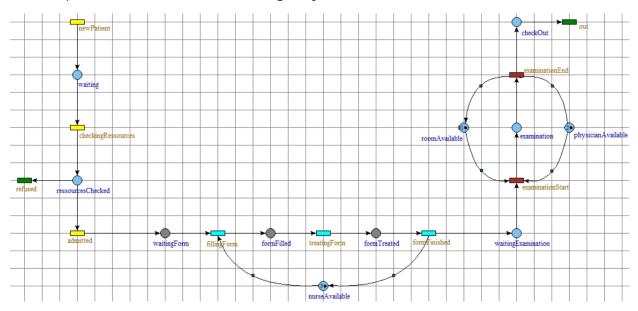
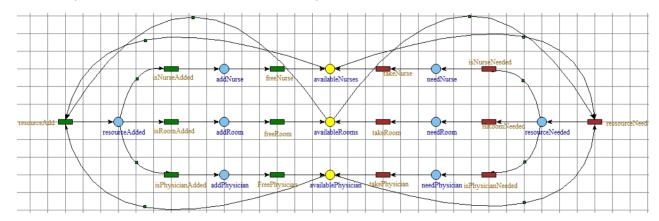
ST2SCV : Formal Modelling Project M2 SE – Hospital modelization

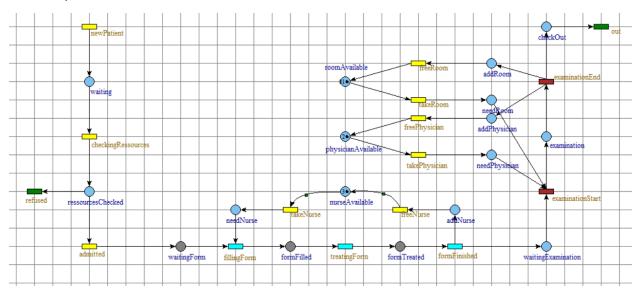
a) Untimed Petri Nets: Emergency care model



b) Untimed Petri Nets: Resource provider model



c) Untimed Petri Nets: Combined model



Implementation

How to run it:

De-ZIP the project file, go to .../bin/Debug/netcoreapp3.1 and launch the .exe file

This project was implemented using C# and .NET, which has a great and efficient structure for asynchronous programming. I made sure that most of the project could be easily tweaked; for that intent, most data can be found in JSON files and JAVA static values, ensuring that the simulation can be modified with ease.

For instance, the Petri Net is not "hardcoded" but represented in a JSON file, that the project interprets to build the simulation.

The project can be divided into:

- **Models**: representations of each element of the simulation
- **Threads**: Method simulating the behaviour of some Models (simulation of a Hospital; simulation of a Patient)
- **Resources**: JSON files for the Petri Net and the Hospital representations, and a JAVA file that stores most variables for the simulation

The petri-net is defined in the /database/nodes.json file. Each state looks like the following (it does not need each value every single time, since it has default values):

```
{
    "id": "nd-1",
    "name": "Arriving",
    "message": "arrives at the hospital",
    "isStartingNode": true,
    "isEndingNode": false,
    "resourceTypesNeeded": [ 0, 2 ],
    "idNodeTo": "nd-2",
    "waitMin": 1000,
    "waitMax": 2000
},
```

- -an Id
- -A name
- -A message to display when reached
- -Whether the node is a starting one
- -Whether the node is an ending one
- -List of resources required to move to the next node
- Id of the next node
- -Minimum waiting time in the node
- Maximum waiting time in the node

Since it is a json file, it can easily be modified to enhance the project, or to better suit a new model. In the same category, many variables of the project can be modified in the /Program-Properties.cs file, such as the minimum / maximum time before a new Patient is created, or the default number of shared resources.

The same goes for the hospital; each representation contains:

- An Id
- A name
- A list of type of resource, and for each type, a list of resources

Speaking of resources: I made the whole project the most modulable possible, so the resources are defined in an enumeration:

public enum ResourceType
{
 Room,
 Nurse,
 Physician
}

This allow the project to be immensely flexible, since it was built while keeping the enumeration in mind: every time a resource is needed, rather than specifically calling a Room or a Nurse, we refer globally to a Resource.

