

# PyMS: Python for Mycorrhizal Symbiosis data analysis

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## Software

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## Summary

Python for Mycorrhizal Symbiosis (PyMS) aims at providing an easier way for researchers and students to analyze quantification of mycorrhizal symbiosis root colonization levels using the grid intersect method ((??)) and produce publication-quality figures without having to use command line-based softwares. PyMS is routinely used in our laboratory for various research projects.

PyMS was developed to process data collected via the line intersect method (Paszkowski, Jakovleva, & Boller, 2006) or an equivalent method. PyMS accepts csv files and is provided with a file example from (Chiu, Choi, & Paszkowski, 2018).

PyMS allows users to plot data according to the representation most widely used (bar-plot showing the median of data and scatter-plot displaying individual data points) and select a few graphical parameters (two different modes of data grouping and bar face color including a color-blind-friendly palette). Figures can be saved in different image formats depending on downstream application.

To test the hypothesis of different mycorrhizal colonization levels between groups, PyMS uses the Mann-Whitney test or its own implementation of the Kruskal-Wallis test with post-hoc analysis using the Dunn's test. These tests were chosen because the small sample sizes obtained during mycorrhizal colonization of roots makes less reliable the use of parametric tests.

PyMS uses the module TkInter to provide a graphical user interface for data visualization and to perform statistical tests. PyMS relies on pandas (McKinney, 2010) to manipulate data, matplotlib (Hunter, 2007) to build plots and SciPy (Jones, Oliphant, Peterson, & others, 2001–2001-- ) for statistics.

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