




**System Interfaces and Headers, Issue 5:
Volume 1**

The Open Group



© February 1997, The Open Group

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior permission of the copyright owners.

Portions of this document are derived from IEEE Std 1003.1-1996, copyright © 1996 (incorporating ANSI/IEEE Std 1003.1-1990, 1003.1b-1993, 1003.1c-1995 and 1003.1i-1995) by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. with the permission of the IEEE.

Portions of this document are derived from IEEE Std P1003.2-1992 and IEEE Std P1003.2a-1992, copyright © 1992 by the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. ISO/IEC 9945-2: 1993, Information Technology — Portable Operating System (POSIX) — Part 2: Shell and Utilities is technically identical to the IEEE standards in these areas.

Portions of this document are derived from copyrighted material owned by Hewlett-Packard Company, International Business Machines Corporation, Novell Inc., The Open Software Foundation, and Sun Microsystems, Inc.

CAE Specification

System Interfaces and Headers, Issue 5: Volume 1

ISBN: 1-85912-181-0

Document Number: C606 (Volume 1)

Published in the U.K. by The Open Group, February 1997.

Any comments relating to the material contained in this document may be submitted to:

The Open Group
Apex Plaza
Forbury Road
Reading
Berkshire, RG1 1AX
United Kingdom

or by Electronic Mail to:

OGSpecs@opengroup.org

Contents

Chapter 1	Introduction.....	1
1.1	Overview	1
1.2	Conformance	1
1.2.1	BASE Conformance	1
1.3	Feature Groups.....	2
1.3.1	Encryption.....	2
1.3.2	Realtime	2
1.3.3	Realtime Threads	4
1.3.4	Legacy	4
1.4	Changes from Issue 4	6
1.4.1	Changes from Issue 4 to Issue 4, Version 2.....	6
1.4.2	Changes from Issue 4, Version 2 to Issue 5.....	6
1.4.3	New Features.....	7
1.5	Terminology	10
1.6	Relationship to Formal Standards.....	11
1.6.1	Relationship to Emerging Formal Standards.....	11
1.7	Portability	12
1.7.1	Codes.....	12
1.8	Format of Entries.....	14
 Chapter 2	 General Information	 15
2.1	Use and Implementation of Interfaces	15
2.1.1	Use of File System Interfaces.....	16
2.2	The Compilation Environment.....	17
2.2.1	The X/Open Name Space	17
2.3	Error Numbers.....	22
2.3.1	Additional Error Numbers.....	29
2.4	Standard I/O Streams.....	30
2.4.1	Interaction of File Descriptors and Standard I/O Streams	30
2.4.2	Stream Orientation	32
2.5	STREAMS.....	34
2.5.1	Accessing STREAMS.....	35
2.6	Interprocess Communication.....	36
2.6.1	IPC General Description.....	36
2.7	Realtime	38
2.7.1	Signal Generation and Delivery.....	39
2.7.2	Asynchronous I/O	40
2.7.3	Memory Management	41
2.7.4	Scheduling Policies	42
2.7.5	Clocks and Timers	44
2.8	Threads.....	46
2.8.1	Supported Interfaces	46

2.8.2	Thread-safety.....	48
2.8.3	Thread Implementation Models.....	48
2.8.4	Thread Mutexes.....	49
2.8.5	Thread Scheduling Attributes	49
2.8.6	Thread Scheduling Contention Scope	50
2.8.7	Scheduling Allocation Domain.....	50
2.8.8	Thread Cancellation	51
2.8.8.1	Cancelability States	51
2.8.8.2	Cancellation Points.....	52
2.8.8.3	Thread Cancellation Cleanup Handlers	54
2.8.8.4	Async-Cancel Safety.....	54
2.8.9	Thread Read-Write Locks.....	54
2.9	Data Types.....	55
Chapter 3	System Interfaces	57
Chapter 4	Headers.....	1063
	Index.....	1219

Preface

The Open Group

The Open Group is an international open systems organisation that is leading the way in creating the infrastructure needed for the development of network-centric computing and the information superhighway. Formed in 1996 by the merger of the X/Open Company and the Open Software Foundation, The Open Group is supported by most of the world's largest user organisations, information systems vendors and software suppliers. By combining the strengths of open systems specifications and a proven branding scheme with collaborative technology development and advanced research, The Open Group is well positioned to assist user organisations, vendors and suppliers in the development and implementation of products supporting the adoption and proliferation of open systems.

