

ATMOS-BUD: A Comprehensive Python Tool for Analyzing Heat, Vorticity and Water Budgets on the Atmosphere

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Summary

ATMOS-BUD is a flexible and open-source Python package designed to compute and visualize the main components of atmospheric heat, vorticity, and water budgets in pressure coordinates. It provides a structured and modular pipeline to process meteorological datasets, particularly reanalyses such as ERA5 or model outputs, and compute budget residuals using a quasi-geostrophic framework. The tool supports both fixed and moving computational domains (Eulerian and Semi-Lagrangian frameworks), allowing users to diagnose and track synoptic and mesoscale systems such as cyclones. ATMOS-BUD facilitates both operational diagnostics and academic research, offering clearly documented routines and outputs in CSV, NetCDF, and figure formats.

Background

The analysis of heat, vorticity, and water budgets is a powerful tool for diagnosing the dynamical and thermodynamical forcings that drive the development of various atmospheric systems (Shu et al., 2022; Sun et al., 2024), particularly cyclones, whether extratropical (Liou & Elsberry, 1987), subtropical (Dutra et al., 2017), or tropical (Raymond & López Carrillo, 2011). The heat budget describes the local temperature tendency as the result of three main processes: horizontal advection, adiabatic heating or cooling due to vertical motion, and diabatic heating processes such as latent heat release. The latter is especially important, as it is associated with convection — a key process that fuels the development of systems such as tropical cyclones. In the vorticity budget, the local change in relative vorticity is governed by several mechanisms: horizontal and vertical advection, advection of planetary vorticity, stretching due to mass divergence or convergence, tilting of horizontal vorticity into the vertical, and frictional effects. Lastly, in the water vapor budget, the local change in column-integrated moisture is primarily controlled by two processes: horizontal moisture flux convergence, and net sources or sinks due to surface evaporation and precipitation.

Statement of need

ATMOS-BUD is a Python tool designed to compute heat, vorticity, and water budgets for limited atmospheric regions. It supports both Eulerian and Semi-Lagrangian frameworks. In the former, the user specifies a fixed computational domain for budget computations; in the latter, the domain is updated at each time step to follow the center of an atmospheric system of interest (e.g., a cyclone). This methodology mirrors that adopted in Souza et al. (2024) (see



their Figure 2). Additionally, computations can be performed using an interactive framework, allowing the user to manually define the domain for each time step. The program outputs budget terms averaged over the selected domain and, for moisture variables, provides both layerwise and vertically integrated diagnostics.

ATMOS-BUD supports academic research, operational diagnostics, and case studies in synoptic meteorology. It has also been used for several years in the graduate-level courses *Synoptic Meteorology III* and *Tropical Meteorology* at the Department of Atmospheric Sciences at the University of São Paulo. The tool was initially developed using the Grid Analysis and Display System (GrADS) (Doty & Kinter, 1995), but over the past three years, it has been rewritten in Python to meet pedagogical needs and facilitate integration into scientific workflows and publications.

External Libraries Used

The input file must be in NetCDF format (Rew & Davis, 1990), which is processed using xarray (Hoyer & Hamman, 2017) and dask (Daniel, 2019) to support efficient memory management and scalable processing of large datasets. Results are managed with pandas (Reback et al., 2020) for tabular manipulation and exported in CSV format. Numerical computations are performed using numpy (Harris et al., 2020), while metpy (May et al., 2022) is used to handle meteorological constants, units, and atmospheric diagnostics.

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