A lock file already exists in the repository, which blocks this operation from completing

Asked 2 years, 10 months ago Modified 5 months ago Viewed 66k times



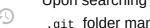
I'm working on an ASP.NET Core project. I'm trying to push a commit to my branch using GitHub Desktop. But every time I try to commit, I keep getting this error:





A lock file already exists in the repository, which blocks this operation from completing.





Upon searching the internet, the only solution I've found is to delete index.lock file inside .git folder manually.

But when I delete this file, it keeps re-appearing every time I try to commit, making it impossible for me to commit. I have already tried to commit from Visual Studio but it also failed.

Can anyone help me?

git git-commit github-desktop

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edited Mar 3, 2021 at 4:44



asked Mar 3, 2021 at 0:52



It seems some other process is constantly creating the lock file. Try restarting your computer. Also try a new clone and check if it works in the new cloned repository. - ElpieKay Mar 3, 2021 at 2:36

Be careful to not just delete your clone in case you have stashed changes on a branch. You will lose them. Deleting index.lock as mentioned below should work. - Akaisteph7 Jul 13, 2023 at 16:33

4 Answers

Sorted by:

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Just delete the file called index.lock which is in the .git folder. After you delete it, try to commit again.

Steps



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3. There will be a .git folder shown to you. Just go and delete the index.lock file from there and you are ready to commit again.

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edited Jul 13, 2023 at 16:38



answered Dec 25, 2021 at 2:58



Easy, logical and summarized answer. Thank you. - Omrum Cetin Aug 10, 2022 at 22:05

This file should be .git/index.lock . It might not appear in your editor (e.g. VSCode) though. - Akaisteph7 Jul 13, 2023 at 16:32



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Git uses index.lock to know that some Git process—perhaps this one, if it just created index. lock itself, or perhaps some other Git process—is busy doing things with the repository that require locking Git's index. When a Git successfully creates this lock file, it then goes about its business, updating various internal databases, until it is done. It then deletes this lock file to indicate that it is done, and other Git commands can now get started, do their things, and finish.



If there is a bug in your Git system, it's possible for a Git command to create index.lock, start doing its work, and then crash, leaving the lock file behind. In this case, the correct thing to do is to upgrade to a non-buggy Git so that the problem does not recur, and also to remove the index.lock file. (You can do this in either order but if the bug remains, some Git command(s) may leave the bogus lock behind.) Due to a fairly extensive test suite, this kind of bug is rare in Git these days—in the bad old days, it was more common, but now it should hardly ever occur.

If your computer itself crashes (due to a non-Git bug, or the power failing, or whatever) while Git is in the middle of one of these operations, it's possible that Git never gets a chance to remove the index.lock file. In this case, you just need to remove the index.lock file manually. However, after a computer crash, other parts of Git's internal databases might have been damaged by the crash, so it's wise to run git fsck. The git fsck program prints a number of messages even on healthy systems so don't be too alarmed about various "dangling commit" or "dangling blob" messages: these are just informative. (In general and ideally, your computer itself should never crash at all and your power should never fail, and people should not have frozen to death in Texas in February 2021, but the world is not always ideal.)

(Windows systems sometimes see bad behavior from some antivirus software. This might go away on its own in some cases. I avoid Windows, so I have no specific recommendations here, other than "avoid Windows".)

Last, there's a problem that has become a common issue lately for some people because

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index. lock files or even damaging Git's internal databases. Don't do this! Keep the Git repository in an un-shared, local-disk area.

¹Well, at least superficially. There really are advantages, but personally I subscribe to the Lamport definition of a distributed system: A distributed system is one in which the failure of a computer you didn't even know existed can render your own computer unusable.

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answered Mar 3, 2021 at 6:21





The index.lock file kept reappear most likely because either GitHub Desktop or another programme (e.g. Visual Studio) or process is still using it.



In rare scenarios, this could be a bug in your Git.



In case you cannot easily identify the culprit and prevent the reappearance behaviour, you should consider restarting your computer then delete the index.lock file before you



launching GitHub Desktop and or your Visual Studio.



As an alternative, you may consider to:

- Stash changes,
- Move to another branch,
- · Move back,
- Apply stash, and
- Push again.

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edited Jun 2, 2021 at 7:03

answered Jun 2, 2021 at 6:57



nyedidikeke



There is a folder called **HEAD.lock** inside your git folder. **Delete** and retry to commit. that is work for me



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answered Nov 24, 2021 at 6:52



Tharindu Nilakshana **31** 2

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04/01/2024, 11:48



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