

The Principles of HTC

OSG User School 2019 – Friday afternoon

Tim Cartwright
`cat@cs.wisc.edu`

University of Wisconsin–Madison
OSG User School Director
OSG Deputy Executive Director



We must adjust to changing times and still hold to unchanging principles.

- Attributed to former U.S. President Jimmy Carter, who attributed it to his high school teacher, Julia Coleman

Miron Livny



- Founder and leader of Condor Project since mid-1980s
- Now leads the Center for High Throughput Computing (CTHC)
- PI and Technical Director of OSG
- Coined term “high throughput computing”
- Has principled approach to HTC

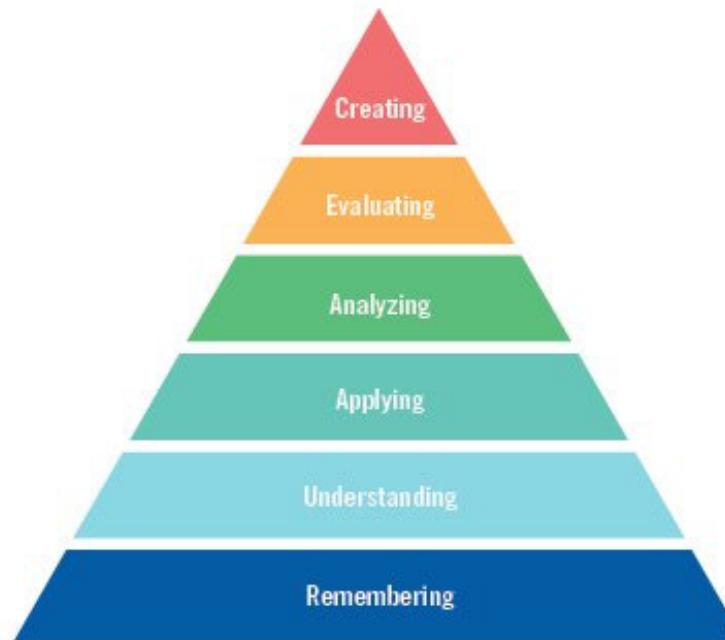


Open Science Grid

Why?

Why Now?

- People ask why this talk comes at the end
- 4 days ago, most of you knew little about HTC
- Then you were *engaged in doing* HTC for days
- **Now** you are ready to think abstractly about it

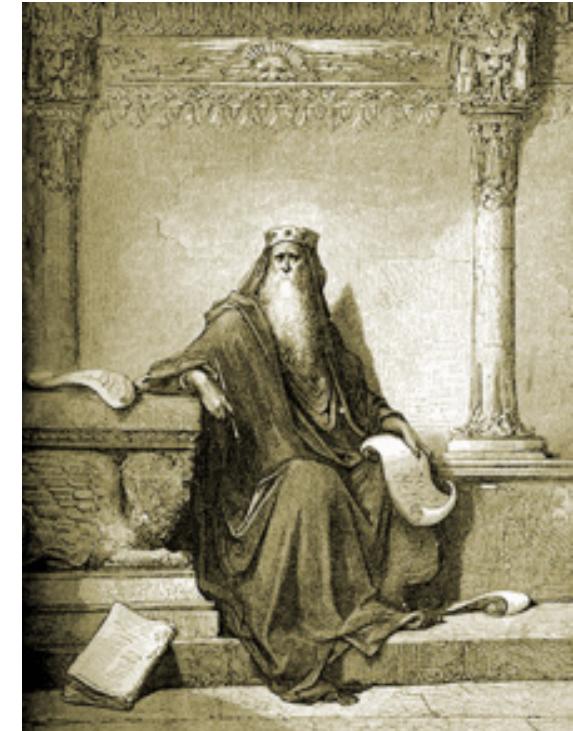


Why Talk About Principles?

What has been
is what will be,
and what has been done
is what will be done,
and *there is nothing new
under the sun.*

— Ecclesiastes 1:9 (ESV)

Attributed to Koheleth, who was Ecclesiastes or its author, often taken to be Solomon, son of David, king in Jerusalem, ~950 BCE

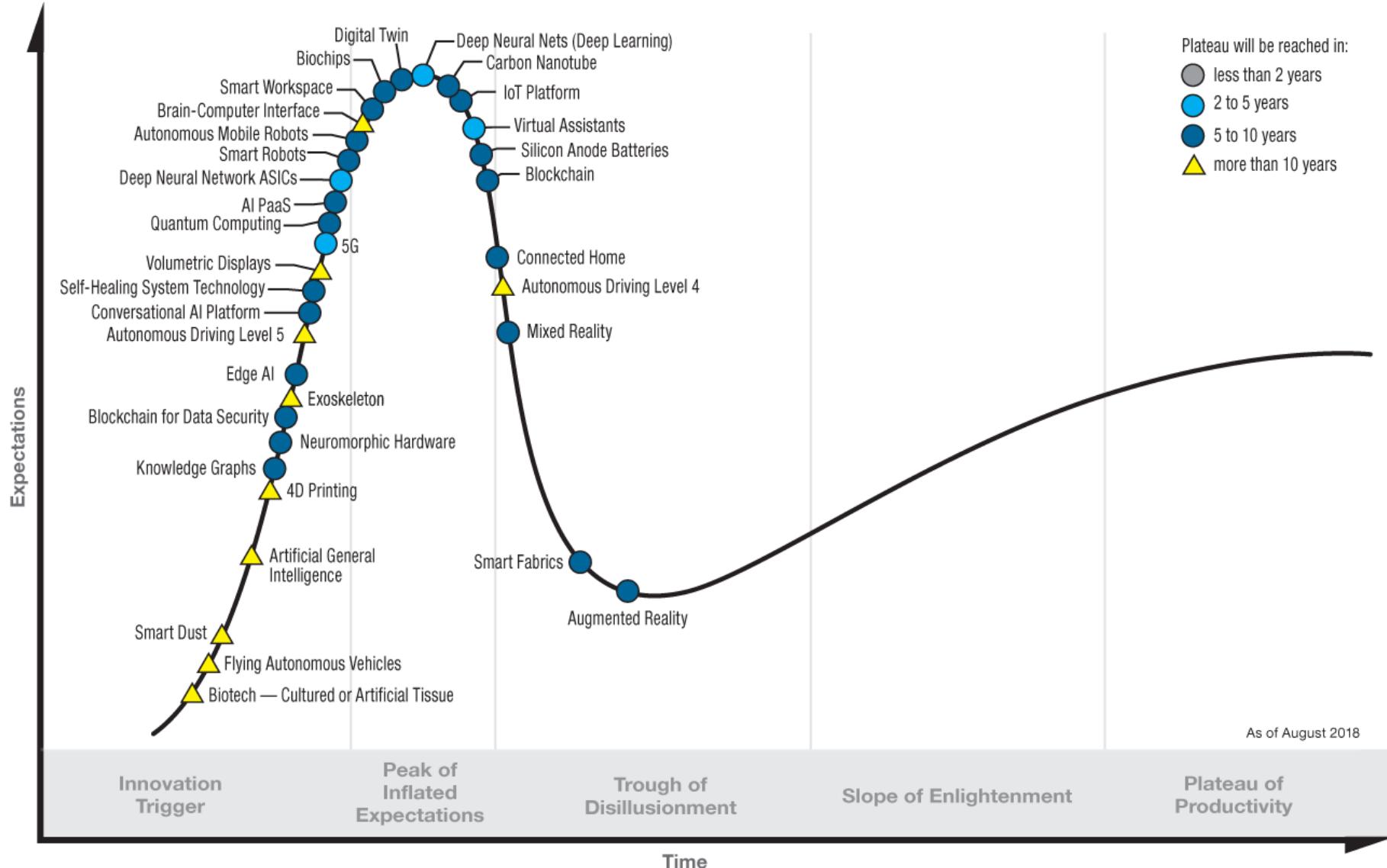


Ecclesiastes, קֶחֶלֶת (Kekhälət), Koheleth, "son of David, and king in Jerusalem," alias Solomon, wood engraving, Gustave Doré (1832–1883)



Open Science Grid

Gartner Hype Cycle



Source: <https://www.gartner.com/smarterwithgartner/5-trends-emerge-in-gartner-hype-cycle-for-emerging-technologies-2018/>

Recent Paradigm Shifts

1970s Computing capacity packaged and sold in small units



2000s Computing capacity available to lease by the minute



BUT: Principles haven't changed with these shifts!

A Brief History

- | | |
|------|--|
| 1983 | Miron Livny completes Ph.D. thesis |
| 1985 | First Condor deployment |
| 1992 | Completed run of 250,000 events |
| 1994 | LHC approved |
| 1996 | Introduced “High Throughput Computing” |
| 2000 | Start of Trillium project (PPD) |
| 2004 | Start of EGEE (Enabling Grids for E-sciences) |
| 2005 | Start of Open Science Grid |
| 2009 | LHC Run 1 begins |
| 2010 | <i>Perspectives on Grid Computing</i> |
| 2010 | Start of EGI (née European Grid Initiative) |
| 2012 | LHC detects Higgs boson |
| 2015 | LIGO detects first binary black hole merger |
| 2017 | First release of HTCondor Annex, to work with clouds |
| 2019 | 34 years and still going strong... |

I was doing Cloud computing way before people called it Grid computing.

