

kato_visualization

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In [65]: # Visualization of data from Kato, et al. (2015)
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#First, let's import necessary libraries
#along with Kato's data using the scripts by @theideasmith

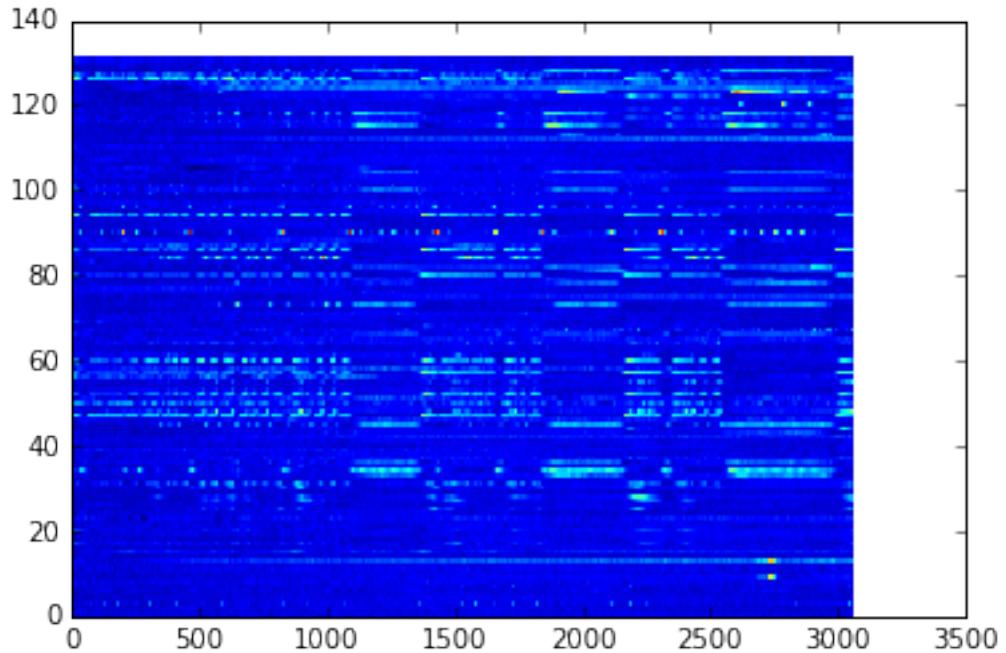
%matplotlib inline
#import transform as tf

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
```

```
In [58]: import transform as tf
# choose one trial arbitrarily
wd = tf.wormData['TS20140905c_lite-1_punc-31_NLS3_AVHJ_0eggs_1mMTet_basal_1080s.mat']
#select fluorescence bleach cancelled data
wdDFOFbc = wd['deltaFOverF_bc']
#select derivative
wdDFOFderiv = wd['deltaFOverF_deriv']
```

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In [59]: # We plot the deltaF over F data
# for one trial, selected arbitrarily
plt.pcolor(wdDFOFbc.T)
```

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Out[59]: <matplotlib.collections.PolyCollection at 0x124eb64e0>
```

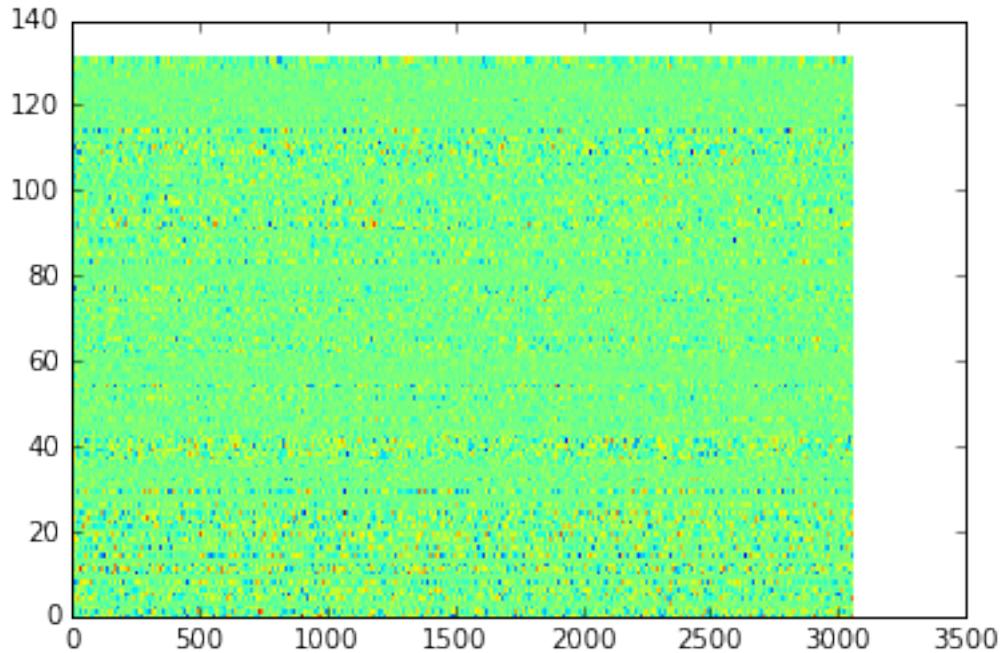


```
In [82]: # Can we calculate the derivatives ourselves
# from the fluorescence bleach cancelled data?

