

## Slip 1

// Assignment : Write a C program to send SIGALRM signal by child process to parent process and parent process make a provision to catch the signal

//and display alarm is fired.(Use Kill, fork, signal and sleep system call)

```
#include <signal.h>
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <unistd.h>
```

```
#include <sys/wait.h>
```

```
void signalHandler(int signal) // this is signal handler for
```

```
{
```

```
    if (signal == SIGALRM)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("Ding!\n");
```

```
        wait(NULL);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
```

```
{
```

```
    signal(SIGALRM, signalHandler);
```

```
    if (argc != 2)
```

```
    {
```

```
        printf("Invalid arguments\n");
```

```
        return 0;
```

```
    }
```

```
    printf("Alarm application starting\n");
```

```
    int delay;
```

```

sscanf(argv[1], "%d", &delay); // compute delay

if (fork() == 0) // start child process
{
    printf("Waiting for alarm to go off\n");
    sleep(delay);
    kill(getppid(), SIGALRM);
    exit(0);
}

wait(NULL);
printf("done\n");
}

/*
$root: gcc Slip1.c
$root: ./a.out 5
*/

```

## Slip 2

// Assignment : Write a C program that catches the ctrl-c (SIGINT) signal for the first time and display the appropriate message and exits on pressing ctrl-c again

```

#include<stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

#include<signal.h>

#include<unistd.h>

void sigint()

```

```

{
write(STDOUT_FILENO, "Press Ctrl + C once again to exit",1);

signal(SIGINT, SIG_DFL);
}
void main()
{
signal(SIGINT, sigint);
while(1)
{
printf("Hello");
}
}

```

### Slip 3

// Assignment : Write a C program which creates a child process to run linux/ unix command or any user defined program.

//The parent process set the signal handler for death of child signal and Alarm signal.

//If a child process does not complete its execution in 5 second then parent process kills child process.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <signal.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <unistd.h>
```

```
#include <sys/types.h>
```

```
// function declaration of sighup, sigint and sigquit functions
```

```
void sighup();
```

```
void sigint();
```

```
void sigquit();
```

```
// main function or driver code
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int pid;
```

```
    // pid variable, which will be used later to identify the process, whether it is child process or  
    parent process
```

```
    // to get the child process
```

```
    if ((pid = fork()) < 0)
```

```
    {
```

```
        perror("fork");
```

```
        exit(1);
```

```
    }
```

```
    if (pid == 0)
```

```
    {      /* child process, since pid equals to zero for child process */
```

```
        signal(SIGHUP, sighup);
```

```
        signal(SIGINT, sigint);
```

```
        signal(SIGQUIT, sigquit);
```

```
        for (;;) /* infinite loop i.e. loop for ever */
```

```
    }
```

```
    else /* parent process*/
```

```
    { // pid hold the process id of child process
```

```
        printf("\nPARENT: sending SIGHUP\n\n");
```

```
        kill(pid, SIGHUP);
```

```
        sleep(3); // pause for 3 seconds
```

```

        printf("\nPARENT: sending SIGINT\n\n");
        kill(pid, SIGINT);

        sleep(3); // pause for 3 seconds
        printf("\nPARENT: Waiting for 5 Second then kill child\n\n");
        printf("\nPARENT: sending SIGQUIT\n\n");
        kill(pid, SIGQUIT);
        sleep(5); // pause for 5 seconds
    }
}

// function definition of sighup()
void sighup()
{
    signal(SIGHUP, sighup); /* reset signal */
    printf("CHILD: I have received a SIGHUP\n");
}

// function definition of sigint()
void sigint()
{
    signal(SIGINT, sigint); /* reset signal */
    printf("CHILD: I have received a SIGINT\n");
}