– Attrib. to Miron Livny



Open Science Grid

Principles

What System Is This?

- ***Mystery System X***
 - ▶ Provides a *lot* of computing
 - ▶ Has high availability and reliability
 - ▶ Degrades gracefully
 - ▶ Spreads the workload automatically
 - ▶ Grows (and shrinks) easily when needed
 - ▶ Responds well to temporary overloads
 - ▶ Adapts easily to new uses
- HTCondor? OSG? Amazon EC2? Other Clouds?

Surprise!

- Those were all *promised* features!
- ... of distributed data processing systems
- ... from the 1970s!!!

(Adapted from: Enslow, P. H., Jr. (1978). What is a “distributed” data processing system? *Computer*, 11(1), 13–21. doi:10.1109/C-M.1978.217901)

- Sound like promises of today: HTC, grid, cloud

Criteria for Distributed Computing

- 1. Multiplicity of resources**
- 2. Component interconnection**
- 3. Unity of control**
- 4. System transparency**
- 5. Component autonomy**

Enslow, P. H., Jr., & Saponas, T. G. (1981). *Distributed and decentralized control in fully distributed processing systems: A survey of applicable models* (GIT-ICS-81/02). Georgia Institute of Technology.

Criteria for Distributed Computing

- 1. Multiplicity of resources**
- 2. Component interconnection**
- 3. Unity of control**
- 4. System transparency**
- 5. Component autonomy**

Enslow, P. H., Jr., & Saponas, T. G. (1981). *Distributed and decentralized control in fully distributed processing systems: A survey of applicable models* (GIT-ICS-81/02). Georgia Institute of Technology.

Principle #1

Unity of Control: All the components of the system should be **unified** in their desire to achieve a **common goal**. This goal will determine the rules according to which each of these elements will be controlled.

Principle #2

Component Autonomy: The components of the system... should be **autonomous** and are thus afforded the ability to refuse a request of service made by another element. However, in order to achieve the system's goals they have to interact in a **cooperative** manner and thus adhere to a common set of policies.

Unity vs. Autonomy

There are always trade-offs!

Autonomy => Ownership

- In 1985, HTCondor added the idea of *resource ownership* as a key extension to prior work in distributed computing
- Resources have owners, and those owners must have the ability to decide how their resources are used... or else!



Photo: Hayley Ringle, Phoenix Business Journal

Sharing Is Caring

Should I share my resource and, if I do,
with whom and when?



Image: Patrick Herrera

HTC Is Sharing

**HTC is about sharing across
many jobs,
many users,
many servers,
many sites, and
(potentially) long-running workflows.**

— Miron Livny

Sharing Leads to Community

**Now you have a
community of customers
who are motivated to share
and act as consumers,
providers, or both**

— Miron Livny

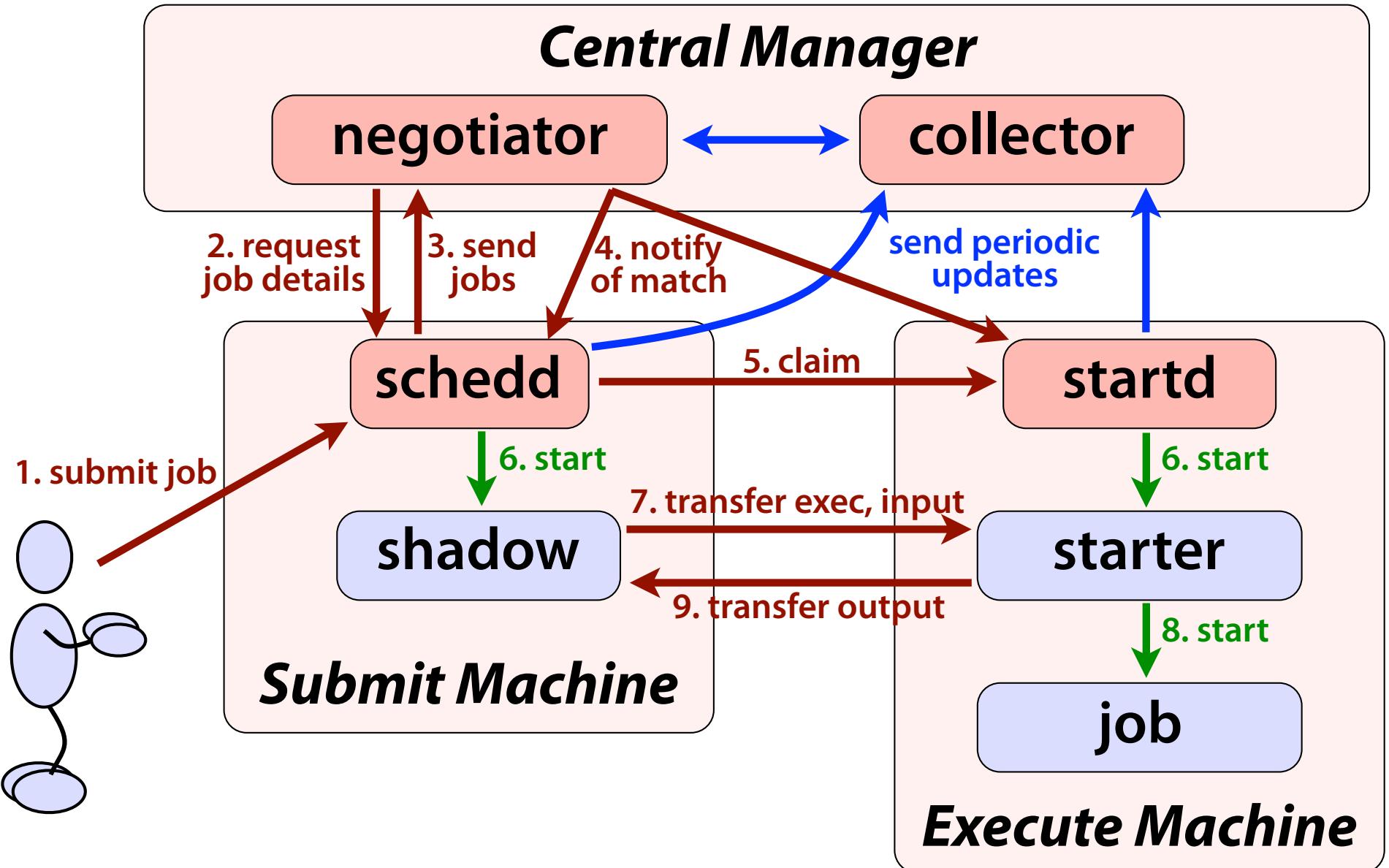
Principle #3

High Throughput Computing requires automation, as it is a 24-7-365 activity that scales well beyond human interaction

FLOPY \neq FLOPS \times (60 \times 60 \times 24 \times 365)

