# OpenTURNS Developer training: first steps

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### Developers training



## OpenTURNS: first steps

Navigation in the source code

2 Library development

Module development

## Navigation in the source code

#### The Uniform distribution

- Locate the class within the library source code;
- Follow its inheritance graph in order to explore the Bridge pattern;
- Locate the associated regression test;
- Execute the test;
- Locate its SWIG interface file and its associated Python module;
- Execute the associated python test.

## Library development 1/5

### Projects

• (\*) PiecewiseLinearDistribution as a specialization of DistributionsImplementation (see lib/src/Uncertainty/Distribution). Given a set of data  $(x_i, y_i)_{i=1,...,N}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^n \times \mathbb{R}^p$  the PDF is linear over the data (with due renormalization).

# Library development 2/5

### **Projects**

(\*) TawnCopula as a specialization of ExtremeValueCopula (see lib/src/Uncertainty/Distribution). This copula is defined by its Pickand function:

$$\forall t \in [0,1], A(t) = (1-\psi_1)(1-t) + (1-\psi_2)t + \left[ \{\psi_1 t\}^{1/\theta} + \{\psi_2(1-t)\}^{1/\theta} \right]^{\theta}$$
(1)

where  $0 < \theta \le 1$  and  $0 \le \psi_1, \psi_2 \le 1$ .

# Library development 3/5

### Projects

(\*\*) AffineTransformDistribution, the affine transformation of an 1-d distribution.

## Library development 4/5

### Projects

lack (\*\*) ArchiMaxCopula as a specialization of CopulaImplementation (see lib/src/Uncertainty/Distribution). Given an Archimedean copula with generator  $\psi$  and an extreme value copula with Pickand function A, an archimax copula C is defined by:

$$\forall (u,v) \in [0,1]^2, C(u,v) = \psi^{-1} \left( \min \left( \psi(0), [\psi(u) + \psi(v)] A \left( \frac{\psi(u)}{\psi(u) + \psi(v)} \right) \right) \right)$$
(2)

It becomes (\*\*\*) if one wants to implement an efficient sampling algorithm.

## Library development 5/5

### **Projects**

(\*\*\*) Extend archimedian copulas from 2-d to n-d. Given a 2-d Archimedean copula with generator  $\psi$ , implement its n-d counterpart using:

$$\forall (u_1, \dots, u_n) \in [0, 1]^n, C(u_1, \dots, u_n) = \psi^{-1}(\psi(u_1) + \dots + \psi(u_n))$$
 (3)

The main difficulties are the architecture of this extension and the implementation of an efficient sampling algorithm.

## Module development 1/2

### **Projects**

(\*) or (\*\*) CloudMesher: mesh generation over a cloud of points using kernel mixture, pca, rotation, then levelset mesher on an interval

## Module development 2/2

### Projects

(\*\*) HIntLibIntegration as a specialization of IntegrationAlgorithmImplementation (see lib/src/Base/algo). This algorithm is obtained by interfacing the HIntLib C++ library, see https://github.com/JohannesBuchner/HIntLib. A possible name for the module is OTHIntLib.