```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
int main() {
  int choice;
  char msg[1000], old_name[20], new_name[20], source_file[20], target_file[20];
  FILE *file, *source, *target;
  printf("\n1. Create File and Write data\n2. Read the data\n3. Rename File\n4. Copy Data of File to
another\nEnter The Choice: ");
  scanf("%d", &choice);
  switch (choice) {
    case 1:
      file = fopen("program2.txt", "w");
      if (file == NULL) {
         printf("Error opening file!");
         exit(1);
      }
      printf("Enter message: ");
      fgets(msg, sizeof(msg), stdin);
      fprintf(file, "%s", msg);
      fclose(file);
      break;
    case 2:
      file = fopen("program2.txt", "r");
      if (file == NULL) {
         printf("Error opening file!");
         exit(1);
      }
```

```
fscanf(file, "%[^\n]", msg);
      printf("Message Is: %s", msg);
      fclose(file);
      break;
    case 3:
      printf("\nEnter old file name: ");
      scanf("%s", old_name);
      printf("\nEnter new file name: ");
      scanf("%s", new_name);
      if (rename(old_name, new_name) == 0) {
         printf("File renamed successfully.\n");
      } else {
         printf("Unable to rename file. Please check if the file exists and you have permission to
modify it.\n");
      }
      break;
    case 4:
      printf("Enter name of file to copy: ");
      scanf("%s", source_file);
      source = fopen(source_file, "r");
      if (source == NULL) {
         printf("Unable to open source file. Exiting.\n");
         exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
      }
      printf("Enter name of target file: ");
      scanf("%s", target_file);
      target = fopen(target_file, "w");
      if (target == NULL) {
         printf("Unable to open target file. Exiting.\n");
         exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
      }
```

```
while ((choice = fgetc(source)) != EOF) {
         fputc(choice, target);
      }
      printf("File copied successfully.\n");
      fclose(source);
      fclose(target);
      break;
    default:
      printf("Invalid choice.\n");
      break;
  }
  return 0;
}
//Program 2
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX 100
int main() {
  int Arrival_time[MAX], Burst_time[MAX], Completion_time[MAX],
    Turn_Around_time[MAX], Waiting_time[MAX],
    Average_Turn_Around_time = 0, Average_Waiting_time = 0, i, j;
  printf("Enter the number of processes: ");
  scanf("%d", &j);
  // Input arrival time and burst time for each process
  for (i = 0; i < j; i++) {
```

```
printf("Enter Arrival Time for Process %d: ", i + 1);
  scanf("%d", &Arrival_time[i]);
  printf("Enter Burst Time for Process %d: ", i + 1);
  scanf("%d", &Burst_time[i]);
}
// Calculate completion time for each process
Completion_time[0] = Burst_time[0];
for (i = 1; i < j; i++) {
  Completion_time[i] = Completion_time[i - 1] + Burst_time[i];
}
// Calculate turn around time and waiting time for each process
for (i = 0; i < j; i++) {
  Turn_Around_time[i] = Completion_time[i] - Arrival_time[i];
  Waiting_time[i] = Turn_Around_time[i] - Burst_time[i];
  Average_Waiting_time += Waiting_time[i];
  Average_Turn_Around_time += Turn_Around_time[i];
}
// Print table header
printf("\nProcess\tArrival(T)\tBurst(T)\tCompletion(T)\tTurn-Around(T)\tWaiting(T)");
// Print details for each process
for (i = 0; i < j; i++) {
  printf("\nP[%d]\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t\t%d\t
      i + 1, Arrival_time[i], Burst_time[i], Completion_time[i],
      Turn Around time[i], Waiting time[i]);
}