// function definition of sigquit()
void sigquit()
{
    printf("My Papa has Killed me!!!\n");
    exit(0);
}

```

## Slip 4

// Assignment : Write a C program which creates a child process and child process catches a signal

//SIGHUP, SIGINT and SIGQUIT. The Parent process send a SIGHUP or SIGINT signal after every 3 seconds, at the end of 15 second parent send SIGQUIT signal to

//child and child terminates by displaying message "My Papa has Killed me!!!".

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <signal.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <unistd.h>
```

```
#include <sys/types.h>
```

```
// function declaration of sighup, sigint and sigquit functions
```

```
void sighup();
```

```
void sigint();
```

```
void sigquit();
```

```
// main function or driver code
```

```
void main()
```

```
{
```

```
    int pid;
```

```
    // pid variable, which will be used later to identify the process, whether it is child process or  
    parent process
```

```
    // to get the child process
```

```
    if ((pid = fork()) < 0)
```

```
    {
```

```
        perror("fork");
```

```
        exit(1);
```

```
    }
```

```

if (pid == 0)
{
    /* child process, since pid equals to zero for child process */
    signal(SIGHUP, sighup);
    signal(SIGINT, sigint);
    signal(SIGQUIT, sigquit);
    for (;;) /* infinite loop i.e. loop for ever */
}

else /* parent process*/
{
    // pid hold the process id of child process
    printf("\nPARENT: sending SIGHUP\n\n");
    kill(pid, SIGHUP);
    sleep(3); // pause for 3 seconds

    printf("\nPARENT: sending SIGINT\n\n");
    kill(pid, SIGINT);
    sleep(3); // pause for 3 seconds

    printf("\nPARENT: sending SIGQUIT\n\n");
    kill(pid, SIGQUIT);
    sleep(3); // pause for 3 seconds
}

}

// function definition of sighup()
void sighup()
{
    signal(SIGHUP, sighup); /* reset signal */
    printf("CHILD: I have received a SIGHUP\n");
}

```

```
// function definition of sigint()

void sigint()
{
    signal(SIGINT, sigint); /* reset signal */
    printf("CHILD: I have received a SIGINT\n");
}
```

```
// function definition of sigquit()

void sigquit()
{
    printf("My Papa has Killed me!!!\n");
    exit(0);
}
```

## Slip 5

//Assignment : Write a C program to create an unnamed pipe. The child process will write following three messages to pipe and parent process display it.

```
//Message1 = "Hello World"
//Message2 = "Hello SPPU"
//Message3 = "Linux is Funny"
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<unistd.h>

int main()
{
    int pipefds[2];
```



```

int returnstatus;

int pid;

char writemessages[3][50]={"Hello world","Hello SPPU","Linux is Funny"};

char readmessage[50];

returnstatus = pipe(pipefds);

if (returnstatus == -1)
{
    printf("Unable to create pipe\n");
    return 1;
}

pid = fork();

    // Child process
if (pid == 0)
{

    printf("Child Process write Messaages\n");
    printf("%s\n", writemessages[0]);
    write(pipefds[1], writemessages[0], sizeof(writemessages[0]));
    printf("%s\n", writemessages[1]);
    write(pipefds[1], writemessages[1], sizeof(writemessages[1]));
    printf("%s\n", writemessages[2]);
    write(pipefds[1], writemessages[2], sizeof(writemessages[2]));
}

else
{ //Parent process
    sleep(5);
    printf("Parent Process Display Messaages\n");
    read(pipefds[0], readmessage, sizeof(readmessage));
    printf("%s\n", readmessage);
    read(pipefds[0], readmessage, sizeof(readmessage));
}

```

```

    printf("%s\n", readmessage);
    read(pipefds[0], readmessage, sizeof(readmessage));
    printf("%s\n", readmessage);
}
return 0;
}

```

## Slip 6

// Assignment . Write a C program to create n child processes. When all n child processes //terminates, Display total cumulative time children spent in user and kernel mode.

```

#include<sys/types.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<time.h>
#include<sys/times.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>

int main(void)
{
    int i, status; //pid_t data type is signed interger type representing process ID
    pid_t pid; //time_t data type used to storeing system time value
    time_t currentTime;//times() stores the current process time in the struct tms that //that buffer
    points to.

    struct tms cpuTime;

    if((pid = fork())== -1) //start child process