With more than 300 member companies, The Open Group helps the IT industry to advance technologically while managing the change caused by innovation. It does this by:

- consolidating, prioritising and communicating customer requirements to vendors
- conducting research and development with industry, academia and government agencies to deliver innovation and economy through projects associated with its Research Institute
- managing cost-effective development efforts that accelerate consistent multi-vendor deployment of technology in response to customer requirements
- adopting, integrating and publishing industry standard specifications that provide an essential set of blueprints for building open information systems and integrating new technology as it becomes available
- licensing and promoting the X/Open brand that designates vendor products which conform to X/Open Product Standards
- promoting the benefits of open systems to customers, vendors and the public.

The Open Group operates in all phases of the open systems technology lifecycle including innovation, market adoption, product development and proliferation. Presently, it focuses on seven strategic areas: open systems application platform development, architecture, distributed systems management, interoperability, distributed computing environment, security, and the information superhighway. The Open Group is also responsible for the management of the UNIX trade mark on behalf of the industry.

The X/Open Process

This description is used to cover the whole Process developed and evolved by X/Open. It includes the identification of requirements for open systems, development of CAE and Preliminary Specifications through an industry consensus review and adoption procedure (in parallel with formal standards work), and the development of tests and conformance criteria.

This leads to the preparation of a Product Standard which is the name used for the documentation that records the conformance requirements (and other information) to which a vendor may register a product. There are currently two forms of Product Standard, namely the Profile Definition and the Component Definition, although these will eventually be merged into one.

The X/Open brand logo is used by vendors to demonstrate that their products conform to the relevant Product Standard. By use of the X/Open brand they guarantee, through the X/Open Trade Mark Licence Agreement (TMLA), to maintain their products in conformance with the Product Standard so that the product works, will continue to work, and that any problems will be fixed by the vendor.

Open Group Publications

The Open Group publishes a wide range of technical literature, the main part of which is focused on specification development and product documentation, but which also includes Guides, Snapshots, Technical Studies, Branding and Testing documentation, industry surveys and business titles.

There are several types of specification:

- *CAE Specifications*

CAE (Common Applications Environment) Specifications are the stable specifications that form the basis for our product standards, which are used to develop X/Open branded systems. These specifications are intended to be used widely within the industry for product development and procurement purposes.

Anyone developing products that implement a CAE Specification can enjoy the benefits of a single, widely supported industry standard. In addition, they can demonstrate product compliance through the X/Open brand. CAE Specifications are published as soon as they are developed, so enabling vendors to proceed with development of conformant products without delay.

- *Preliminary Specifications*

Preliminary Specifications usually address an emerging area of technology and consequently are not yet supported by multiple sources of stable conformant implementations. They are published for the purpose of validation through implementation of products. A Preliminary Specification is not a draft specification; rather, it is as stable as can be achieved, through applying The Open Group's rigorous development and review procedures.

Preliminary Specifications are analogous to the *trial-use* standards issued by formal standards organisations, and developers are encouraged to develop products on the basis of them. However, experience through implementation work may result in significant (possibly upwardly incompatible) changes before its progression to becoming a CAE Specification. While the intent is to progress Preliminary Specifications to corresponding CAE Specifications, the ability to do so depends on consensus among Open Group members.

- *Consortium and Technology Specifications*

The Open Group publishes specifications on behalf of industry consortia. For example, it publishes the NMF SPIRIT procurement specifications on behalf of the Network Management Forum. It also publishes Technology Specifications relating to OSF/1, DCE, OSF/Motif and CDE.

Technology Specifications (formerly AES Specifications) are often candidates for consensus review, and may be adopted as CAE Specifications, in which case the relevant Technology Specification is superseded by a CAE Specification.

In addition, The Open Group publishes:

- *Product Documentation*

This includes product documentation — programmer's guides, user manuals, and so on — relating to the Pre-structured Technology Projects (PSTs), such as DCE and CDE. It also includes the Single UNIX Documentation, designed for use as common product documentation for the whole industry.

- *Guides*

These provide information that is useful in the evaluation, procurement, development or management of open systems, particularly those that relate to the CAE Specifications. The Open Group Guides are advisory, not normative, and should not be referenced for purposes of specifying or claiming conformance to a Product Standard.

- *Technical Studies*

Technical Studies present results of analyses performed on subjects of interest in areas relevant to The Open Group's Technical Programme. They are intended to communicate the findings to the outside world so as to stimulate discussion and activity in other bodies and the industry in general.