1 job \times 100 K Hrs \neq 100K jobs \times 1 Hr

Resource Acquisition & Job Delegation



System Maintenance

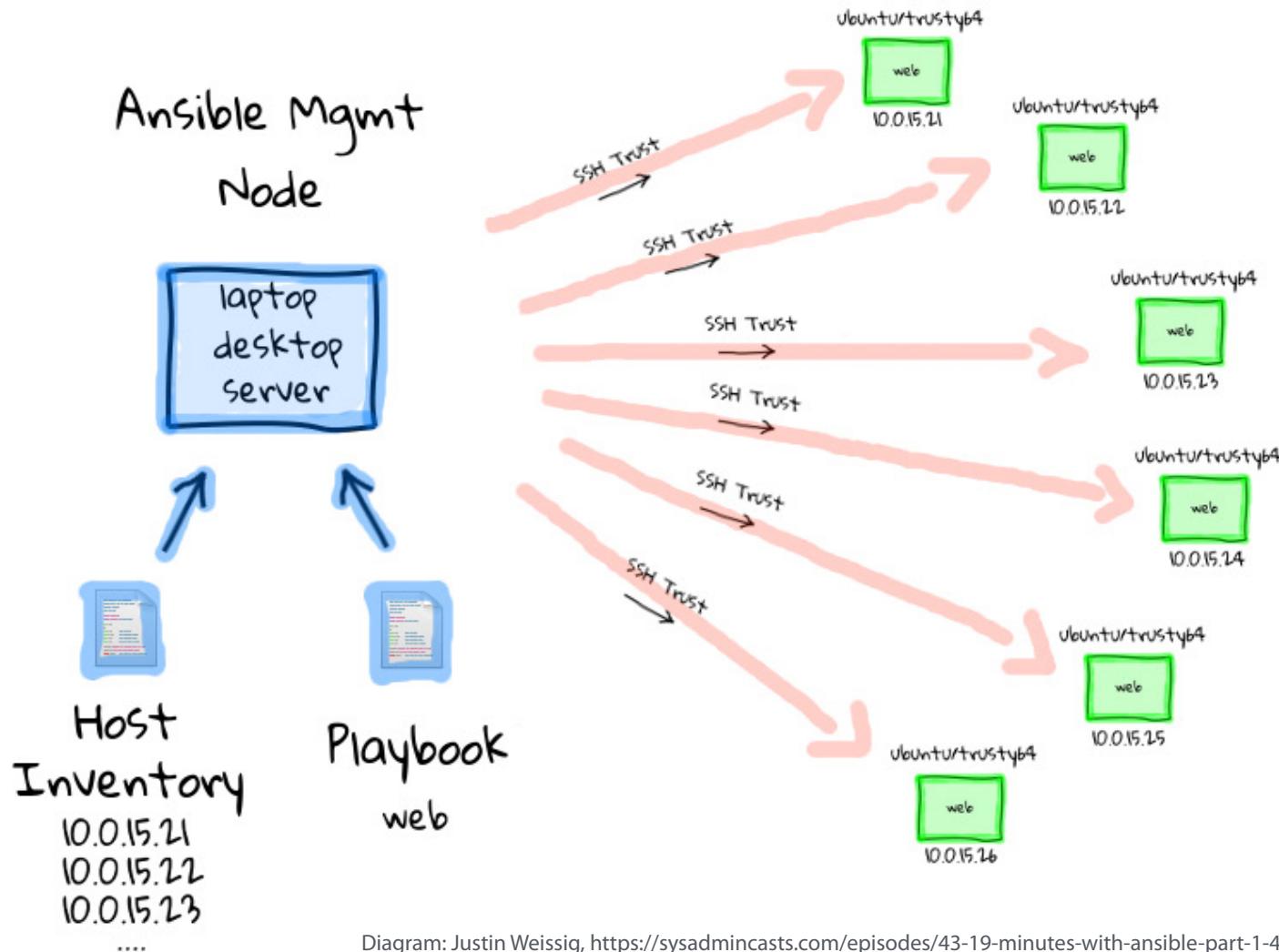
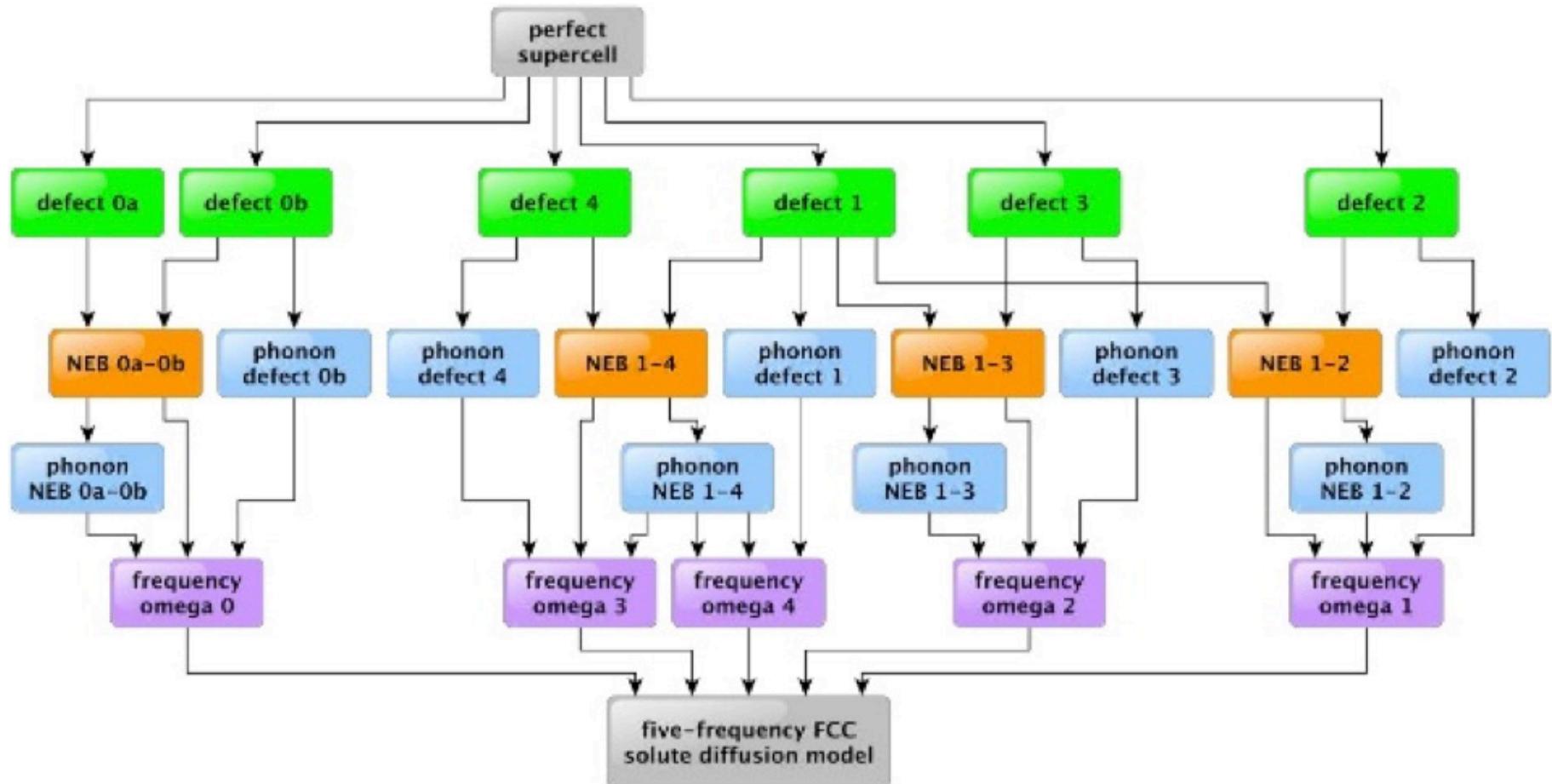


Diagram: Justin Weissig, <https://sysadmincasts.com/episodes/43-19-minutes-with-ansible-part-1-4>

