Example ONE - Geocode and enrich using APIs

Introduction

In this example we will geocode a bunch of adresses and calculate some distances from a fixed POI.

Import the data

• Import the file named addresses.csv

Geocoding with nominatim

We will use the API proposed by Nominatim, a free geolocation service based on OpenStreetMap.

Be nice with APIs, the limit is one request per second.

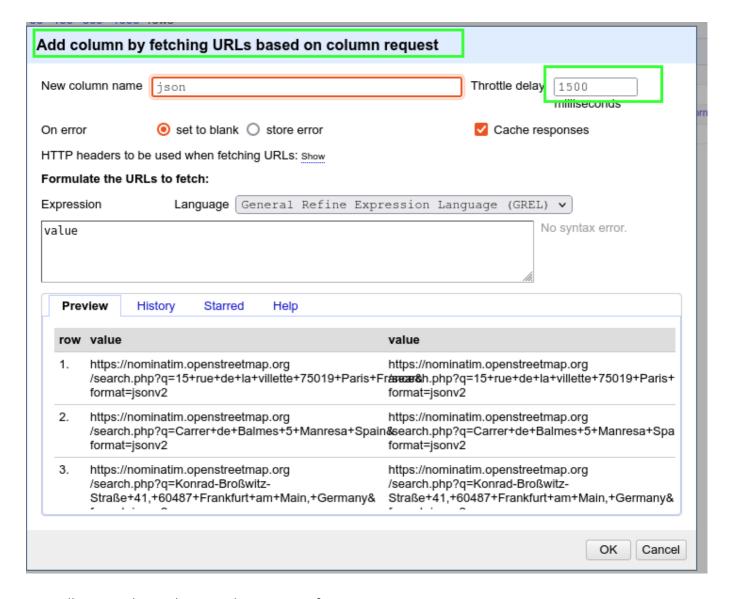
Create a new column called request using the formula:

```
"https://nominatim.openstreetmap.org/search.php?q="+value.replace('
','+')+"&format=jsonv2"
```

Please note that we replace the space character by a plus sign at the same time.

Create a column based on this column, using the function FETCH URL

Important Throttle delay > 1500ms to respect the API.



You will receive the geolocation data as JSON format.

Create a new column *lat* base ont his result using the following GREL command:

```
value.parseJson()[0].lat
```

Do the same for a column *lon* using this formula:

```
value.parseJson()[0].lat
```

Remove the useless columns. ou have now three columns: address, lat, lon

Part 2 - Calculate distances

Our goal is to calculate the distances from the addresses in Spain France and Germany, to the Campus in Mechelen. We will use this OSMR project API but first, we need to restructure the project.

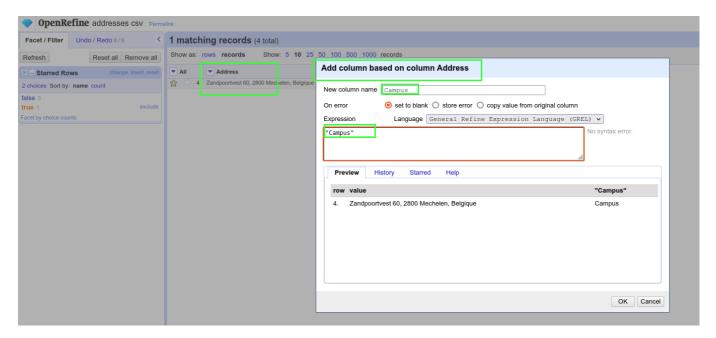
Preparing the dataset

The Mechelen Address should be in the first column as it's our point of reference.

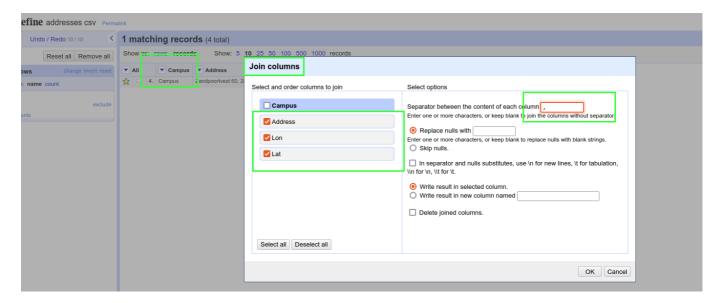
 Star row 4 (Mechelen) and facet your project by star. Row 4 should temporarly remain alone in your project.



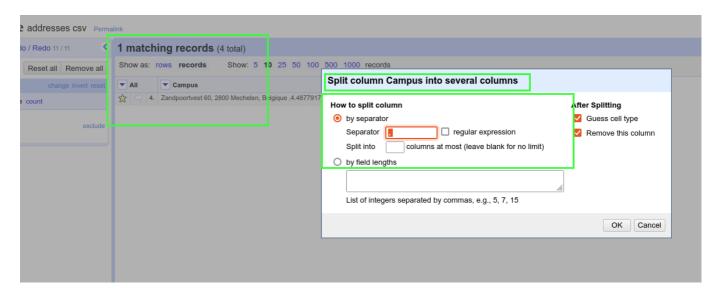
• Add a column called campus where the valus is "campus".



• Based on this column, join the other columns.



• Split this column using the comma separator



• sorting the column Campus1 by text should give you this result:

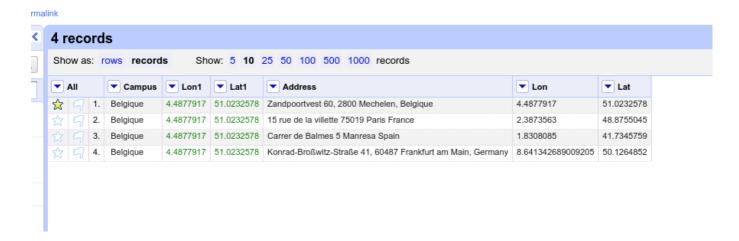


We can now remove column Campus 1 and Campus 2.

We rename Campus 3 as "Campus", Campus 4 as "Lon1" and Campus 5 as "Lat1".



We now use the fill fonction on Campus, Lat1 and Lat2.



And we can remove the useless first row (starred).



Calculate distances

We use the OSMR project API.

We create an URL based on Lon1 column:

```
"http://router.project-
osrm.org/route/v1/driving/"+value+","+cells['Lat1'].value+";"+cells['Lon'].
value+","+cells['Lat'].value+"?overview=false"
```

- Based on this new column, create a Fetch URL column __but be aware of the throttle delay of 5000ms minimum between two requests.
- Parse this column using this formula to get the distance in kilometers.

```
(value.parseJson().routes[0].distance).toNumber()/1000
```