- *Snapshots*

These provide a mechanism to disseminate information on its current direction and thinking, in advance of possible development of a Specification, Guide or Technical Study. The intention is to stimulate industry debate and prototyping, and solicit feedback. A Snapshot represents the interim results of a technical activity.

Versions and Issues of Specifications

As with all *live* documents, CAE Specifications require revision to align with new developments and associated international standards. To distinguish between revised specifications which are fully backwards compatible and those which are not:

- A new *Version* indicates there is no change to the definitive information contained in the previous publication of that title, but additions/extensions are included. As such, it *replaces* the previous publication.
- A new *Issue* indicates there is substantive change to the definitive information contained in the previous publication of that title, and there may also be additions/extensions. As such, both previous and new documents are maintained as current publications.

Corrigenda

Readers should note that Corrigenda may apply to any publication. Corrigenda information is published on the World-Wide Web at <http://www.opengroup.org/public/pubs>.

Ordering Information

Full catalogue and ordering information on all Open Group publications is available on the World-Wide Web at <http://www.opengroup.org/public/pubs>.

This Specification

This specification is one of a set of CAE Specifications (see above) defining the X/Open System Interface (XSI) Operating System requirements:

- System Interface Definitions, Issue 5 (the **XBD** specification)
- Commands and Utilities, Issue 5 (the **XCU** specification)
- System Interfaces and Headers, Issue 5 (this specification).

This specification describes the interfaces offered to application programs by XSI-conformant systems. Readers are expected to be experienced C language programmers, and to be familiar with the **XBD** specification.

This specification is divided into 2 volumes with consecutive page numbering. The overall structure is as follows:

- Chapter 1 (Volume 1) explains the status of the specification and its relationship to formal standards.
- Chapter 2 (Volume 1) contains important notes, terms and caveats relating to the rest of the specification.
- Chapter 3 (Volumes 1 and 2) defines the functional interfaces to the XSI-conformant system. Note that interfaces beginning A to Q are included in Volume 1, and interfaces beginning R to Z are included in Volume 2.
- Chapter 4 (Volume 2) defines the contents of headers which declare constants, macros and data structures that are needed by programs using the services provided by Chapter 3.

Comprehensive references are available in the index (Volume 2).

Typographical Conventions

The following typographical conventions are used throughout this document:

- **Bold** font is used in text for options to commands, filenames, keywords, type names, data structures and their members.
- *Italic* strings are used for emphasis or to identify the first instance of a word requiring definition. Italics in text also denote:
 - command operands, command option-arguments or variable names, for example, substitutable argument prototypes
 - environment variables, which are also shown in capitals
 - utility names
 - external variables, such as *errno*
 - functions; these are shown as follows: *name()*; names without parentheses are C external variables, C function family names, utility names, command operands or command option-arguments.
- Normal font is used for the names of constants and literals.
- The notation **<file.h>** indicates a header.
- Names surrounded by braces, for example, {ARG_MAX}, represent symbolic limits or configuration values which may be declared in appropriate headers by means of the C **#define** construct.

- The notation [EABCD] is used to identify an error value EABCD.
- Syntax, code examples and user input in interactive examples are shown in *fixed width* font. Brackets shown in this font, [], are part of the syntax and do *not* indicate optional items. In syntax the | symbol is used to separate alternatives, and ellipses (. . .) are used to show that additional arguments are optional.
- **Bold fixed width** font is used to identify brackets that surround optional items in syntax, [], and to identify system output in interactive examples.
- Variables within syntax statements are shown in *italic fixed width font*.
- Ranges of values are indicated with parentheses or brackets as follows:
 - (a,b) means the range of all values from a to b, including neither a nor b
 - [a,b] means the range of all values from a to b, including a and b
 - [a,b) means the range of all values from a to b, including a, but not b
 - (a,b] means the range of all values from a to b, including b, but not a.
- Shading is used to identify extensions or warnings as detailed in Section 1.7.1 on page 12.

Notes:

1. Symbolic limits are used in this specification instead of fixed values for portability. The values of most of these constants are defined in `<limits.h>` or `<unistd.h>`.
2. The values of errors are defined in `<errno.h>`.

Trade Marks

AT&T[®] is a registered trade mark of AT&T in the U.S.A. and other countries.

HP[®] is a registered trade mark of Hewlett-Packard.