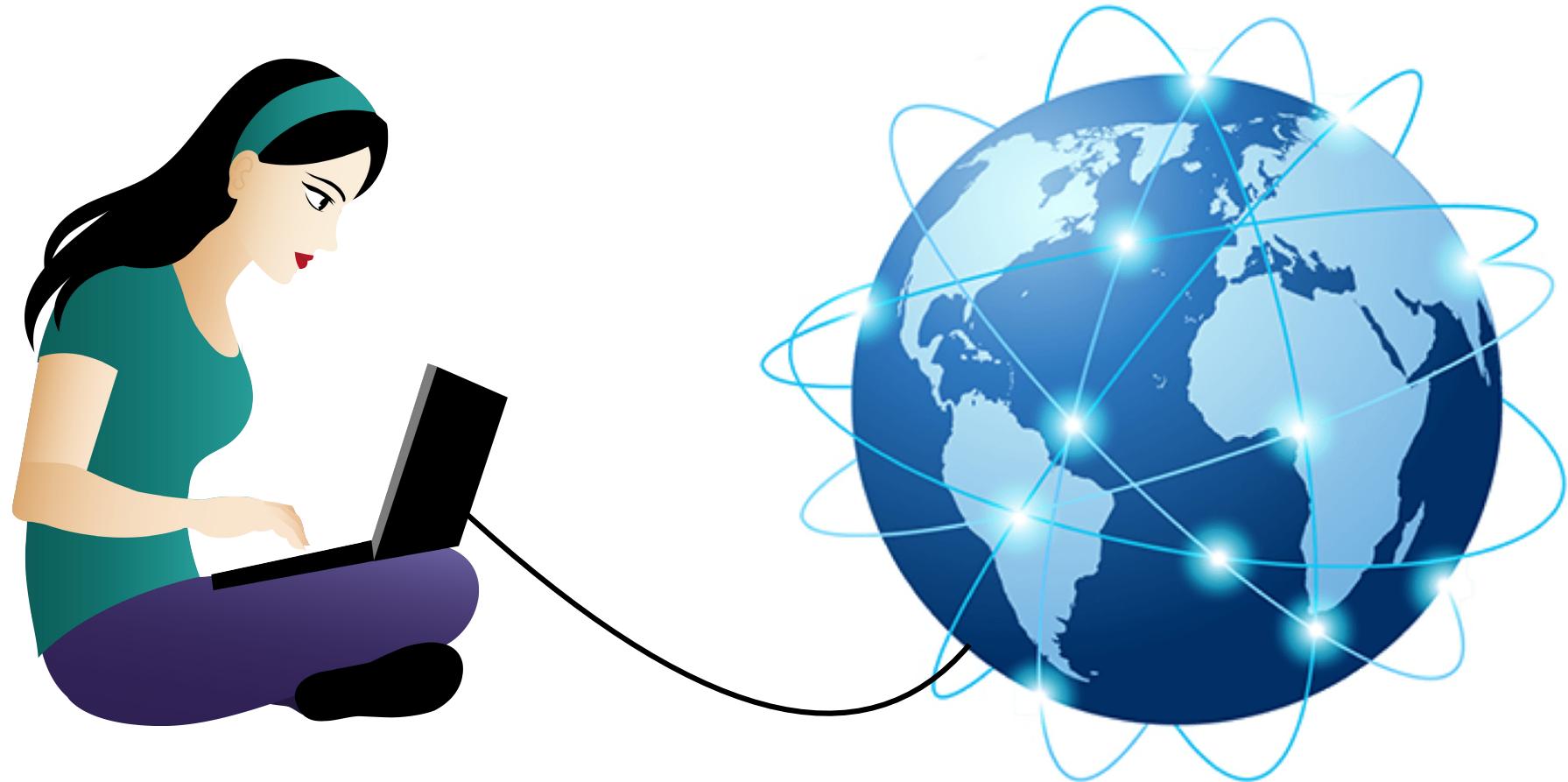
User Workflows



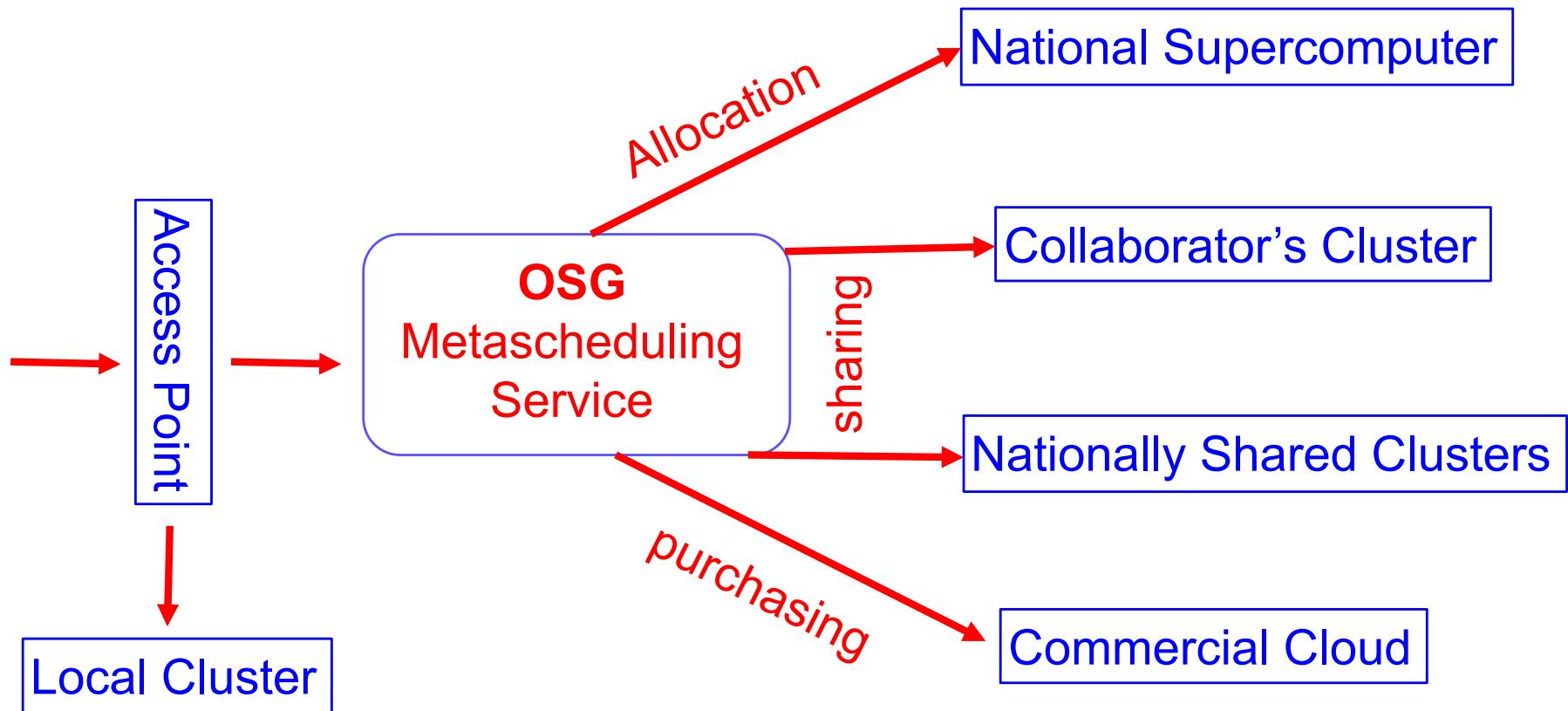
Source: Professor Dane Morgan, University of Wisconsin–Madison

Principle #4

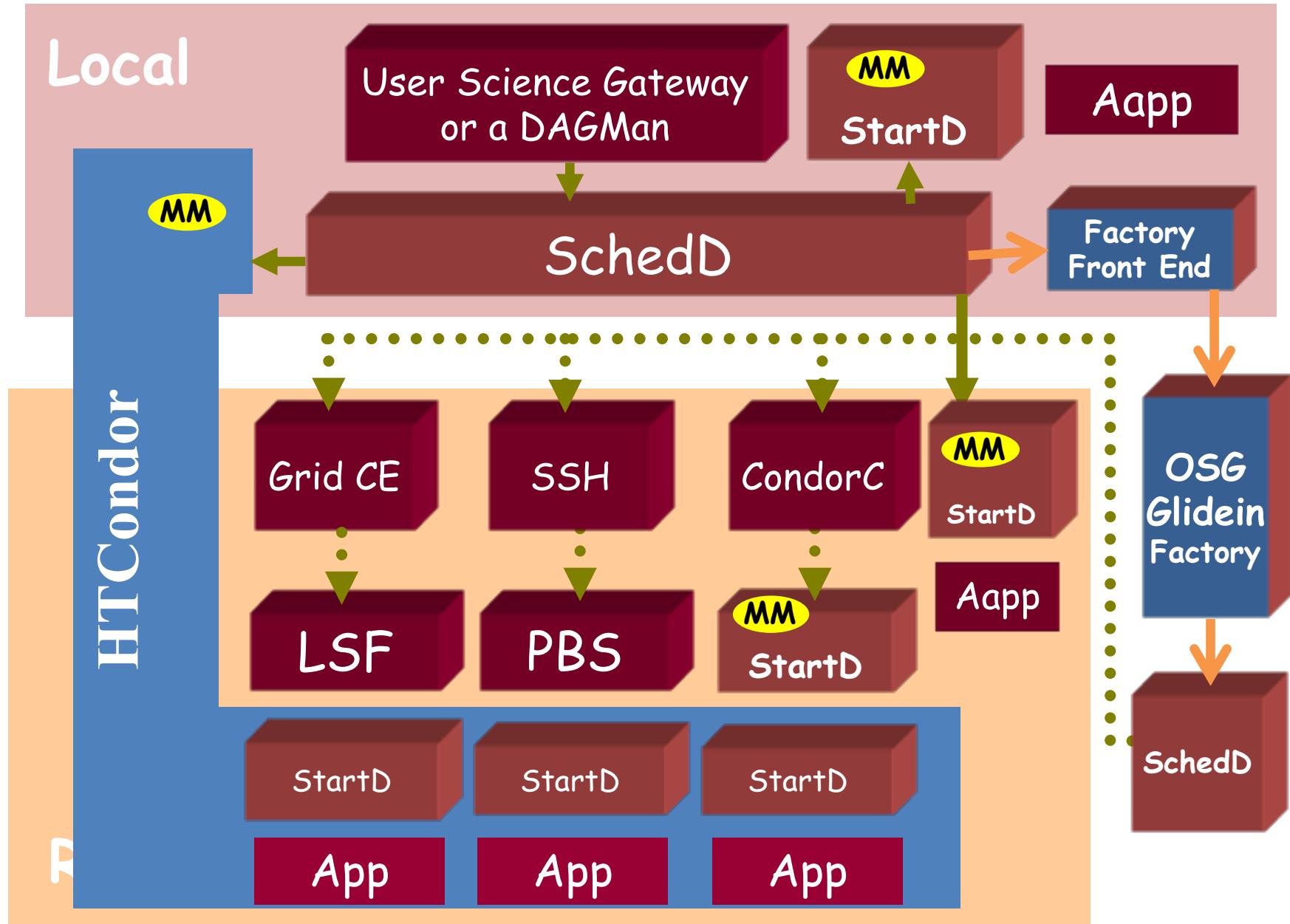
Submit locally, run globally



OSG Is Getting There...



... But It Is Still Complex ...