```

```

{
    perror("\nfork error");
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}
else if(pid==0) //child process
{
    time(&currentTime); // gives normal time
    printf("\nChild process started at %s",ctime(&currentTime));
    for(i=0;i<5;i++)
    {
        printf("\nCounting= %dn",i); //count for 5 seconds
        sleep(1);
    }
    time(&currentTime);
    printf("\nChild process ended at %s",ctime(&currentTime));
    exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}
else
{ //Parent process
    time(&currentTime);
    printf("\nParent process started at %s ",ctime(&currentTime));
    if(wait(&status)== -1) //wait for child process
        perror("\n wait error");
    if(WIFEXITED(status))
        printf("\nChild process ended normally.....\n");
    else
        printf("\nChild process did not end normally");
    if(times(&cpuTime)<0) //Get process time
        perror("\nTimes error");
    else
    { // _SC_CLK_TCK: system configuration time: seconds clock tick

```

```

printf("\nParent process user time= %fn",((double) cpuTime.tms_utime));
printf("\nParent process system time = %fn",((double) cpuTime.tms_stime));
printf("\nChild process user time = %fn",((double) cpuTime.tms_cutime));
printf("\nChild process system time = %fn",((double) cpuTime.tms_cstime));
}
time(&currentTime);
printf("\nParent process ended at %s",ctime(&currentTime));
exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}
}

```

## Slip 7

// Assignment . Implement the following unix/linux command (use fork, pipe and exec system call)

ls -l | wc -l

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<fcntl.h>
#include<sys/wait.h>
#include<errno.h>
void main()
{
int filedes[2];
if (pipe(filedes) == -1)
{
perror("pipe");
exit(1);
}

```

```
if(fork() == 0)
{
while ((dup2(filedes[1], STDOUT_FILENO) == -1)) {}
```

```
char *args[] = {"ls", "-l", NULL};
int ret = execvp("ls", args);
if(ret < 0)
{
printf("Program can't be executed\n");
}
exit(0);
}
close(filedes[1]);
```

```
if(fork() == 0)
{
while((dup2(filedes[0], STDIN_FILENO) == -1)){}
```

```
char *args[] = {"wc", "-l", NULL};
int ret = execvp("wc", args);
if(ret < 0)
{
printf("Program can't be executed\n");
}
exit(0);
}
char output[100];
read(filedes[0], output, 100);
printf("%s", output);
close(filedes[0]);
exit(0);
```

```
}
```

## Slip 8

// Assignment . Write a C program to Identify the type (Directory, character device, Block device,  
//Regular file, FIFO or pipe, symbolic link or socket) of given file using stat() system call

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<sys/stat.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<time.h>
#include<fcntl.h>

int main(int argc, char const *argv[])
{
    if(argc != 2){
        fprintf(stderr, "usage : %s <filepath>\n", argv[0]);
        return 1;
    }

    int file = open(argv[1], O_RDONLY);
    if(file < 0){
        fprintf(stderr, "error opening file\n");
        return 1;
    }

    struct stat st;
    if(fstat(file, &st) < 0)
    {
        fprintf(stderr, "error reading file info\n");
        return 1;
    }
}
```

```
}
```

```
printf("File Name is %s : \n", argv[1]);
```

```
printf("File Type: ");
```

```
    switch (st.st_mode & S_IFMT)
    {
        case S_IFBLK: printf("this block device\n");      break;
        case S_IFCHR: printf("this character device\n");   break;
        case S_IFDIR: printf("this directory\n");          break;
        case S_IFIFO: printf("this FIFO/pipe\n");          break;
        case S_IFLNK: printf("this symlink\n");            break;
        case S_IFREG: printf("this is regular file\n");     break;
        case S_IFSOCK: printf("this socket\n");            break;
        default:      printf("unknown?\n");                 break;
    }
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

## Slip 9

// Assignment . Generate parent process to write unnamed pipe and will write into it. Also generate child process which will read from pipe

```
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
#include<unistd.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int pipefds[2];
```

```

int returnstatus;

int pid;

char writemessages[1][20]={"Hello"};

char readmessage[20];

returnstatus = pipe(pipefds);

if (returnstatus == -1)
{
    printf("Unable to create pipe\n");
    return 1;
}

pid = fork();

