

# G<sup>3</sup>M-f a global gradient-based groundwater modelling framework

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## Software

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## Summary

In order to represent groundwater-surface water interactions as well as the impact of capillary rise on evapotranspiration in global-scale hydrological models, it is necessary to simulate the location and temporal variation of the groundwater table. This requires replacing simulation of groundwater dynamics using groundwater storage variations in individual grid cells (independent from the storage variation in neighbouring cells) with hydraulic head gradient-based groundwater modelling.

The global gradient-based groundwater model framework G<sup>3</sup>M-f is an extensible model framework. Its main purpose is to be used as a main building block for the global groundwater mode G<sup>3</sup>M. G<sup>3</sup>M is a newly developed gradient-based groundwater model, which adapts MODFLOW (Harbaugh 2005) principles for the global scale. It is written in C++ and intended to be coupled to the global hydrology model WaterGAP (<http://watergap.de>) (Alcamo et al. 2003; Döll, Kaspar, and Lehner 2003; Döll et al. 2012; Doell et al. 2014; Müller Schmied et al. 2014), but can also be used for regional groundwater models and coupling to other hydrology models. While it is intended to be used as a in memory coupled model it is also capable of running a standard standalone groundwater model. The code is available on [globalgroundwatermodel.org](http://globalgroundwatermodel.org) (Reinecke 2018).

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