... And Takes a Lot of Care

Local site osgmon, check_mk										
state	Host	Icons	OK	Wa	Un	Cr	Pd			
UP	hcc-gracc-apel-itb.unl.edu		22	1	0	0	0			
UP	hcc-oasis-itb.unl.edu		25	0	0	1	0			
UP	hcc-oasis-login-itb.unl.edu		27	0	0	0	0			
UP	hcc-osg-collector2.unl.edu		19	0	0	0	0			
UP	hcc-osg-collector.unl.edu		20	0	0	0	0			
Local site osgmon, collectors										
state	Host	Icons	OK	Wa	Un	Cr	Pd			
UP	collector1.opensciencegrid.org		22	0	0	0	0			
UP	collector2.opensciencegrid.org		20	0	0	0	0			
Local site osgmon, cvmfs										
state	Host	Icons	OK	Wa	Un	Cr	Pd			
UP	hcc-cvmfs2.unl.edu		28	0	0	0	0			
UP	hcc-cvmfs-repo.unl.edu		59	0	1	2	0			
DOWN	hcc-cvmfs.unl.edu		29	0	0	2	0			
Local site osgmon, frontends										
state	Host	Icons	OK	Wa	Un	Cr	Pd			
UP	flock.opensciencegrid.org		32	0	0	0	0			
UP	gfactory-2.opensciencegrid.org		22	1	0	0	0			
DOWN	glidein2.ctc.wisc.edu		0	0	0	2	0			
DOWN	glidein3.ctc.wisc.edu		0	0	0	2	0			
UP	glidein-frontend-2.t2.ucsd.edu		22	0	0	0	0			
UP	glidein.unl.edu		23	0	0	0	0			
UP	osg-bnlvo-1.t2.ucsd.edu		0	0	0	2	0			
UP	osg-gluex-1.t2.ucsd.edu		21	0	0	0	0			
UP	osg-ligo-1.t2.ucsd.edu		21	0	0	0	0			
Local site osgmon, gracc-elastic										
state	Host	Icons	OK	Wa	Un	Cr	Pd			
UP	gracc-data1.anvil.hcc.unl.edu		21	0	0	0	0			
UP	gracc-data1.opensciencegrid.org		21	0	0	0	0			
UP	gracc-data2.anvil.hcc.unl.edu		21	0	0	0	0			
UP	gracc-data2.opensciencegrid.org		21	0	0	0	0			
Local site osgmon, hosted-ce										
state	Host	Icons	OK	Wa	Un	Cr	Pd			
UP	hosted-ce04.grid.uchicago.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
UP	hosted-ce07.grid.uchicago.edu		0	0	0	1	0			
UP	hosted-ce08.grid.uchicago.edu		0	0	0	1	0			
UP	hosted-ce10.grid.uchicago.edu		0	1	0	0	0			
UP	hosted-ce12.grid.uchicago.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
UP	hosted-ce13.grid.uchicago.edu		0	1	0	0	0			
UP	hosted-ce14.grid.uchicago.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
UP	hosted-ce15.grid.uchicago.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
UP	hosted-ce16.grid.uchicago.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
UP	hosted-ce18.grid.uchicago.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
UP	hosted-ce19.grid.uchicago.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
UP	hosted-ce20.grid.uchicago.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
UP	hosted-ce21.grid.uchicago.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
DOWN	hosted-ce22.grid.uchicago.edu		0	0	0	1	0			
UP	hosted-ce23.grid.uchicago.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
UP	hosted-ce24.grid.uchicago.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
UP	hosted-ce25.grid.uchicago.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
UP	hosted-ce26.grid.uchicago.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
UP	hosted-ce27.grid.uchicago.edu		0	1	0	0	0			
UP	hosted-ce28.grid.uchicago.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
UP	hosted-ce29.grid.uchicago.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
UP	pearc-ce-2.grid.uchicago.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
Local site osgmon, oasis										
state	Host	Icons	OK	Wa	Un	Cr	Pd			
UP	hcc-oasis-login.unl.edu		27	0	0	0	0			
UP	hcc-oasis.unl.edu		26	1	0	0	0			
UP	oasis-itb.opensciencegrid.org		24	1	0	0	0			
UP	oasis-login-itb.opensciencegrid.org		27	1	0	0	0			
UP	oasis-login.opensciencegrid.org		26	1	0	0	0			
UP	oasis.opensciencegrid.org		25	2	0	0	0			
Local site osgmon, repo										
state	Host	Icons	OK	Wa	Un	Cr	Pd			
UP	hcc-osg-repo.unl.edu		24	0	0	0	0			
UP	hcc-osg-software2.unl.edu		22	0	0	0	0			
Local site osgmon, stash-caches										
state	Host	Icons	OK	Wa	Un	Cr	Pd			
UP	its-condor-xrootd1.syr.edu		2	0	0	0	0			
UP	mwt2-stashcache.campuscluster.illinois.edu		0	0	0	2	0			
UP	stashcache.grid.uchicago.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
UP	xrd-cache-1.t2.ucsd.edu		2	0	0	0	0			
Local site osgmon, stash-origins										
state	Host	Icons	OK	Wa	Un	Cr	Pd			
UP	hcc-stashcache-origin.unl.edu		23	1	0	0	0			
UP	origin.ligo.caltech.edu		1	0	0	0	0			
UP	stash.osgconnect.net		1	0	0	0	0			
UP	stashcache.fnal.gov		1	0	0	0	0			
Local site osgmon, stash-redirectors										
state	Host	Icons	OK	Wa	Un	Cr	Pd			
UP	hcc-osg-redirector1.unl.edu		20	0	0	0	0			
UP	hcc-osg-redirector2.unl.edu		26	0	0	0	0			
UP	redirector.osgstorage.org		2	0	0	0	0			
Local site osgmon, topology										
state	Host	Icons	OK	Wa	Un	Cr	Pd			
UP	hcc-osg-topology2.unl.edu		24	0	0	0	0			
UP	hcc-osg-topology.unl.edu		22	0	0	0	0			
Local site osgmon, xrootd										
state	Host	Icons	OK	Wa	Un	Cr	Pd			
UP	xd-login.opensciencegrid.org		39	0	0	0	0			
UP	xrootd-itb.unl.edu		28	0	0	0	0			
UP	xrootd-local.unl.edu		28	0	0	0	0			
UP	xrootd-mon.unl.edu		22	0	0	0	0			
UP	xrootd.unl.edu		26	2	0	0	0			

