

# Example FOUR - Enrich our data using the command line

## Introduction

On this example, we will use a dataset proceeding from the Groove ransomware (A [Hoax](#), by the way...) : a list of vulnerable Fortinet IPs.

When you receive such an information, a good move is to quickly qualify such a dataset, to identify key IPs (by country, entities, etc...).

Our suggestion is to automate a *whois* on these IP, and to parse the result and export the scenario as a **recipe**, to replay it on the same dataset.

## Import the data

- create a new project in OpenRefine by importing the csv file. Beware to select the commas separator. The project should content 3 columns and 11352 lines.
- create a new column "command" based on IP, using the formula "*whois* "+value.
- filter the country, by doing a text facet and click on the country of your choice (FR for example).
- randomly select 10 IPs in the dataset for the demo, by starring them.
- in the column "All", select **facet by star** then **true** to only display these IPs.

OpenRefine fortinet\_groove csv Permalink

Facet / Filter Undo / Redo 10 / 10

Refresh Reset All Remove All

**Country** change invert reset

149 choices Sort by: name count Cluster

DM 1  
DO 16  
DZ 7  
EC 46  
EE 2  
ES 399  
FI 4  
FJ 2  
**FR 424**  
GB 123  
GD 2  
GE 1

exclude

**424 matching rows (11352 total)**

Show as: rows records Show: 5 10 25 50 rows

All	content	IP	command	Country
Transform	to:Berenice93	109.0.190.138	whois 109.0.190.138	FR
Facet		109.1.113.128	whois 109.1.113.128	FR
Edit rows		109.13.95.33	whois 109.13.95.33	FR
Edit columns		109.190.217.100	whois 109.190.217.100	FR
View		109.190.68.146	whois 109.190.68.146	FR
Blank values per column		109.205.2.73	whois 109.205.2.73	FR
Blank records per column		109.206.229.7	whois 109.206.229.7	FR
Non-blank values per column		109.21.102.171	whois 109.21.102.171	FR
Non-blank records per column		109.2.155.98	whois 109.2.155.98	FR
		109.2.179.250	whois 109.2.179.250	FR
		109.27.40.179	whois 109.27.40.179	FR
		109.3.210.194	whois 109.3.210.194	FR

- execute the jython script to retrieve the infos...

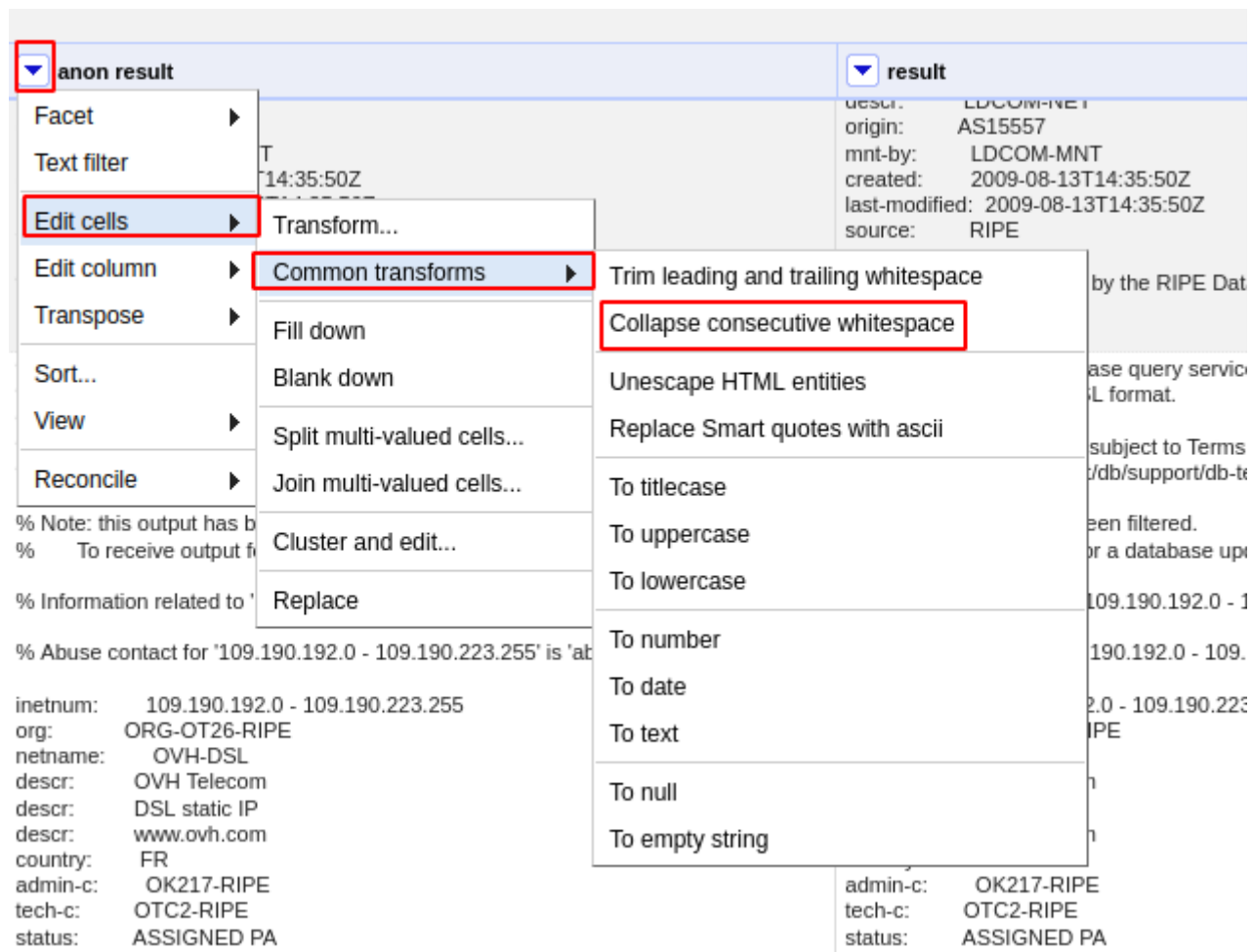
7 matching rows (11352 total)						
Show as: rows records Show: 5 10 25 50 rows						
All	content	IP	command	result	Country	
★	3081. cgvideo:Berenice93	109.0.190.138	whois 109.0.190.138	<pre>% This is the RIPE Database query service. % The objects are in RPSL format. % % The RIPE Database is subject to Terms and Conditions. % See http://www.ripe.net/db/support/db-terms-conditions.pdf  % Note: this output has been filtered. % To receive output for a database update, use the "-B" flag.  % Information related to '109.0.190.136 - 109.0.190.139'  % Abuse contact for '109.0.190.136 - 109.0.190.139' is 'abuse@gaoland.net'  inetnum: 109.0.190.136 - 109.0.190.139 netname: SOGAD descr: Static IP descr: Internet Services country: FR admin-c: LD699-RIPE tech-c: LD699-RIPE status: ASSIGNED PA mnt-by: LDCOM-PRO-MNT created: 2018-09-06T14:00:05Z last-modified: 2018-09-06T14:00:05Z source: RIPE  role: SFR Legal Contact address: Campus SFR address: 12 rue Jean-Philippe Rameau address: CS 80001 address: 93634 La-Plaine-Saint-Denis Cedex address: France phone: +33 1 70 18 52 00 admin-c: LDC76-RIPE admin-c: HS10001-RIPE tech-c: KS11079-RIPE tech-c: HS10001-RIPE nic-hdl: LD699-RIPE abuse-mailbox: abuse@gaoland.net created: 2003-10-23T09:15:54Z last-modified: 2020-08-05T13:32:20Z source: RIPE # Filtered  % Information related to '109.0.0.0/11AS15557'  route: 109.0.0.0/11 descr: LDCOM-NET origin: AS15557 mnt-by: LDCOM-MNT created: 2009-08-13T14:35:50Z last-modified: 2009-08-13T14:35:50Z source: RIPE  % This query was served by the RIPE Database Query Service version 1.101 (ANGUS)</pre>	FR	

