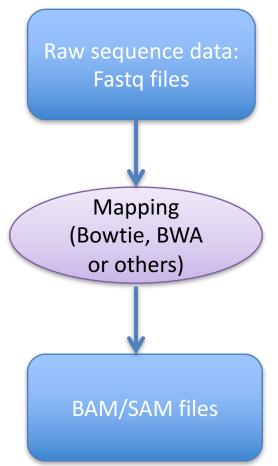


SAM and **BAM** formats

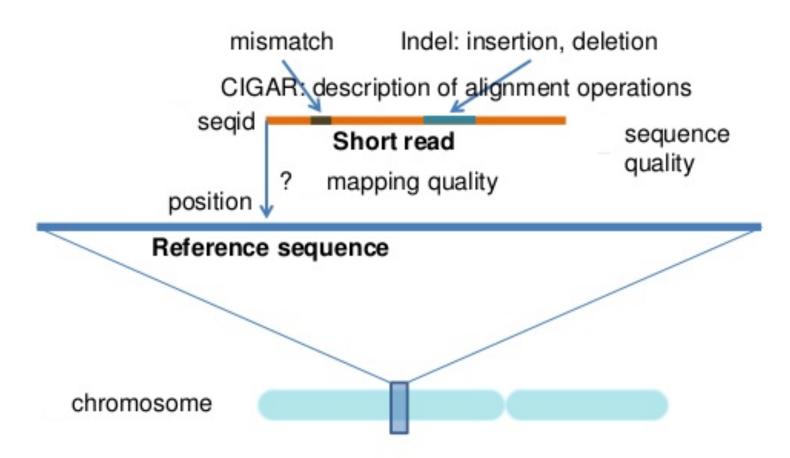


- After mapping the FASTQ file to the reference genome you will end up with a SAM or BAM alignment file
- SAM stands for Sequence Alignment/Map format
- A single SAM file can store mapped, unmapped, and even QC-failed reads from a sequencing run, and indexed to allow rapid access. This means that the raw sequencing data can be fully recapitulated from the SAM/BAM file.





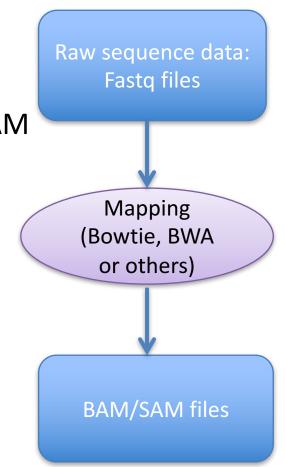
SAM Format





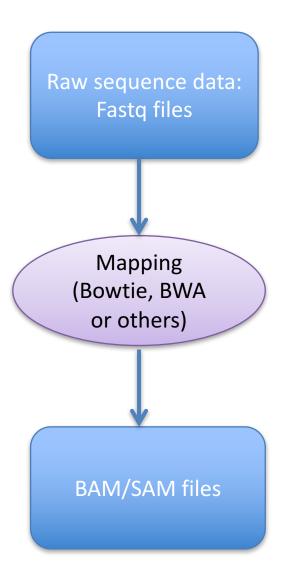
SAM is rarely helpful and really takes up too much space which is why we use only the BAM in principle

A BAM file (.bam) is the binary version of a SAM file (saving storage and faster manipulation)





- A SAM file (.sam) is a tab-delimited text file that contains sequence alignment data
- SAM files can be opened using a text editor or viewed using the UNIX "more" command
- Most alignment programs will supply:
- a header: describing the format version, sorting order of the reads, genomic sequences to which the reads were mapped
- an alignment section: contains the information for each sequence about where/how it aligns to the reference genome