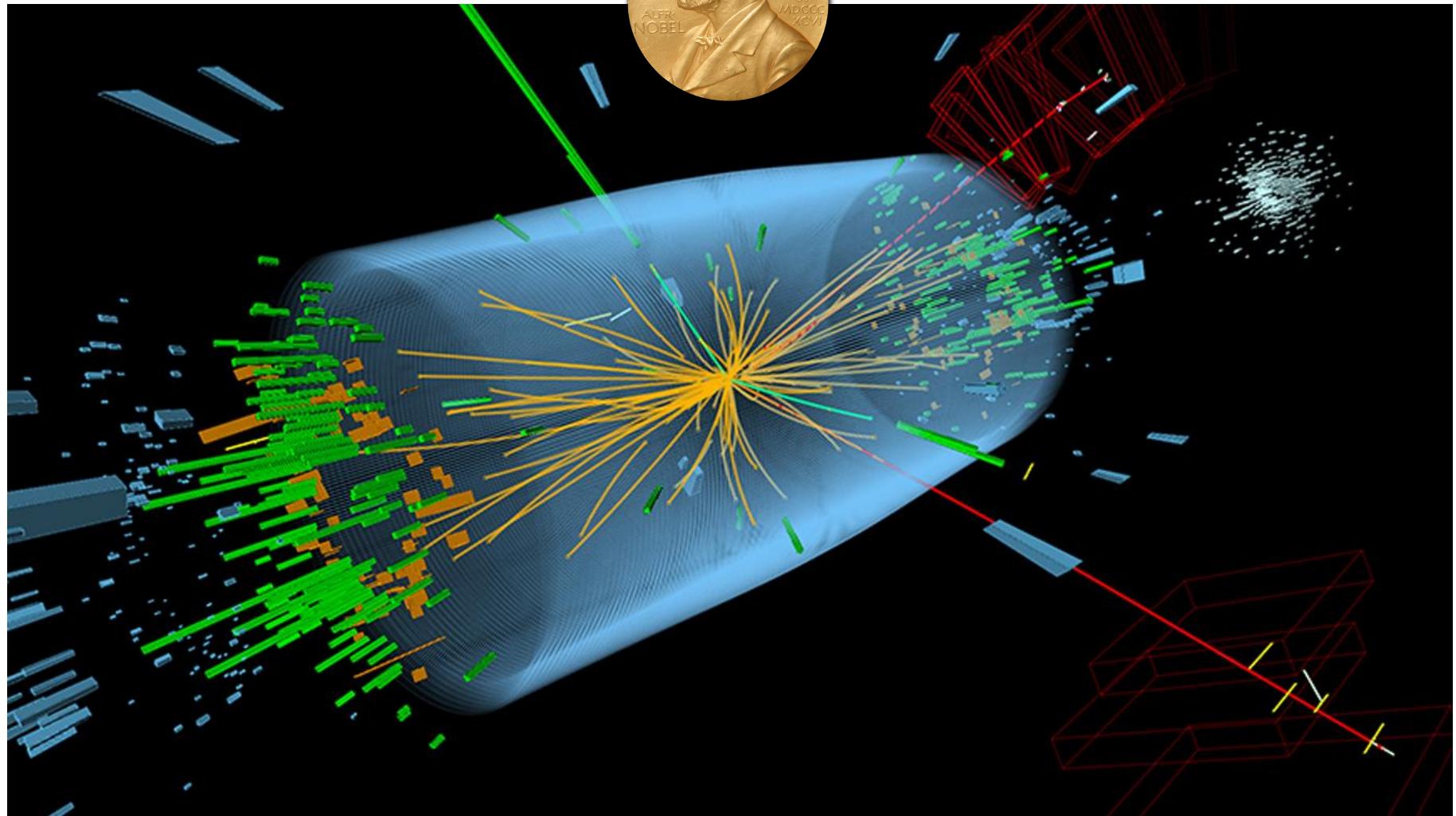


The Most Important Principle

Principle #5

Focus on the needs and expectations of researchers

Large Hadron Collider

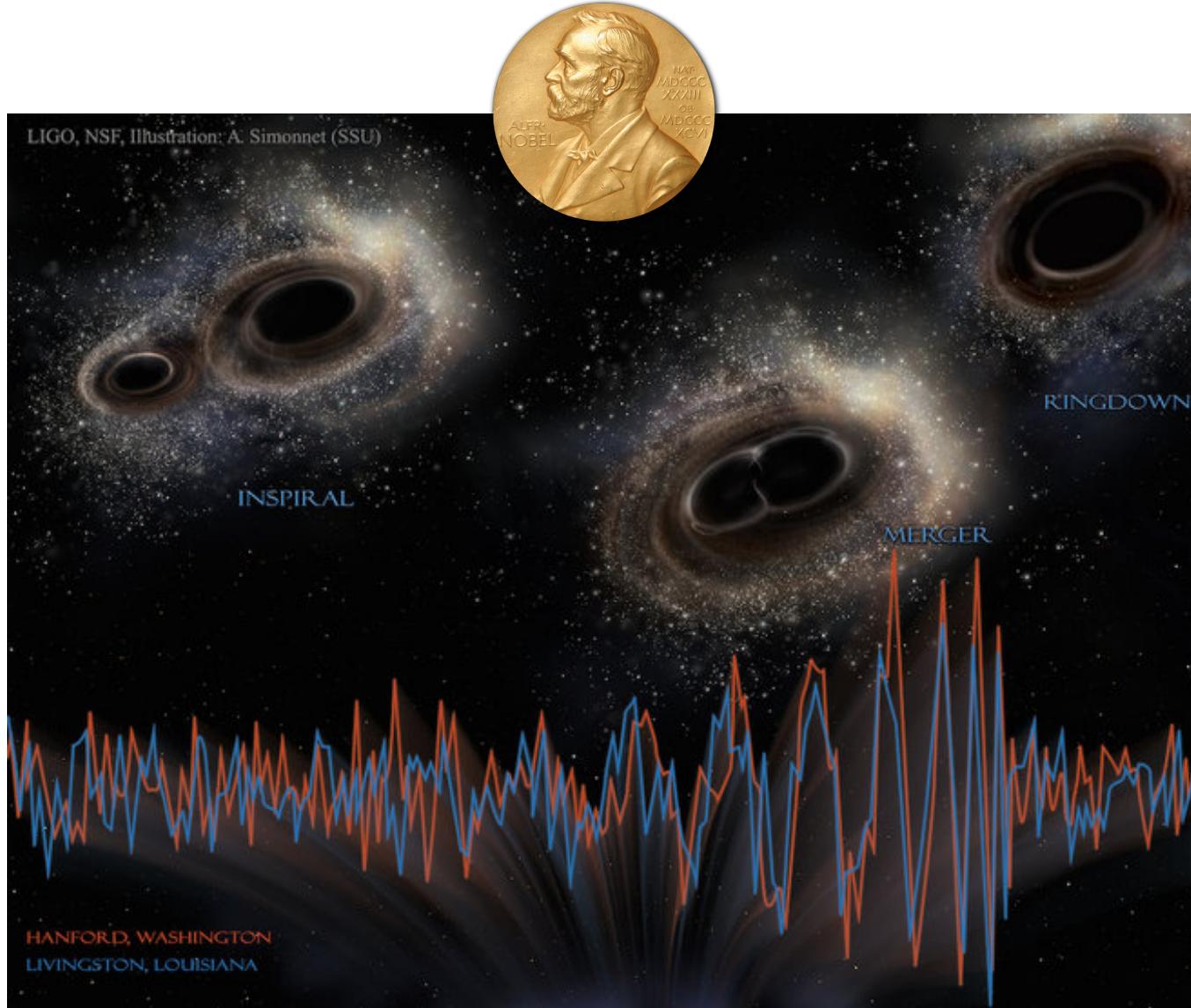


Source: University of Chicago



Open Science Grid

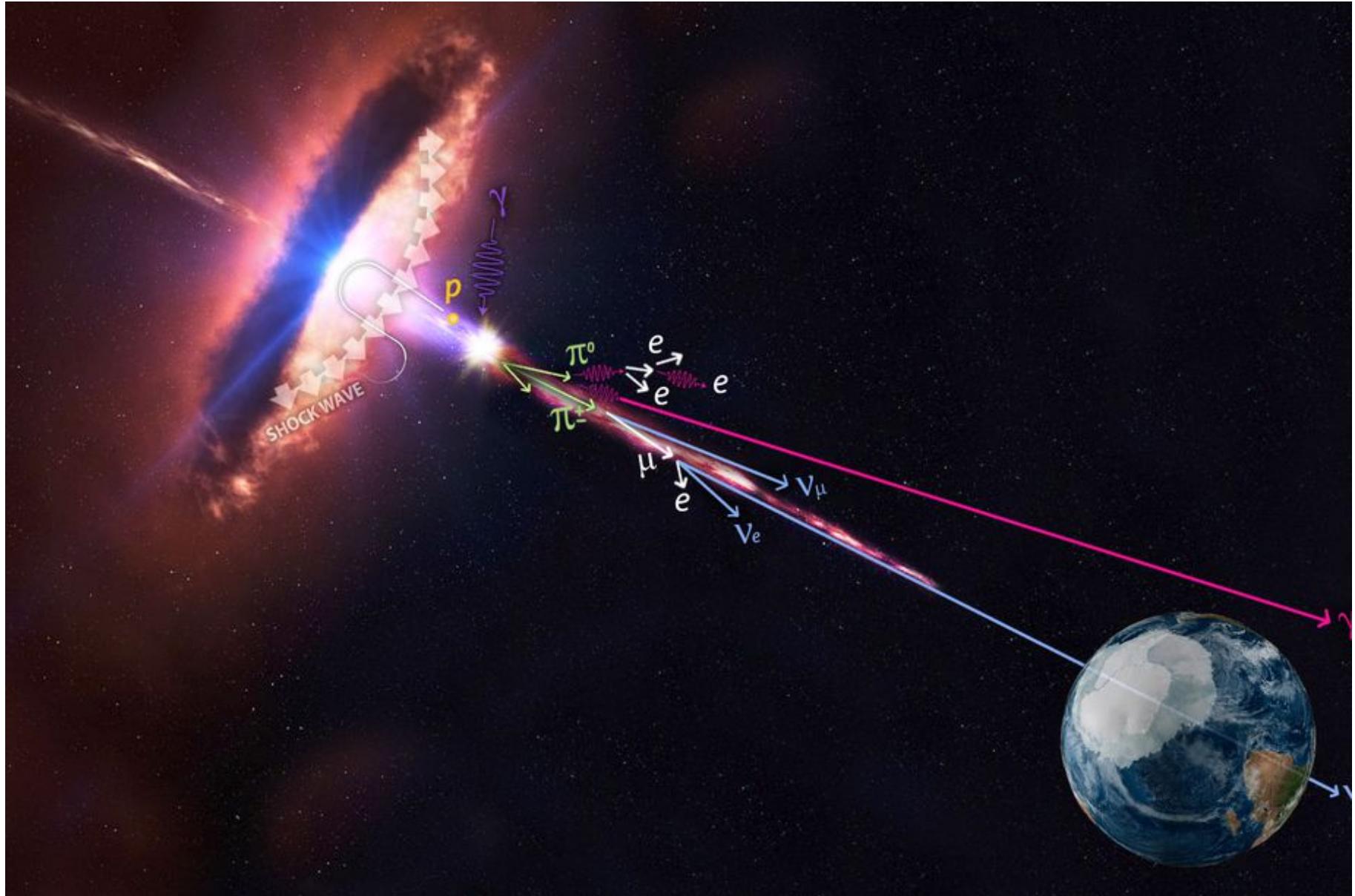