    // Child process
if (pid == 0)
{
    read(pipefds[0], readmessage, sizeof(readmessage));
    printf("Child Process - Reading from pipe â€™ Message is %s\n", readmessage);
}
else
{ //Parent process
    printf("Parent Process - Writing to pipe - Message is %s\n", writemessages[0]);
    write(pipefds[1], writemessages[0], sizeof(writemessages[0]));
}

return 0;
}

```

## Slip 10

//Assignment : Write a C program which receives file names as command line arguments and display



//those filenames in ascending order according to their sizes. l) (e.g \$ a.out a.txt b.txt c.txt,  
â€¦)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <dirent.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#include<time.h>
#include<sys/stat.h>
#include<sys/types.h>
#include<stdlib.h>

typedef struct file_info
{
    char *name;
    size_t size;
}fileinfo;

void insertionSort(fileinfo info[], int n)
{
    int i, j;
    fileinfo key;
    for (i = 1; i < n; i++)
    {
        key = info[i];
        j = i - 1;
        while (j >= 0 && info[j].size > key.size)
        {
            info[j + 1] = info[j];
            j = j - 1;
        }
    }
}
```

```
info[j + 1] = key;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

```
void main(int argc, char **argv)
```

```
{
```

```
struct stat fstat;
```

```
if(argc < 3)
```

```
{
```

```
printf("no files passed\n");
```

```
exit(1);
```

```
}
```

```
int fileCount = argc -1;
```

```
fileinfo info[fileCount];
```

```
int i;
```

```
printf("Display all filenames in ascending order according to their sizes.\n");
```

```
for(i =1;i<argc;i++)
```

```
{
```

```
info[i-1].name = argv[i];
```

```
stat(argv[i],&fstat);
```

```
info[i-1].size = fstat.st_size;
```

```
}
```

```
insertionSort(info, fileCount);
```

```
for(i=0;i<fileCount;i++)
```

```
{
```

```
printf("%s -> %ld\n", info[i].name, info[i].size);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

## Slip 11

//Assignment : Write a C program that a string as an argument and return all the files that begins with that name in the current directory.

//For example > ./a.out foo will return all file names that begins with foo

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<dirent.h>
#include<string.h>

int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    DIR *d;
    char *position;
    struct dirent *dir;
    int i=0;
    if(argc!=2){
        printf("Provide suffiecient args");
    }
    else {
        d = opendir(".");
        if (d)
        {
            while ((dir = readdir(d)) != NULL)
            {
                position=strstr(dir->d_name,argv[1]);
                i=position-dir->d_name;
                if(i==0)
                printf("%s\n",dir->d_name);
            }
            closedir(d);
        }
    }
```

```
return(0);  
}  
}
```

## Slip 12

// Assignment : Write a C program to implement the following unix/linux command (use fork, pipe and exec system call).

//Your program should block the signal Ctrl-C and Ctrl-\ signal during the execution.

i. Ls -l | wc -l

```
#include<stdio.h>  
#include<stdlib.h>  
#include<unistd.h>  
#include<fcntl.h>  
#include<sys/wait.h>  
#include<errno.h>  
void main()  
{  
int filedes[2];  
if (pipe(filedes) == -1)  
{  
perror("pipe");  
exit(1);  
}  
if(fork() == 0)  
{  
while ((dup2(filedes[1], STDOUT_FILENO) == -1)) {}  

```

```
char *args[] = {"ls", "-l", NULL};
int ret = execvp("ls", args);
if(ret < 0)
{
printf("Program can't be executed\n");
}
exit(0);
}
close(filedes[1]);

if(fork() == 0)
{
while((dup2(filedes[0], STDIN_FILENO) == -1)){}
```

```
char *args[] = {"wc", "-l", NULL};
int ret = execvp("wc", args);
if(ret < 0)
{
printf("Program can't be executed\n");
}
exit(0);
}
char output[100];
read(filedes[0], output, 100);
printf("%s", output);
close(filedes[0]);
exit(0);
}
```