

pyMultiFit: A Python library for fitting data with multiple models

Syed Ali Mohsin Bukhari 10 1,2¶, Igra Siddique 10 3,4,5, and Asad Ali 10 1,2

1 Department of Applied Mathematics and Statistics, Institute of Space Technology, Islamabad 44000, Pakistan 2 Space and Astrophysics Research Lab (SARL), National Centre of GIS and Space Applications (NCGSA), Islamabad 44000, Pakistan 3 Gran Sasso Science Institute (GSSI), Viale Crispi 7, I-67100 L'Aquila, Italy 4 Dipartimento di Fisica, Università di Trento, Via Sommarive 14 I-38123 Trento, Italy 5 INFN Laboratori Nazionali del Gran Sasso, Via Acitelli 22, I-67100 Assergi, L'Aquila, Italy ¶ Corresponding author

DOI: 10.21105/joss.09295

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Editor: Arfon Smith ♂

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Submitted: 16 October 2025 **Published:** 24 October 2025

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Summary

pyMultiFit is an open-source Python library that streamlines multi-model curve fitting for scientific applications. It provides a uniform API for both statistical and non-statistical models, with built-in support for common distributions such as Gaussian, Laplace, SkewedNormal, LogNormal, and Exponential. The library emphasizes extensibility through a lightweight BaseFitter interface, enabling users to define custom models with minimal boilerplate. In addition to fitting, pyMultiFit includes utilities for synthetic data generation and integrated statistical tools for constructing synthetic datasets.

Together, these features make pyMultiFit especially well-suited for researchers working with signals, spectra, or experimental datasets where multiple overlapping components are common.

Statement of Need

Data fitting is a cornerstone of experimental and analytical workflows across the sciences. Yet, widely used scientific libraries such as numpy (Harris et al., 2020) and scipy (Virtanen et al., 2020) provide only limited functionality for fitting multiple models or model mixtures concurrently. Researchers working with multi-component fits—common in domains such as signal analysis, spectroscopy, and high-energy physics—are often required to implement complex and repetitive boilerplate code to manage these workflows.

Several modern libraries have been developed to extend beyond these limitations. For example, zfit (Eschle et al., 2020) leverages tensorflow (Abadi et al., 2016) to support high-performance statistical fitting, pyAutoFit (Nightingale et al., 2021) facilitates hierarchical model construction, and specialized Mixture-Models (Kasa et al., 2024) packages provide probabilistic mixture fitting. While powerful, these tools are either tightly bound to heavy backends, optimized for niche applications, or difficult to adapt for general multimodel curve-fitting tasks.

pyMultiFit addresses this gap by providing a lightweight and extensible framework dedicated to multi-model fitting. It offers built-in support for combining multiple models, generating synthetic datasets, and incorporating user-defined models with minimal effort.

By streamlining multi-component fitting workflows, pyMultiFit enables researchers to more rapidly explore, test, and refine fitting strategies without the overhead of custom infrastructure.



Modules

The pyMultiFit library is organized into three main modules:

1. distributions

Provides classes for statistical distributions, including common implementations such as Gaussian and Laplace via the utilities d script.

- Custom distributions can be defined by subclassing the BaseDistribution class. At minimum, users must implement the distribution formula in the pdf method.
- For convenience, statistical distributions can also be instantiated using the from_scipy_params class method, which accepts the same parameter names as scipy.stats.

2. fitters

Provides classes for fitting models to data.

- Custom fitters can be created by subclassing the BaseFitter class.
- Fitters can handle multiple use cases of the same model.
- The MixedDataFitter class is included for fitting multiple models to heterogeneous datasets.

3. generators

Provides tools for generating synthetic datasets.

- Generators can accept subclasses of BaseDistribution through a dictionary interface, enabling flexible model generation.
- A key utility is the multiple_models function which enables heterogeneous model data generation using BaseDistribution subclasses.

Highlights

pyMultiFit provides a consistent API for custom distributions, multi-model data generation, and heterogeneous fitting workflows.

This section highlights key features of the library with illustrative examples and figures.