LIGO



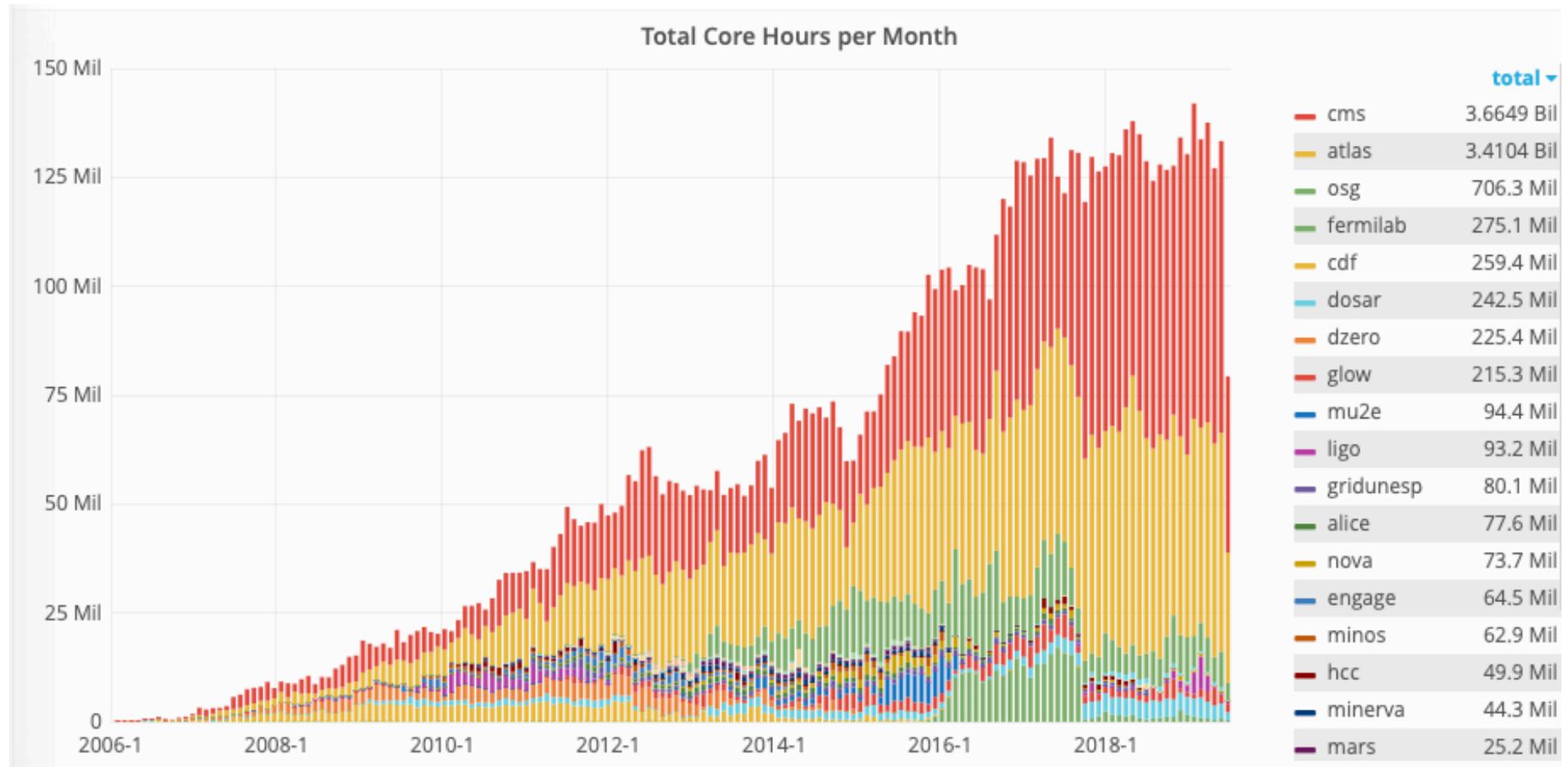


Open Science Grid

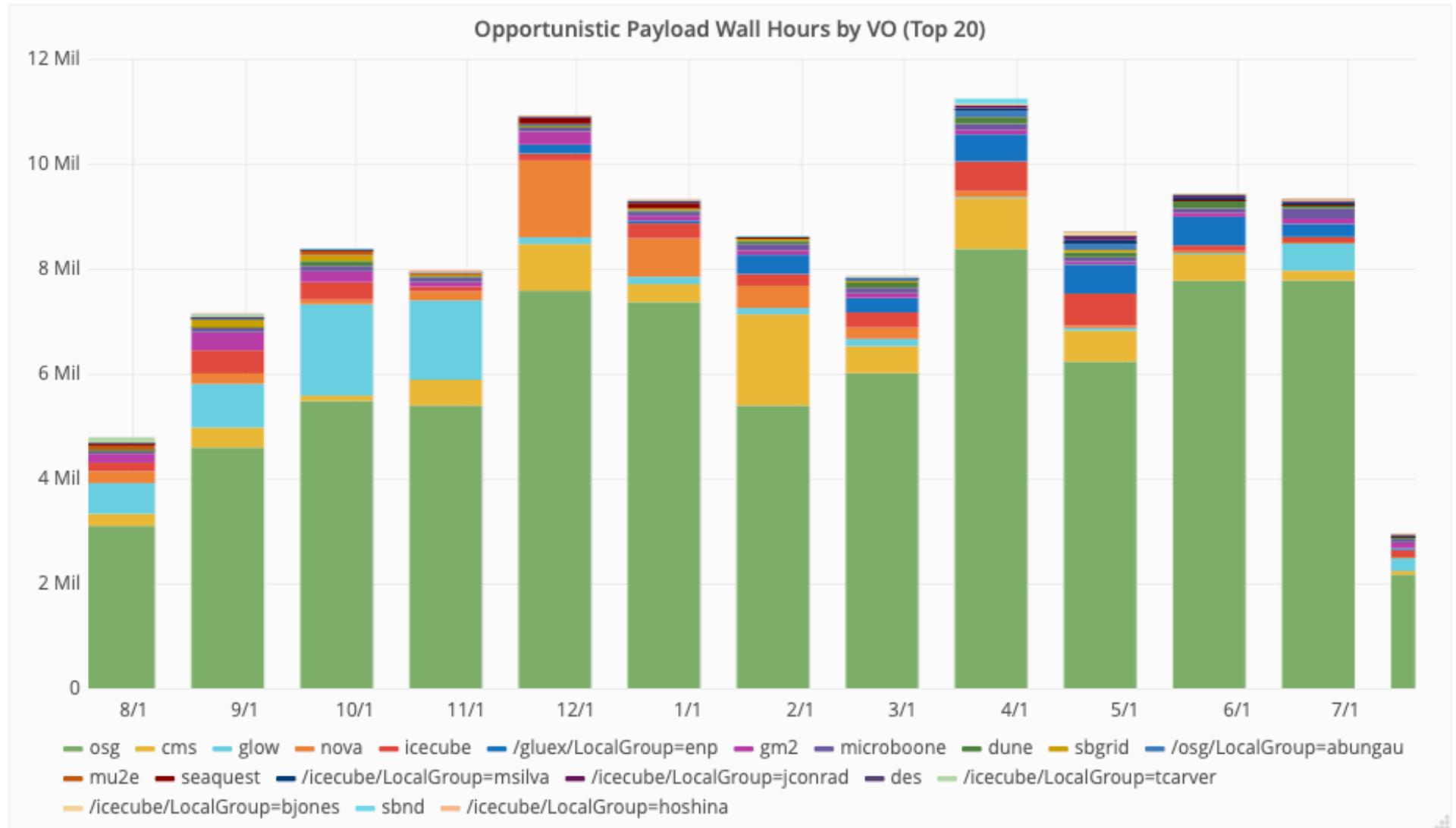
IceCube



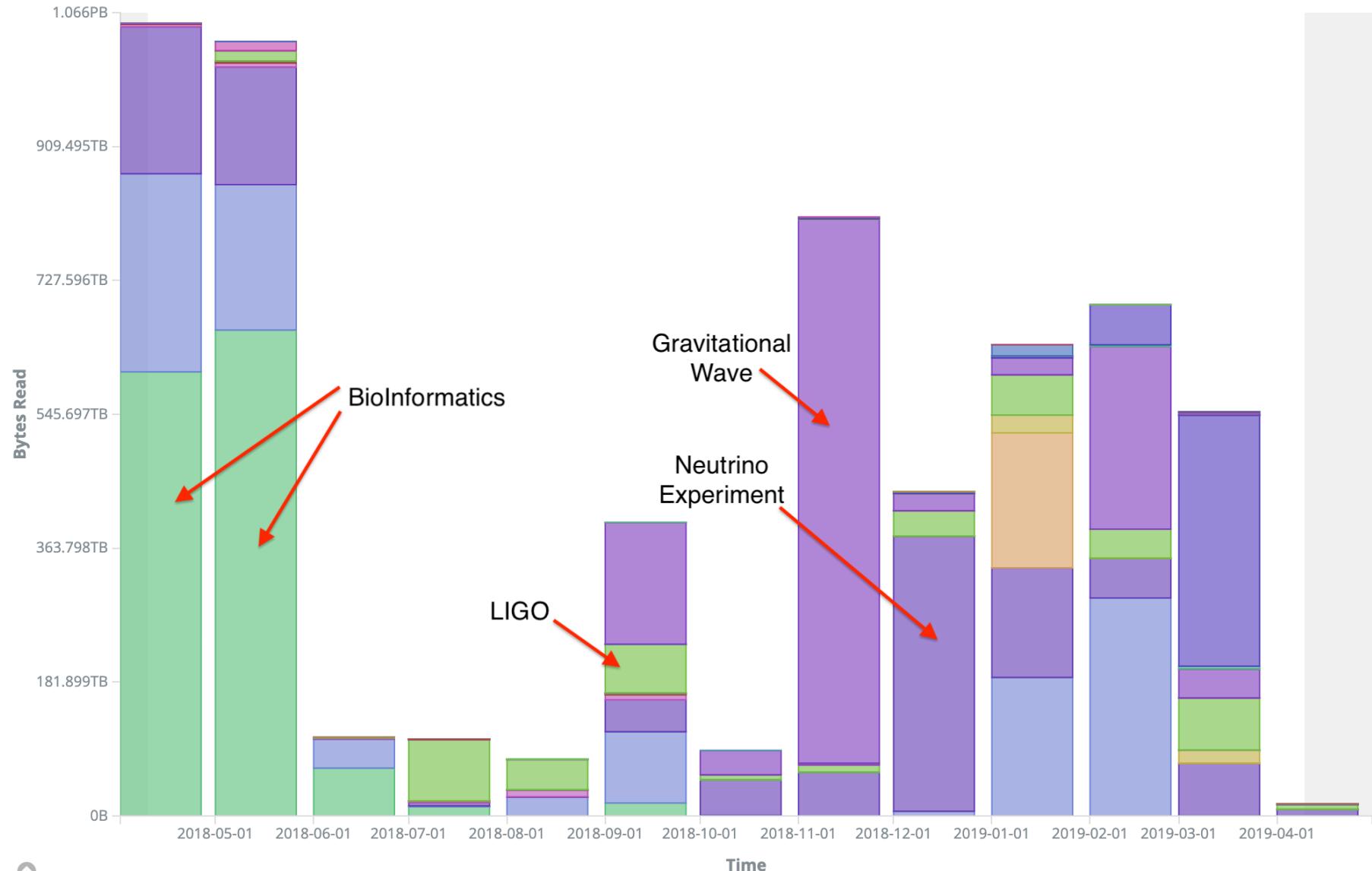
Computing for All of Science



Computing for All of Science



StashCache Data Transfers



Has Anyone Noticed?

