

# DispersiveShallowWater.jl: A Julia library of structure-preserving numerical methods for dispersive wave equations

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## Summary

DispersiveShallowWater.jl is a Julia library designed for the numerical simulation of one-dimensional dispersive wave equations, with a focus on structure-preserving methods, i.e., numerical methods that conserve invariants like the total mass and total energy as well as steady states like a lake at rest (vanishing velocity and constant total water height). The library aims to provide a flexible and efficient framework for researchers and users working in the field of wave dynamics. The design of DispersiveShallowWater.jl emphasizes broad applicability to a variety of dispersive wave equations, supporting multiple numerical methods including finite difference (FD), discontinuous Galerkin (DG), continuous Galerkin (CG), and Fourier pseudospectral approaches enabled by the generality of summation-by-parts (SBP) operators. A central goal is the preservation of key structural properties of the underlying equations, ensuring physically meaningful and robust simulations across diverse scenarios.

## Statement of need

Dispersive wave equations are fundamental in modeling various physical phenomena including shallow water waves, tsunamis, inundations, and other geophysical flows. These phenomena are often modeled as partial differential equations (PDEs) that exhibit dispersive behavior. The complexity and analytical intractability of most dispersive wave PDEs make the use of numerical methods inevitable for their practical solution.

Accurate simulation of dispersive wave equations requires advanced numerical methods capable of capturing both nonlinear and dispersive effects. It is crucial that these methods preserve fundamental physical invariants, such as conservation laws and stability, to ensure that the resulting simulations remain physically meaningful, accurate, and reliable. DispersiveShallowWater.jl addresses these needs by implementing structure-preserving algorithms tailored for a wide range of dispersive wave models. Summation-by-parts (SBP) operators play a crucial role in the library by enabling the construction of numerical schemes that mimic the integration-by-parts property at the discrete level. This property is essential for ensuring provable conservation and stability in the numerical solution of dispersive wave equations, making SBP operators particularly well-suited for structure-preserving simulations. In recent years, SBP operators have gained significant attention in the numerical analysis community and have been successfully applied to a variety of problems including dispersive wave equations (Almquist et al., 2014; Biswas et al., 2025; Giesselmann & Ranocha, 2025; Kjelldahl & Mattsson, 2025; Lampert & Ranocha, 2025; Lindeberg et al., 2021; Linders et al., 2023; Mattsson, 2014; Mattsson & Werper, 2016; Ranocha, Mitsotakis, et al., 2021; Ranocha, de Luna, et al., 2021; Ranocha & Ricchiuto, 2025; Rydin et al., 2021).

Despite the importance of structure-preserving methods for dispersive wave equations, such approaches are rarely available in existing open-source software packages. `DispersiveShallowWater.jl` is specifically designed to serve researchers who develop and compare numerical algorithms and mathematical models for dispersive wave phenomena. By providing a unified framework, the library enables users to systematically evaluate different models, numerical discretizations, and physical setups. This focus facilitates reproducible research and accelerates the development and assessment of new methods in the field.

## Features

`DispersiveShallowWater.jl` is written in the Julia programming language ([Bezanson et al., 2017](#)) and leverages Julia's strengths in scientific computing, such as high performance, ease of use, and rich ecosystem of libraries and tools.

To date, `DispersiveShallowWater.jl` supports classical one-dimensional scalar dispersive wave equations like the Korteweg-de Vries (KdV) equation ([Korteweg & de Vries, 1895](#)) and the Benjamin-Bona-Mahony (BBM) equation ([Benjamin et al., 1972](#)) as well as more sophisticated one-dimensional systems of equations like the BBM-BBM system ([Bona & Chen, 1998](#)), the Serre-Green-Naghdi equations ([Green & Naghdi, 1976; Serre, 1953](#)), a hyperbolic approximation thereof ([Favrie & Gavrilyuk, 2017](#)), and the Svärd-Kalisch equations ([Svärd & Kalisch, 2025](#)).

