

AOUSDOHtools: An R Package for Social Determinants of Health Survey data in the All of Us Research Program

Zhirui Deng¹, Theresa A. Koleck¹, Chen Zhang², Peter D. R. Higgins³, and Caitlin Dreisbach^{2,4}

¹ School of Nursing, University of Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, PA, USA ² School of Nursing, University of Rochester, Rochester, NY, USA ³ School of Medicine, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, USA ⁴ Goergen Institute for Data Science, University of Rochester, Rochester, NY, USA

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Software

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Summary

AOUSDOHtools is an R package that was created to support standardized and reproducible scoring of the Social Determinants of Health (SDOH) constructs from survey data collected as part of the *All of Us* Research Program. Developed in conjunction with a user guide (Koleck et al., 2024), the package provides functions to process raw SDOH Survey responses and compute 30 literature-informed construct-level scores across 14 SDOH constructs, such as Neighborhood Cohesion, Social Support, and Perceived Stress.

The package is designed for use within the *All of Us* Researcher Workbench, a secure cloud-based platform where the de-identified data are accessed and analyzed. The package is compatible with both Jupyter and RStudio environments hosted on the platform. AOUSDOHtools automates the data cleaning, recoding, scoring, and variable construction, which enables researchers to generate interpretable SDOH scores for downstream analysis.

The package is openly developed and maintained on GitHub and available through CRAN (cran.r-project.org/package=AOUSDOHtools) and GitHub (github.com/zhd52/AOUSDOHtools). It is intended to facilitate equitable and scalable research by making complex SDOH survey data accessible and analysis-ready for approved researchers working within the *All of Us* ecosystem.

- Figure 0:** AOUSDOHtools hex sticker. Created with R package hexSticker (Yu et al., 2020).

Statement of Need

All of Us (AOU)

The *All of Us* Research Program (allofus.nih.gov), led by the National Institutes of Health, aims to create a large and diverse health database by enrolling over one million participants across the United States. The program supports research focused on individualized prevention, diagnosis, and treatment (National Institutes of Health, 2025).

Participants provide data through self-reported surveys, electronic health records (EHR), physical measurements, wearable devices (e.g. FitBit), and biospecimen collection (e.g. urine and blood specimens), made available to approved researchers via the secure cloud-based Researcher Workbench (researchallofus.org) (All of Us Research Program Investigators, 2019). A major strength of *All of Us* is its explicit focus on health equity, particularly through the

inclusion of historically underrepresented populations in biomedical research ([National Institutes of Health, 2025](#)).

Despite these strengths, the complexity of the available data, especially the survey components, can present analytic challenges. Standardized and scalable tools are needed to support consistent data processing and analysis, but such tools are not included in the platform by default ([Grayson et al., 2022](#)).

Social Determinants of Health (SDOH) Survey

Social Determinants of Health (SDOH) refer to non-medical conditions like housing, discrimination, and education that significantly impact individual and population health outcomes ([Office of Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, 2025](#)). SDOH factors are strongly associated with health disparities and inequities across racial, geographic, and economic lines ([Williams & Mohammed, 2009](#)). The *All of Us* SDOH Survey (researchallofus.org/data-tools/survey-explorer) captures diverse life domains relevant to these determinants ([All of Us Research Hub, 2025b](#)). While rich, the data are disaggregated, complex, and not readily suitable for analysis without preprocessing and scoring.

Transforming survey responses into meaningful constructs for research, such as scoring neighborhood safety or perceived stress, benefits from structured tools. Without such tools, the reproducibility and consistency of analyses across studies are at risk.

