

The drake R package: a pipeline toolkit for reproducibility and high-performance computing

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Software

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Summary

The drake R package (Landau 2018) is a workflow manager and computational engine for data science projects. Its primary objective is to keep results up to date with the underlying code and data. When it runs a project, drake detects any pre-existing output and refreshes the pieces that are outdated or missing. Not every runthrough starts from scratch, and the final answers are reproducible. With a user-friendly R-focused interface, comprehensive documentation, and extensive implicit parallel computing support, drake surpasses the analogous functionality in similar tools such as Make (Stallman 1998), remake (FitzJohn 2017), memoise (Wickham et al. 2017), and knitr (Xie 2017).

In reproducible research, drake's role is to provide tangible evidence that a project's results are re-creatable. Drake quickly detects when the code, data, and output are synchronized. In other words, drake helps determine if the starting materials would produce the expected output if the project were to start over and run from scratch. This approach decreases the time and effort it takes to evaluate research projects for reproducibility.

Regarding high-performance computing, drake interfaces with a wide variety of technologies to deploy the steps of a data analysis project. Options range from local multicore computing to serious distributed computing on a cluster. In addition, the parallel computing is implicit. In other words, drake constructs the directed acyclic network of the workflow and determines which steps can run simultaneously and which need to wait for dependencies. This automation eases the cognitive and computational burdens on the user, enhancing the readability of code and thus reproducibility.

References

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