Thesauri for Map of Alliances

Medical Subject Headings (MeSH) <https://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/>. MeSH is the National Library of Medicine’s controlled vocabulary thesaurus. It consists of sets of terms naming descriptors in a hierarchical structure that permits searching at various levels of specificity. The MeSH thesaurus is used by NLM for indexing articles from 5,400 of the world’'s leading biomedical journals for the MEDLINE/PubMED database. It is also used for the NLM-produced database that includes cataloging of books, documents, and audiovisuals acquired by the Library.

The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) is the standard used by Federal statistical agencies in classifying business establishments for the purpose of collecting, analyzing, and publishing statistical data related to the U.S. business economy. [http://www.census.gov/eos/www/naics/](https://mail.textd.com/owa/redir.aspx?C=kevPpfj6rkmsFposnXaWQ4SDcCtHl9JI056DAuO3V2PINcQ5koQhAYfiXjOb2Xzk6dio2Ox898Q.&URL=http%3a%2f%2fwww.census.gov%2feos%2fwww%2fnaics%2f" \t "_blank)

Statistical classification of economic activities: European NACE codes. NACE rev. 2 <http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/products-manuals-and-guidelines/-/KS-RA-07-015> seems to be in hard copy. See also Eurostat RAMON - Reference And Management Of Nomenclatures <http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/ramon/nomenclatures/index.cfm?TargetUrl=LST_NOM_DTL&StrNom=NACE_REV2&StrLanguageCode=EN&IntPcKey=&StrLayoutCode=HIERARCHIC&CFID=12721637&CFTOKEN=9fa1f017d5f2811e-C999B956-E7EA-A517-3AB8BA746C9C60F5&jsessionid=f90060eefcba131dc3c6>

The Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) is the official source for assignment and management of Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) codes. <http://www.dlis.dla.mil/cage_welcome.asp>

The USITC (Office of Tariff Affairs and Trade Agreements) is responsible for publishing the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States Annotated (HTSA). The HTSA provides the applicable tariff rates and statistical categories for all merchandise imported into the United States. [http://www.usitc.gov/tata/hts/index.htm](https://mail.textd.com/owa/redir.aspx?C=kevPpfj6rkmsFposnXaWQ4SDcCtHl9JI056DAuO3V2PINcQ5koQhAYfiXjOb2Xzk6dio2Ox898Q.&URL=http%3a%2f%2fwww.usitc.gov%2ftata%2fhts%2findex.htm" \t "_blank) It is based on the international Harmonized System, the global system of nomenclature that is used to describe most world trade in goods.

The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission uses SIC codes. [http://www.sec.gov/info/edgar/siccodes.htm](https://mail.textd.com/owa/redir.aspx?C=kevPpfj6rkmsFposnXaWQ4SDcCtHl9JI056DAuO3V2PINcQ5koQhAYfiXjOb2Xzk6dio2Ox898Q.&URL=http%3a%2f%2fwww.sec.gov%2finfo%2fedgar%2fsiccodes.htm" \t "_blank) These indicate a company’s type of business.

The USP Dictionary of United States Adopted Names (USAN) and International Drug Names is the leading reference for nonproprietary drug names and chemical structures. In addition to USANs, the USP Dictionary provides International Nonproprietary Names (INNs), British Approved Names, Japanese Accepted Names, brand names, Unique Ingredient Identifier (UNII) codes, manufacturers, official USP–NF names, molecular weights, graphic formulas, pharmacologic and/or therapeutic categories, and pronunciations. ([http://www.usp.org/store/products-services/usp-dictionary](https://mail.textd.com/owa/redir.aspx?C=kevPpfj6rkmsFposnXaWQ4SDcCtHl9JI056DAuO3V2PINcQ5koQhAYfiXjOb2Xzk6dio2Ox898Q.&URL=http%3a%2f%2fwww.usp.org%2fstore%2fproducts-services%2fusp-dictionary" \t "_blank)). It is not free. Is it included in MeSH?

The NCI Thesaurus [http://ncit.nci.nih.gov/](https://mail.textd.com/owa/redir.aspx?C=kevPpfj6rkmsFposnXaWQ4SDcCtHl9JI056DAuO3V2PINcQ5koQhAYfiXjOb2Xzk6dio2Ox898Q.&URL=http%3a%2f%2fncit.nci.nih.gov%2f" \t "_blank) is scientific- rather than business-oriented.

The National Cancer Institute (NCI) Thesaurus covers vocabulary for clinical care, translational and basic research, and public information and administrative activities.

The USPTO glossary <http://www.uspto.gov/main/glossary/> seems to be no longer maintained.

Kompass (<http://www.kompass.com> ) has detailed manufacturing classifications but I presume these are proprietary. Thomson Reuters classifies organizations and subsidiaries (also proprietary).

Someone suggested contacting the ODI (open data institute, [http://opendatainstitute.org/](https://mail.textd.com/owa/redir.aspx?C=kevPpfj6rkmsFposnXaWQ4SDcCtHl9JI056DAuO3V2PINcQ5koQhAYfiXjOb2Xzk6dio2Ox898Q.&URL=http%3a%2f%2fopendatainstitute.org%2f" \t "_blank)). Might be worth looking at the Thomson Reuters white paper at <http://opendatainstitute.org/guides/data-identifiers-white-paper>

The WikiHyperGlossary <http://www.biomedcentral.com/content/pdf/s13321-015-0073-7.pdf>

A home-users’/literary thesaurus. [http://www.thesaurus.com/](https://mail.textd.com/owa/redir.aspx?C=kevPpfj6rkmsFposnXaWQ4SDcCtHl9JI056DAuO3V2PINcQ5koQhAYfiXjOb2Xzk6dio2Ox898Q.&URL=http%3a%2f%2fwww.thesaurus.com%2f" \t "_blank).

CrossMark also includes FundRef, a CrossRef initiative to standardise funding information. Readers will be able to see if research has been funded and if it has by whom. Funder names and identities will be consistent to remove any ambiguity.

Wendy A. Warr

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