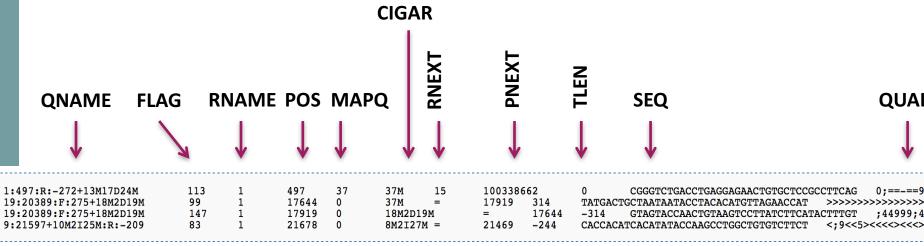


	6SQ SN:chr9_random LN:4494 6SQ SN:chrM LN:16299	93				^	lignment sect	ion
	eSQ SN:chrUn_rondom LN:5906	358						
	@SQ SN:chrX LN:166650296		Hea	der:			11 columns (ta	h-congrated)
	@SQ SN:chrX_random LN:1785	875				-	rt columns (re	ib-separated)
	05Q SN:chrY LN:15902555				A			
	GSD SN:chrV rondom LN:5868	7461						
	HWI-EAS038:6:1:23:122#0 4	. 0		•	0 0	TAGCCTTC	GATGTTTACCTATTGTATCAAAGGGC	OJYMXLTPKOPOXYBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB
	HWI-EAS038:6:1:25:283#0 0	chr14 278823	726 0	33M	. 0	0	AGAGACCCAGGAAATTGAAGTCAGAGCAGTTA	G abaa_Z_`X]PW^888888888888
	BBBBBBBBB XT:A:R NM:1:1	X0:1:3 X1:1:6	8 XM:1:1 XD:	1:0 XG:1:0	MD:Z:10T22			
	HWI-EAS838:6:1:26:649#0 0	chr9 278848	899 37	33M	. 6	0	CCTTTCTTTTGTCTACTCCTTTCCTCTTGGTA	T abbaabbbbbbb'''aZ\'a\aa[]
	_QWoo'YX5 XT:A:U NM:1:0	X0:1:1 X1:1:6	:: OX 6:1:MX 6	1:0 XG:1:0	MD:Z:33			
	HWI-EAS838:6:1:30:918#0 16	chr17 952656		33M	. 6	0	GTGTTTATCAGTCCCAAGGCCACTAGAGGCTT	G BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBC["\ooZoo
	aaaa'a' XT:A:R NM:1:2	X0:1:3 X1:1:0			MD:Z:3G8T20			
0	HWI-EAS838:6:1:32:1507#0	16 chr13		37	33M *	0	Ø CGGAGCTGGTGGTAGACATTGTGT	GCTGCCTAG \Z]M_[`]ZH]^^Z^T
_ 	'bbab_[W_]bb_M_b XT:A:U	NM:1:0 X0:1:	1 X1:1:0 XM:	1:0 X0:1:0	XG:1:0 MD:Z			\345000000000000000000000000000000000000
7	HWI-EA5838:6:1:32:298#0 4	. 0		-	0 0	IAIAAIA	MAATGACATTTTATTAAATACGCCT	`^ooo\]^[SBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB
5	HWI-EAS838:6:1:32:1938#0	8 chr7	65636851	37	33M ·		0 TTTATATTTCTCCCCTTATCATTC	CATTTTTT]aa^AX\'YQ\Y[^UY
Z	ZHMHXWZEVFO][BBBB XT:A:U	NM:1:1 X0:1:1				:3161	• ITTAINTTICTCCCCTTATCATTC	Too - Mr I drift of
5	HWI-EAS838:6:1:32:861#0 4	. 0	0 .		0 0		TAAGTTGGTTTAATATAAATCAACAT]bUSJGKHWaK_\BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB
Ý	В							
!	HWI-EAS038:6:1:32:1814#0	0 chr2	98586748	0	33M *	0	8 CCACTTGACGACTTCAAAAATGAC	GAAATCACT WARAX"]Z]a]XZ]aZ
	W]PYVV\YRW[SUZSST XT:A:R	NM:1:1 X0:1:1	12 X1:1:44 XM:	i:1 X0:i:0	XG:1:0 MD:Z	:14G18		
_	HWI-EAS838:6:1:34:2882#8	0 chr10	N. HOR. 1440	37	33M *	9	Ø CCTAGATTCCTTAGGGTATAAAAG	GAGGAGAGC _a`_ba]_Oa]aV[`a
Ď	OHDT^_BBBBBBBBBBBB XT:A:U		1 X1:1:0 XM:		XG:1:0 MD:Z			
\leq	HWI-EAS038:6:1:37:667#0 0	chrX 986528		33M	. 0	0	CAAGTCCAAAAATTCCTTGAAAAATTTCACAA	T Y'_TOMPT^^_[PLINOJQLQQYW]
	BBBBBBBBB XT:A:U NM:i:1		0 XM:1:1 XO:	i:0 XG:1:0	MD:Z:19C13			C
\mathcal{O}	HWI-EAS038:6:1:37:1236#0 BBBBBBBBB	4 .	0 0		. 0	0	ATGATTTCTTGTTGTGTATCACTATTCTAGGG	G _Q\LYBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB
3	HWI-EAS038:6:1:37:262#0 16	chr2 338658	87 23 33M		0 0	TCTMTM	CCCACATGGTGCAAGGAGAACCAA	BB]Z[LFTXX]TZYQRXHJUOISU\X]_[UO]
<u> </u>	a XT:A:U NM:i:1 XB:i:1		1 XD:1:0 XG:	:0 MD:Z:60		I'L IMAIM	CCOCO CO GCONGONGONOVICCAN	roll-[no octoorsoon of -[no]
	HWI-EAS038:6:1:38:385#0 0	chr9 351136		33M	. 0	0	AAAAAACGTGAAAAATAAGAAATGCCAACTGA	A [00''_]PTUUZY[_[R]888888
Q	BBBBBBBBB XT:A:U NM:1:2	X0:1:1 X1:1:6	8 XM:1:2 XD:	1:0 XG:1:0	MD:Z:16G9C6			
ŝ	HWI-EAS038:6:1:38:3700 16	chr16 499983	240 37	33M	. 0	0	ATTTGTCTGTGATGATTTTCTGTTCTTTCAAT	G B[_XHJJJTMPWWNR']Wa^
	'A'R']a_a XT:A:U NM:1:0	SINCE THE PROPERTY.	0 XM:1:0 XD:		MD:Z:33			
	HWI-EAS038:6:1:40:991#0 16	chr13 756195		33M	. 9	0	TTTAATATTCTATCTTTATTTAGTGCATTTGT	T a_ZQPX`[`RY[]\]PVT]\\]
_	WOU[]'V_^ XT:A:R NM:i:0	X0:i:6619	XM:1:0 X0:		MD:Z:33			
δ	HWI-EA5038:6:1:40:767#0 0	chr11 347137	793 25	33M	. 0	0	TAACTTATTCCTTTAGGTCCTGTGTTTTCTAT	T 0000']0QY88888888888888
J								