// Calculate and print average turn around time and average waiting time
```

```
printf("\n\nAverage Turn Around Time: %.2f", (float)Average_Turn_Around_time / j);
 printf("\nAverage Waiting Time: %.2f\n", (float)Average_Waiting_time / j);
 return 0;
}
// Practical -: 03 TITLE: - Producer-Consumer problem using
semaphores
#include <stdio.h>
void main() {
int buffer[10], bufsize, in, out, produce, consume, choice = 0;
in = 0;
out = 0;
bufsize = 10;
while (choice != 3) {
printf("\n1. Produce \t2. Consume \t3. Exit");
printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
scanf("%d", &choice);
switch (choice) {
case 1:
if ((in + 1) % bufsize == out)
printf("\nBuffer is Full");
else {
printf("\nEnter the value: ");
scanf("%d", &produce);
buffer[in] = produce;
in = (in + 1) % bufsize;
}
break;
case 2:
if (in == out)
printf("\nBuffer is Empty");
else {
consume = buffer[out];
printf("\nThe consumed value is %d", consume);
out = (out + 1) % bufsize;
break;
}
}
/* void main() {
int buffer[10], bufsize, in, out, produce, consume, choice=0;
int = 0;
out = 0;
buffsize = 10;
while (choice !=3) {
```

```
printf("\n1. Produce \t2. Consume \t3. Exit");
printf("\nEnter your choice: ");
scanf("%d", &choice);
}
}
* /
//program 4
#include <stdio.h>
#define max 25
int main() {
  int frag[max], b[max], f[max], i, j, nb, nf, temp;
  static int bf[max] = {0}, ff[max] = {0}; // Initialize arrays
  printf("\n\tMemory Management Scheme - First Fit");
  printf("\nEnter the number of blocks: ");
  scanf("%d", &nb);
  printf("Enter the number of files: ");
  scanf("%d", &nf);
  printf("\nEnter the size of the blocks:\n");
  for (i = 1; i <= nb; i++) {
    printf("Block %d: ", i);
    scanf("%d", &b[i]);
  }
  printf("Enter the size of the files:\n");
  for (i = 1; i <= nf; i++) {
    printf("File %d: ", i);
    scanf("%d", &f[i]);
  }
```

```
for (i = 1; i <= nf; i++) {
   for (j = 1; j \le nb; j++) {
     if (bf[j] != 1) {
       temp = b[j] - f[i];
       if (temp >= 0) {
         ff[i] = j;
         break;
       }
     }
   }
   frag[i] = temp;
   bf[ff[i]] = 1;
  }
  printf("\nFile\_no:\tFile\_size:\tBlock\_no:\tBlock\_size:\tFragment\n");
  for (i = 1; i <= nf; i++) {
   }
  return 0;
}
// Practical -: 05 TITLE: - Sequential File allocation
strategies
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
struct fileTable {
  char name[20];
  int sb, nob;
} ft[30];
int main() {
```

```
int i, j, n;
  char s[20];
  printf("Enter the number of files: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     printf("\nEnter file name %d: ", i + 1);
     scanf("%s", ft[i].name);
     printf("Enter starting block of file %d: ", i + 1);
     scanf("%d", &ft[i].sb);
     printf("Enter number of blocks in file %d: ", i + 1);
     scanf("%d", &ft[i].nob);
  }
  printf("\nEnter the file name to be searched: ");
  scanf("%s", s);
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     if (strcmp(s, ft[i].name) == 0) {
        printf("\nFILE NAME\tSTART BLOCK\tNO OF BLOCKS\tBLOCKS
OCCUPIED\n");
        printf("%s\t\t%d\t\t", ft[i].name, ft[i].sb, ft[i].nob);
        for (j = 0; j < ft[i].nob; j++) {
          printf("%d, ", ft[i].sb + j);
        return 0;
     }
  }
  printf("\nFile Not Found");
  return 0;
}
//program 6
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
```

```
struct Directory {
  char dname[10];
  char fname[10][10];
  int fcnt;
} dir;
void createFile() {
  if (dir.fcnt < 10) {
    printf("\nEnter the name of the file: ");
    scanf("%s", dir.fname[dir.fcnt]);
    dir.fcnt++;
  } else {
    printf("\nDirectory is full. Cannot create more files.");
  }
}