How is it more useful? Let's take the example of a Hospital.

With a regular model, a Hospital would need a semaphore for each resource: one for the rooms, one for the nurses, one for the physicians... Each one is hardcoded, and every time we want to add / withdraw a resource to the project, it has to be remade.

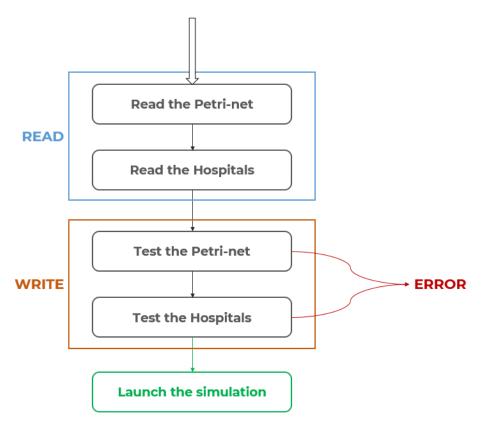
Here, I use a dictionary: I give a resource in entry and I dynamically get the corresponding semaphore. It allows me to be extremely flexible throughout the project and to optimise the overall flow: Instead of having big to massive IF / SWITCH cases, with one statement per Resource, now it is straightforward.

Hence, getting the semaphore of a hospital for a resource, or the threshold per resource for when a hospital needs to take a shared resource / give a resource to share... is extremely easy.

```
public enum ResourceType
{
    Room,
    Nurse,
    Physician
}
ResourceType res = ...
switch (res) {
    case ResourceType.Room:
    ...
    break;
    case ResourceType.Nurse:
    ...
    break;
    case ResourceType.Physician:
    ...
    break;
    default:
    ...
    break;
}
```

is simplified by:

```
public enum ResourceType
{
    Room,
    Nurse,
    Physician
}
ResourceType res = ...
...[res]
```

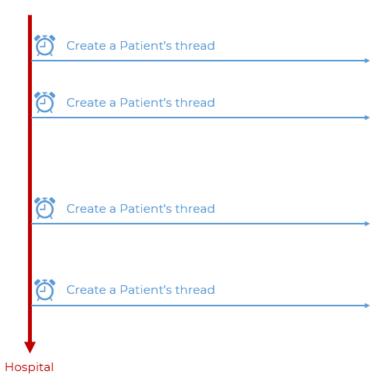


The program can be summarized as the following:

- We scan the resource files (JSON for the petri-net and hospitals)
- We test the representations:
 - o Petri-net:
 - No empty petri-net
 - Each state must have a proper id / name
 - At least one entrance, at least one exit
 - Each entrance must lead to an exit
 - If a state has a successor, it must be correctly defined (no pointer to non-existing state)
 - o Hospital:
 - At least 1 hospital
 - Each hospital must have a proper id / name

If any of these rules is disrespected, we end the simulation; otherwise, we launch the simulation!

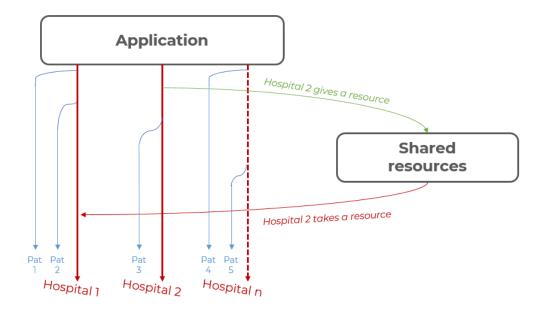
For each of the hospital, we launch a thread; its only task is to create a new Patient and to wait for a random amount of time before creating the next.



When a patient is created, it iterates through the petri-net's states, waiting at each step a given random amount of time, and needing / freeing resources if any.

About the **resource sharing**: when we free a resource that we have plenty of, we check if we can give it to the pool of resources shared by all the hospitals: when we need a resources that we are running low of, we check if we can borrow one.

