

## 6 Magic Mock

### MagicMock

Mock objects don't implement [magic methods](#) by default. Magic methods are special methods used to allow objects to leverage different language features.

#### Magic method example:

```
1 class ImNumeric:
2     def __init__(self, number):
3         self.number = number
4     def __int__(self):
5         return self.number
6 # Implementing the __int__ magic method allows the object to
7 # be converted to an int using the built-in int callable.
8 assert int(ImNumeric(100)) == 100
9 #####
10 print('No assertion errors')
```

The unittest.mock module includes a mock called [MagicMock](#) which implements many commonly used magic methods.

```
1 from unittest.mock import call, MagicMock, Mock
2 mock = Mock()
3 # Invoke a magic method by passing the mock object to the int c
4 # int will check the provided object for a method named __int__
5 try:
6     # Because mock doesn't implement magic methods this code wi
7     # The following call produces:
8     # TypeError: int() argument must be a string, a bytes-like
9     int(mock)
10 except TypeError:
11     print('Mock objects do not implement magic methods by defau
12 # MagicMock is Mock with the addition of some default values fo
13 mock = MagicMock()
```

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```
12 # MagicMock is Mock with the addition of some default values
13 mock = MagicMock()
14 # MagicMock returns a default int of 1
15 assert int(mock) == 1
16 # Assertions can be made against magic methods.
17 mock.__int__.assert_called_once()
18 # Values can be changed by setting the return_value of a specific
19 mock.__int__.return_value = 5_000
20 assert int(mock) == 5_000
21 # MagicMock returns a default length of 0
22 assert len(mock) == 0
23 mock.__len__.return_value = 10
24 assert len(mock) == 10
25 # MagicMock returns a default float of 1.0
26 assert float(mock) == 1.0
27 mock.__float__.return_value = 3.14
28 assert float(mock) == 3.14
29 # MagicMock returns a default bool of True
30 assert bool(mock)
31 mock.__bool__.return_value = False
32 assert not bool(mock)
33 # MagicMock returns a default value of False when searching a string
34 assert ':' not in mock
35 mock.__contains__.return_value = True
36 assert ':' in mock
37 # MagicMock returns an empty list by default
38 assert list(mock) == []
39 mock.__iter__.return_value = ['a', 'b', 'c']
40 assert list(mock) == ['a', 'b', 'c']
41 # Calling MagicMock objects is mostly the same as Mock.
42 # With an exception for calls made to magic methods.
43 # MagicMock tracks calls made to magic methods independently.
44 # Reset the mock to start with zero calls.
45 mock.reset_mock()
46 # Call the mock.__int__ method via the built-in int callable.
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```
45 mock.reset_mock()
46 # Call the mock.__int__ method via the built-in int callable.
47 # Call 1.)
48 int(mock)
49 # The method_calls property stores calls to methods and attributes.
50 # Calls to magic methods don't appear in the method_calls attribute.
51 assert mock.method_calls == []
52 # The mock_calls attribute tracks calls to:
53 # - A mock object
54 # - A mock object's methods
55 # - A mock object's magic methods
56 assert mock.mock_calls == [call.__int__()]
57 # Call 2.)
58 mock.fake_method('a')
59 # Call 3.)
60 mock('b')
61 # method_calls contains only the method call from: Call 2.
62 assert mock.method_calls == [call.fake_method('a')]
63 # mock_calls contains all three calls.
64 assert mock.mock_calls == [call.__int__(), call.fake_method('a'),
65 #####
66 print('No assertion errors')
```

#### Instructions

1. Arrange the **playground.py** file to match the code above.
2. Run **playground.py** in the IDE's terminal pane.

```
1 python3 cloudacademy/playground.py
```

```
Mock objects do not implement magic methods by default.
No assertion errors
```

★ Proceed to the next step ★

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