- "... many fields today **rely on high-throughput computing for discovery.**" (p. 2)
- "**Recommendation 2.2.** NSF should ... broaden the accessibility and utility of these large-scale platforms by **allocating high-throughput as well as high-performance workflows** to them." (p. 3)

National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine. (2016). *Future Directions for NSF Advanced Computing Infrastructure to Support U.S. Science and Engineering in 2017–2020*. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press. <https://doi.org/10.17226/21886>.

HTC Beyond Research



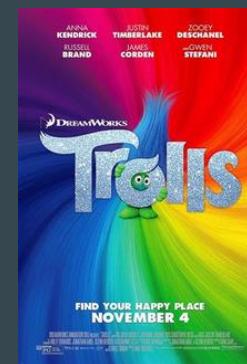
HTCondor at **DREAMWORKS**

...

Collin Mehring

DreamWorks

Using HTCondor Since 2011



Who's Next?



How to Work With Us

- We are driven by user needs and expectations, plus our principles
- So push us to help make your research possible
- And we may push on you to take your work even further!

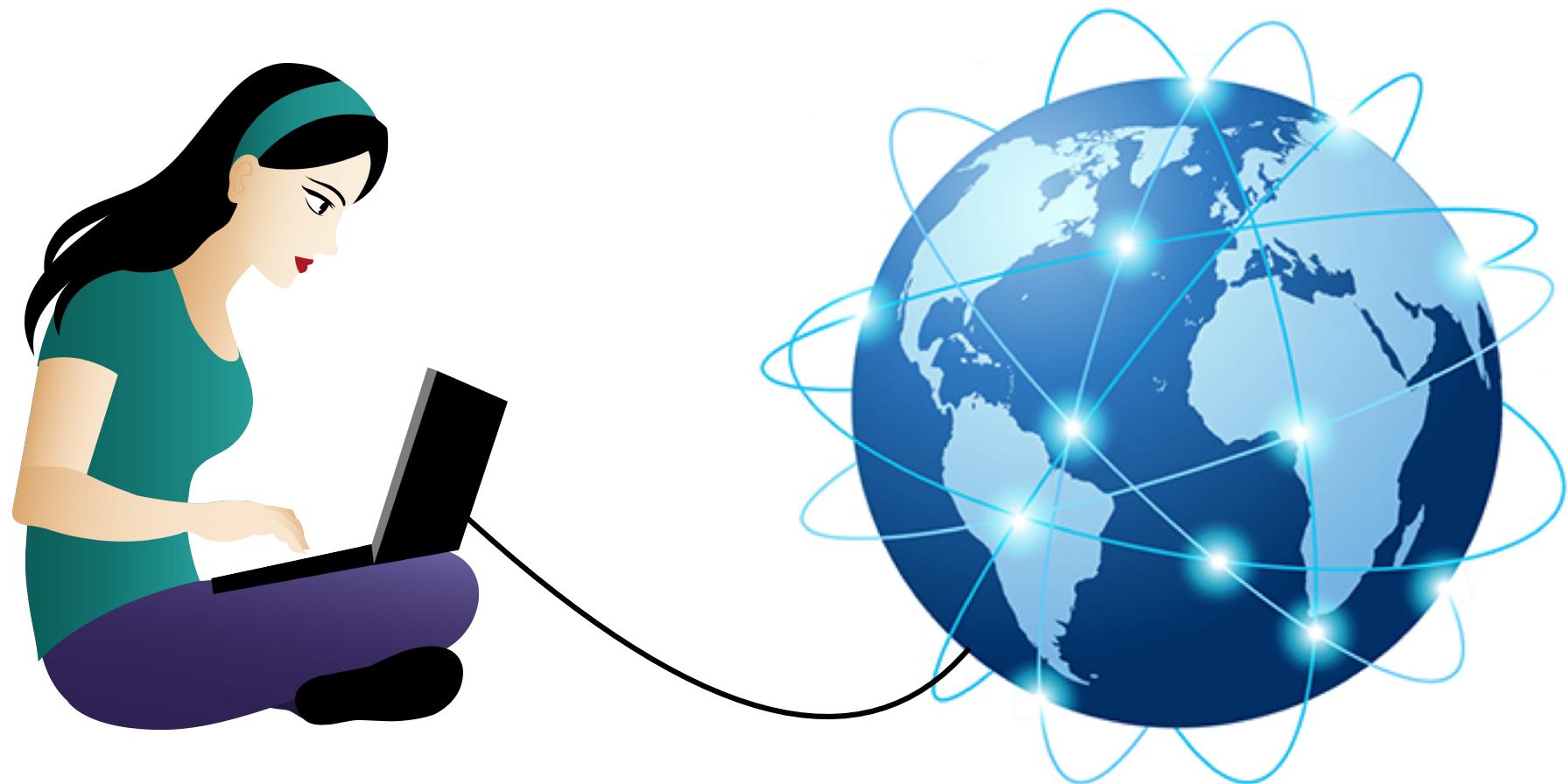


Photo: SafetySign.com

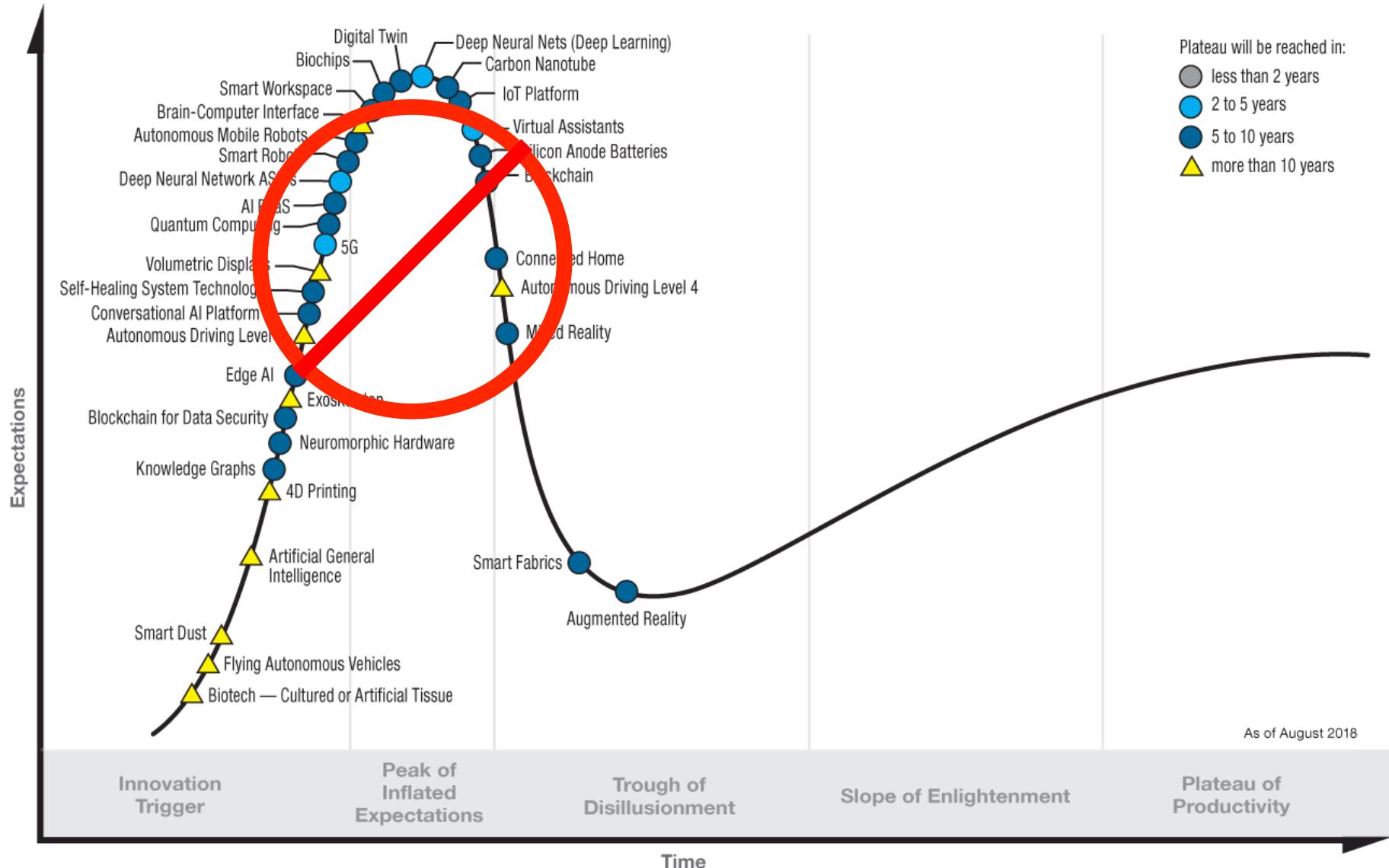


Conclusions

Submit Locally, Run Globally



Temper Hype With Principles



Be Part of the Community





Open Science Grid

Thank You!