Scoring Social Determinants of Health (SDOH) Constructs

The A0USD0Htools R Package ([Deng et al. \(2025\)](#); cran.r-project.org/package=A0USD0Htools) was developed to address this gap in available tools by implementing literature-informed scoring logic for 14 well-defined SDOH constructs ([Figure 1](#)). A0USD0Htools builds upon a user guide developed by [Koleck et al. \(2024\)](#) and includes constructs such as Neighborhood Cohesion, Social Support, and Perceived Stress, each assessed using standardized instruments. Please see [Koleck et al. \(2024\)](#) for definitions and descriptions of the SDOH constructs and source instrument information. A total of 30 functions for scoring are available. Six of the constructs have one scoring option. Eight of the constructs have multiple scoring options. A0USD0Htools is intended for use exclusively within the *All of Us* Researcher Workbench ([All of Us Research Hub, 2025a](#)) (Jupyter or Rstudio), respecting privacy and data governance regulations.

By automating scoring, recoding, and variable construction, A0USD0Htools promotes reproducibility, reduces coding burden, and makes SDOH constructs more accessible to health equity researchers. It, thereby, accelerates scalable, equity-driven population health research.

▪ **Figure 1:** Overview of A0USD0Htools functions linked to Social Determinant of Health constructs ([Koleck et al., 2024](#)). Created with R packages DiagrammeR, DiagrammeRsvg, and rsvg ([Iannone, 2016](#); [Iannone & Roy, 2024](#); [Ooms & Bruggemann, 2025](#)).

Installation

The A0USD0Htools package is available on CRAN (cran.r-project.org/package=A0USD0Htools) and GitHub (github.com/zhd52/A0USD0Htools). Users can install the stable release from CRAN or the development version from GitHub using the following commands in R ([R Core Team, 2025](#); [Wickham et al., 2022](#)).

▪ Install from CRAN:

```
install.packages("A0USD0Htools")
```

▪ Install the latest development version from Github:

```
devtools::install_github("zhd52/AOUSD0Htools")
```

- 81 ▪ After installation, load the package with:

```
library(AOUSD0Htools)
```

82 This package is intended to use SDOH Survey data from the *All of Us* Research Program.
83 As these data are only accessible within the secure *All of Us* Researcher Workbench ([All of Us Research Hub, 2025a](#)), the package needs to be installed and executed within that
84 environment. Both the Jupyter and RStudio interfaces provided by the Researcher Workbench
85 support the use of this package for in-platform analysis. The package uses the tidyverse
86 framework for efficient data manipulation and visualization ([Wickham et al., 2019](#); [Wickham, 2023](#)). The package also provides detailed documentation on how each score is derived, along
87 with descriptions and value ranges for all supported constructs.
88
89

90 Example

91 After installation, users can apply AOUSD0Htools functions (**Figure 1**) directly to SDOH Survey
92 data from the *All of Us* Research Program. In order to extract the SDOH data, a registered
93 *All of Us* researcher would need to create a cohort using the cohort builder tool and select the
94 premade concept set for the survey data. The concept set that includes the SDOH Survey
95 data resides under “All Surveys” and then “Social Determinants of Health”. By selecting the
96 cohort and the concept set, a registered user can preview the dataset prior to launching the
97 analytic platform.

98 The following example demonstrates how to compute Neighborhood Cohesion scores using a
99 synthetic dataset that mimics the expected structure of the *All of Us* survey data.

- 100 ▪ Load the package:

```
library(AOUSD0Htools)
```

- 101 ▪ Replace this with actual *All of Us* SDOH Survey data:

```
survey_df <- data.frame(  
  person_id = c(...),  
  question_concept_id = c(...),  
  answer_concept_id = c(...)  
)
```

- 102 ▪ Calculate Neighborhood Cohesion scores:

```
cohesion_scores <- calc_cohesion(survey_df)
```

- 103 ▪ View Output:

```
head(cohesion_scores)
```

104 This workflow illustrates how raw concept-level responses from the *All of Us* data can be
105 transformed into structured, construct-level scores. Functions for computing other SDOH con-
106 structs follow a similar structure. Users are encouraged to consult the package documentation
107 for a complete list of scoring functions and usage details.

