

Heatwave Diagnostics Package: Efficiently Compute

- Heatwave Metrics Across Parameter Spaces
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Software

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Summary

The heatwave diagnostics package (HDP) is a Python package that provides the climate research community with tools to compute heatwave metrics for the large volumes of data produced by earth system model large ensembles, across multiple measures of heat, extreme heat thresholds, and heatwave definitions. The HDP leverages performance-oriented design using xarray, Dask, and Numba to maximize the use of available hardware resources while maintaining accessibility through an intuitive interface and well-documented user guide. This approach empowers the user to generate metrics for a wide and diverse range of heatwave types across the parameter space.

Statement of Need

Accurate quantification of the evolution of heatwave trends in climate model output is critical for evaluating future changes in hazard. The framework for indexing heatwaves by comparing a time-evolving measure of heat against some seasonally-varying percentile threshold is well-established in the literature (Baldwin et al. (2019); Schoetter et al. (2015); Acero et al. (2024); Argüeso et al. (2016)). Metrics such as heatwave frequency and duration are commonly used in hazard assessments, but there are few centralized tools and no universal heatwave criteria for computing them. This has resulted in parameter heterogeneity across the literature and has prompted some studies to adopt multiple definitions to build robustness (Sarah E. Perkins (2015)). However, many studies rely on only a handful of metrics and definitions due to the excessive data management and computational burden of sampling a greater number of parameters (S. E. Perkins & Alexander (2013)). The introduction of large ensembles has further complicated the development of software tools, which have remained mostly specific to individual studies. Some generalized tools have been developed to address this problem, but do not contain explicit methods for evaluating the potential sensitivities of heatwave hazard to the choices of heat measure, extreme heat threshold, and heatwave definition.

Development of the HDP was started in 2023 primarily to address the computational obstacles around handling terabyte-scale large ensembles, but quickly evolved to investigate new scientific questions around how the selection of characteristic heatwave parameters may impact hazard analysis. The HDP can provide insight into how the spatial-temporal response of heatwaves to climate perturbations depends on the choice of heatwave parameters. Although software does exist for calculating heatwave metrics (e.g. heatwave3, xclim, ehfheatwaves), these tools are not optimized to analyze more than a few definitions and thresholds at a time nor do they offer diagnostic plots. # Key Features



Extension of XArray with Implementations of Dask and Numba

- 40 xarray is a popular Python package used for geospatial analysis and for working with the netCDF
- 41 files produced by climate models. The HDP workflow is based around xarray and seamlessly
- 42 integrates with the xarray.DataArray data structure. Parallelization of HDP functions is
- achieved through the integration of dask with automated chunking and task graph construction
- 44 features built into the xarray library.

45 Heatwave Metrics for Multiple Measures, Thresholds, and Definitions

- The "heatwave parameter space" refers to the span of measures, thresholds, and definitions
- that define individual heatwave "types" as described in Table 1.

Table 1: Parameters that define the "heatwave parameter space" and can be sampled using the HDP.

Parameter	Description	Example
Measure	The daily variable used to quantify	Average temperature,
	heat.	minimum temperature,
		maximum temperature,
		heat index, etc.
Threshold	The minimum value of heat measure	90th percentile
	that indicates a "hot day." The	temperature for each
	threshold can be constant or change	day of the year derived
	relative to the day of year and/or	from observed
	location.	temperatures from 1961
		to 1990.
Definition	"X-Y-Z" where X indicates the	"3-0-0" (three-day
	minimum number of consecutive hot	heatwaves), "3-1-1"
	days, Y indicates the maximum	(three-day heatwaves
	number of non-hot days that can	with possible one-day
	break up a heatwave, and Z	breaks)
	indicates the maximum number of	,
	breaks.	

- The HDP allows the user to test a range of parameter values: for example, heatwaves that
- exceed 90th, 91st, ... 99th percentile thresholds for 3-day, 4-day, ... 7-day heatwaves. Four
- beatwave metrics that evaluate the temporal patterns in each grid cell are calculated for each
- measure and aggregated into a xarray.Dataset. Detailed descriptions of these metrics are
- 52 shown in Table 2.

Table 2: Description of the heatwave metrics produced by the HDP.

Metric	Long Name	Units	Description
HWF	heatwave frequency	days	The number of heatwave days per heatwave season.
HWN	heatwave number	events	The number of heatwaves per heatwave season.
HWA	heatwave average	days	The average length of heatwaves per heatwave season.
HWD	heatwave duration	days	The length of the longest heatwave per heatwave season.



Diagnostic Notebooks and Figures

- The automatic workflow compiles a "figure deck" containing diagnostic plots for multiple
- be heatwave parameters and input variables. To simplify this process, figure decks are serialized
- ₅₆ and stored in a single Jupyter Notebook separated into descriptive sections. Basic descrip-
- 57 tions are included in markdown cells at the top of each figure. The HDPNotebook class in
- hdp.graphics.notebook is utilized to facilitate the generation of these Notebooks internally,
- 59 but can be called through the API as well to build custom notebooks. An example of a
- Notebook of the standard figure deck is shown in Figure 1.

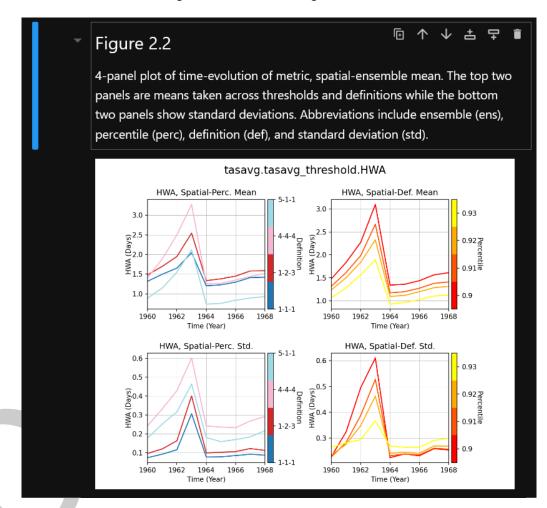


Figure 1: Example of an HDP standard figure deck

ongoing Work

- 62 This package was used to produce the results featured in a research manuscript currently
- $_{63}$ undergoing the peer-review process in a scientific journal. Updates to the HDP are ongoing.

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