

- patientflow: a Python package for real-time prediction
- ₂ of hospital bed demand from current and incoming
- ₃ patients
- Zella King 0^1 , Jon Gillham 0^2 , Martin Utley 0^1 , Sara Lundell³, Matt
- **5** Graham [□] ¹, and Sonya Crowe [□] ¹
- 6 1 Clinical Operational Research Unit (CORU), University College London, United Kingdom 2 Institute of
- Health Informatics, University College London, United Kingdom 3 Sahlgrenska University Hospital,
- 8 Göteborg, Sweden

DOI: 10.xxxxx/draft

Software

- Review 🗗
- Repository 🗗
- Archive □

Editor: Mark A. Jensen 간 ®

Reviewers:

- @limengbinggz
- @dmeghana24

Submitted: 23 June 2025 **Published:** unpublished

License

Authors of papers retain copyrighton and release the work under a 21 Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International License (CC BY 4.0).

patientflow: a Python package for real-time predictions of hospital bed demand from current and incoming patients

Summary

patientflow is a Python package available on PyPi(King et al., 2025) for real-time prediction of hospital bed demand from current and incoming patients. It enables researchers to easily develop predictive models and demonstrate their utility to practitioners. Researchers can use it to prepare data sets for predictive modelling, generate patient level predictions of admission, discharge or transfer, and then combine patient-level predictions at different levels of aggregation to give output that is useful for bed managers. The package was developed for University College London Hospitals (UCLH) NHS Trust to predict demand for emergency beds using real-time data. The methods generalise to any problem where it is useful to predict non-clinical outcomes for a cohort of patients at a point in time. The repository includes a synthetic dataset and a series of notebooks demonstrating the use of the package.

Statement of need

Hospital bed managers monitor whether they have sufficient beds to meet demand. At specific points during the day they predict numbers of inpatients likely to leave and numbers of new admissions. These predictions are important because, if bed managers anticipate a shortage of beds, they must take swift action to mitigate the situation. Commonly, bed managers use simple heuristics based on past admission and discharge patterns. Electronic Health Record (EHR) systems can offer superior predictions, grounded in real-time knowledge about patients currently in the hospital.

Many studies demonstrate the use of EHR data to predict individual patient outcomes, but few harness such predictive models to methods for estimating aggregate outcomes for cohorts of patients. In the context of predicting bed demand, it is this aggregate level that is most meaningful for bed managers (King et al., 2022). Note that by design, we provide methods to estimate unfettered demand for beds to inform decision-making (Worthington et al., 2019).

This package is intended to make it easier for researchers to create such predictions. Its central tenet is the structuring of data into 'snapshots' of a hospital, where a patient snapshot captures what data are available on a current patient's state at a specific moment, and a cohort snapshot represents a collection of patient snapshots, for aggregate predictions. Notebooks



- $_{39}$ in the Github repository demonstrate how to use the package to create patient and group
- 40 snapshots from EHR data. Once data is structured into snapshots, researchers can use their
- 41 own patient-level models with our analytical methods to produce cohort-level predictions. The
- 42 package provides tools to compare predicted distributions against observations.
- 43 Our intention is that the patientflow package will help researchers demonstrate the practical
- 44 value of their predictive models for hospital management. Notebooks in the accompanying
- repository show examples based on fake and synthetic data (King et al., 2024). Researchers
- also have the option to download real patient data from Zenodo to use with the notebooks
- 47 (King & Crowe, 2025). The repository includes a fully worked example of how the package
- has been used in a live application at University College London Hospital to predict demand
- 49 for emergency beds.

50 Related software

- $_{51}$ Simulation is a common approach for modelling patient flow, and there are various packages
- to support that, such as PathSimR for R (Tyler et al., 2022) and sim-tools (Monks & Harper,
- 2023) and ActaPatientFlow (Szabó et al., 2024) for Python.
- 54 To our knowledge, there are no packages that support the use of real-time patient data with
- 55 a specific focus on output that can help healthcare managers respond to changes as they
- ₅₆ arise. Our intention for patientflow is to support the development of patient level predictive
- models and the use of real-time data, conbined with a mathematical approach to calculating
- ss distributions of aggregate demand. Taking a mathematical approach provides quicker and
- more accurate results than deploying simulation for the same task.

Acknowledgements

- The PyPi template developed by Tom Monks inspired us to create a Python package. This
- repository is based on a template developed by the Centre for Advanced Research Computing,
- University College London. We are grateful to Lawrence Lai for creation of the synthetic
- 64 dataset.
- The development of this repository/package was funded by UCL's QR Policy Support Fund,
- which is funded by Research England.

References

- King, Z., & Crowe, S. (2025). Patient visits to the emergency department of an acute hospital; dataset to accompany the patientflow repository. Zenodo. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo. 14866056
- King, Z., Farrington, J., Utley, M., & others. (2022). Machine learning for real-time aggregated prediction of hospital admission for emergency patients. *Npj Digital Medicine*, 5(104). https://doi.org/10.1038/s41746-022-00649-y
- King, Z., Gillham, J., Utley, M., Graham, M., & Crowe, S. (2024). Patientflow: Code and explanatory notebooks for predicting short-term hospital bed demand using real-time data.
 GitHub. https://github.com/ucl-coru/patientflow
- King, Z., Gillham, J., Utley, M., Graham, M., & Crowe, S. (2025). *Patientflow (version 0.4.3)*[computer software]. Python Package Index. https://pypi.org/project/patientflow/
- Monks, T., & Harper, A. (2023). Improving the usability of open health service delivery simulation models using python and web apps [version 2; peer review: 3 approved]. NIHR Open Res, 3, 48. https://doi.org/10.3310/nihropenres.13467.2



- Szabó, Z., Hompoth, E. A., & Bilicki, V. (2024). Patient flow analysis with a custom simulation engine. *Acta Cybernetica*, 26(3), 637–669. https://doi.org/10.14232/actacyb.299391
- Tyler, J. M., Murch, B. J., Vasilakis, C., & Wood, R. M. (2022). Improving uptake of simulation in healthcare: User-driven development of an open-source tool for modelling patient flow.

 Journal of Simulation, 17(6), 765–782. https://doi.org/10.1080/17477778.2022.2081521
- Worthington, D., Utley, M., & Suen, D. (2019). Infinite-server queueing models of demand in healthcare: A review of applications and ideas for further work. *Journal of the Operational Research Society*, 71(8), 1145–1160. https://doi.org/10.1080/01605682.2019.1609878

