Design of Experiments and Sensitivity analysis Course and practical application

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- Introduction
- Basic experiments
- 3 DOE Samplings
- 4 Sensitivity analysis
- **5** Application in OpenMOLE
- 6 Practical application

- Introduction
- Basic experiments
- ODE Samplings
- Sensitivity analysis
- Application in OpenMOLE
- 6 Practical application

Design of Experiments



- Interactive model exploration by hand and the need for preliminary experiments The Design of Experiments as the definition of tasks to extract information from the simulation model Example: NetLogo behavior space: basic grid DOE Sensitivity analysis as an advanced DOE
- *Remark 1: terminology strongly depends on disciplines and practices*
 *Remark 2: these are generally **preliminary experiments** to prepare
 more elaborated, question-related, experiments*

- Introduction
- 2 Basic experiments
- ODE Samplings
- Sensitivity analysis
- Application in OpenMOLE
- 6 Practical application

Basic experiments



- *Provide explicitly sampling points on which the model (or its replication task) will be run: notion of **direct sampling** in OpenMOLE (corresponds to DOE in the literature)*
- full samplings elaborated sampling for high dimensions given a low computational budget (**the curse of dimensionality**)

One factor at a time



All factors have nominal values and a discrete variation set, in which each is varied while others remaining fixed

- *when model is slow - or computational budget highly limited* - *does not capture interaction between parameters, and highly dependent on nominal values* - *seen as a bad practice* BUT *useful for models taking significant time, and prone to thematic interpretation* *Example where One-At-a-Time fails*

Grid sampling



Ensemble product of discrete variation ranges for factors (usually a regular grid but not necessarily)

quickly limited by the curse of dimensionality - in practice still powerful with a quick model and a low number of parameters

naive approach, i.e. done by many "simulation-newcomers" such as economics or some parts of physics

- Introduction
- Basic experiments
- OE Samplings
- Sensitivity analysis
- Application in OpenMOLE
- 6 Practical application

DOE Samplings



Computational limitations => need specific methods to efficiently sample the parameter space

The field of Design of Experiments has proposed different methods for

numerical experiments given limited computational resources Examples: Sobol sequence (quicker convergence of integral estimation), Latin Hypercube Sampling, Orthogonal sampling

Latin Hypercube Sampling



Minimizing discrepency: intuitively being spread evenly accross the parameter space (def of discrepancy)

 $|\mathsf{x}||||| \ |:-:|:-:|:-:|:-:| \ ||\mathsf{x}|||| \ ||||\mathsf{x}| \ ||||\mathsf{x}|| \ |||\mathsf{x}|||$

Latin cube: one point in each row and column; hypercube generalization in any dimension

Sobol sequence



Quasi-random sequences with low discrepancy (also Halton sequences e.g.)

Estimate integral in 1/N instead of $1/\sqrt{N}$ with random sampling Constructed recursively (using bit representations).

TODO illustration in 2D

- Introduction
- Basic experiments
- ODE Samplings
- Sensitivity analysis
- Application in OpenMOLE
- Practical application

Sensitivity analysis



How to summarize model sensitivity and isolate principal factors ? Examples: Morris and Saltelli methods

Morris method



- *Idea :* Sample trajectories in the parameter space in a One-At-a-Time manner. Screening method isolating *elementary effects*
 [?]
- isolate local effects of factors more efficient than point sampling to get individual effects useful as a first experiment to understand the relative influence of factors
- [?] propose to extend the method with Sobol sequences



Estimation of relative and conditional variances

$$ST_i = \frac{E_{\mathbf{X} \sim i} \left[Var(Y | \mathbf{X} \sim i) \right]}{Var(Y)}$$

- Introduction
- Basic experiments
- ODE Samplings
- Sensitivity analysis
- 5 Application in OpenMOLE
- 6 Practical application

OpenMOLE syntax: Direct sampling



```
val explo = DirectSampling(evaluation = model, sampling = ...)
```

Example of samplings



- One-factor sampling "' sampling = OneFactorSampling((x1 in (0.0 to 1.0 by 0.2)) nominal 0.5, (x2 in (0.0 to 1.0 by 0.2)) nominal 0.5) "'
- Grid sampling "' sampling = (x1 in (0.0 to 1.0 by 0.5)) x (x2 in (0.0 to
- 1.0 by 0.5)) "'
- LHS Sampling
- " sampling = LHS(100,x1 in (0.0,1.0),x2 in (0.0,1.0)) "
- Sobol sampling
- "' sampling = SobolSampling(100,x1 in (0.0,1.0),x2 in (0.0,1.0)) "' $\,$



```
\label{eq:continuous_problem} \begin{tabular}{ll} (method in itself) \\ "" val sen = SensitivitySaltelli( //evaluation = (model on env), evaluation = (model on env by 1000), samples = 100000, inputs = Seq(humanFollowProbability in (0.0,1.0), humanInformedRatio in (0.0,1.0), humanInformProbability in (0.0,1.0)), outputs = Seq(peakTime, peakSize, totalZombified,halfZombified, spatialMoranZombified,spatialDistanceMeanZombified,spatialEntropyZombified,spatialSlopeZom) "" \\ \end{tabular}
```



(example from market) "' SensitivityMorris(evaluation = modelExec on envLocal hook storeSimuCSV, inputs = Seq(inputNumberOfCars in (1.0, 41.0), inputAcceleration in (0.0, 0.0099), inputDeceleration in (0.0, 0.099)), outputs = Seq(outputSpeedMin, outputSpeedMax), repetitions = 100, levels = 5) "'

- Introduction
- Basic experiments
- ODE Samplings
- Sensitivity analysis
- Application in OpenMOLE
- 6 Practical application



Your turn to run some direct samplings and/or sensitivity analysis

- given the described zombie model, what first experiment beyond stochasticity would be relevant?
- write a script
- explore results (using e.g. the OpenMOLE GUI plots)

Resources: - one script running directsampling - example of grid explo results - example of Saltelli

Results of grid exploration



Cooperation model