Amel Ghouila, Claudia Chica, Emna C3BI Hands-on NGS course – IPP – 23"

Guerfali

SAM Format



http://samtools.sourceforge.net/SAM1.pdf http://genome.sph.umich.edu/wiki/SAM



SAM fomat

The following table gives an overview of the mandatory fields in the SAM format:

Col	Field	Type	Regexp/Range	Brief description
1	QNAME	String	[!-?A-~]{1,255}	Query template NAME
2	FLAG	Int	[0,216-1]	bitwise FLAG
3	RNAME	String	* [!-()+-<>-~][!-~]*	Reference sequence NAME
4	POS	Int	[0,231-1]	1-based leftmost mapping POSition
5	MAPQ	Int	[0,28-1]	MAPping Quality
- 6	CIGAR	String	* ([0-9]+[MIDNSHPX=])+	CIGAR string
7	RNEXT	String	* = [!-()+-<>-"][!-"]*	Ref. name of the mate/next read
8	PNEXT	Int	[0,231-1]	Position of the mate/next read
9	TLEN	Int	[-2 ³¹ +1,2 ³¹ -1]	observed Template LENgth
10	SEQ	String	* [A-Za-z=.]+	segment SEQuence
11	QUAL	String	[!-~]+	ASCII of Phred-scaled base QUALity+33

(http://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf)

QNAME: Query template NAME. Reads/segments having identical QNAME are regarded to come from the same template. A QNAME '*' indicates the information is unavailable.