Motif[®], OSF/1[®] and UNIX[®] are registered trade marks and the “X Device”[™] and The Open Group[™] are trade marks of The Open Group.

/usr/group[®] is a registered trade mark of UniForum, the International Network of UNIX System Users.

Acknowledgements

The Open Group gratefully acknowledges:

- AT&T for permission to reproduce portions of its copyrighted System V Interface Definition (SVID) and material from the UNIX System V Release 2.0 documentation.
- The Institution of Electrical and Electronics Engineers, Inc. for permission to reproduce portions of its copyrighted material.
- The IEEE Computer Society's Portable Applications Standards Committee (PASC), whose Standards contributed to our work.
- The ANSI X3J11 Committees.
- The Large File Summit for their work in developing the set of changes to the X/Open Single UNIX Specification to support large files.
- The following Base Working Group members for their valuable contribution to the development of this specification:

Theodore P. Baker
Andre Bellotti
Mark Brown
Dave Butenhof
Dennis Chapman
Geoff Clare
Don Cragun
Jeff Denham
Rod Evans

John Farley
Eldad Ganin
Rob Gingell
Karen Gordon
J.M. Gwinn
Tim Heitz
Cathy Hughes (Editor)
Andrew Josey (Chair)
Dave Long

Scott Lurndal
Mick Meaden
Finnbarr P. Murphy
Scott Norton
Gert Presutti
Frank Prindle
Andrew Roach
Curtis Royster, Jr.
Wolfgang Sanow

Lee Schermerhorn
Thomas Shem
Andy Silverman
Dan Stein
Blue Tabor
Jim Zepeda

Referenced Documents

The following documents are referenced in this specification:

AIX 3.2 Manual

AIX Version 3.2 For RISC System/6000, Technical Reference: Base Operating System And Extensions, 1990, 1992 (Part No. SC23-2382-00).

ANSI C

American National Standard for Information Systems: Standard X3.159-1989, Programming Language C.

ANSI/IEEE Std 754-1985

Standard for Binary Floating-Point Arithmetic.

ANSI/IEEE Std 854-1987

Standard for Radix-Independent Floating-Point Arithmetic.

Draft ANSI X3J11.1

IEEE Floating Point draft report of ANSI X3J11.1 (NCEG).

FIPS 151-2

Federal Information Procurement Standards (FIPS) 151-2.

HP-UX Manual

Hewlett-Packard HP-UX Release 9.0 Reference Manual, Third Edition, August 1992.

ISO 4217

ISO 4217: 1987, Codes for the Representation of Currencies and Funds.

ISO 6937

ISO 6937: 1983, Information Processing — Coded Character Sets for Text Communication.

ISO 8601

ISO 8601: 1988, Data Elements and Interchange Formats — Information Interchange — Representation of Dates and Times.

ISO 8859-1

ISO 8859-1: 1987, Information Processing — 8-bit Single-byte Coded Graphic Character Sets — Part 1: Latin Alphabet No. 1.

ISO/IEC 646

ISO/IEC 646: 1991, Information Processing — ISO 7-bit Coded Character Set for Information Interchange.

ISO C

ISO/IEC 9899: 1990: Programming Languages — C, including:
Technical Corrigendum 1: 1994.

Amendment 1: 1994, Multibyte Support Extensions (MSE) for ISO C.

ISO POSIX-1

ISO/IEC 9945-1: 1996, Information Technology — Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX) — Part 1: System Application Program Interface (API) [C Language] (identical to ANSI/IEEE Std 1003.1-1996). Incorporating ANSI/IEEE Std 1003.1-1990, 1003.1b-1993, 1003.1c-1995 and 1003.1i-1995.

ISO POSIX-2

ISO/IEC 9945-2: 1993, Information Technology — Portable Operating System Interface

(POSIX) — Part 2: Shell and Utilities (identical to IEEE Std 1003.2-1992 as amended by IEEE Std 1003.2a-1992).

MSE working draft

Working draft of ISO/IEC 9899:1990/Add3:draft, Addendum 3 — Multibyte Support Extensions (MSE) as documented in the ISO Working Paper SC22/WG14/N205 dated 31 March 1992.

OSF AES

Application Environment Specification (AES) Operating System Programming Interfaces Volume, Revision A (ISBN: 0-13-043522-8).

OSF/1

OSF/1 Programmer's Reference, Release 1.2 (ISBN: 0-13-020579-6).

