




eixport: An R package to export emissions to atmospheric models

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Software

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Summary

Emissions are the pollutant mass released into the atmosphere (Pulles and Heslinga 2010). The origin of the emissions can be human-made or anthropogenic or biogenic. The consequences of this pollution are complex affecting the atmosphere, human health, ecosystems, and infrastructure (Seinfeld and Pandis 2016). In fact, pollution caused 9 million premature deaths in 2015, 16% of all deaths worldwide (Landrigan et al. 2017).

An important tool for policy decision is air quality models. They have been used not only to study the impact of different emissions scenarios for policy making but also to understand the dynamics of air pollutants in various parts of the world (M. de F. Andrade et al. 2015). The inputs for an air quality models are meteorology and emissions. Currently, there are tools for developing emissions inventories such as the VEIN (Ibarra-Espinosa et al. 2017) and the EmissV models (Schuch 2017). However, the existing tools for inputting the emissions into the air quality models are not written with a high-level language, such as PREP-Chem written in Fortran and C (S. Freitas et al. 2011). Therefore, we developed **eixport**, a tool for doing the mentioned task, using R (R Core Team 2017), a high-level programming.

eixport imports functions from the R packages *sf* (E. Pebesma 2017) which provides functions for spatial vector data, providing bindings to the GDAL, GEOS, and Proj.4 C++ libraries. Also, eixport import functions from the package *ncdf4* (Pierce 2017), which interface to Unidata netCDF Format Data Files, and from the raster package (Hijmans 2017), which provides functions to gridded data.

Functions and data

eixport count with the follwing functions:

Function	Description
<code>emisco</code>	Dataset of Emissions from VEIN demo
<code>emis_opt</code>	List of WRF emission species
<code>rawprofile</code>	A matrix to temporally distribute emissions
<code>to_brams_spm</code>	Produce inputs for BRAMS SPM (E. D. de Freitas et al. 2005)
<code>to_rline</code>	Produce inputs for R-Line (Snyder et al. 2013)
<code>to_wrf</code>	Distribution of emissions for WRF-Chem (G. A. Grell et al. 2005)
<code>wrf_create</code>	Create WRF-Chem inputs based on a WRFinput file
<code>wrf_get</code>	Reads variables from WRF-Chem inputs
<code>wrf_grid</code>	Creates spatial feature (<i>sf</i>) polygon grid from WRFinput file

Function	Description
wrf_plot	Simple plot from wrf emission file
wrf_profile	returns a traffic intensity profile (based on wrf file Times)
wrf_put	Function to write variables in WRF-Chem inputs

Examples

The following example creates a directory **EMISS** and then create a wrfchem input in that file. The package already counts with wrfinput files required to run eixport and create inputs for WRF-Chem. The line `data(Lights)` load a matrix of night light to spatially distribute the emissions. The `perfil` argument is used to temporally distribute the emissions. Lastly, the function `to_wrf` in one line reads the $1521983 \text{ t} \cdot \text{y}^{-1}$ of CO, spatially distribute it using nighttime traffic matrix `Lights`, temporally distribute it with the `perfil`, injecting the array of emissions directly into the wrfchemi file.

```
library(eixport)
dir.create("EMISS")
wrf_create(wrfinput_dir = system.file("extdata", package = "eixport"),
           wrfchemi_dir = "EMISS",
           frames_per_auxinput5 = 24)

# get the name of created file
files <- list.files(path = "EMISS", pattern = "wrfchemi", full.names = T)

data(Lights)

perfil <- c(0.010760058, 0.005280596, 0.002883553, 0.002666932,
            0.005781312, 0.018412838, 0.051900411, 0.077834636,
            0.067919758, 0.060831614, 0.055852868, 0.052468599,
            0.050938043, 0.051921718, 0.052756244, 0.052820165,
            0.058388406, 0.072855890, 0.075267137, 0.063246412,
            0.042713523, 0.029108975, 0.022091855, 0.015298458)

plot(perfil, ty = "l", col = "purple", xlab = "Hour", main = "Time profile",
     ylab = "Weight", axes = F, xlim = c(0, 24))
axis(2)
axis(1, at = c(0, 6, 12, 18, 24), labels = c("00:00", "06:00", "12:00", "18:00", "00:00"))

to_wrf(Lights, files[1], total = 1521983, profile = perfil, names = "E_CO")
wrf_plot(files[1])
# [1] "EMISS/wrfchemi_d01_2011-08-01_00:00:00"
# [1] "E_CO"
# [1] "Max value: 26.6966304779053, Min value: 0"
```

The resulting plot can be seen in the Fig. 1.

The R package eixport is available at the repository <https://github.com/atmoschem/eixport>. To ensure the usability of the package, in any commit to GitHub, eixport is installed in Ubuntu via Travis-CI (<https://travis-ci.org/atmoschem/eixport>) and Windows via Appveyor (<https://ci.appveyor.com/project/Schuch666/eixport>). Also, eixport is already on CRAN <https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=eixport>.

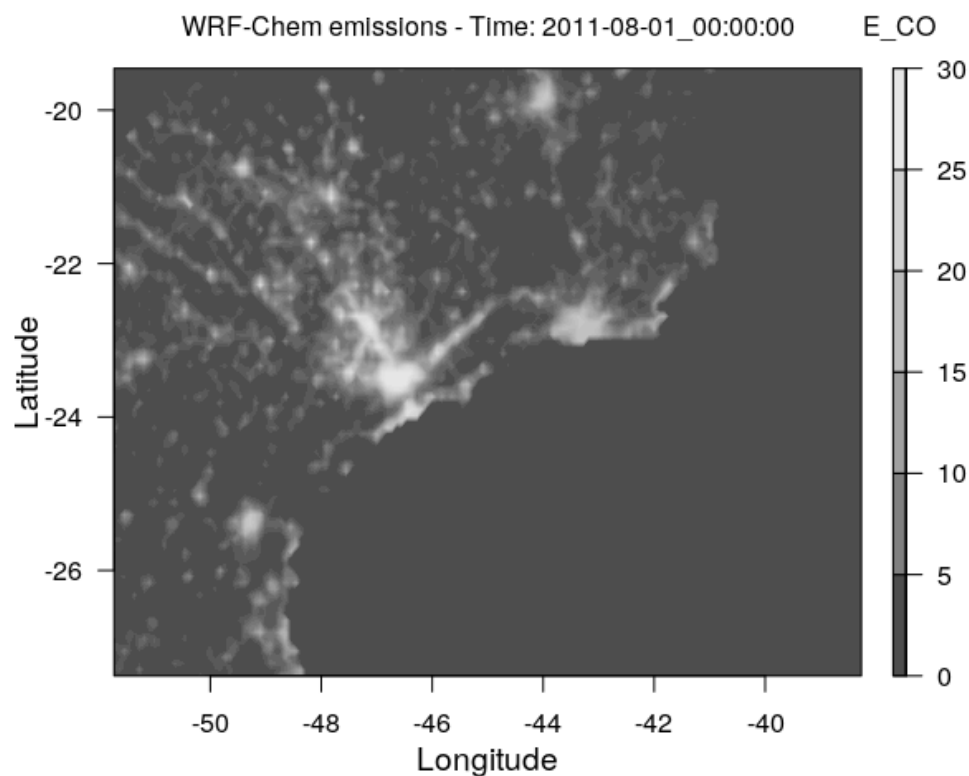


Figure 1: WRF-Chem emisisions of CO

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