108 Merging Resulting Scores

109 After computing individual construct scores using AOUSD0Htools, the resulting data frames
110 can be combined into a single dataset for downstream analysis. Each scoring function returns
111 a data frame indexed by person_id, which allows for merging using purrr::reduce() and
112 dplyr::full_join() ([Wickham et al., 2023](#); [Wickham & Henry, 2025](#)).

113 The following example demonstrates how to combine all 14 constructs and their sub-scores.

114 ▪ Load required packages:

```
library(dplyr)
library(purrr)
```

115 ▪ Create a list of all score data frames:

```
scores.list <- list(
  # Neighborhood Cohesion
  cohesion_scores,
  # Neighborhood Disorder
  disorder_scores, physical_disorder_scores, social_disorder_scores,
  ...
)
```

116 ▪ Merge all score outputs by person_id:

```
SDOH_scores <- reduce(scores.list, full_join, by = "person_id")
```

117 ▪ Preview merged dataset:

```
head(SDOH_scores)
```

118 The resulting merged data frame provides a person-level summary of all available SDOH scores,
119 ready for descriptive analysis or modeling. Full usage examples and additional workflows are
120 available in the package documentation on GitHub.

121 Development

122 AOUSDOHtools was created to support standardized and reproducible scoring of SDOH constructs
123 derived from the *All of Us* Research Program. The package simplifies the transformation of
124 raw survey responses into literature-informed, interpretable variables, allowing researchers to
125 focus on data analysis and interpretation.

126 As the *All of Us* Research Program continues to evolve, with ongoing updates to the data
127 model, survey content, and release versions, this package will be actively maintained to remain
128 consistent with changes to the SDOH Survey. Substantial revisions to item content, concept
129 identifiers, or scoring procedures may require corresponding updates to package functions.

130 The package is openly developed on GitHub, where users can report issues, request new
131 features, and contribute to its development. Researchers are encouraged to review the package
132 version and documentation to ensure compatibility with the specific release of the *All of Us*
133 dataset they are using.

134 Author Contributions

135 Conceptualization

136 Theresa A. Koleck and Caitlin Dreisbach conceptualized the user guide. Theresa A. Koleck,
137 Caitlin Dreisbach, Chen Zhang, and Peter D. R. Higgins contributed to its overall design.

138 Software Development

139 Zhirui Deng developed the AOUSDOHtools R package, including scoring functions, documenta-
140 tion, unit tests, and package structure. Zhirui Deng also submitted and maintains the package
141 on CRAN and GitHub.

142 **Function Development and Testing**

143 Zhirui Deng, Chen Zhang, and Peter D. R. Higgins developed user guide functions. Zhirui Deng,
144 Caitlin Dreisbach, Theresa A. Koleck, and Chen Zhang tested the package and contributed to
145 updates to the scoring functions.

146 **Writing – Original Draft**

147 Zhirui Deng drafted the manuscript.

148 **Writing – Review & Editing**

149 All authors reviewed and revised the manuscript.

150 **Supervision**

151 Theresa A. Koleck provided overall supervision.

152 **Licensing**

153 Caitlin Dreisbach holds the MIT license for the version of the R package published on CRAN.

154 **Corresponding Author**

155 Zhirui Deng (zhd52@pitt.edu)

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158 Access to the Controlled Tier data through the *All of Us* Researcher Workbench enabled the
159 development and testing of this package.

160 We also acknowledge all the authors of the published user guide ([Koleck et al., 2024](#)), whose
161 work provided the conceptual and methodological foundation for scoring the Social Determinants
162 of Health constructs implemented in AOUSDOHtools.

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164 infrastructure that supports open source software distribution and reproducibility in R. We also
165 acknowledge GitHub for providing the collaborative platform used to develop, maintain, and
166 share the source code for this package.

167 **Conflict of Interest**

168 The authors declare that they have no conflicts of interest related to this work.

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170 See `paper.bib`.

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