# Attempting to normalize by the peak magnitude
# of corresponding deltaF/F trace, per Kato supplement p.9
delta = lambda x: ((x - np.roll(x, 1, axis=0))/npamax(x, axis=0))[1:]
calculatedDeltas = delta(wdDFOFbc)
plt.pcolor(calculatedDeltas.T)

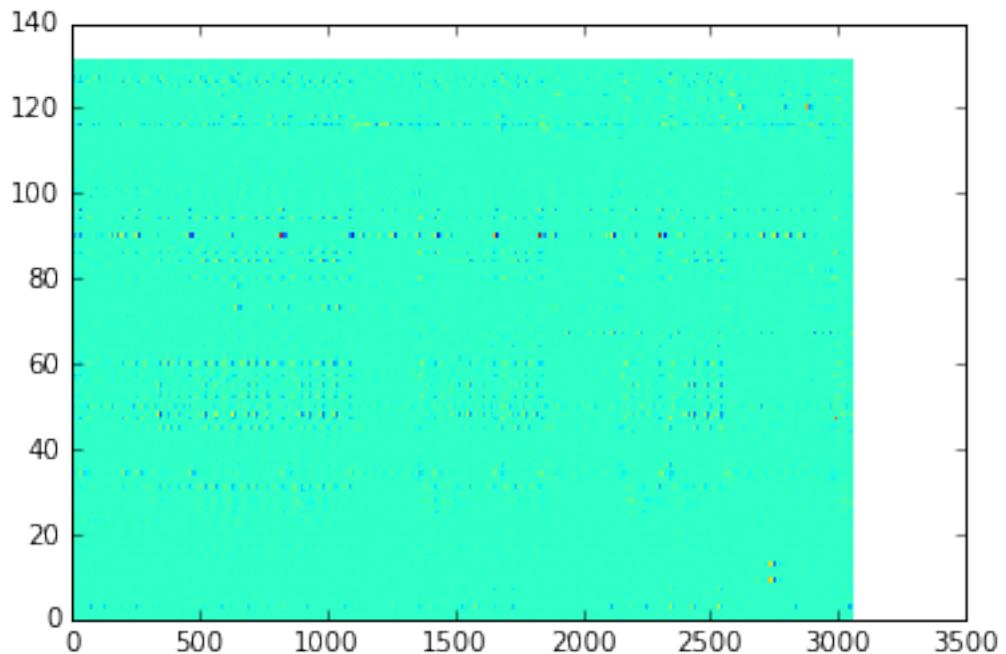
# When we plot, we see the data still looks very noisy.

Out[82]: <matplotlib.collections.PolyCollection at 0x111871208>
```



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In [61]: # Let's use the de-noised derivatives computed by Kato instead  
plt.pcolor(wdDFOFderiv.T)
```

```
Out[61]: <matplotlib.collections.PolyCollection at 0x153ad0198>
```

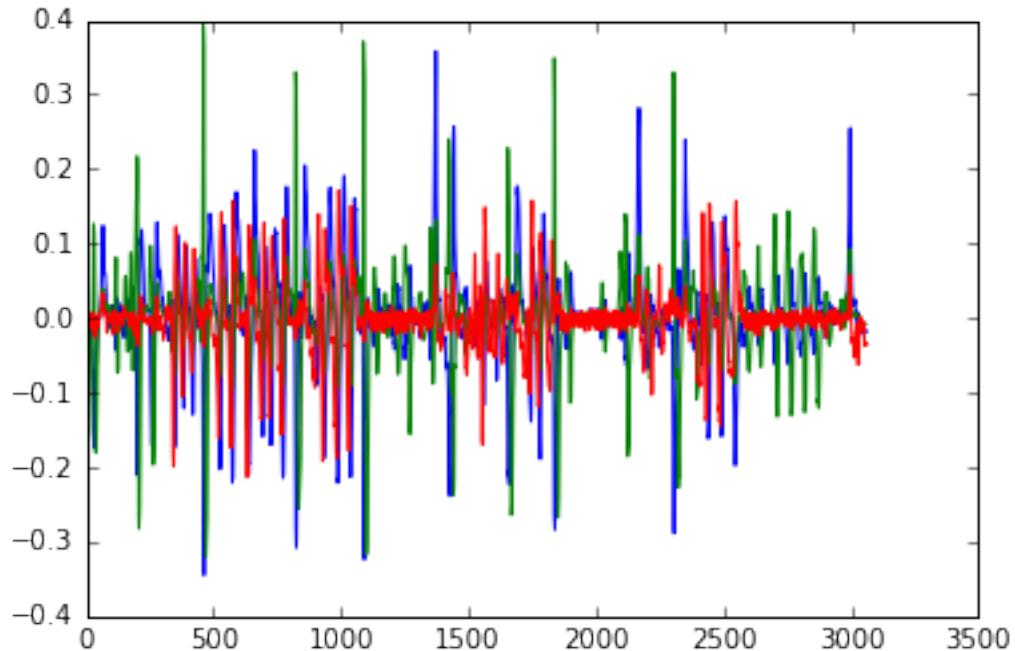


```
In [66]: # We run PCA on the de-noised derivatives provided by Kato
pca = PCA(n_components=3)
pca.fit(wdDFOFderiv)
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Out[66]: PCA(copy=True, n_components=3, whiten=False)
```

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In [67]: # And we can visualize the results of the PCA
# I chose a style of visualization different
# from the one Kato uses, just to see
# how the data looks plotted differently
pca_wdDFOFderiv = pca.transform(wdDFOFderiv)
plt.plot(pca_wdDFOFderiv)
```

```
Out[67]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x163342278>,
<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x163342438>,
<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1633426d8>]
```



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In [83]: # Let's try the PCA with our calculated derivatives
pca = PCA(n_components=3)
pca.fit(calculatedDeltas)
```

```
Out[83]: PCA(copy=True, n_components=3, whiten=False)
```

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In [84]: # As expected, the plot is much noisier
pca_calculatedDeltas = pca.transform(calculatedDeltas)
plt.plot(pca_calculatedDeltas)
```

```
Out[84]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x182d5acf8>,
<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x182d5aeb8>,
<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x182d61198>]
```