void deleteFile() {
  char f[30];
  int i;
  printf("\nEnter the name of the file: ");
  scanf("%s", f);
  for (i = 0; i < dir.fcnt; i++) {
    if (strcmp(f, dir.fname[i]) == 0) {
       printf("File %s is deleted\n", f);
       strcpy(dir.fname[i], dir.fname[dir.fcnt - 1]);
       dir.fcnt--;
       return;
    }
  }
  printf("File %s not found\n", f);
}
```

```
void searchFile() {
  char f[30];
  int i;
  printf("\nEnter the name of the file: ");
  scanf("%s", f);
  for (i = 0; i < dir.fcnt; i++) {
    if (strcmp(f, dir.fname[i]) == 0) {
       printf("File %s is found\n", f);
       return;
    }
  }
  printf("File %s not found\n", f);
}
void displayFiles() {
  int i;
  if (dir.fcnt == 0) {
    printf("\nDirectory is empty\n");
  } else {
     printf("\nThe Files are:");
    for (i = 0; i < dir.fcnt; i++) {
       printf("\t%s", dir.fname[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
  }
}
int main() {
  int ch;
  dir.fcnt = 0;
```

```
printf("\nEnter name of directory: ");
  scanf("%s", dir.dname);
  while (1) {
    printf("\n\n1. Create File\t2. Delete File\t3. Search File\n4. Display Files\t5. Exit\nEnter your
choice: ");
    scanf("%d", &ch);
    switch (ch) {
      case 1:
        createFile();
        break;
      case 2:
        deleteFile();
        break;
      case 3:
        searchFile();
        break;
      case 4:
        displayFiles();
        break;
      default:
        exit(0);
    }
  }
  return 0;
}
// Practical -: 07 TITLE: - FIFO page replacement algorithm
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
#define MAX_FRAMES 10
#define MAX_PAGES 25
int main() {
  int frames[MAX_FRAMES];
  int pages[MAX_PAGES];
  int n_frames, n_pages;
  int page_faults = 0;
  int frame_index = 0;
  printf("Enter the number of frames: ");
  scanf("%d", &n_frames);
  printf("Enter the number of pages: ");
  scanf("%d", &n_pages);
  printf("Enter the page reference string: ");
  for (int i = 0; i < n_pages; i++) {
    scanf("%d", &pages[i]);
  }
  // Initialize frames to -1, indicating empty
  for (int i = 0; i < n_frames; i++) {
    frames[i] = -1;
  }
  printf("\nPage Replacement Process (FIFO):\n");
  for (int i = 0; i < n_pages; i++) {
    int page = pages[i];
    int found = 0;
```

```
// Check if page is already in memory
    for (int j = 0; j < n_frames; j++) {
      if (frames[j] == page) {
         found = 1;
         break;
      }
    }
    if (!found) {
      // Page fault: replace the oldest page
      printf("Page fault at page %d\n", page);
      frames[frame_index] = page;
      frame_index = (frame_index + 1) % n_frames;
      page_faults++;
    }
    // Display current state of frames
    printf("Frames: ");
    for (int j = 0; j < n_frames; j++) {
      printf("%d ", frames[j]);
    }
    printf("\n");
  }
  printf("\nTotal Page Faults: %d\n", page_faults);
  return 0;
//program 8 fcfs disk scheduinh
#include <stdio.h>
```

}

```
int main() {
  int t[20], n, i, tohm[20], tot = 0;
  float avhm;
  printf("Enter the number of tracks: ");
  scanf("%d", &n);
  printf("Enter the tracks to be traversed: ");
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    scanf("%d", &t[i]);
  for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
    tohm[i] = t[i + 1] - t[i];
    if (tohm[i] < 0)
      tohm[i] = tohm[i] * (-1);
    tot += tohm[i];
  }
  avhm = (float)tot / n;
  printf("\nTracks traversed\tDifference between tracks\n");
  for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
    printf("%d\t\t\%d\n", t[i], tohm[i]);
  printf("\nAverage header movements: %f\n", avhm);
  return 0;
}
```