Custom and scipy-compatible distributions

Users can define distributions by subclassing BaseDistribution or use the familiar scipy.stats parameterization. Figure 1 shows the comparison between a custom Gaussian distribution implemented in pyMultiFit and the equivalent scipy.stats distribution.

```
import numpy as np
import scipy.stats as ss
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

from pymultifit.distributions import GaussianDistribution

x = np.linspace(-15, 15, 100)

custom_distribution = GaussianDistribution(mu=-1, std=4, normalize=True).pdf(x)

scipy_distribution = ss.norm(loc=-1, scale=4).pdf(x)

custom_with_scipy = GaussianDistribution.from_scipy_params(loc=-1, scale=4).pdf(x)

f, ax = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(15, 5))

ax[0].plot(x, custom_distribution, label='custom distribution, label='scipy distribution')

ax[0].plot(x, scipy_distribution, label='scipy distribution')
```



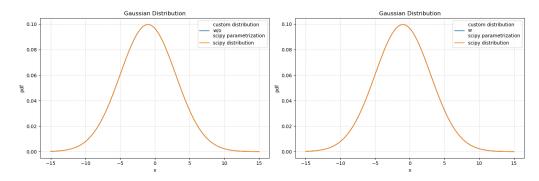


Figure 1: Comparison of the pdf of a Gaussian distribution with and without scipy parametrization

Flexible tools for generating synthetic datasets and fitting multiple models

Flexible tools allow researchers to generate synthetic datasets with multiple components and fit them with minimal boilerplate. Figure 2 demonstrates the fitting of a 3-component Gaussian mixture using pyMultiFit, with both individual components and the composite model shown.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from pymultifit.fitters import GaussianFitter
from pymultifit.generators import multi_gaussian
x = np.linspace(-10, 10, 10_{-000})
amp = np.array([4, 2, 6])
mu = np.array([-3, 0, 6])
std = np.array([1, 1, 0.3])
params = np.column stack([amp, mu, std])
mg_data = multi_gaussian(x, params, noise_level=0.2, normalize=False)
# guess for the parameters
# note that the order of the parameters must match the order of the
# parameters in the distribution class
amp\_guess = np.array([3, 1, 4])
mu\_guess = np.array([-2, 0, 5])
std\_guess = np.array([1, 0.5, 0.5])
```



```
params_guess = np.column_stack([amp_guess, mu_guess, std_guess])
mg_fitter = GaussianFitter(x, mg_data)
mg_fitter.fit(params_guess)
mg_fitter.plot_fit(show_individuals=True)
plt.show()
```

3 GaussianFitter fit

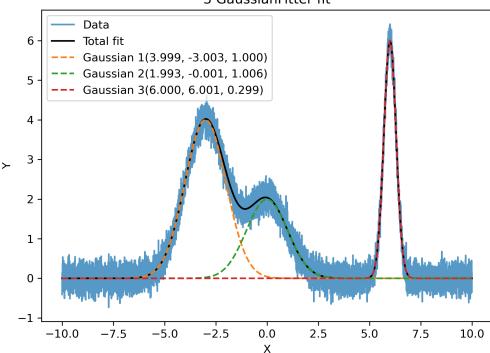


Figure 2: Example of a 3-component Gaussian model fit using the GaussianFitter

Flexible API for generating and fitting heterogeneous datasets.

The MixedDataFitter enables simultaneous fitting of heterogeneous models (e.g., Gaussian + SkewNormal + Linear), useful in complex workflows such as spectral modeling. Figure 3 illustrates a combined Gaussian, SkewNormal, and Linear model fit.



3 MixedDataFitter fit

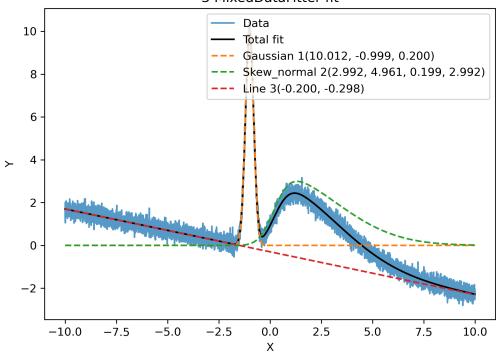


Figure 3: Demonstration of the MixedDataFitter for fitting heterogeneous models

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