Hence, the overall project looks like this:



As a result, when launching the project, it scans the *nodes.json* file and 2 hospital json files to run the simulation :

```
FORMAL MODELLING - Hospital Simulation
    hase 1 : reading the database... reading complete !
  hase 2 : verifying the environment... verification complete !
    hase 3 : Starting the simulation
Phase 3: Starting the simulation
nospital hosp-02 - H?pital Universitaire Piti? Salp?tri?re has open
nospital hosp-01 - H?pital europ?en Georges-Pompidou has opened !
patient pat-1 - Dorian Hetfield has entered the hospital hosp-02 !
patient pat-2 - Hugues Lixy has entered the hospital hosp-01 !
nosp-02 - pat-1: arrives at the hospital
nosp-02 - pat-1: waits in the checking line
nosp-01 - pat-2: waits in the checking line
nosp-02 - pat-1: checking if the hospital has enough resources
patient pat-3 - Isildur Dorian has entered the hospital hosp-02!
nosp-02 - pat-3: arrives at the hospital has enough resources
nosp-02 - pat-3: arrives at the hospital has enough resources
nosp-02 - pat-3: waits in the checking line
nosp-01 - pat-2: checking if the hospital has enough resources
nosp-02 - pat-1: is admitted to the hospital
nosp-01 - pat-2: is admitted to the hospital
nosp-02 - pat-1: is afmitted to the hospital
nosp-02 - pat-1: waits for the form
nosp-02 - pat-1: waits for the form
nosp-01 - pat-2: is filling the form
nosp-01 - pat-2: is filling the form
nosp-01 - pat-2: is filling the form
nosp-01 - wants to take a resource: Nurse
nosp-02 - pat-3: checking if the hospital has enough resources
       sp-02 - pat-3 : checking if the hospital has enough resources
      isp-ez - pat-3 : checking if the mospital mas

ssp-e2 - pat-3 : the resources are checked !

ssp-e2 - pat-3 : is admitted to the hospital

ssp-e2 - pat-3 : waits for the form to fill

ssp-e2 - pat-3 : is filling the form
   osp-02 - pat-3 : is filling the form

osp-02 - wants to take a resource : Nurse

osp-03 - pat-2 : the form is being processed

osp-02 - pat-1 : the form is being processed

osp-02 - pat-1 : the form is filled !

osp-02 - pat-3 : the form is filled !

osp-02 - pat-3 : the form is filled !

osp-02 - pat-3 : the form is filled !

osp-02 - pat-3 : the form is being processed

osp-03 - pat-4 : arrives at the hospital

atient pat-5 - Jean Lixy has entered the hospital hosp-03 !

osp-04 - pat-5 : arrives at the hospital

osp-05 - pat-5 : arrives at the hospital

osp-06 - pat-5 : waits in the checking line

osp-07 - pat-2 : the form has been processed !

osp-08 - pat-2 : the form has been processed !

osp-09 - pat-2 : waits for examination

osp-01 - pat-2 : waits for examination

osp-01 - pat-4 : checking if the hospital has enough resources

osp-02 - pat-5 : checking if the hospital has enough resources

osp-03 - pat-4 : the resources are checked !

osp-04 - pat-4 : is admitted to the hospital

osp-05 - pat-5 : the resources are checked !
     osp-01 - pat-4 : is admitted to the hospital
    osp-01 - pat-4 . Is admitted to the hospital osp-02 - pat-5 : the resources are checked ! osp-02 - pat-5 : is admitted to the hospital
      osp-01 - wants to share a resource : Physician osp-01 - resource Physician has been shared !
    osp-01 - pat-2 : checks out
    osp-01 - pat-2 : Leaving the hospital
atient pat-2 - Hugues Lixy has left the hospital hosp-01 !
osp-01 - pat-4 : waits for the form to fill
```

For instance, between the time when the 1st patient entered and left the hospital (as shown with the red arrows), Many other patients came in to both other hospitals, and are currently at various stages of the Petri-net. Also, both hospital seems to need various resources.