POSIX.1

IEEE Std 1003.1-1988, Standard for Information Technology — Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX) — Part 1: System Application Program Interface (API) [C Language].

SunOS 5.3

SunOS 5.3 STREAMS Programmer's Guide (Part No. 801-5305-10).

SVID Issue 1

System V Interface Definition (Spring 1985 - Issue 1).

SVID Issue 2

System V Interface Definition (Spring 1986 - Issue 2).

SVID 3rd Edition

System Interface Definitions (1989 - 3rd Edition).

System V Release 2.0

— UNIX System V Release 2.0 Programmer's Reference Manual (April 1984 - Issue 2).

— UNIX System V Release 2.0 Programming Guide (April 1984 - Issue 2).

System V Release 4.2

Operating System API Reference, UNIX® SVR4.2 (1992) (ISBN: 0-13-017658-3).

The following Open Group documents are referenced in this specification.

Curses Interface, Issue 4, Version 2

CAE Specification, July 1996, X/Open Curses, Issue 4, Version 2 (ISBN: 1-85912-171-3, C610).

Headers Interface

X/Open Specification, February 1992, Supplementary Definitions, Issue 3 (ISBN: 1-872630-38-3, C213), Chapter 19, Cpio and Tar Headers; this specification was formerly X/Open Portability Guide Issue 3, Volume 3, January 1989, XSI Supplementary Definitions (ISBN: 0-13-685850-3, XO/XPG/89/004).

Internationalisation Guide

Guide, July 1993, Internationalisation Guide, Version 2 (ISBN: 1-859120-02-4, G304).

Issue 1

X/Open Portability Guide, July 1985 (ISBN: 0-444-87839-4).

Issue 2

See **XSH, Issue 2**.

Referenced Documents

Issue 3

See **XSH, Issue 3.**

Issue 4

See **XSH, Issue 4.**

Issue 4, Version 2

See **XSH, Issue 4, Version 2.**

Issue 5

See **XSH, Issue 5.**

Migration Guide

Guide, December 1995, XPG3-XPG4 Base Migration Guide, Version 2 (ISBN: 1-85912-156-X, G501).

XNS, Issue 5

CAE Specification, February 1997, Networking Services, Issue 5 (ISBN: 1-85912-165-9, C523).

XBD, Issue 4

CAE Specification, July 1992, System Interface Definitions, Issue 4 (ISBN: 1-872630-46-4, C204).

XBD, Issue 4, Version 2

CAE Specification, August 1994, System Interface Definitions, Issue 4, Version 2 (ISBN: 1-85912-036-9, C434).

XBD, Issue 5

CAE Specification, January 1997, System Interface Definitions, Issue 5 (ISBN: 1-85912-186-1, C605).

XCU, Issue 4

CAE Specification, July 1992, Commands and Utilities, Issue 4 (ISBN: 1-872630-48-0, C203).

XCU, Issue 4, Version 2

CAE Specification, August 1994, Commands and Utilities, Issue 4, Version 2 (ISBN: 1-85912-034-2, C436).

XCU, Issue 5

CAE Specification, January 1997, Commands and Utilities, Issue 5 (ISBN: 1-85912-191-8, C604).

XNFS, Version 3

CAE Specification, August 1996, Protocols for X/Open Interworking: XNFS, Version 3 (ISBN: 1-85912-160-8, C525).

XPG4, Version 2

The X/Open Branding Programme, How to Brand — What to Buy, February 1995 (ISBN: 1-85912-084-9, X951).

XSH, Issue 2

X/Open Portability Guide, Volume 2, January 1987, XVS System Calls and Libraries (ISBN: 0-444-70175-3).

XSH, Issue 3

X/Open Specification, February 1992, System Interfaces and Headers, Issue 3 (ISBN: 1-872630-37-5, C212); this specification was formerly X/Open Portability Guide, Issue 3, Volume 2, January 1989, XSI System Interface and Headers (ISBN: 0-13-685843-0, XO/XPG/89/003).

XSH, Issue 4

CAE Specification, July 1992, System Interfaces and Headers, Issue 4 (ISBN: 1-872630-47-2, C202).

XSH, Issue 4, Version 2

CAE Specification, August 1994, System Interfaces and Headers, Issue 4, Version 2 (ISBN: 1-85912-037-7, C435).

XSH, Issue 5

CAE Specification, January 1997, System Interfaces and Headers, Issue 5 (ISBN: 1-85912-181-0, C606). (This document.)