**Important\_** You can add a layer of anonymization, by using the *torify* command, which will wrap the command into TOR. Instead of `"curl "+value`, simply use `"torify curl "+value`.

Parse the data

A good insight is the *netname*: value that can lead you to the company that owns the IP. We will use this expression : `value.partition("netname:")[2].partition("descr")[0]`

But first, let's remove the useless whitespaces in the column.



Now create a new column called "netname", based on the column, using the above expression :

```
value.partition("netname:") [2].partition("descr") [0]
```

## Check the reputation of an IP on DuckDuckGo

We can check the reputation of these IP using DuckDuckGo, and [ddgr](#). The results are often less precise but ddgr can be torified!

We can create a new column based on the IP column using a request like this : `"torify ddgr --n 20 --json -x --unsafe "+value`

- -x means show complete url in result
- --unsafe means disable safe search
- --json means as json format

Export your actions as a script

**OpenRefine** fortinet\_groove csv [Permalink](#)

Facet / Filter Undo / Redo 24 / 24

Refresh Reset All Remove All

**Starred Rows** change invert reset

2 choices Sort by: **name** count

false 11343 exclude

true 9

Facet by choice counts

**9 matching rows (11352 total)**

Show as: **rows** records Show: 5 10 25 50 rows

	All	content	IP	ddgr
★	7.	Nives:N1234 Ghaith.Altahhan:Hotel4321 Harshana:Acc\$975	151.253.13.124	
★	157.	softtek:Sapsb.2018	190.111.252.213	
★	3081.	cgvideo:Berenice93	109.0.190.138	torify ddgr --jso -x --unsafe 109.0.190.138

**OpenRefine** fortinet\_groove csv [Perma](#)

Facet / Filter Undo / Redo 24 / 24 9

Extract... Apply...

Filter:

★

### Extract Operation History

Extract and save parts of your operation history as JSON that you can apply to this or other projects in the future.

- ☒ Create column command at index 2 based on column IP using expression `grel:"whois "+value`  
Star row 7  
Star row 157  
Star row 3081  
Star row 3082  
Star row 3083  
Star row 3084  
Star row 3085  
Star row 3086  
Star row 3087
- ☒ Create column result at index 3 based on column command and using expression `python:import time import commands output = commands.getstatusoutput(value) # add a random between 2 and 5s pause to avoid ddos on servers... Be kind to APIs! time.sleep(random.randint(2, 5)) # returns the result of the command return output.decode("utf-8")`
- ☒ Create column anon whois at index 3 based on column command using expression `grel:"torify "+value`
- ☒ Create column anon result at index 4 based on column

Select All Unselect All

Close

```

{
  "type": "list",
  "name": "Starred Rows",
  "expression": "row.starred",
  "columnName": "",
  "invert": false,
  "omitBlank": false,
  "omitError": false,
  "selection": {
    "v": {
      "v": true,
      "l": "true"
    }
  },
  "selectBlank": false,
  "selectError": false,
  "mode": "row-based"
},
{
  "baseColumnName": "ddgr",
  "expression": "python:import time\nimport commands\nonError": "set-to-blank",
  "newColumnName": "resultddgr",
  "columnInsertIndex": 3,
  "description": "Create column resultddgr at in

```

- save this recipe as a text.
- You will use this recipe with the button APPLY.

