdk/issues/3547">https://github.com/spdk/spdk/issues/3547</a>





Issue2: 4k randwrite/randread IOPS drops rapidly as the RBD number grows large

- Bottleneck analysis
  - The perf top and flame graph show that common\_ring\_mc\_dequeue() calls spend too much time.
  - o io\_context\_pool threads are non-EAL spdk threads.
  - Due to the lack of per-lcore caching, rte\_mempool\_get() performance will suffer when called by unregistered non-EAL threads.



```
es: 1M of event 'cycles:P', 4000 Hz,
                                      Event count (approx.): 827427613819 lost: 0/0 drop: 0/0
    Shared Object
                                   common ring mc dequeue
    bdevperf
     bdevperf
                                  spdk ring dequeue
                                  spdk thread poll
      devperf
     [Nernel]
                                   finish task switch.isra.0
     bdevperf
                                   reactor run
     bdevperf
                                   thread poll
                                   msg queue run batch
    bdevperf
                                    aarch64 ldadd8 acg rel
     libceph-common.so.2
    libc.so.6
                                   int free
                                  handle softirgs
     [kernel]
```

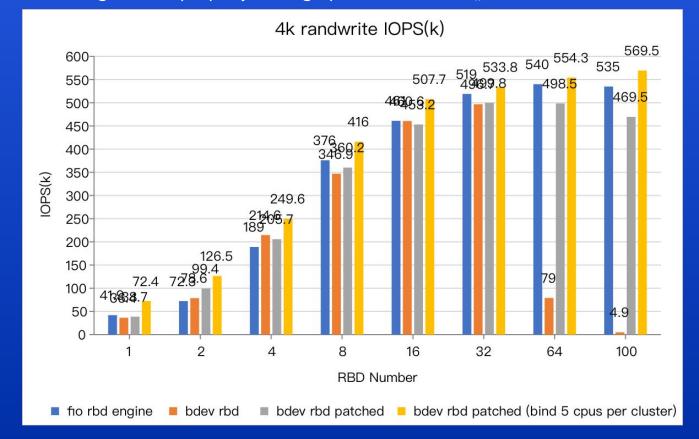




Issue2: 4k randwrite/randread IOPS drops rapidly as the RBD number grows large

### Possible fix ways:

- 1. Revert commit "62210eff55bd bdev/rbd: Remove epoll based group polling mechanism."
- 2. Or, don't use msg mempool here, just use calloc() to allocate msg
  - o <u>rbd-bdev-drop-rapidly-fix.patch</u> seems work, still under disscussing
  - Need to handle msg release properly in msg\_queue\_run\_batch()







# Ceph SPDK NVMe-oF Gateway性能测试 - Summary

### Summary

- Ceph main requires revert commit "nymeof gw monitor: disable by default".
- Ceph nymeof gateway requires rebuilding to non-debug release.
- Build LSE atomic instructions for Arm64.
- RBD Preconditioning: sequential write 2X+ size of rbd to get SSD steady state.
- Add spdk cores when spdk\_top cpu% is full
- Bind and tune Ceph client, spdk tgt threads, bdevs\_per\_cluster=1.
- DPDK mempool is not working well for many <u>non-EAL threads.</u>
- Useful Links
  - https://spdk.io/cn/articles/
  - o https://spdk.io/doc/
  - https://www.youtube.com/@storageperformancedevelopm301



# **THANKS**