The package integrates well into the existing ecosystem of Julia using `SummationByPartsOperators.jl` ([Ranocha, 2021](#)) for the construction of SBP operators, `OrdinaryDiffEq.jl` ([Rackauckas & Nie, 2017](#)) for solving the ordinary differential equations resulting from spatial discretization, and `Plots.jl` ([Christ et al., 2023](#)) for visualization. This allows the library to use advanced techniques implemented in these packages and benefit from their extensive functionality. Moreover, the design concept behind `DispersiveShallowWater.jl` is largely inspired by the well-established numerical solution framework `Trixi.jl` ([Ranocha et al., 2022; Schlottke-Lakemper et al., 2021, 2025](#)) making the interface familiar to users of `Trixi.jl` and easy to extend.

In addition, users benefit from a suite of built-in analysis and postprocessing tools for investigation of numerical and physical properties, performance evaluation, and visualization. Entropy-conserving time integration schemes based on relaxation approaches are implemented, enabling stability also on the fully-discrete level, see [Ketcheson \(2019\)](#), [Ranocha et al. \(2020\)](#). Furthermore, `DispersiveShallowWater.jl` includes routines for computing and analyzing linear dispersion relations, enabling theoretical investigation and comparison of different models.

## Related research and software

Over the last century, several mathematical models describing the behavior of water waves have been proposed. As, e.g., outlined by [Glimsdal et al. \(2013\)](#), the ability to model dispersion effects is essential for many applications in fluid dynamics, coastal engineering, and environmental science. Therefore, many equations have been developed to capture these effects, which makes them physically more accurate compared to, e.g., the well-known shallow water equations, but also numerically more challenging to solve. Hence, researchers have developed a wide range of numerical methods to solve these equations, including finite difference, finite volume, discontinuous Galerkin, and spectral methods. However, many of these methods do not preserve the underlying structure of the equations, which can lead to numerical artifacts and inaccuracies in the simulations.

This leads to the recent trend in numerical analysis to develop structure-preserving discretization methods that maintain the physical properties of the equations. For the dispersive wave equations mentioned above, several structure-preserving methods have been proposed and analyzed in the literature, including the use of summation-by-parts (SBP) operators, cf. [Biswas et al. \(2025\)](#), [Ranocha, Mitsotakis, et al. \(2021\)](#), [Linders et al. \(2023\)](#), [Lampert](#)

& Ranocha (2025), and Ranocha & Ricchiuto (2025). `DispersiveShallowWater.jl` provides a unified framework, which offers access to the numerical discretizations developed in these works. In Lampert & Ranocha (2025), `DispersiveShallowWater.jl` is used for the implementation of the presented methods. The work also compares the numerical solutions to data obtained from experiments showing good agreement.

To the authors' knowledge, no other software package provides the same level of functionality for simulating dispersive shallow water waves as `DispersiveShallowWater.jl`. Other open-source software packages, such as Basilisk (<http://basilisk.fr/>, accessed 2025-08-22), FUNWAVE-TVD (<https://fengyanshi.github.io>, accessed 2025-08-22), SWASH (<https://www.tudelft.nl/swash>, accessed 2025-08-22), and the HySEA family of codes (<https://edanya.uma.es/hysea>, accessed 2025-08-22) focus on operational, production-grade simulations while `DispersiveShallowWater.jl` is aimed at developing and comparing models and numerical methods. The widely used coastal/tsunami models mentioned above offer similar capabilities for some of the relevant equations but may not include all the features and tools available in `DispersiveShallowWater.jl` and rely on different numerical methods and approaches. Other Julia packages, such as Oceananigans.jl (Ramadhan et al., 2020), GeophysicalFlows.jl (Constantinou et al., 2021), SpectralWaves.jl (Paprota, 2025), WaterWaves1D.jl (Duchêne & Navaro, n.d.), ShallowWaters.jl (Klöwer, n.d.), and TrixiShallowWater.jl (Winters et al., 2025), also provide tools for simulating shallow water and dispersive wave phenomena, but differ in their focus, supported models, and numerical methods. While some research papers offer supplementary code, these are typically limited to small scripts intended for reproducing specific results and are not developed as general-purpose software libraries.

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