

Microbiome.jl and BiobakeryUtils.jl - Julia packages for working with microbial community data

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Summary

Microbiome.jl is a julia package to facilitate analysis of microbial community data. Biobak eryUtils.jl is built on top of Microbiome.jl, and provides utilities for working with a suite of command line tools (the bioBakery) that are widely used for converting raw metagenomic sequencing data into tables of taxon and gene function counts. Together, these packages provide an effective way to link microbial community data with the power of julia's numerical, statistical, and plotting libraries.

Statement of need

Complex microbial communities exist everywhere, including in and on the human body, and have profound effects on the environment and human health (Lloyd-Price et al., 2017). Common methods for analyzing microbial communities (eg. 16S amplicon or metagenomic sequencing) generate a large quantity of numerical data (eg. count or relative abundance data) as well as metadata associated with biological samples (eg. locations, human subject data) and microbial features (eg. taxa, gene functions) (Mallick et al., 2017).

The julia programming language (Bezanson et al., 2017) is gaining increasing prominence in biological research due to its speed and flexibility (Roesch et al., 2021), and has a growing ecosystem of packages for working with biological and ecological data, as well as libraries for Bayesian statistical analysis (Ge et al., 2018), scientific machine learning (Rackauckas & Nie, 2017), and plotting (Danisch & Krumbiegel, 2021). Julia's type system makes it incredibly easy for packages to interoperate, making Microbiome.jl and BiobakeryUtil s.jl an effective bridge between microbial community data and julia's package ecosystem, while remaining agnostic to downstream analysis.

Functionality

At its most basic, microbial community data can be represented as a sparse matrix, where one dimension is indexed by microbial features (eg. species), and the other is indexed by biological samples or observations (eg. a stool sample). Together, the measured abundances of each feature in each sample make up the taxonomic or function "profile." Typically, additional information (metadata) about each sample is also needed for downstream statistical analysis, such as the location or human subject it was collected from, data about that

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environment (salinity, temperature, etc. for environmental samples; clinical covariates for human subjects), and storage or processing details. While the observed values for microbial features are uniformly numeric, and can be efficiently stored in a sparse matrix of floating point numbers, metadata can take many forms. Further, CommunityProfiles may have hundreds to hundreds of thousands of features, while typically only a few dozen metadata variables are necessary for a given analysis.

Microbiome.jl provides a convenient set of types and type constructors to store and access this information (Figure 1).

- The MicrobiomeSample type contains name and metadata fields, and methods for efficiently adding and extracting stored metadata
- The Taxon type stores name and taxonomic rank (eg. genus, phylum) fields
- The GeneFunction type stores name and taxon fields, the later of which may be a Taxon (allowing taxonomically stratified gene functions).
- The CommunityProfile type is a wrapped SparseMatrixCSC, with MicrobiomeSam ples as columns and features (Taxons or GeneFunctions) as rows.
- CommunityProfiles can be indexed like normal julia arrays with integers, or with strings and regular expressions that will search on the name fields of the sample or feature dimensions.

Further, the CommunityProfile type implements the Tables.jl interface, making it trivial to convert to other tabular representations, in particular enabling round-tripping to and from column separated values (.csv) files using CSV.jl. Feature (Taxon and GeneFunction), MicrobiomeSample, and CommunityProfile types are also implemented with the interface of EcoBase.jl, potentially enabling integration with the wider EcoJulia family of packages.



MicrobiomeSample

name metadata

| sample_id => Int | subj_id => Int | date => DateTime

Taxon

GeneFunction name taxon

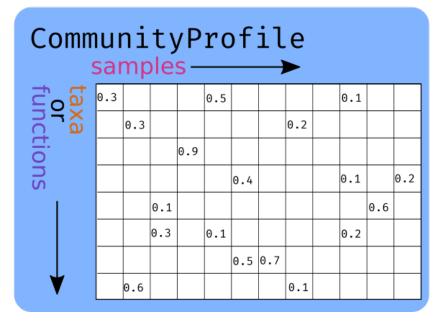


Figure 1: Concrete types provided by Microbiome.jl for storing information about features, samples, and whole communities.

BiobakeryUtils.jl provides a julia interface for the command line utilities from HUMAnN and MetaPhlAn, two widely-used tools for using metagenomic sequencing reads to generate functional and taxonomic profiles, respectively. It also provides functionality to simplify installation of the tools and I/O for the common file types used and produced by those tools. Together, Microbiome.jl and BiobakeryUtils.jl make it easy to load, manipulate, and analyze microbial community data (Figure 2).



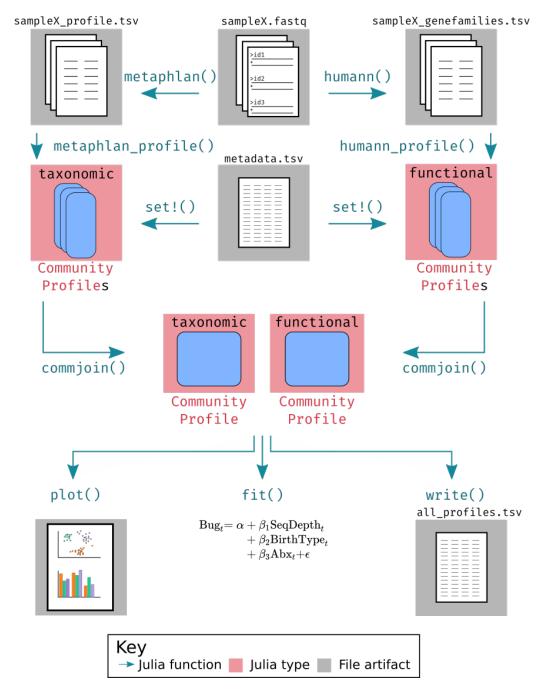


Figure 2: Microbial community analysis workflow using Microbiome.jl and BiobakeryUtils.jl

Limitations and future work

While Microbiome.jl and BiobakeryUtils.jl are already functional and being used for research (Lewis et al., 2021; Peterson et al., 2021; Tso et al., 2021), there are several avenues for further development.

First, there are many additional tools in the bioBakery whose interface and outputs could be incorporated into BiobakeryUtils.jl. In particular, StrainPhlAn and PanPhlAn (Beghini et al., 2021), which have tabular output distinct from but quite similar to that of HUMAnN and



MetaPhlAn could be supported.

Second, two of the largest plotting packages in the julia ecosystem, Plots.jl and Makie.jl (Breloff, 2021; Danisch & Krumbiegel, 2021) share a common "recipes" system, enabling package authors to provide instructions for how to plot their types. Microbiome.jl currently contains convenience functions to facilitate the generation of easy-to-plot data structures, but including plot recipes for things like ordinations (PCoA), abundance bar plots, and other commonly used microbial community visualizations would make it even easier to generate publication-quality figures.

Finally, better integration with EcoJulia would carry a host of benefits. For example, Diver sity.jl (Reeve et al., 2016) provides a wide array of alpha and beta diversity metrics that could be beneficial for investigations of microbial diversity. There are also several packages that provide functionality around phylogenies and taxonomic information that could enhance or replace Taxon, making it easier to gain insight into the relationships between different microbial taxa found in communities.

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