SAM fomat (2)

Col	Field	Type	Regexp/Range	Brief description
1	QNAME	String	[!-?A-~]{1,255}	Query template NAME
2	FLAG	Int	[0,216-1]	bitwise FLAG
3	RNAME	String	* [!-()+-<>-~][!-~]*	Reference sequence NAME
4	POS	Int	[0,231-1]	1-based leftmost mapping POSition
5	MAPQ	Int	[0,28-1]	MAPping Quality
6	CIGAR	String	* ([0-9]+[MIDNSHPX=])+	CIGAR string
	PUEXT	String	* = [!-()+-<>-"][!-"]*	Ref. name of the mate/next read
8	PNEXT	Int	[0,231-1]	Position of the mate/next read
9	TLEN	Int	[-231+1,231-1]	observed Template LENgth
10	SEQ	String	* [A-Za-z=.]+	segment SEQuence
11	QUAL	String	[!-~]+	ASCII of Phred-scaled base QUALity+33

(http://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf)

FLAG: FLAG: bitwise FLAG (ideal for compression).

11 boolean flags all stotred in a singe column

- I	Bit	Description
1 0x1		template having multiple segments in sequencing
2	0x2	each segment properly aligned according to the aligner
4	0x4	segment unmapped
8	0x8	next segment in the template unmapped
16	0x10	SEQ being reverse complemented
32	0x20	SEQ of the next segment in the template being reverse complemented
64	0x40	the first segment in the template
128	0x80	the last segment in the template
256	0x100	secondary alignment
512	0x200	not passing filters, such as platform/vendor quality controls
1024	0x400	PCR or optical duplicate
2048	0x800	supplementary alignment



SAM flag: example

	Bit	Description
1	0x1	template having multiple segments in sequencing
2	0x2	each segment properly aligned according to the aligner
4	0x4	segment unmapped
8	0x8	next segment in the template unmapped
16	0x10	SEQ being reverse complemented
32	0x20	SEQ of the next segment in the template being reverse complemented
64	0x40	the first segment in the template
128	0x80	the last segment in the template
256	0x100	secondary alignment
512	0x200	not passing filters, such as platform/vendor quality controls
1024	0x400	PCR or optical duplicate
2048	0x800	supplementary alignment

SAM file

(b) @SQ SN:ref LN:45 r001 163 ref 7 30 8M2I4M1D3M = 37 39 TTAGATAAAGGATACTA

read mapped to position 7:

FLAG 163 (=1 + 2 + 32 + 128):

- Read is the second read in the pair (128)
- Read is properly paired (1 + 2)
- its mate is mapped to 37 on the reverse strand (32)



Decoding SAM flags

Explain flag tool:

https://broadinstitute.github.io/picard/explain-flags.html

Decoding SAM flags					
This utility makes it easy to identify what are the properties of a read based on its SAM flag value, or conversely, to find what the SAM Flag value would be for a given combination of properties.					
To decode a given SAM flag value, just enter the number in the field below. The encoded properties will be listed under Summary below, to the right.					
SAM Flag: Explain					
Switch to mate Toggle first in pair / second in pair					
Find SAM flag by property: Summary:					
To find out what the SAM flag value would be for a given combination of properties, tick the boxes					
for those that you'd like to include. The flag value will be shown in the SAM Flag field above.					
□ read paired					
read mapped in proper pair					
□ read unmapped					
□ mate unmapped					
□ read reverse strand					
□ mate reverse strand					
□ first in pair					



SAM fomat (3)

ASCII of Phred-scaled base QUALity+33

Col	Field	Type	Regexp/Range	Brief description
1	QNAME	String	[!-?A-~]{1,255}	Query template NAME
2	FLAG	Int	[0,216-1]	bitwise FLAG
3	RNAME	String	* [!-()+-<>-~][!-~]*	Reference sequence NAME
4	POS	Int	[0,231-1]	1-based leftmost mapping POSition
5	MAPQ	Int	[0,28-1]	MAPping Quality
6	CIGAR	String	\+ ([0-9]+[MIDNSHPX=])+	CIGAR string
7	RNEXT	String	* = [!-()+-\][!-"]*	Ref. name of the mate/next read
8	PNEXT	Int	[0,231-1]	Position of the mate/next read
9	TLEN	Int	[-231+1,231-1]	observed Template LENgth
10	SEQ	String	* [A-Za-z=.]+	segment SEQuence



(http://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf)

It equals -10 log10 Pr{mapping position is wrong}, rounded to the nearest integer.

The MAPQ value can be used to figure out how unique an alignment is in the genome.

- ✓ Large number, >10 indicates it's likely the alignment is unique.
- √ 255 indicates that the mapping quality is not available.



SAM fomat: CIGAR string

 The CIGAR string is a sequence of numbers and letters representing the associated information on bases alignment used to indicate things like which bases align (either a match/mismatch) with the reference, are deleted from the reference, and if there are insertions that are not in the reference

More information about these formats available here:

http://samtools.sourceforge.net

https://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf

SAM fomat: CIGAR string

Mapped and unmapped reads are imported into SAM/BAM format

The standard CIGAR description of pairwise alignment defines three operations: 'M' for alignment match, 'I' for insertion compared with the reference and 'D' for deletion.

(NB: The POS indicates that the read aligns starting at position 5 on the reference)

The CIGAR:

3M = 3 bases in the read sequence align with the reference.

1I = The next base in the read does not exist in the reference.

1D = The reference base does not exist in the read sequence

```
RefPos: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 Reference: C C A T A C T G A A C T G Read: ACTAGAATG

RefPos: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 Reference: C C A T A C T G A A C T G Read: A C T G A A C T G A A C T G A A C T G A A C T G A A C T G A A C T G A A C T G A A C T G A A C T G A A C T G A A C T G A A C T G A A C T G A A C T G A C T A G A A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T T G A C T
```

POS: 5

CIGAR: 3M1I3M1D2M

http://genome.sph.umich.edu/wiki/SAM

SAM fomat: CIGAR string

Examples of CIGAR strings for different types of alignments

Αl	ign	m	ent	S

(a) coor 12345678901234 5678901234567890123456789012345 ref AGCATGTTAGATAA**GATAGCTGTGCTAGTAGGCAGTCAGCGCCAT

```
r001+ TTAGATAAAGGATA*CTG
r002+ aaaAGATAA*GGATA
r003+ gcctaAGCTAA
r004+ ATAGCT......TCAGC
r003- ttagctTAGGC
CAGCGCCAT
```

SAM file

```
@SQ SN:ref LN:45
r001 163 ref
              7 30 8M2I4M1D3M = 37
                                      39 TTAGATAAAGGATACTA
r002
                    3S6M1P1I4M
                                       Ø AAAAGATAAGGATA
                   5H6M
r003
                                       Ø AGCTAA
                                                      NM:i:1
r004
             16
                30 6M14N5M
                                       Ø ATAGCTTCAGC
      16 ref 29
r003
                30 6H5M
                                                      NM:i:0
                                       Ø TAGGC
      83 ref 37 30 9M
                                     -39 CAGCGCCAT
r001
```

(Li et al., 2009)



SAM fomat (5)

The following table gives an overview of the mandatory fields in the SAM format:

Col	Field	Type	Regexp/Range	Brief description
1	QNAME	String	[!-?A-~]{1,255}	Query template NAME
2	FLAG	Int	[0,216-1]	bitwise FLAG
3	RNAME	String	* [!-()+-<>-~][!-~]*	Reference sequence NAME
4	POS	Int	[0,231-1]	1-based leftmost mapping POSition
5	MAPQ	Int	[0,28-1]	MAPping Quality
6	CIGAR	String	\+ ([0-9]+[MIDNSHPX=])+	CIGAR string
7	RNEXT	String	* = [!-()+-<>-"][!-"]*	Ref. name of the mate/next read
8	PNEXT	Int	[0,231-1]	Position of the mate/next read
9	TLEN	Int	[-231+1,231-1]	observed Template LENgth
10	SEQ	String	* [A-Za-z=.]+	segment SEQuence
11	QUAL	String	[!-~]+	ASCII of Phred-scaled base QUALity+33



(http://samtools.github.io/hts-specs/SAMv1.pdf)

Name of mate (mate pair information for paired-end sequencing)

Position of mate (mate pair information)

Obviously, the chromsome and position are important. The CIGAR string is also important to know where insertions (i.e. introns) might exist in your read.